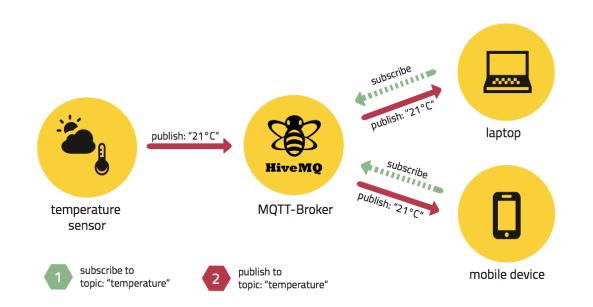
What is MQTT?

http://www.eclipse.org/community/eclipse newsletter/2014/october/article2.php Visit above web site to know more about MQTT.



The above figure shows the system architecture. The messages are handled by the MQTT broker. You need a program at the senor to publish data, and another program as a client to process the data. The messages are forwarded according to the "TOPIC" field.

You can install mqttbox (win10) to subscribe the message. Let's take Arduino for example.

Some free matt brokers.

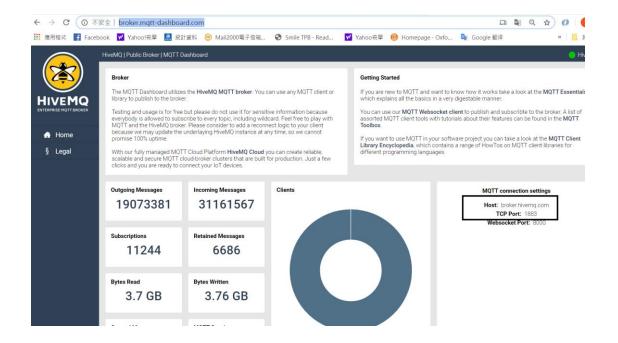
https://divprojects.io/8-online-mqtt-brokers-iot-connected-objects-cloud/#.XpZgg8gzbb0

1. Free MQTT broker.

Visit http://broker.mgtt-dashboard.com/

Host: broker.hivemq.com

TCP Port: 1883



2. Install mqttbox

http://workswithweb.com/html/mqttbox/installing apps.html#install on windows

Installing on Windows

You can run MQTTBox apps on Windows in two ways.

- 1. From Windows App Store (Recommended)
- 2. Installing from .exe file

Installing from Windows Store (Recommended)

MQTTBox is available on Windows store for free. (Available only from windows 10 anniversary update and above)

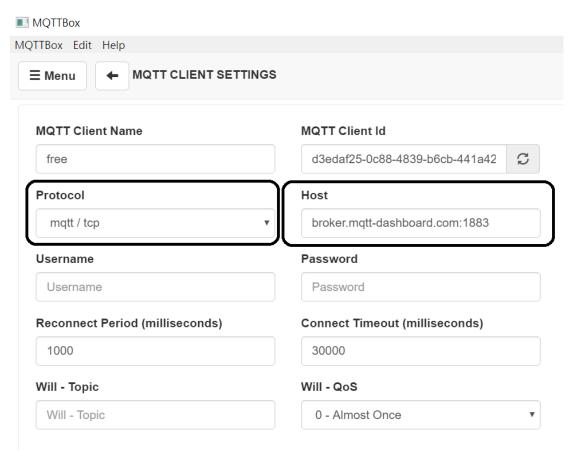


Installing from .exe file

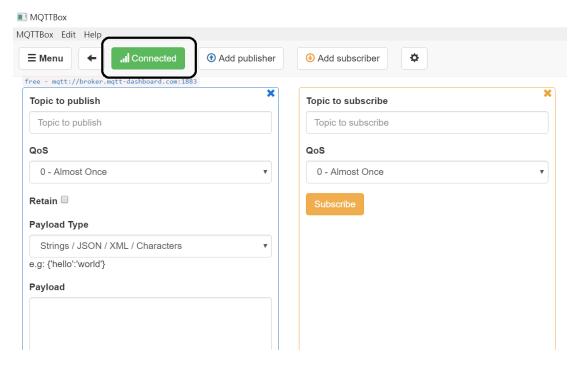
Installing MQTTBox on windows is straightforward .exe file to install.



