

# 1 Modeling of the P2P service migration problem

Notation definition:

$C_s$ : storage capacity of the on-premise server

$C_u$ : upload bandwidth capacity of the on-premise server

$h$ : charging rate for storage on the cloud

$k$ : charging rate for upload bandwidth on the cloud

$N$  video:  $V_i, i = 1, \dots, N$

$s_i$ : storage of  $i$ -th video

$x_i^c = \{0, 1\}, i = 1, \dots, N$ :  $x_i^c = 1$  if the placement of the  $i$ -th video is on the cloud;  $x_i^c = 0$  otherwise;

$x_i^s = \{0, 1\}, i = 1, \dots, N$ :  $x_i^s = 1$  if the placement of the  $i$ -th video is on the on-premise server;  $x_i^s = 0$  otherwise;

$W$ : current total upload bandwidth demand of all videos.

$p_i$ : popularity of the  $i$ -th video, i.e., the upload bandwidth is  $Wp_i$ .

## 1.1 Optimization of the problem

$\min \sum_{i=1}^N (Wp_i k + s_i h) x_i^c$  (minimizing the spending cost)

subject to:

$x_i^s + x_i^c = 1, i = 1, \dots, N$  (assume that each video has one copy)

$x_i^c = \{0, 1\}, i = 1, \dots, N$

$x_i^s = \{0, 1\}, i = 1, \dots, N$

$\sum_{i=1}^N s_i x_i^s \leq C_s$  (on-premise server's storage constraint)

$\sum_{i=1}^N Wp_i x_i^c \leq C_u$  (on-premise server's upload bandwidth constraint)