

CONNECTION INSTRUCTIONS

- Navigate to <u>nvlabs.qwiklab.com</u>
- Login or create a new account
- Select the "Instructor-Led Hands-on Labs" class
- Find the lab called "Optimizing CUDA Application Performance..." and click Start
- After a short wait, lab instance connection information will be shown
- Please ask Lab Assistants for help!



OPTIMIZING CUDA APPLICATION PERFORMANCE WITH NVIDIA'S VISUAL PROFILER

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```
// Executes for each pixel
global void stencil kernel(...) {
 foreach (adjacent pixels) {
    foreach (color channels) {
     out[index] += in[index + radius, channel] * weight[radius];
cudaMemcpy(..., in, SIZE, H2D);
stencil kernel<<< ceil(#pixels/BLOCK SIZE), BLOCK SIZE >>>(...);
cudaMemcpy(out, ..., SIZE, D2H);
```



HOW TO COMPILE/RUN

▶ cd ~/gtc2015

▶ make stepX (X=0,1,..,5)



stencilX_* executable

Modify "stencilX_*.cu"

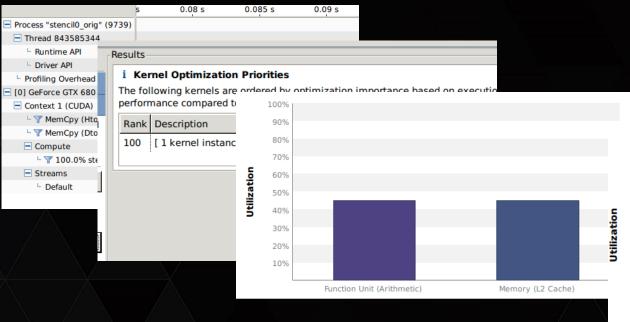
make clean to restore

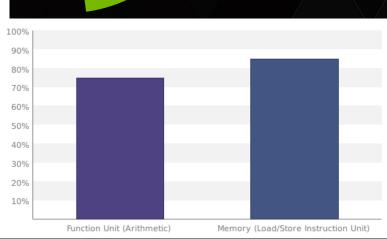
~/gtc2015/instructions.pdf



HOW TO PROFILE

- Visual Profiler shortcut on Desktop
- Iterative approach







- ▶ cd ~/gtc2015
- make step0
- (in Visual Profiler) "File" -> "New Session"
- "Browse..." -> pick "stencil0_orig"
- "Next" -> "Finish"



- "Examine Individual Kernels"
- Select kernel from the list
- Occupancy is low (note the "properties" window on the right)
- "Perform Kernel Analysis"
- "Perform Latency Analysis"
- Occupancy is limited by block size
- "make step1" (automatically patch the source to increase block size)
- Run stencil1_occu with the profiler
- Try to find how to improve performance further



- "Examine Individual Kernels"
- Select kernel from the list
- Occupancy is above 90% now
- "Perform Kernel Analysis"
- "Perform Memory Bandwidth Analysis"
- L2 cache traffic is high (due to duplicated data transfers)
- "make step2" (automatically patch the source to use shared memory)
- Run stencil2_shm with the profiler
- Try to find how to improve performance further



- "Examine Individual Kernels"
- Select kernel from the list
- "Perform Kernel Analysis"
- "Perform Memory Bandwidth Analysis" (still memory bound)
- L2 cache traffic is lower now
- But global memory access pattern is bad
- Click on the line/file location to jump to the problem in source file
- "make step3" (automatically patch the source to coalesce memory transfer)
- Run stencil3_coalesce with the profiler
- Try to find how to improve performance further



- "Examine Individual Kernels"
- Select kernel from the list
- "Perform Kernel Analysis"
- "Perform Compute Analysis" (the kernel became compute-bound)
- The "Integer" function unit utilization is high
- "Show Kernel Profile"
- Click on the name of the kernel to see what the hot spot is
- "make step4" (automatically patch the source to distribute computation over integer/fp units)
- Run stencil4_fp with the profiler
- Try to find how to improve performance further



- Notice now kernel only occupies a small portion of the whole timeline.
- Observe low overlap between activities on the timeline
- Check GPU properties; it is capable of doing 2 memcpys at the same time
- "make step5" (automatically patch the source to divide data into chunks and pipeline the kernel)
- Observe on the new timeline that memcpys and kernels are now overlapped



WHAT'S NEXT?

- Download today! Search "download cuda" cudatools@nvidia.com
- S5174 CUDA Optimization with NVIDIA Nsight Visual Studio Edition 15:30 - 16:50, Room 210G
- ► S5655 Hands-on Lab: CUDA Application Development Life Cycle Thur, 14:00 15:20, Room 211A
- Last year's sessions Search "GTC on demand"