Machine Learning HW3 Understanding transformers

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Deadline: 2025/04/04 23:59 (UTC+8)

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Outline

- Task Overview
- Setup
- Problems
- TODOs
- Submissions
- Grading
- Reference and Appendix

Links

- Model:
 - Gemma 2-2b-it
- Complete Questions:
 - Gradescope
- Code:
 - Colab
- Discussions:
 - NTU Cool
- Papers:
 - Attention is all you need
 - Differential Transformers
 - Scaling LLM Test-Time

Task Overview

This task focuses on understanding and analyzing the inner workings of LLMs and Transformers using Gemma 2-2b-it from Google, and also includes reading some research papers to deepen your understanding of recent advancements.





Welcome Gemma

Google's new open LLM

Task Overview

- Coding & Answer Question (8%)
 - → Chat template comparison & Multi-turn conversations
 - → Tokenizations & Embeddings
 - Tokenization of a sentence
 - Auto-regressive Generation
 - ◆ Contextualize representation
 - → Visualization of Attention Weights
 - → Sparse Autoencoder (SAE) Activations

- Paper reading (2%)
 - You should read 3 papers and answer 8 problems.

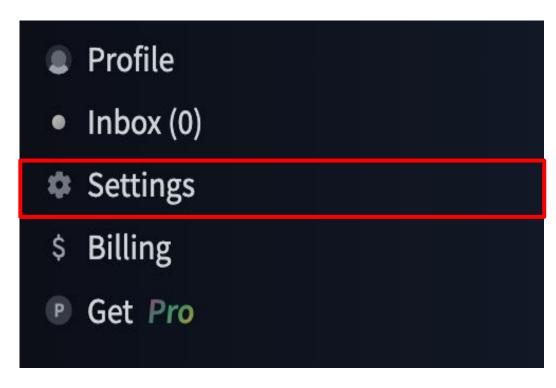
Setup: Model Download

Download the Gemma 2-2b-it model from Hugging Face

- 1. Create/Log in your Hugging Face account
- 2. Create a read token for this homework
- 3. Paste it in your code for submission

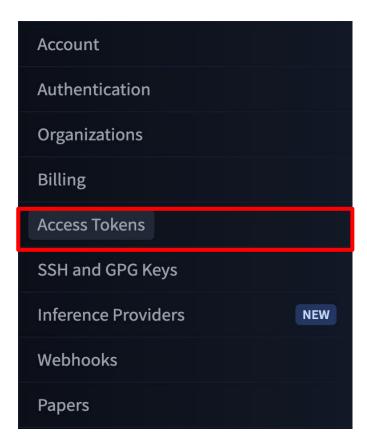
Setup: Model Download (1/4)

Open your account **settings**



Setup: Model Download (2/4)

Click access tokens on the left bar



Setup: Model Download (3/4)

Click "Create new token"

Access Tokens

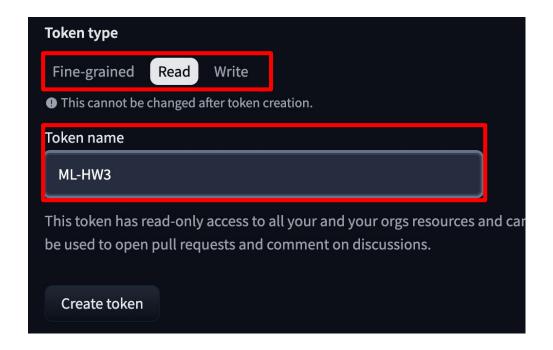
User Access Tokens

+ Create new token

Access tokens authenticate your identity to the Hugging Face Hub and allow applications to perform actions based on token permissions. **①** Do not share your Access Tokens with anyone; we regularly check for leaked Access Tokens and remove them immediately.

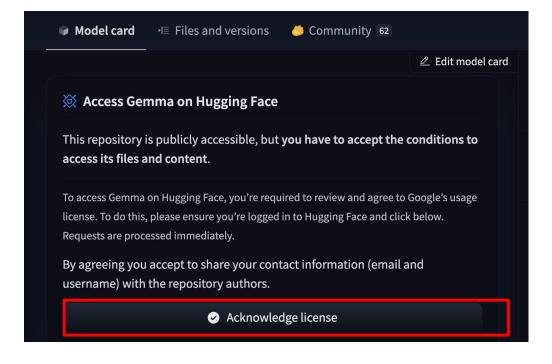
Setup: Model Download (4/4)

- Select read token
- Enter your token name
- Create new token
- Copy the token



Setup: Accept the Model License

- Go to Gemma 2-2b-it
- Acknowledge the license to download the model



Setup: Accept the Model License (cont.)

