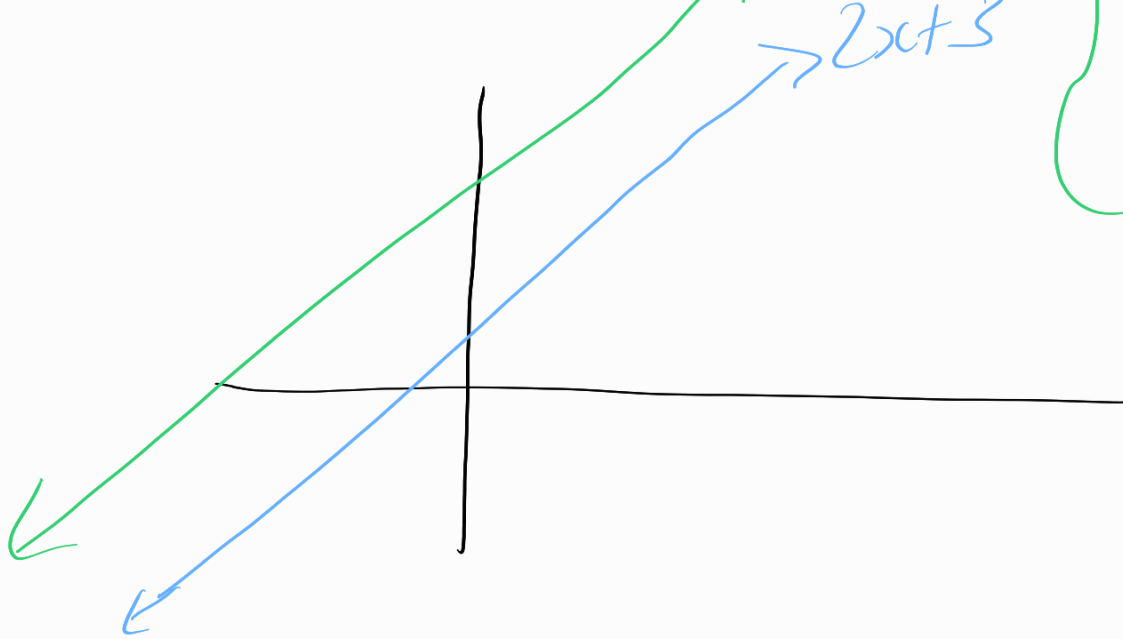


Parallel & Perpendicular lines'

$$y = 2x + 3$$



parallel if
slope = 2
y-int $\neq 3$

$y = 2x + 3$, line parallel
to this, but passes
thru $(20, 23)$

What's line eq?

$$y = \cancel{m}x + b$$

$$2x + b$$

$$23 = 2(20) + b$$

$$23 - 40 = b$$

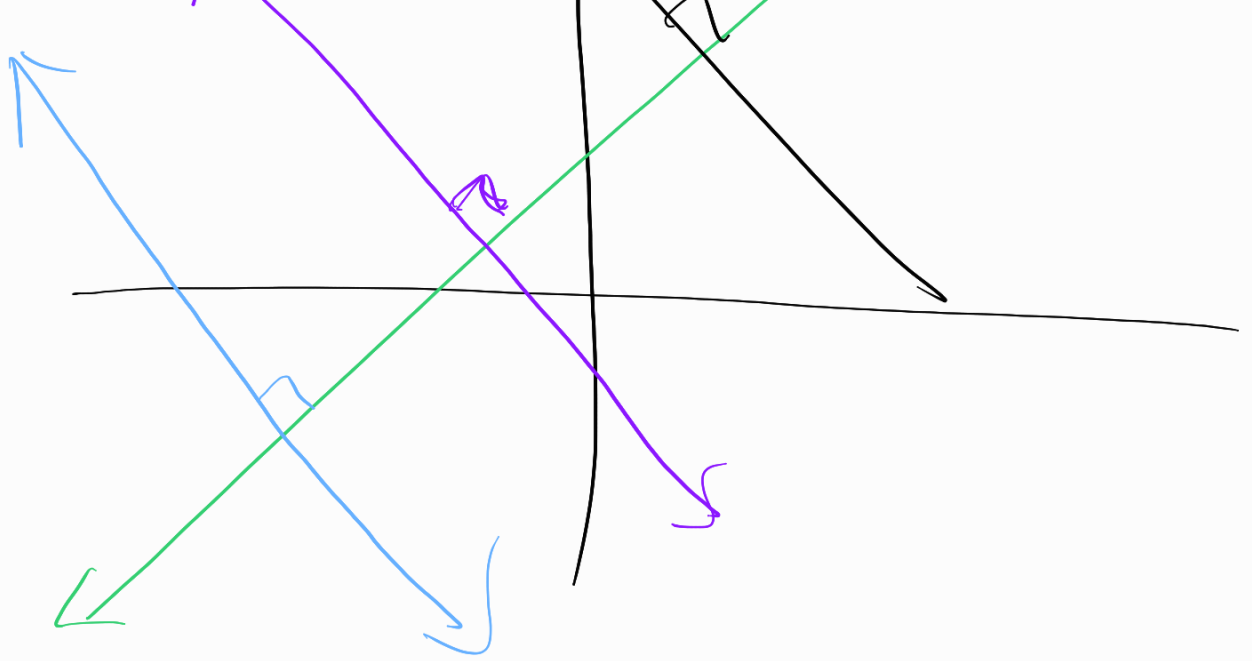


$$-17$$

$$y = 2x - 17$$

Perpendicular lines

$$y = 2x + 3$$



Give me line perpendicular
to $y = 2x + 3$ and
a pt is needed!!

$(1, 5)$

• $y = mx + b$

perpendicular

$$m \cdot 2 = -1$$

$$\hookrightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 = -\frac{1}{2}(1) + b$$

$$b = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{11}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x + 2$$

Q1 what is line eq.
for parallel line passing
(7, 2)?

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x - 1$$

Q2 what is line eq.
for perpendicular line passing
(3, 2)?

$$m\left(\frac{3}{7}\right) = -1$$

→

$$M = \sum$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{3}x + b$$

$$2 = -\frac{21}{3} + b$$

$$2 = -7 + b$$

$$b = 2 + 7 = 9$$

$$y = -7$$

$$f = \frac{1}{3}x + 9$$

$$\rightarrow y = mx + b$$

{

$$ax + by = c$$

$$\Rightarrow by = c - ax$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{c}{b} - \frac{a}{b}x$$

$$\text{slope} = -\frac{a}{b}$$

$$y^{-1}t: \frac{c}{b}$$

