SpringBoot 整合 MyBatis-Plus

1. MyBatis-Plus 介绍

1.1 MyBatis-Plus 简介

MyBatis-Plus (简称 MP) 是一个 MyBatis 的增强工具,在 Mybatis 的基础上只做增强不做改变,为简化开发、提高效率而生(这是官方给的定义)。关于 mybatis-plus 的更多介绍及特性,可以参考 mybatis-plus 官网。

MyBatis 框架我们前面已经用过,虽然 MyBatis 可以直接在 xml 中通过 SQL 语句操作数据库,很是灵活。但因为其操作都要通过 SQL 语句进行,就必须写大量的 xml 文件,很麻烦。于是 MyBatis-Plus 应运而生,作为 MyBatis 的增强工具,使我们开发效率得到了质的飞跃。那么它是怎么增强的呢?其实就是它已经封装好了一些 crud 方法,我们不需要再写 xml 了,直接调用这些方法就行。

2. SpringBoot 中整合 MyBatis-Plus

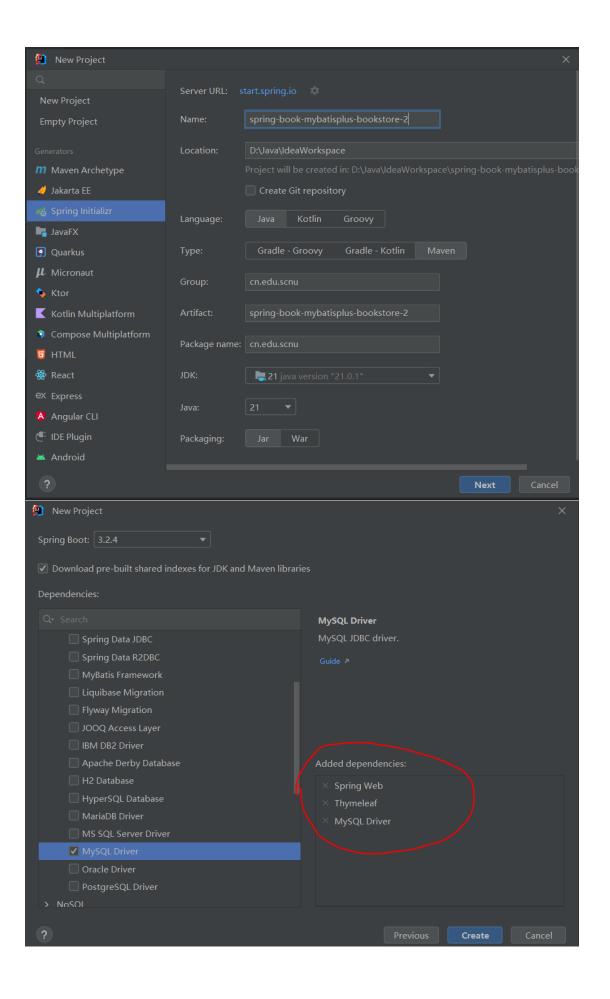
2.1 SpringBoot 整合 Mybatis-Plus 入门案例

2.1.1 导入数据库

导入"books 数据库创建语句-第7周.txt"数据库

2.1.2 搭建工程

创建一个工程 springboot-mybatis-plus-bookstore



2.1.3 pom 文件

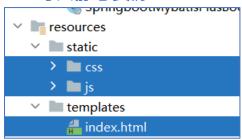
2.1.3.1 引入 MyBatis-Plus 依赖

Spring-boot 3.2.4 版 匹配的 MyBatis-Plus 版本是 3.5.5(Spring-boot 2 匹配的 MyBatis-Plus 版本是 3.5.3.1)

```
<!--mybatis-plus 的 springboot_支持 -->
   <dependency>
       <groupId>com.baomidou</groupId>
       <artifactId>mybatis-plus-boot-starter</artifactId>
       <version>3.5.5</version>
   </dependency>
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.mybatis
       <artifactId>mybatis-spring</artifactId>
       <version>3.0.3</version>
   </dependency>
   <!-- mybatis-plus 代码生成器 -->
   <dependency>
       <groupId>com.baomidou</groupId>
       <artifactId>mybatis-plus-generator</artifactId>
       <version>3.5.5</version>
   </dependency>
   <!-- mybatisPlus Freemarker 模版引擎 -->
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.freemarker</groupId>
       <artifactId>freemarker</artifactId>
       <version>2.3.31</version>
   </dependency>
   <!--简化代码的工具包 -->
   <dependency>
       <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
       <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
   </dependency>
```

lombok 是一个工具,用于简化代码.

2.3 导入静态资源



3. 入门案例-CRUD 操作

3.1 创建 application.properties

在 src/main/resources 目录下创建 application.properties 文件

```
mybatis-plus.configuration.logImpl=org.apache.ibatis.logging.stdout.StdOutImpl
mybatis-plus.configuration.mapUnderscoreToCamelCase=true
#datasource config
spring.datasource.driverClassName=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql:///books?useUnicode=true&useSSL=false&characte
rEncoding=UTF-8
spring.datasource.username=root
spring.datasource.password=12345678
```

```
# 开启sql日志
mybatis-plus.configuration.logImpl=org.apache.ibatis.logging.stdout.StdOutImpl
#将带有下划线的表字段映射为驼峰格式的实体类属性
mybatis-plus.configuration.mapUnderscoreToCamelCase=true
```

3.2 创建实体类

3.2.1 创建 Comment 类

```
package cn.edu.scnu.entity;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.ldType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.Tableld;
import lombok.Data;
import java.io.Serializable;
@Data
public class Comment implements Serializable {
    private static final long SerialVersionUID = -1L;
    @Tableld(type=IdType.AUTO)
    private int id;
    private String content;
    private String cAuthor;
    private int bookld;
```

