COVID-19 Infection Reduces US Congressmembers' Opposition to COVID-19 Policies

Replication Instructions

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Replication files for: COVID-19 Infection Reduces US Congressmembers' Opposition to

COVID-19 Policies

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To run the entire analysis, you will need to have R and Python installed on your machine.

There are six files necessary for replication that are in the main directory:

- 1. master.py This file runs the entire analysis.
- 2. analysis.R This file runs all R code
- 3. figures.py This file runs all Python code
- 4. analysis data.csv The primary dataset used in the analysis
- 5. covid_infections.csv The data file for COVID infections in legislators
- 6. validation_tweets.csv The data file for the held-out tweets used to validate the language model

The entire analysis can be run from the master.py file. Navigate to the directory and run the following in your terminal:

python3 master.py

Time to Run: 49 minutes on 20 core, 64GB RAM machine.

Notes:

- The master file calls the two analysis files in R and Python. The R file estimates the primary model using matrix completion, and the Python file creates the figures and tables. These files will save the results in the main directory.
- There are two folders in which the individual analysis files are broken up by the type of analysis (individual_files) and one that contains all compiled files (compiled_files). These files are further detailed below.
- In several cases I estimate the models in R and then save the results as a csv file. I then use the csv file to create the figures in Python using the figures.ipynb file.
- I tried to set seeds where possible to ensure reproducibility, but many of the models are stochastic and may not be exactly the same as in the paper.

Data

All data are in .csv format. The data includes the following files:

- analysis_data.csv contains the primary dataset used in the analysis
- covid_infections.csv contains the data file used to create figure 1 in the paper (COVID infections in legislators)
- figure3.csv contains the data file used to create figure 3 in the paper (effects of COVID infection on opposition 4 weeks before and after the infection)
- figure4.csv contains the data file used to create figure 4 in the paper (exit effects of COVID infection on opposition)
- figure A3.csv contains the data file used to create figure A3 in the Appendix (effects of COVID infection on opposition 4 weeks before and after the infection using Congressional Press Releases)
- validation_tweets.csv contains the 1000 held-out tweets used to validate the language model with the model's predictions.

Code

- analysis_MC.R contains the code to reproduce the primary analysis in the paper using Matrix Completion methods.
- figures.ipynb contains the code to reproduce many of the figures and the descriptive statistics presented in the paper (Python notebook).
- causal_forest.R contains the code to reproduce estimation of heterogeneous treatment effects using the causal forest method.
- robustness_check1.R contains the code to reproduce the robustness check using matrix completion with infected legislators only.
- robustness_check2.R contains the code to reproduce the estimation of infection on the number of total tweets from legislators using matrix completion.
- robustness_check3.R contains the code to reproduce the estimation of effects of infection on opposition using Congressional Press releases using matrix completion.

- robustness_check4.R contains the code to reproduce the estimation of effects of infection on opposition using interactive fixed effects estimator.
- robustness_check5.R contains the code to reproduce the estimation of effects of infection on opposition using interactive fixed effects estimator with infected legislators only.
- robustness_check6.R contains the code to reproduce the estimation of effects of infection on total tweets using interactive fixed effects estimator.
- robustness_check7.R contains the code to reproduce the estimation of effects of infection on total tweets using interactive fixed effects estimator with Congressional Press Releases.

Tables

- table1.tex contains the table 1 in the paper (cumulative effects of COVID infection on opposition)
- tableA1.tex contains the table A1 in the Appendix (descriptive statistics for tweets)
- tableA2.tex contains the table A2 in the Appendix (CATE estimates using causal forest)
- tableA3.tex contains the table A3 in the Appendix (Estimation with infected legislators only Robustness check)
- tableA4.tex contains the table A4 in the Appendix (Estimation of infections on the number of total tweets from legislators)
- tableA5.tex contains the table A5 in the Appendix (Estimation of effects of infection on opposition using Congressional Press releases)
- tableA6.tex contains the table A6 in the Appendix (Descriptive statistics for Congressional Press Releases)
- tableA7.tex contains the table A7 in the Appendix (Estimation of effects of infection on opposition using interactive fixed effects estimator)
- tableA8.tex contains the table A8 in the Appendix (Estimation of effects of infection on opposition using interactive fixed effects estimator with infected legislators only)
- tableA9.tex contains the table A9 in the Appendix (Estimation of effects of infection on total tweets using interactive fixed effects estimator)
- tableA10.tex contains the table A10 in the Appendix (Estimation of effects of infection on total tweets using interactive fixed effects estimator with Congressional Press Releases)

Figures

- figure1.png contains the figure 1 in the paper (COVID infections in legislators)
- figure 2.png contains the figure 2 in the paper (opposition to COVID measures by legislators)

- figure 3.png contains the figure 3 in the paper (effects of COVID infection on opposition 4 weeks before and after the infection)
- figure 4.png contains the figure 4 in the paper (exit effects of COVID infection on opposition)
- figureA1.png contains the figure A1 in the Appendix (F1 scores for validation of language model)
- figureA2.png contains the figure A2 in the Appendix (Pre-trends equivalence tests for matrix completion method)
- figure A3.png contains the figure A3 in the Appendix (effects of COVID infection on opposition 4 weeks before and after the infection using Congressional Press Releases Robustness check)

Additional Notes:

The fine-tuned BERT model used in the analysis is available at this link. The model can be loaded using the following code in Python:

Descriptions of the Data Sources

There are several sources of data that were used, which are detailed below:

- 1. The primary data source for legislators' tweets was the Twitter API. This has since been discontinued; however, the data can be collected using the congresstweets repo in github (https://github.com/alexlitel/congresstweets).
- 2. The secondary source of data for the outcome variable using Legislators' press releases came from the ProPublica Congress API (https://projects.propublica.org/api-docs/congress-api/statements/). An account is required to access the API.
- 3. The data on COVID-19 infections in legislators was collected from GovTrack (https://www.govtrack.us/covid-19). You can download that data from the website directly. Additionally, I provide the code in the figures.ipynb file to import the data directly from the website.
- 4. The data on COVID-19 infections in the general population (at the state level) was collected from the New York Times COVID-19 data repository (https://github.com/nytimes/covid-19-data). You can download the data from the website directly.