

Reactive and Template driven

Building our form

Reactive and Template driven



- After we planned our form structure now it's time to implement to form according to the structure we designed: FormControl, FormArray, FormGroup
- Angular provide two way to structure our form
 - Template driven where we structure our form using directives
 - Reactive We design our form using directives and code in our component class

Template driven



- With template driven we can create forms that are made from a single group
 - Using the **NgForm** directive
- In our group we can place FormControl using the directive NgModel

Reactive forms



- With Reactive we use a more declarative approach where we define the structure of the form in our component class
- We attach the structure in our code to the form with directives
- Reactive Template

Reactive forms class



The previous form will look like this in our component class

```
export class LoginComponent {
  loginForm = new FormGroup({
    email: new FormControl(),
    password: new FormControl()
  })
}
```

What to choose Reactive or Template



- For a simple form structure of a group containing controls you can choose either approach
- For more complex structure with nested groups and array choose reactive
- For dynamic forms choose reactive
- The template driven hides behind a directive the FormGroup, FormControl from us and the directive will update the FormGroup, FormControl with a tick delay
- The reactive update is sync therefore easier to control and test.

Summary



- Angular provides us 2 sets of tools for creating our forms
 - Reactive
 - Template driven
- The Template driven is more suitable for simple form with form controls and non dynamic
- The reactive gives us more power in our forms where we can create complex form structure and more dynamic forms



Thank You

Next Lesson: Template driven forms