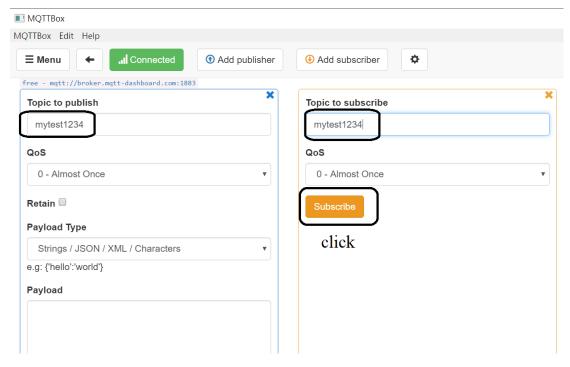
Run mqttbox and create a new



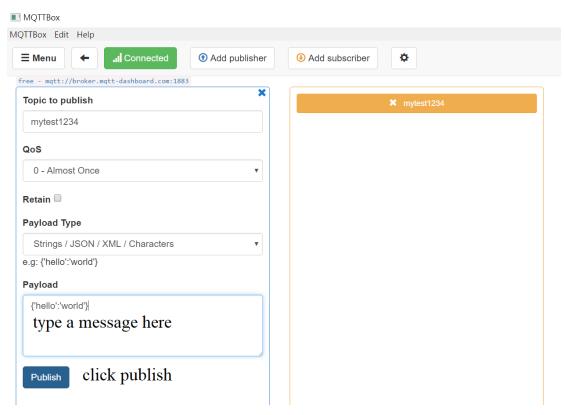
You can see that MQTT connected the broker.



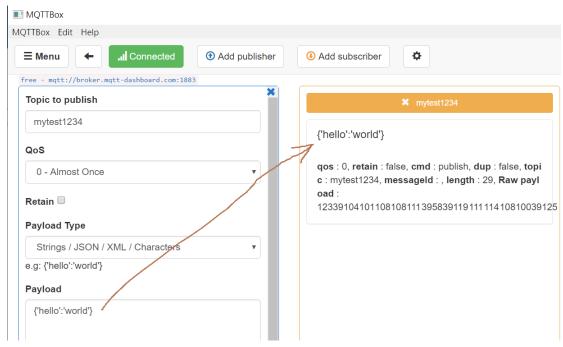
Try to deliver a message. You can try any topic name, but remember to use as special as possible. Click "subscribe" to subscribe the topic you just type.



Send a message.

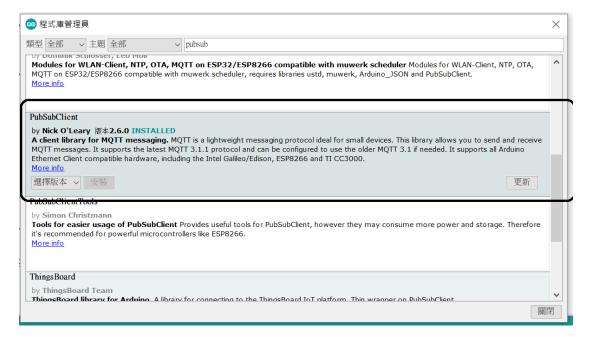


You will see that message returns at left.



In this experiment, we use mqttbox to publish a message with topic *mytest1234*. We can see the message at the right hand side because mqttbox also subscribe the same topic.

3. Install Arduino library, Pusubclient.



Let take mqtt 8266 for example. This an example file of pubsubclient.

