## Math 733 – Fall 2020

## Midterm Exam (AM version)

1. Suppose that  $Y_1, Y_2, \ldots$  are random variables with finite second moment. Show that

if 
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{E[Y_n^2]}{(E[Y_n])^2} = 1$$
 then  $\frac{Y_n}{E[Y_n]} \stackrel{P}{\to} 1$ , as  $n \to \infty$ . (1)

There was a typo in the problem (some of the students noticed this), but all students found the path that would have led to the solution.

- 2. Suppose that X is a discrete random variable with support  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$  and probability mass function  $p_X : A \to [0,1]$ . Let U be a random variable which is independent of X, and has uniform distribution on [0,1]. Show that Z = X + U has absolutely continuous distribution, and express its probability density function in terms of  $p_X$ . Hint: you could try to solve the problem with a specific  $p_X$  first.
- 3. Suppose that  $X_1, X_2, \ldots$  are independent (not necessarily identically distributed) random variables. Show that  $P\left(\sup_{n\geq 1} X_n < \infty\right) = 1$  if and only if there exists  $c\in \mathbb{R}$  with  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P(X_n > c) < \infty.$