# Energy Efficient Cloud

by VM Migration?

ywu@cs.hku.hk

### Let's first look back...

# What makes cloud so different?

Virtualization

Add a layer between the applications and the hardware.

Application

Application

Application OS

Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM)

Physical Host Hardware CPU, Memory, Disk, Network

Lots of benefits...



Lots of benefits...



#### Consolidation

Consolidate workloads onto a single machine.

Switch off those idle machines

Jian made a simple metaphor yesterday...

(There should be applauses right here...)

# How does consolidation work?

Migrations

#### Migrations

Migrate the whole OS with running applications

**Memory migrations** 

#### Migrations

Migrate the whole OS with running applications

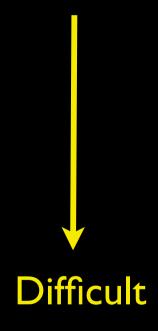
Memory migrations

### **Memory migrations**

Stop & Copy

Push

Pull



### **Memory migrations**



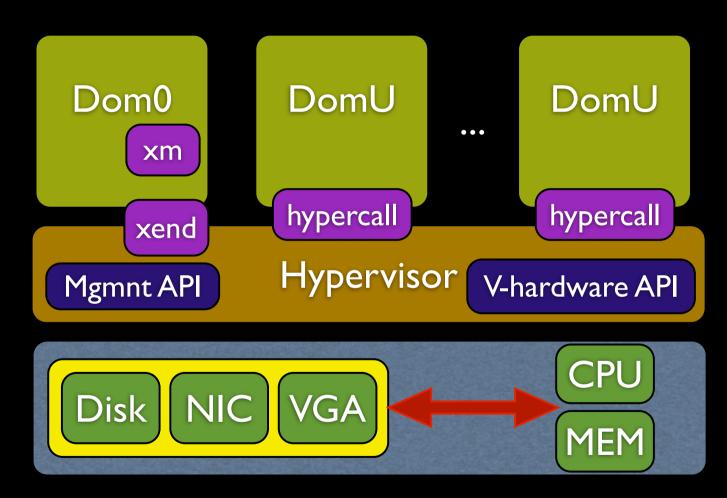
### Let's then look back...

# How virtualization is implemented on Xen?

### Let's then look back...

# How virtualization is implemented on Xen?

#### Xen



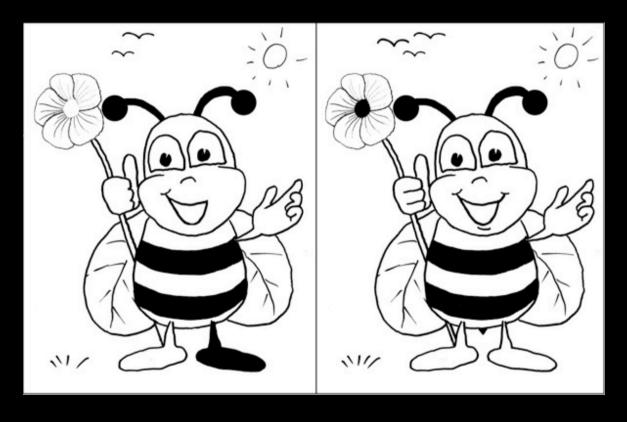
# How migrations are enabled on Xen?

Cold Relocation v.s. Warm v.s. Live

# How migrations are enabled on Xen?

Cold Relocation v.s. Warm v.s. Live

### Warm v.s. Live



Similarities & Differences

## Some measurement work

Laurent Lefèvre, Anne-Cécile Orgerie

Designing and evaluating an energy efficient Cloud

The Journal of Supercomputing (2010) Volume: 51, Issue: 3, Pages: 352-373

## Experiment Settings...

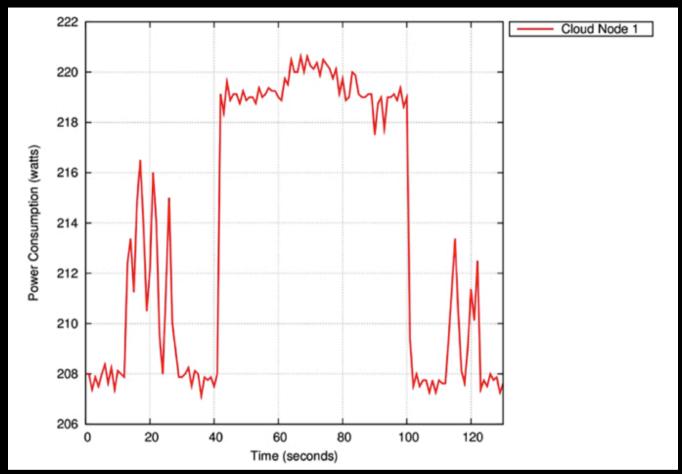
2 HP Proliant 85 G2 Servers (2 dual core CPUs per node)

XenServer 5.0

CPU 100% job (last 300 seconds)

Laurent Lefèvre, Anne-Cécile Orgerie

Designing and evaluating an energy efficient Cloud
The Journal of Supercomputing (2010) Volume: 51. Issue: 3. Pages: 352-373