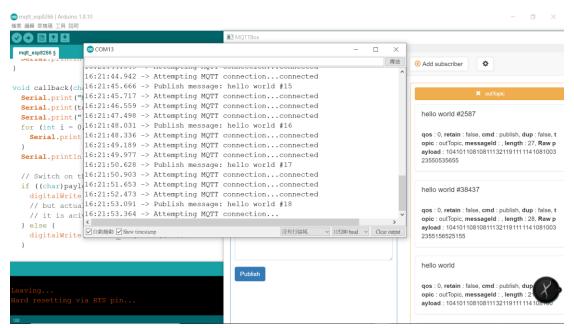
Modify ssid, password, and mqtt server.

The default topic to publish: outTopic

The default topic to be subscribed: inTopic

You can modify the them.

Open mqttbox and subscribe "outTopic". You will see many messages arrive.



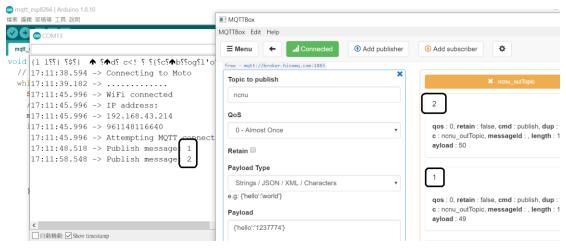
This is because many other users run this example at the same time. If you modify the topic, you can observe your own messages only. I just append "ncnu" with the old topics.

***** Important remark ********
client.connect("ESP8266Client")

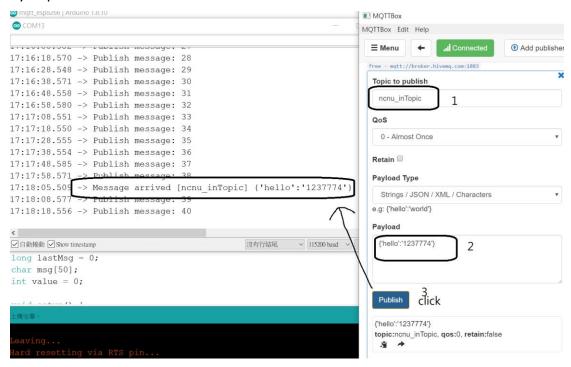
This example uses "ESP8266Client" as the session ID. That's why we see that 8266 always need to reconnect to the broker because many other users use the same ID. The best way is to use MAC address of 8266 as the ID. So we can change it to client.connect(msg)

where msg is a string containing MAC address.

Then we can have a clean result. You won't see the reconnecting message and mqttbox won't get any strange messages.



So far, we know how to send a message from a device to the broker. Next step is to know the way to receive a message from the broker. That message can be generated by mqttbox.

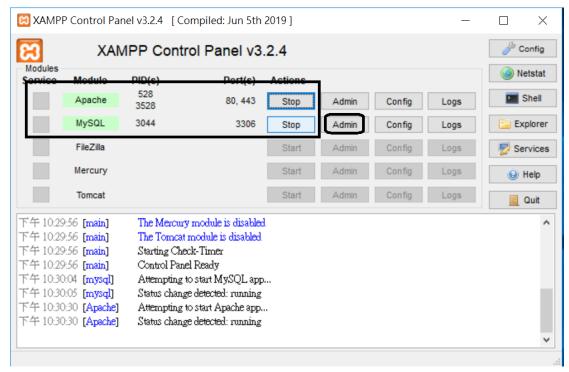


You can see the message displayed in the terminal. The message is handled by the *callback* function. You can implement your own task to process the message. void callback(char* topic, byte* payload, unsigned int length)

**** important remark *****

The message is handled by "client.loop();" We need to put this inside the loop of Arduino. Remember don't put a LONG busy waiting in your loop. Otherwise, the response time of callback will be very long.

4. XAMPP: https://www.apachefriends.org/zh-tw/download.html Install it for database. Just install xampp.



Start the two service and click mysql admin to open phpMyAdmin. Search web pages to learn how to create tables.

TEMP.sql: create a table called temp to store temperature values.