- You should receive an email when you can download the model
- Go try out the model ~

[Access granted] You have been granted access to the "Google's Gemma models family" gated group



Note: May need to wait for several hours ~ several days

Problem 1 - Chat template Comparison (1pt)

Task Descriptions:

Observations of response **with/without** chat template.

Prompt:

"Please tell me about the key differences between supervised learning and unsupervised learning. Answer in 200 words."

Questions:

Calculate and compare the **coherence score** between responses generated **with and without the chat template**.

- 1. **(0.2 + 0.2** pts) What is each coherence score? (Error with 0.5 is accepted.) **(Fill-in-the-blank question)**
- 2. **(0.3** pts) Which score is higher? **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 3. **(0.3**pts) Choose the correct statement(s) from the following according to the experiment. Please choose EXACT 2 answers. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**

Problem 1 conti.

Coherence Score Calculation Model: <u>Cross-encoder/ms-marco-MiniLM-L-6-v2</u>

- Aim: Calculate the coherence score between the question (prompt) and the model response.
- Usage (Provided in the sample code):

```
from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForSequenceClassification
import torch

SCORING_MODEL = AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained('cross-encoder/ms-marco-MiniLM-L-6-v2')
SCORING_TOKENIZER = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained('cross-encoder/ms-marco-MiniLM-L-6-v2')

def calculate_coherence(question, answer, scoring_model=SCORING_MODEL, tokenizer=SCORING_TOKENIZER):
    features = tokenizer([question], [answer], padding=True, truncation=True, return_tensors="pt")
    scoring_model.eval()
    with torch.no_grad():
        scores = scoring_model(**features).logits.squeeze().item()
    return scores
```

Problem 2 - Multi-turn Conversations (1pt)

Task Descriptions:

Observe the response from the following multi-turn conversation. You should check the possibility of the model response and the format of the prompt inputted to the model.

Conversation History:

User (Your 1st Input): "Name a color in a rainbow, please just answer in a word without any emoji."

Model 1st output : xxxx.

User (Your 2nd Input): "That's great! Now, could you tell me another color that I can find in a rainbow?"

Model 2nd output: xxxx.

User (Your 3rd Input): "Could you continue and name yet another color from the rainbow?"

Model 3rd output : *xxxx*.

Problem 2 conti.

Questions:

- (0.4 pt) Provide the correct FULL prompt with chat template format for the third round. (Fill-in-the-blank question)
- (0.2 pt) What is the first token with the highest probability in the first round (question)? (Multiple-Choice Question)
- 3. **(0.4** pt) Please select the false statement from the following according to the experiments. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**

Problem 3 - tokenization of a sentence (0.5pt)

Prompt:

"I love taking a Machine Learning course by Professor Hung-yi Lee, What about you?"

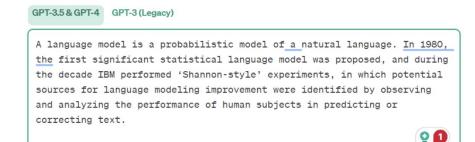
Fill-in-the-blank Questions:

How is the prompt being tokenized into? Please write the corresponding token index.

https://platform.openai.co m/tokenizer

Tokens

Characters



A language model is a probabilistic model of a natural language. In 1980, the first significant statistical language model was proposed, and during the decade IBM performed 'Shannon-style' experiments, in which potential sources for language modeling improvement were identified by observing and analyzing the performance of human subjects in predicting or correcting text.

Text TokenIDs

Problem 3 conti.

Fill-in-the-blank Questions:

(2 * **0.1** pt + 2 * **0.15** pt) You need to write the corresponding token / token index.

Token: I, token index: 235285 Token: love, token index: 2182 Token: taking, token index: 4998 Token: a. token index: 476 Token: Machine, token index: 13403 Token: Learning, token index: 14715 Token: _course, token index: 3205 Token: by, token index: 731 Token: Professor, token index: 11325 Token: Hung, token index: [(1)] Token: [(2)], token index: 235290 Token: [(3)], token index: [(4)] Token: Lee, token index: 9201 Token: ., token index: 235269 Token: What, token index: 2439 Token: about, token index: 1105 Token: you, token index: 692 Token: ?, token index: 23533

Problem 4 - Autoregressive Generation (1.4pt)

Task Descriptions:

- Use auto-regressive generation to generate a sentence 20 times.
- Calculate the self-BLEU score for the 20 sentences.
- Compare Top-k sampling (k=2) vs. Top-k sampling (k=200)
- Compare Top-p sampling (p=0.6) vs Top-p sampling (p=0.999)
- Observe fluency, coherence, and diversity.

