

RANSAC - Random Sampling and Consensus.

ϵ : prob that a given pt is outlier

Parameters

- * Minimal set of samples per trial = n or (s)
- * No of trials : N
- * distance threshold : δ - to be accepted as inlier
- * minimum value of size of inlier set : M
for it to be acceptable
- * Probability that atleast one of the random samples of ' n ' points is free from outliers : $p (\approx 0.99)$

prob that pt is inlier : $(1 - \epsilon)$

prob that all pts inliers in ' n ' pt sample = $(1 - \epsilon)^n$

Prob that atleast 1 pt inlier in ' n ' pt sample = $1 - (1 - \epsilon)^n$

prob that N samples of ' n ' pts contain no inlier

$$= 1 - [1 - (1 - \epsilon)^n]^N$$

Prob that atleast one of the N trials is free from outliers $= P$

$$= 1 - \text{Prob that none of the } N \text{ trials are free from outliers}$$

Prob that none of ' N ' trials are free from outliers $=$

~~1 -~~ Prob that all of the N trials contain atleast one outlier sample

$$= 1 - \text{Prob that (Prob of having atleast one outlier in 'n' sample)}^N$$

Prob of having atleast 1 outlier in ' n ' sample pts $=$

$$1 - \text{Prob of having no outliers in 'n' sample pts}$$



$$= \text{Prob of all 'n' pts being inliers}$$

$$= (1 - e)^n$$

\therefore Prob that atleast one of the N trials is free from outlier

$$P = 1 - [1 - (1 - e)^n]^N \quad \Rightarrow \quad N = \frac{\ln(1 - P)}{\ln[1 - (1 - e)^n]}$$

$$M = \text{total} \times (1 - \epsilon).$$

no_iter = 0

pts to consider = []

M_best = 0

while no_iter < N

- sample 'n' points (x x') correspondences
- compute 'H' with n pts
- Find $Hx = \tilde{x}$
- compare \tilde{x} & x' & see if $\text{dist}(\tilde{x} x') < \delta$
if less consider as inlier
- count no of inlier pts = no_inlier
- if no_inlier > M
 - if M_best < no of inlier
 - M_best = no of inliers
 - pts to consider append n pts + inliers
- no of iter += 1

Recompute homography & with pts to consider

RANSAC - inlier, outlier plot.

Adaptive

* Since we usually don't know what ϵ is, the no of samples N should be computed adaptively

$N = \infty$, ~~set~~ no_of_iter = 0

while $N > \text{no_of_iter}$:

- Choose a sample & count no of inliers
- Set $\epsilon = 1 - (\text{no of inliers}) / (\text{tot no of pts})$
- Set Compute N from ϵ & $p = 0.99$
- no_of_iter += 1

Terminate