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FYCS

Practical No: 7

Study of various types of SET OPERATORS

Suppose that a Product table contains two attributes, PROD_CODE and VEND_CODE. The values for the PROD_CODE are: ABC, DEF, GHI and JKL. These are matched by the following values for the VEND_CODE: 125, 124, 124 and 123, respectively (e.g., PROD_CODE value ABC corresponds to VEND_CODE value 125). The Vendor table contains a single attribute, VEND_CODE, with values 123, 124, 125 and 126. (The VEND_CODE attribute in the Product table is a foreign key to the VEND_CODE in the Vendor table.)

```
SQL> create table Vendor(VEND_CODE int primary key);
Table created.

SQL> create table Product(PROD_CODE varchar(10),VEND_CODE references Vendor(VEND_CODE));
Table created.
```

<pre>SQL> insert into Vendor values(125); 1 row created. SQL> insert into Vendor values(126); 1 row created. SQL> insert into Vendor values(124); 1 row created. SQL> insert into Vendor values(123); 1 row created. SQL> select * from Vendor;</pre>	<pre>SQL> insert into Product values('ABC',125); 1 row created. SQL> insert into Product values('DEF',124); 1 row created. SQL> insert into Product values('GHI',124); 1 row created. SQL> insert into Product values('JKL',123); 1 row created. SQL> select * from Product;</pre>
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<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>VEND_CODE</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>125</td></tr><tr><td>126</td></tr><tr><td>124</td></tr><tr><td>123</td></tr></tbody></table>	VEND_CODE	125	126	124	123	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>PROD_CODE</th><th>VEND_CODE</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>ABC</td><td>125</td></tr><tr><td>DEF</td><td>124</td></tr><tr><td>GHI</td><td>124</td></tr><tr><td>JKL</td><td>123</td></tr></tbody></table>	PROD_CODE	VEND_CODE	ABC	125	DEF	124	GHI	124	JKL	123
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Given the information, what would be the query output for the following? Show values.

a) A UNION query based on these two tables

```
SQL> select VEND_CODE from Vendor
      2  union
      3  select VEND_CODE from Product;
```

VEND_CODE

123

124

125

126

b) A UNION ALL query based on these two tables

```
SQL> select VEND_CODE from Vendor
      2  union all
      3  select VEND_CODE from Product;
```

VEND_CODE

125

126

124

123

125

124

124

123

8 rows selected.

c) An INTERSECT query based on these two tables

```
SQL> select VEND_CODE from Vendor
  2  intersect
  3  select VEND_CODE from Product;
```

VEND_CODE

123

124

125

d) A MINUS query based on these two tables

```
SQL> select VEND_CODE from Vendor
  2  minus
  3  select VEND_CODE from Product;
```

VEND_CODE

126
