

Started on	Monday, 18 August 2025, 12:03 PM
State	Finished
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Time taken	11 mins 29 secs

Question **1**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is meant by '**chunking**'?

Select one:

- ☒ a. identifying phrases in a text which constitute units of meaning by combining words
- ☐ b. dividing a text into individual sentences, each with a verb phrase
- ☐ c. scoring words according to the number of adjacent consonants contained within each
- ☐ d. consolidating smaller, related processing steps into larger ones
- ☐ e. overloading the processing pipeline, causing the system to “choke”

Question **2**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is meant by '**lemmatisation**'?

Select one:

- ☒ a. reducing words to their most basic form without altering essential meaning
- ☐ b. stating the fundamental linguistic postulate by inductive reasoning
- ☐ c. removing all adjectives, adverbs and prepositional phrases from the text
- ☐ d. ordering the parts of a sentence hierarchically to find the verb phrases
- ☐ e. formulating hypotheses about the most likely syntactic function of a word

Question **3**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is meant by '**Machine Learning Bias**'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. growing interest in developing artificially intelligent solutions is driving prejudicial attitudes towards more traditional methods of solving problems
- ☐ b. data models are sensitive to the deeply-held beliefs and desires of their end users, and are inclined to respond in ways which elicit the greatest response from those users
- ☐ c. attitudes towards technology play a leading role in determining the efficacy of e-Learning initiatives
- ☐ d. exposure to weak electromagnetic fields, over time, may cause well-trained data models to gradually deteriorate and start to produce ill-informed predictions
- ☒ e. data model training will tend to amplify subtle preferences embedded in the training data, potentially replicating those preferences and producing biased predictions

Question **4**

Complete

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In NLP, what is meant by 'Named Entity Recognition'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. associating voice- and facial-recognition data with patterns found in a text
- ☐ b. attaching unique names to all objects in a sentence in order to facilitate back-references
- ☒ c. identifying words which identify people, organisations, places, products, etc.
- ☐ d. determining which noun a particular pronoun refers to in a text
- ☐ e. extracting barcodes and/or QR codes from a stream of text

Question **5**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is meant by '**POS Tagging**'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. determining the phonetically-ordered syntax of each morpheme in the text
- ☐ b. preparing transactional text for point-of-sale deployment
- ☐ c. marking the individual words with a zero-based index, relative to the start
- ☐ d. scoring the sentence according to the Pierce-Ogilvie-Safran algorithm
- ☒ e. identifying grammatical components such as verbs, nouns, prepositions, and such

Question **6**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is meant by '**Stop Word Removal**'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. replace words which have been inadvertently left out of the sentence
- ☐ b. preventing the elimination of small words by surrounding them with full stops
- ☐ c. elimination of all punctuation symbols from a text except full stops
- ☐ d. reducing the word count to generate a rough summary of a text
- ☒ e. removing words which occur too commonly to contribute significantly to the differentiation of meaning in a text

Question **7**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is the purpose of a '**Syntactic Dependency Parser**'?

Select one:

- ☒ a. identifies how the different parts of a text relate to each other grammatically
- ☐ b. sorts sentences according to their basic phenotype and genotype
- ☐ c. shuffles the order of the words until a clear meaning is established
- ☐ d. removes all words that do not refer to physical items
- ☐ e. compresses a text's syntax to its minimally verbose formulation

Question 8

Complete

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In NLP, what is meant by 'TF-IDF'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. the T-Function (or Inverse Dirichlet Function) computes the convolution of vectors of intent, providing a robust, reliable measure of the particular sentiment expressed in a given passage of text
- ☐ b. the distance between the time-stamp flag and the identity flag of each lexical entity, providing the primary measure of similarity between different entities
- ☒ c. metric which considers the frequency of occurrence of a word in one document, as against that word's occurrence throughout an entire corpus of documents, to determine the uniqueness and significance of that word in conveying meaning
- ☐ d. application of Thomson Filtering followed by Ines-Davis Filtering, resulting in reduction of noise-words below the 20% threshold
- ☐ e. metric produced by multiplying the number of letters in a word by the number of letters in the whole document, then comparing that against a standard normal distribution describing the particular language being used

Question 9

Complete

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In NLP, what is meant by '**tokenisation**'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. colour codes the text to indicate different parts of speech
- ☐ b. runs a Monte-Carlo simulation to determine the meaning of a text
- ☐ c. assigns numerical values to each letter of the alphabet
- ☒ d. separates text into minimal units of meaning, such as words
- ☐ e. assigns relative weights to the most meaningful textual elements

Question **10**

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

In NLP, what is meant by '**Word Embedding**'?

Select one:

- ☐ a. placing a word into a context in which it acquires meaning, relative to other words preceding or succeeding it
- ☐ b. inserting metadata tags into words to indicate their linguistic function
- ☐ c. subtle differences between the particular ways in which common words are used in different languages
- ☐ d. dilemma which occurs when one word is found to occur naturally within another word
- ☒ e. series of numbers which positions a word in relation to all other words in an n -dimensional space

