第四次作业

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题目 1: 把区间 [0,2] 分为八等分,采用分点上的函数值,分别以复合梯形公式,复合 Simpson 公式和 复合 Cotes 公式计算以下定积分。

$$\int_0^2 (xe^{-x} + 1)dx$$

按照 4 位小数计算

解:

x	$f(x) = xe^{-x} + 1$
0.00	1.0000
0.25	1.1947
0.50	1.3033
0.75	1.3543
1.00	1.3679
1.25	1.3581
1.50	1.3347
1.75	1.3041
2.00	1.2707

$$T_8 = \frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{8} [f(0) + f(2) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{7} f(\frac{k}{4})] = 2.5881$$

$$S_4 = \frac{2}{6} \frac{1}{4} [f(0) + f(1) + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{3} f(\frac{k}{2}) + 4 \sum_{k=1}^{4} f(\frac{2k-1}{4})] = 2.5939$$

$$C_2 = \frac{2}{90} \frac{1}{2} [7(f(0) + f(2)) + 14f(1) + 12(f(\frac{1}{2}) + f(\frac{3}{2})) + 32(f(\frac{1}{4}) + f(\frac{3}{4}) + f(\frac{5}{4}) + f(\frac{7}{4}))] = 2.5940$$

题目 2: 取步长 h = 0.1 用改进欧拉公式求解常微分方程初值问题

$$\begin{cases} y' + xy = 0 \\ y(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

在 x = 0.4 处的近似值。按照四位小数计算。

由改进欧拉公式得

$$\begin{cases} \tilde{y}_{i+1} = y_i - 0.1 \times x_i y_i \\ y_{i+1} = y_i - \frac{h}{2} (x_i y_i + x_{i+1} \tilde{y}_{i+1}) \end{cases}$$

所以

$$y(0) = 1$$

$$\tilde{y}(0.1) = 1 - 0.1 \times 0 \times 1 = 1$$

$$y(0.1) = 1 - 0.05 \times (0 \times 1 + 0.1 \times 1) = 0.995$$

$$\tilde{y}(0.2) = 0.995 - 0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.995 = 0.9851$$

$$y(0.2) = 0.995 - 0.05 \times (0.1 \times 0.995 + 0.2 \times 0.9851) = 0.9802$$

$$\tilde{y}(0.3) = 0.9802 - 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 0.9802 = 0.9606$$

$$y(0.3) = 0.9802 - 0.05 \times (0.2 \times 0.9802 + 0.3 \times 0.9606) = 0.9560$$

$$\tilde{y}(0.4) = 0.9560 - 0.1 \times 0.3 \times 0.9560 = 0.9273$$

$$y(0.4) = 0.9560 - 0.05 \times (0.3 \times 0.9560 + 0.4 \times 0.9273) = 0.9231$$

近似值为 y(0.4) = 0.9231