

Paper Study:

1) A simple Model for Analyzing P2P Streaming Protocols; Authors: Yipeng Zhou, D.M. Chiu, J.C.S. Lui 2007 IEEE

This paper formulated a tractable analytical model to analyzing two chunk selection strategies in p2p streaming protocols: Rarest First and Greedy and figuring out relations between Buffer Size, Peer Population and Continuity from the resolutions.

The paper sees a buffer of a peer caches up to n chunks received from the network. And it references the buffer positions according to the age of the chunks. Then it calculates the probability distribution of the buffer's occupancy, for position $i+1$, the probability of occupancy is $p(i+1)$, $p(i+1)$ contains two parts, one is $p(i)$ which means that when the oldest chunk in the buffer position n has been played, then position i of the buffer becomes $i+1$, the other is $q(i)$ which means that if $p(i)$ is empty, then the peer has probability of $q(i)$ to get the chunk from other peers.

The paper calculates $q(i)$ under the two chunk selection strategies: Rarest First and Greedy. After analyzing the two probability distributions, it concludes that the Rarest First is more scalable than the Greedy strategy and for a small sized p2p system, the Greedy Strategy can achieve better continuity. Based on the analysis, the paper proposes a mixed strategy.

2) Modeling and Performance Analysis of BitTorrent - Like Peer-to-Peer Networks; Authors: Dongyu Qiu and R. Srikant Sigcomm 2004

This paper uses a simple fluid theory to analyze the peer evolution and the incentive mechanism of peer selection algorithm.

First it gives the differential equations and calculates the steady-state performance. After that it considers the local stability of the solution.

It also defines a parameter- effective of file sharing and calculates the value of it.