Prompt:

"Generate a paraphrase of the sentence 'Professor Lee is one of the best teachers in the domain of machine learning'. Just response with one sentence."

Problem 4 conti.

Questions:

- (0.25 pt) Please choose the correct statement(s) about self-BLEU score? You should choose EXACT 2 answers. (Multiple-Choice Question)
- 2. **(0.25** pt) Choose the correct statement about top-p and top-k? You should choose EXACT 2 answers. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 3. (0.2 pt) What is the generated sentence of top-k for k = 1? (Fill-in-the-blank Question)
- 4. **(0.2** pt) What is the generated sentence of top-p for **p = 0**? **(Fill-in-the-blank Question)**
- 5. (**0.25** pt) Compare the self-BLEU score of top-k for different k values (2 vs 200), which is higher and why? (**Multiple-Choice Question**)
- 6. **(0.25** pt) Compare the self-BLEU score of top-p for different p values (0.6 vs 0.999)? Which is higher and why? **(Multiple-Choice Question)**

Problem 5 - t-SNE (1pt)

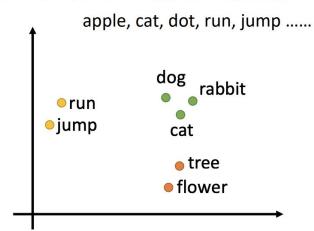
Task Descriptions:

Plotting the t-SNE 2-D Embeddings

Sentences: (Provided in sample code)

```
"I ate a fresh apple.", # Apple (fruit)
```

原本每一個 Token 都是獨立的符號



意思相近的 Token 會有接近的 Embedding

Questions:

- 1. **(0.4** pt) Choose the correct statements about T-SNE. You should choose EXACT 2 answers. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 2. **(0.3** pt) Please choose the correct statement about the experiment in Q5. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 3. **(0.3** pt) Please choose the INCORRECT statement about the experiment in Q5. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**

[&]quot;Apple released the new iPhone.", # Apple (company)

[&]quot;I peeled an orange and ate it.", # Orange (fruit)

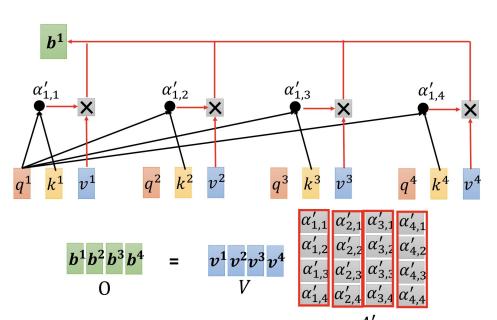
[&]quot;The Orange network has great coverage.", # Orange (telecom)

[&]quot;Microsoft announced a new update.", # Microsoft (company)

[&]quot;Banana is my favorite fruit.", # Banana (fruit)

Problem 6 - Attention Map (0.8 pt)

Self-attention



Reference: 【機器學習 2021】自注意力機制 (Self-attention) (上)

Problem 6 - Attention Map (0.8 pt)

Task Descriptions:

Plot and observe the figure of the attention map

Prompt:

"Google"

Generated tokens: 20

Layer index (Recommended): 10

Head index (Recommended): 7

Problem 6 - Attention Map (0.8 pt)

Questions:

- 1. **(0.2** pt) Please choose the correct **statement** in the following about the attention map generated from the sample code. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 2. **(0.2** pt) Please choose the correct **statement(s)** in the following about the attention map generated from the sample code. **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 3. (**0.2** pt) Please answer if the following statement is true/false? (**Multiple-Choice Question**)
- 4. **(0.2** pt) Please answer if the following statement is true/false? **(Multiple-Choice Question)**

Problem 7-1 - Understanding activations in SAE (0.5 pt)

Question:

 (0.5 pt) Based on the <u>Gemma Scope with Neuronpedia</u>, What does feature 10004 mean? What does activations density mean? (You should choose EXACT 3 answers)



Problem 7-2, 7-3 - Maximum activations comparison (0.6 pt)

Prompt:

- a. "Time travel offers me the opportunity to correct past errors, but it comes with its own set of risks."
- ь. "I accept that my decisions shape my future, and though mistakes are inevitable, they define who I become."