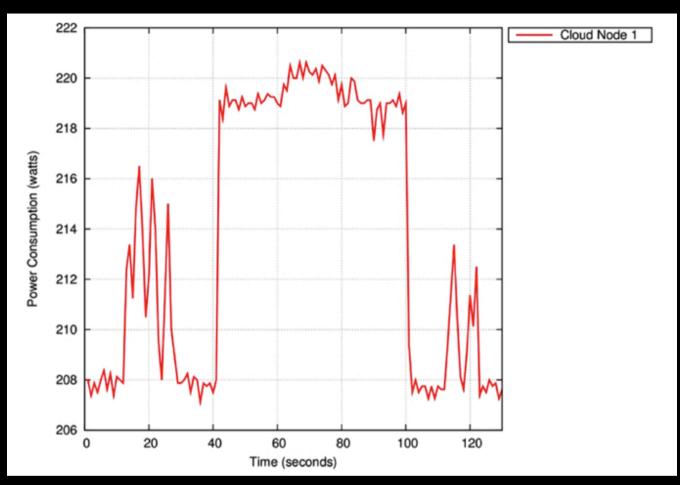
Boot, Run & Halt t=[10, 30] VM is launched t=[40, 100], CPU 100%

t=[110,120],VM is destroyed

Laurent Lefèvre, Anne-Cécile Orgerie

Designing and evaluating an energy efficient Cloud

The Journal of Supercomputing (2010) Volume: 51, Issue: 3, Pages: 352-373



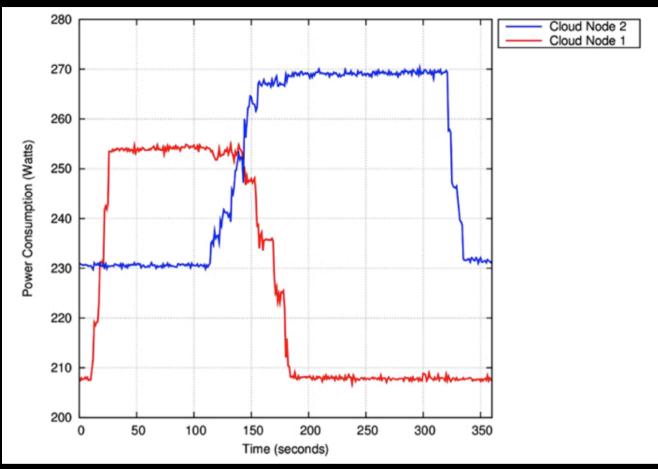
Boot, Run & Halt

#### Idle VM does not consume energy

Laurent Lefèvre, Anne-Cécile Orgerie

Designing and evaluating an energy efficient Cloud

The Journal of Supercomputing (2010) Volume: 51, Issue: 3, Pages: 352-373



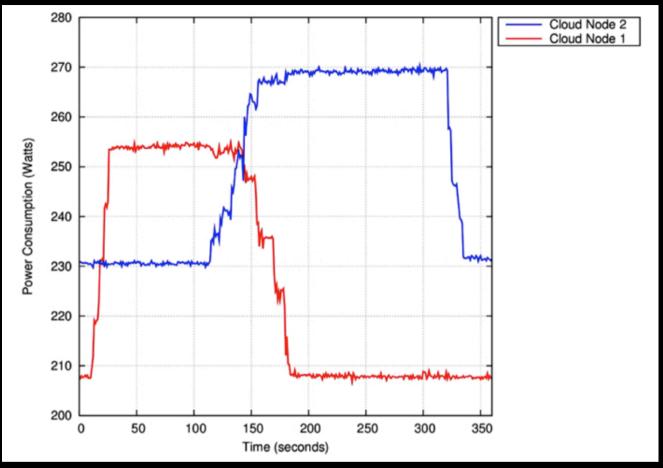
6 VM's Migrations

Staring from t=10, a VM is launched every 10 seconds Migrations happen at t=110 seconds

Laurent Lefèvre, Anne-Cécile Orgerie

Designing and evaluating an energy efficient Cloud

The Journal of Supercomputing (2010) Volume: 51, Issue: 3, Pages: 352-373



6 VM's Migrations

### Migrations happen one by one

Laurent Lefèvre, Anne-Cécile Orgerie

Designing and evaluating an energy efficient Cloud

The Journal of Supercomputing (2010) Volume: 51, Issue: 3, Pages: 352-373

# When to switch off idle machines?

 $T_s$ 

# $T_s \rightarrow$

$$T_s \times P_{idle} = E_{on \to off} + E_{off \to on} + P_{off} \times (T_s - \delta_{on \to off} - \delta_{off \to on})$$

$$T_s \rightarrow$$

$$T_s \times P_{idle} = E_{on \to off} + E_{off \to on} + P_{off} \times (T_s - \delta_{on \to off} - \delta_{off \to on})$$

$$\frac{E_{on \rightarrow off} + E_{off \rightarrow on} - P_{off} \times (\delta_{on \rightarrow off} + \delta_{off \rightarrow on})}{P_{idle} - P_{off}}$$

#### **Estimations**

$$T_t = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n T_{t-i}}{n} + \overline{error}$$

### Q & A?