Ruadretic variation.

f function on [a,b]

Sosi...Sn

Hillimit

Q x b

Total variation function of f $\begin{array}{cccc}
V_{\mathbf{f}}(x) &=& Swp & \sum_{i=1}^{n} |f(S_i) - f(S_{i-1})| &: \\
Partitions of (o, x) & a = So(S_i (... (S_n = x))) \\

The finite = Say & f is BV (bounded variation)

A rank 3$

Ne say M is a local mart. is sequence?

It, strets som

s.t. for each k, Mth is a mart.

Mis local 12 mart.

Marth

Mr. is a L2 mart.

properties.

1). Mis local ment, of is stopping time =) M⁶ is a local mept. 2) If $\{\tau_k\}$ is localizing sep for M, then $\{\tau_k\}$ is also localizing sep for M. Thm: "Fundamental thm for local marts" Suppose Mis Cadlag local mart. and C70 Then. I cadlaglocal marts Mand A 5.t. . the jumps of M are bounded by C · A is FV $M = \widetilde{M} + A$. Cor: If M is cadlag local mart. then $M = \tilde{M} + A$ · M is cadlag local L-mart. · A is FV.

Det: a cadley process If T= Yo + Mt + Vt · M cadlag [local] mart.
· V cadlag FV. Mo=1020 then say Y semi mart. Det Y: stochastic process: toti ----th Q = [(Yti+1 - Yti) 1im Qt = [Y]+ in probability Called quadratic variation · [Y] = 0 · + (-) (Y) = is non decreasing. X Y are stock processes. quadratic covariation process

$$[x,Y] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(x+Y) \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(x-Y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4}(x+y)^2 - \frac{1}{4}(x-y)^2 = xy\right)$$

Properties:
$$D[X,Y]_{t} = \frac{1}{2}([X+Y]_{t} - [X]_{t} - [Y]_{t})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}([X+Y]_{t} - [X]_{t} - [Y]_{t})$$
(2) Clamber V. V.

(2) Suppose X, Y are cadlag. Suppose [X, Y) exist.

Then. [X,Y] cadlag. and, Yt. D[X,Y] = (DX, X) (SX)

$$\left(\Delta X_{t} = X_{t} - X_{t} - X_{t} \right)$$

$$\lim_{s \to t} X_{s}$$

 $\frac{BM}{BM} \cdot \left[B\right]_{t} = t$ $\frac{BM}{BH} \cdot \left[B_{t+1} - B_{t+1}\right]^{2}$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
\left(\sum_{i}\left(B_{t+1}-B_{ti}\right)^{2}-t\right)^{2} & \rightarrow 0 \\
\sum_{i}\left[\left(B_{t+1}-B_{ti}\right)^{4}\right]+\sum_{i}\left[\left(B_{t+1}-B_{ti}\right)^{2}\left(B_{t+1}-B_{t}\right)^{2}\right] \\
&-2t\sum_{i}\left[\left(B_{t+1}-B_{ti}\right)^{2}\right]+t^{2} \\
&=2\sum_{i}\left(\delta t_{i}\right)^{2}+\sum_{i}\delta t_{i}\delta t_{j}-2t\sum_{i}\delta t_{i}+t^{2} \\
&=2\sum_{i}\left(\delta t_{i}\right)^{2}+\sum_{i}\delta t_{i}\delta t_{j}-t^{2} \\
&=\left(\sum_{i}\delta t_{i}\right)\left(\sum_{i}\delta t_{i}\right) \\
&$$

$$M_{\xi} = N_{\xi} - 2\xi$$
 -> martingale
 T
 T

Some results:

D If M is right-unt local mart.

Then [M] exists.

and, [M] is right-cont.

Den 15 L' mentnyele.

Then the convergence in det of [M].

holds in L'.

i.e. lim E [] (M+i+1 - M+1) - tM]

= C