TEMP_CHECK.sql: create a table called temp_check to store query information which can be used as footprint tracking.

5. Install python. I use python 3.7.

https://www.python.org/downloads/windows/

Libraries installed are listed in requirements.txt

6. Information flow of auto-thermometer

Raspberry pi publish (submit.py) \rightarrow broker \rightarrow temp_submit.py (store data to "temp" table.

7. Information flow of card screener

WeMos mini publish () → broker → temp_ask.py (store data to "temp_check" table and query "temp" table.

Temp ask.py publish → broker → WeMos mini sub (trigger callback function)

8. temp submit.py

Three other files are required.

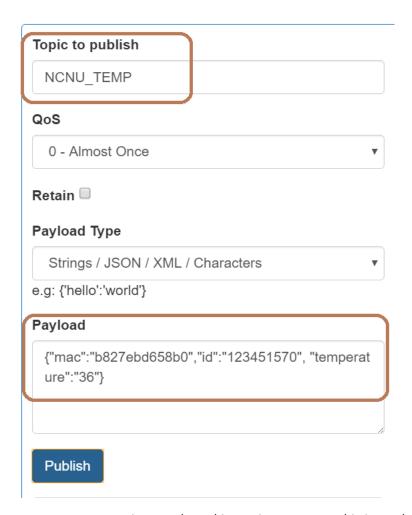
(a) config.txt contains the system configuration.

(b) location.txt: we have to interact with the university web server which names each station with a particular id. The file records the corresponding name.
{
"L00001":"build1",
"L00002":"build2"
}
(c) mapping.txt is used to indicate the device (either auto-thermometer or card screener) is associated with a location id.
{
"5002914f7d50":"L00001",

Let's publish a message showed below.

"b827ebd658b0":"L00002"

}



A matt message arrives and a sql insertion command is issued.

```
C:\Users\kuo>python temp_submit.py

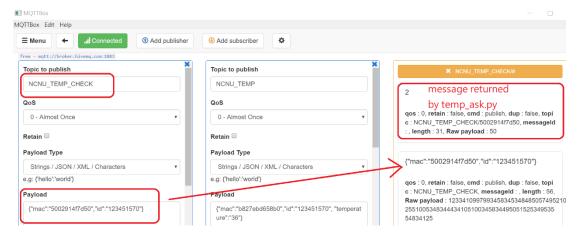
Connected with result code 0
2020-04-17 21:48:30:NCNU_TEMP b'{"mac":"b827ebd658b0","id":"123451570", "temperature":"36"}'
1
INSERT INTO TEMP (`mac`, `station`, `id`, `temperature`) VALUES ('b827ebd658b0', 'build1', '123451570', '36')
```

Then, we can see a new record shows in database.



9. temp_ask.py

A card screener (5002914f7d50) sends a request by MQTT.



temp_ask.py handles the mqtt message and query the database ("temp" table). Then it stores this event in "temp_check" table.

```
C:\Users\kuo>python temp_ask.py
Connected with result code 0
2020-04-17T22:24:29.582693:NCNU_TEMP_CHECK b'{"mac":"5002914f7d50","id":"123451570"}'
buildl
SELECT * FROM `TEMP` WHERE id =123451570 and updatetime >'2020-04-17 00:00:00'
INSERT INTO TEMP_CHECK (`mac`,`station`,`id`,`result`) VALUES ('5002914f7d50', 'build1','123451570','2')
2020-04-17T22:25:06.754880:NCNU_TEMP_CHECK b'{"mac":"5002914f7d50","id":"123451570"}'
buildl
SELECT * FROM `TEMP` WHERE id =123451570 and updatetime >'2020-04-17 00:00:00'
INSERT INTO TEMP_CHECK (`mac`,`station`,`id`,`result`) VALUES ('5002914f7d50', 'build1','123451570','2')
```

In the temp_check table, a new entry is created. We can see that this query is from the station named "build1".



10.