}

3.2.2 创建 Books 类

```
package cn.edu.scnu.entity;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.ldType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableId;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableField;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableName;
import lombok.Data;
import java.io.Serializable;
Import java.util.List;
@Data
@TableName(value="tb book")
//数据库tb_book表和 JavaBean(Books类) 进行映射
public class Books implements Serializable {
  private static final long serialVersionUID = -5644799954031156649L;
  //value与数据库主键列名一致,若实体类属性名与表主键列名一致可省略value
  @TableId(value="book id",type= IdType.AUTO)//指定自增策略
  private Integer id;
  private String title;
  private String author;
  private String press;
  private Double price;
  @TableField(exist = false)
  private List < Comment> commentList:
}
```

3.3 创建 Mapper 接口

3.3.1 创建 BookMapper 接口

```
package cn.edu.scnu.mapper;
import cn.edu.scnu.entity.Books;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.mapper.BaseMapper;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Mapper;
3 usages
@Mapper
public interface BookMapper extends BaseMapper<Books> {
}
```

3.3.2 创建 CommentMapper 接口

```
package cn.edu.scnu.mapper;
import cn.edu.scnu.entity.Comment;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.mapper.BaseMapper;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Mapper;
susages
Mapper
public interface CommentMapper extends BaseMapper<Comment> {
}
```

3.4 创建 Service 层类

创建 BookService 类

```
package cn.edu.scnu.service;
2
       import cn.edu.scnu.entity.Books;
       import cn.edu.scnu.mapper.BookMapper;
       import cn.edu.scnu.mapper.CommentMapper;
 5
       import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.impl.ServiceImpl;
       import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
       @Service
8 🍖
       public class BookService extends ServiceImpl<BookMapper, Books> {
9
           private BookMapper bookMapper;
           private CommentMapper commentMapper;
11
           public BookService(BookMapper bookMapper, CommentMapper commentMapper) {
12
               this.bookMapper = bookMapper;
13
               this.commentMapper = commentMapper;
14
15
       }
```

3.5 控制器层

3.5.1 创建控制器 BookController

创建 controller 包,在该包中创建 BookController 类。创建构造方法和 index 方法

```
package cn.edu.scnu.controller;
import cn.edu.scnu.service.BookService;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
@Controller
public class BookController {
    private BookService bookService;
```

```
public BookController(BookService bookService) {
    this.bookService = bookService;
}
@RequestMapping("/index")
public String index(){
    return "index";
}
```

3.5.2 图书的 CRUD 操作

在 BookController 类中创建 allBooks 方法、insertBook 方法、updateBook 方法和 deleteBook 方法.

```
@RequestMapping(@>"/allBooks")
@ResponseBody
public List<Books> allBooks(){
    return bookService.list();
@RequestMapping(@>"insertBook")
@ResponseBody
public String insertBook(Books book){
    bookService.save(book);
    return "添加成功";
@RequestMapping(@>"updateBook")
@ResponseBody
public String updateBook(Books book){
    bookService.updateById(book);
    return "修改成功";
@RequestMapping(@>"deleteBook")
@ResponseBody
public String deleteBook(Integer id){
    bookService.removeById(id);
    return "删除成功";
```

4. 查询操作

4.1 一对多查询

4.1.1 控制器层方法

```
@RequestMapping(@>"/showComment")
@ResponseBody
public Books showComment(Integer id){
    return bookService.getById(id);
}
```

4.1.2 Service 层方法

```
public Books showComment(Integer id) {
    QueryWrapper<Comment> commentQueryWrapper=new QueryWrapper<>);
    commentQueryWrapper.eq( column: "book_id",id);
    List<Comment> commentList=commentMapper.selectList(commentQueryWrapper);
    Books book=bookMapper.selectById(id);
    book.setCommentList(commentList);
    return book;
```

4.2 多条件查询

4.2.1 控制器层方法

```
@RequestMapping(@v"/searchBook")
@ResponseBody
public List<Books> searchBook(Books book,Double minPrice,Double maxPrice){
    Map<String,Object> map = new HashMap<>();
    map.put("title",book.getTitle());
    map.put("author",book.getAuthor());
    map.put("press", book.getPress());
    if(minPrice == null) {
        minPrice=0.0;
    map.put("minPrice", minPrice);
    if( maxPrice==null){
        maxPrice = Double.MAX_VALUE;
    }
    if(maxPrice<minPrice){</pre>
        minPrice=0.0;
    map.put("maxPrice", maxPrice);
    List<Books> booksList=bookService.searchBook(map);
    booksList.forEach(System.out::println);
    return booksList;
```

4.2.2 service 层方法

BookService 类中的方法:

```
public List<Books> searchBook(Map<String, Object> map) {
    QueryWrapper<Books> bookQueryWrapper=new QueryWrapper<>>();
    bookQueryWrapper.like( column: "title",map.get("title"));
    bookQueryWrapper.like( column: "author",map.get("author"));
    bookQueryWrapper.like( column: "press",map.get("press"));
    bookQueryWrapper.between( column: "price",map.get("minPrice"),map.get("maxPrice"));
    return bookMapper.selectList(bookQueryWrapper);
}
```

4.2.3 运行结果



5. 排序

5.1 查看程序入口

5.2 控制器层方法

```
@RequestMapping(©>"/sortBook")
@ResponseBody
public List<Books> sortBook(String by){
   return bookService.sortBook(by);
}
```

5.3 service 层方法

```
public List<Books> sortBook(String by) {
    QueryWrapper<Books> bookQueryWrapper=new QueryWrapper<>();
    bookQueryWrapper.orderByAsc(by);
    return bookMapper.selectList(bookQueryWrapper);
}
```

5.4 运行结果

按价格排序的结果:

