

[insert viral appl

Baes 4 Bayes

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Topic Background



- 2018 – 2.1 million apps available on Google PlayStore
- 62 % of app users have anywhere from 1–20 apps on their phone
- Hard to make a successful app
 - 59% of apps don't generate enough revenue to break even on development costs
 - 62% of users will use an app less than 11 times

Intro to the Data

- Around 10,000 apps
- 13 variables each
 - application name
 - category
 - rating
 - reviews
 - size
 - number of installs
 - type (paid or free)
 - price
 - content rating
 - genres
 - date last updated
 - current version
 - Android version

Research Question

Q: What makes a viral Google Play Store app?

Cost?

Free apps?

Everyone 10+?

Category?

Content rating?

Dating apps?

Beauty apps?

Last update year?

Download size?

Version?

Choosing a Metric



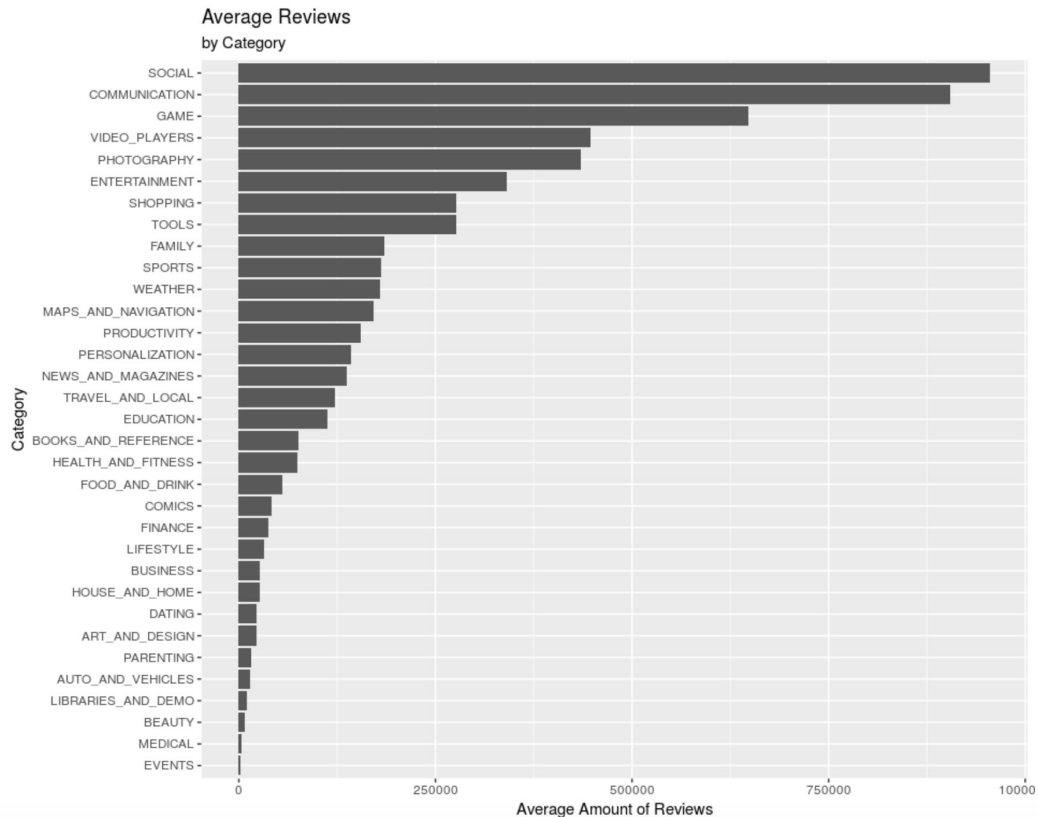
- Lack of variation in rating
 - Between 4 and 5
- Number of installs is categorical
 - E.g. 100,000+
- Correlation between installs and reviews

Cleaning the Data

- General
 - Varies with device \Rightarrow NA
- Removing units to create numerical data
 - Size (60M \Rightarrow 60)
 - Price (\$0.99 \Rightarrow 0.99)
- Duplicates
 - Averaged number of reviews

Data Analysis - Ranking Categories

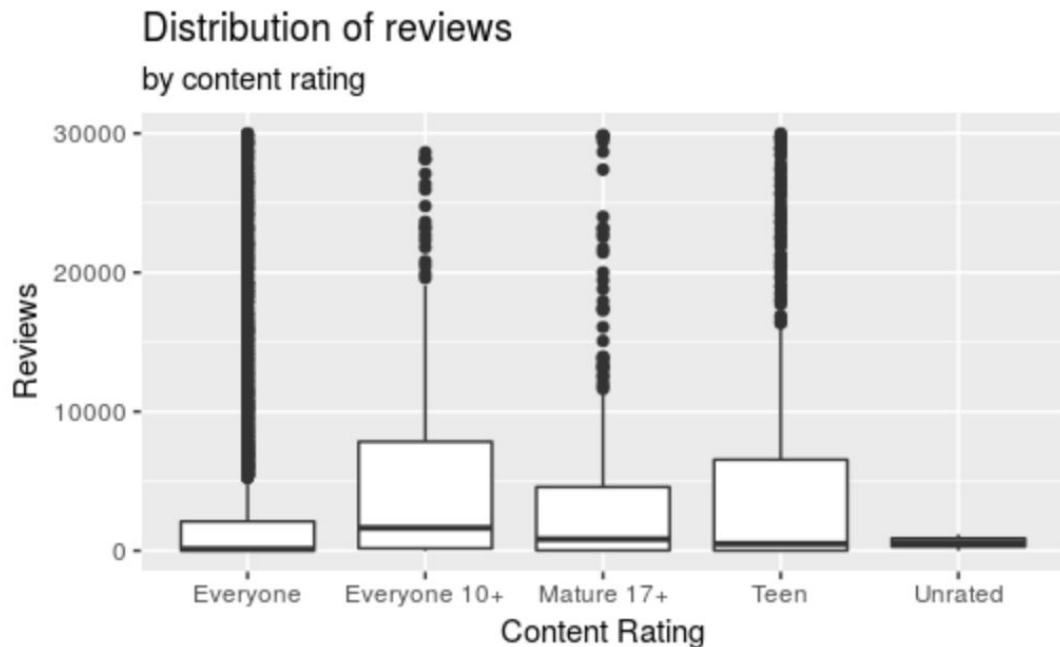
Social and Communication apps with the largest average amount of reviews



Data Analysis - Content Rating

Compared distribution of reviews by content ratings

Highest median: everyone 10+



Data Analysis - Hypothesis Test

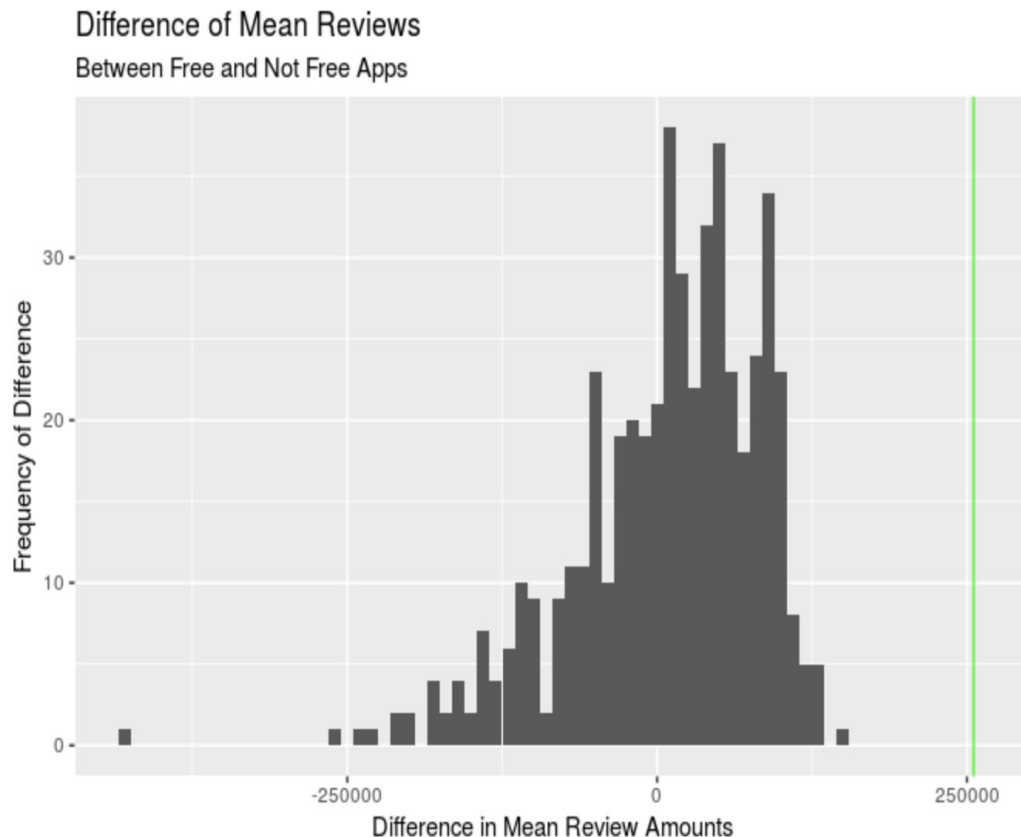
One-tailed test

Null H: No difference in mean amt of reviews between free and paid apps

Alt H: Greater mean amt of reviews for free apps

Sample Stats: 255,438

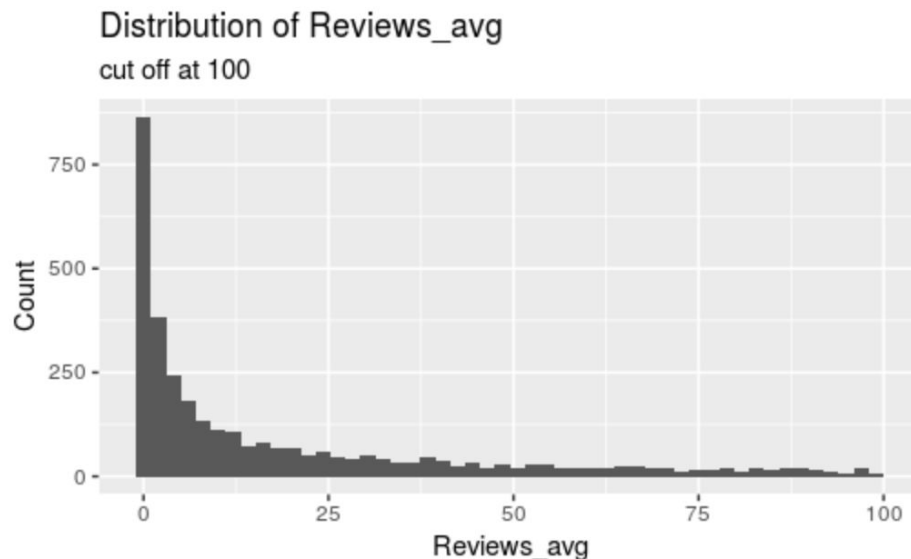
P-value: 0.



Regression Model

$\log(\text{Reviews_avg}) \sim \text{Category} + \text{Size} + \text{Type} + \text{Price} + \text{Content_Rating} + \text{Type} * \text{Size}$

- No rating/installs
- No genre (collinearity)
- No current_ver



Regression Model

$\log(\text{Reviews_avg}) \sim \text{Category} + \text{Size} + \text{Type} + \text{Content_Rating}$
 $+ \text{Type} * \text{Size}$

- CategoryENTERTAINMENT (16.7) vs CategoryMEDICAL (0.13)
- Size (1.05)
- Paid (0.26)
- Everyone 10+ (4.32)

Conclusion

- What are the characteristics of a viral app?
 - Size = Large
 - Type = Free
 - Category = Entertainment
 - Content Rating = Everyone 10+

Discussion

- Strong right skew
 - Majority zero reviews
 - Few, very viral apps
 - Mean vs median
- Reliability
 - How were the 10,000/2 million apps chosen?
- Recency
 - Last updated 2 months ago
- Next steps: self-web scraping!

Thank you!