Derivative of the Magnitude of a Vector

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Recall $\boldsymbol{v}(t) \cdot \boldsymbol{v}(t) = v(t)^2$. Then,

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}v^2}{\mathrm{d}t} = 2v\frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} \tag{0.1}$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{1}{2v} \frac{\mathrm{d}v^2}{\mathrm{d}t}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2v} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} (\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v})$$
(0.2)

$$= \frac{1}{2v} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} (\boldsymbol{v} \cdot \boldsymbol{v}) \tag{0.3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2v} \left(\boldsymbol{v} \cdot \boldsymbol{v}' + \boldsymbol{v}' \cdot \boldsymbol{v} \right) \tag{0.4}$$

$$=\frac{\boldsymbol{v}\cdot\boldsymbol{v}'}{v}\tag{0.5}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\boldsymbol{v} \cdot \boldsymbol{v}'}{v}} \tag{0.6}$$