PRACTICAL No: 7
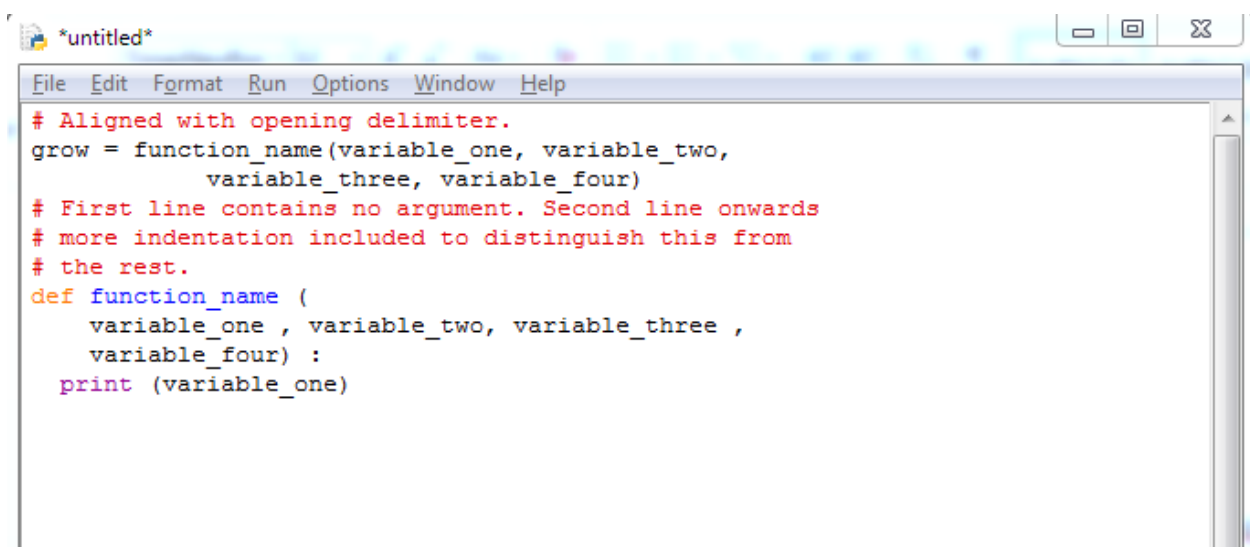Implementing coding practices in python using PEP8

PEP8 is a style guide for python code. PEP stands for Python Enhancement Proposal, and they describe and document the way python language evolves. It is a document that describes new features proposed for python and document aspects of python, like design and style. It promotes a very readable and eye-pleasing coding style.

Things to keep in mind are:
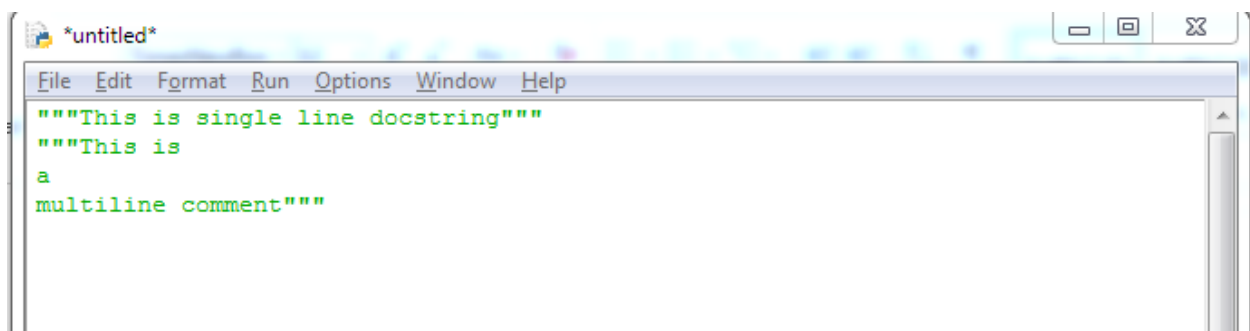
1. Use 4-space indentation and no tabs.

Example:

2. Use docstrings: there are both single and multi-line docstrings that can be used in python. However, the single line comment fits in one line, triple quotes are used in both cases. These are used to define a particular program or define a particular function.
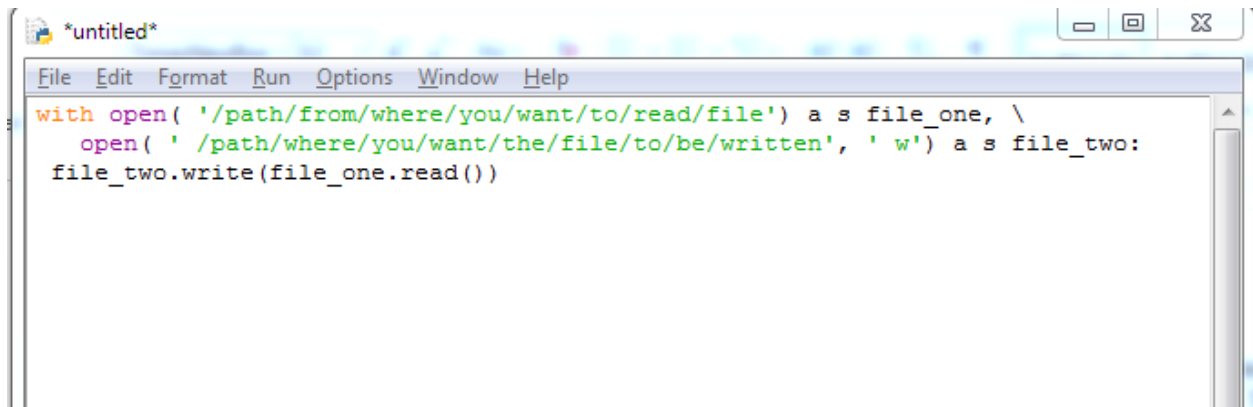
Example:

3. Wrap lines so that they don't exceed 79 characters: The Python standard library is

conservative and requires limiting lines to 79 characters. The lines can be wrapped using parenthesis, brackets, and braces. They should be used in preference to backslashes.
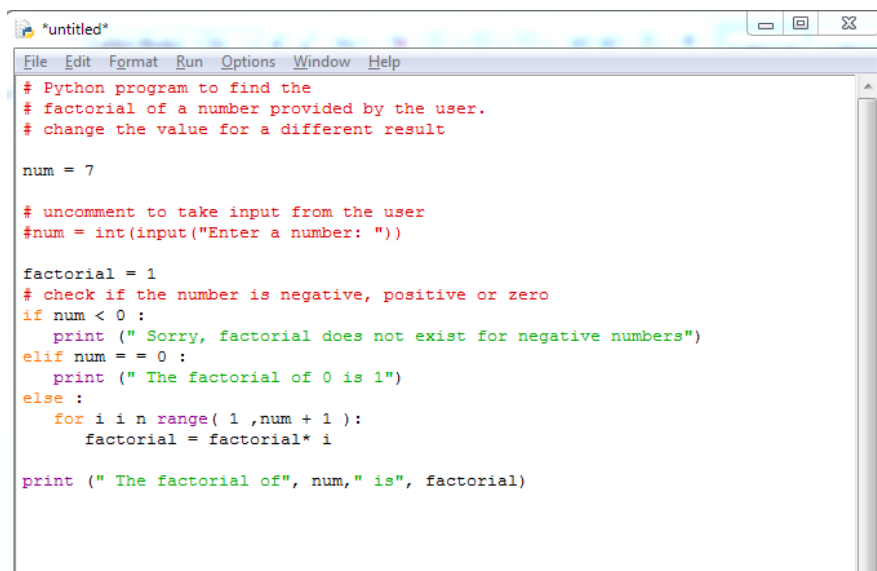
Example:

```
with open( '/path/from/where/you/want/to/read/file') a s file_one, \
    open( ' /path/where/you/want/the/file/to/be/written', ' w') a s file_two:
  file_two.write(file_one.read())
```

4. While naming the function of methods always use self for the first argument.
If the function argument name matches with reserved words then it can be written with a trailing comma.
Example:

```
# Python program to find the
# factorial of a number provided by the user.
# change the value for a different result

num = 7

# uncomment to take input from the user
#num = int(input("Enter a number: "))

factorial = 1
# check if the number is negative, positive or zero
if num < 0 :
   print (" Sorry, factorial does not exist for negative numbers")
elif num = = 0 :
   print (" The factorial of 0 is 1")
else :
   for i i n range( 1 ,num + 1 ):
      factorial = factorial* i

print (" The factorial of", num," is", factorial)
```