Question:

- 1. **(0.2** pt) Get the maximum activations from the Sparse Autoencoder (SAE) in Gemma for two prompts and compare their values. Which is larger? **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- 2. **(0.4** pt) Explain the reason of the above answer, which is correct? **(Multiple-Choice Question)**

Hint: You can use the **activation distributions** for each prompt to explain the result.

Problem 7-4 ~ 7-6 - Activation distribution for layer (0.6pt)

Prompt:

"Time travel will become a reality as technology continues to advance."

Question:

(**0.2** pt each) For Problem 7-4 ~ 7-6, based on the activations for each token in layer 24 about feature 10004, which of the following statement is correct? (**Multiple-Choice Question**)

Problem 7-7~7.9 - Activation distribution for token (0.6pt)

Prompt:

"Time travel will become a reality as technology continues to advance."

Question:

- (0.2 pt) Based on the activation plots across all layers, which of the following statement is INCORRECT? Hint: You can alter the tokens and observe the figure. (e.g. the lower/deeper layers tend to process complex information) (Multiple-Choice Question)
- 2. **(0.2** pt) Please answer if the following statement is true/false? **(Multiple-Choice Question)**
- (0.2 pt) Please answer if the following statement is true/false? (Multiple-Choice Question)

TODOs - Coding

- 1. Please refer to Colab to see "TODOs" in each sections.
 - a. Chat template comparison & Multi-turn conversations
 - b. Tokenizations & Embeddings
 - Tokenization of a sentence
 - ii. Auto-regressive Generation
 - iii. Contextualize representation
 - c. Visualization of Attention Weights
 - d. Sparse Autoencoder (SAE) Activations

TODOs - Paper Reading (Gradescope Problem 8-9)

- 1. Please read these papers, especially what they want to do, how they do, and what experiments they do.
 - a. <u>Attention is all you need</u>
 - b. <u>DIFFERENTIAL TRANSFORMER</u>
 - c. <u>Scaling LLM Test-Time</u>
- 2. Answer Problem 8-9 according to paper

Submission - (1)

- NTU COOL
 - Compress your code into

<student_id>_hw3.zip

- * e.g. b11901174_hw3.zip
- Your zip file should include the following files
 - <student_id>_hw3.ipynb (code)
- We can only see your last submission.
- o If your code is not reasonable, your semester grade x 0.9.

Submission - (2)

- Gradescope (10 pts)
 - Answer ALL the questions in <u>Gradescope</u>.
 - We can only see your last submission.

◆使用中的作業	發布時間	截止 (CST) ▼ ◆作答內容	% 已批改 ♦	已公布成績	重新批改	
[ML HW3] Understanding Transformer	MAR 14, 2025 4:20 PM	APR 4, 2025 11:59 PM	0%		開啟	:

Grading

Coding Questions 8%

- We have total 7 sections of questions, and you should implement code and answer the questions.
- We will reproduce your result. Failure to reproduce will result in zero points for that question.
- Paper Reading 2%
 - Read paper and answer question, each question is worth 0.25 points.
- You must also submit your code in order to get all the scores. You would get 0 point if you only answer on Gradescope without submitting code on NTU COOL.

Deadlines

- NTU COOL (Code Submission)
- GradeScope (Answer Submission)

2025/04/04 23:59 (UTC+8)

Grading - Regulations

Let's see if there is any necessary modification:

- You should NOT plagiarize, if you use any other resource, you should cite it in the reference.
- Do NOT share codes or ANSWERS with any living creatures.
- Do NOT search or use additional data.
- Your final grade x 0.9 + this HW get 0 points if you violate any of the above rules first time (within a semester).
- Your will get F for the final grade if you violate any of the above rules multiple times (within a semester).
- Prof. Lee & TAs preserve the rights to change the rules & grades.

If any questions, you can ask us via...

- NTU COOL (recommended)
 - HW3 Discussions:
 - We encourage posting questions in the discussion forum first to share your questions with all the classmates, and the TAs will prioritize responding to questions there.
- Email
 - ntu-ml-2025-spring-ta@googlegroups.com
 - The title should begin with "[HW3]"
- TA hour
 - Each Friday after class:
 - (Fri.) 17:20~18:00