```
/* Based heavily on public-domain code by Romain Dolbeau
* Different handling of nonce+counter than original version using
 * separated 64-bit nonce and internal 64-bit counter, starting from zero
 * Public Domain */
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include "aes256ctr.h"
static inline void aesni_encrypt4 (uint8_t out[64], __m128i *n, const __m128i rkeys[16])
   __m128i f,f0,f1,f2,f3;
  const __m128i idx = _mm_set_epi8(8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0);
  /* Load current counter value */
  f = _mm_load_si128(n);
  /* Increase counter in 4 consecutive blocks */
  f0 = _{mm\_shuffle\_epi8(_{mm\_add\_epi64(f,\_{mm\_set\_epi64x(0,0)),idx)};
  f1 = _{mm\_shuffle\_epi8(_{mm\_add\_epi64(f,\_{mm\_set\_epi64x(1,0)),idx)};
  f2 = _{mm\_shuffle\_epi8}(_{mm\_add\_epi64}(f,_{mm\_set\_epi64x}(2,0)),idx);
  f3 = _{mm\_shuffle\_epi8}(_{mm\_add\_epi64}(f,_{mm\_set\_epi64x(3,0)),idx);
  /* Write counter for next iteration, increased by 4 */
  _mm_store_si128(n,_mm_add_epi64(f,_mm_set_epi64x(4,0)));
  /* Actual AES encryption, 4x interleaved */
  f = _mm_load_si128(\&rkeys[0]);
  f0 = _mm_xor_si128(f0, f);
  f1 = _mm_xor_si128(f1, f);
  f2 = _mm_xor_si128(f2, f);
  f3 = _mm_xor_si128(f3, f);
  for (int i = 1; i < 14; i++) {</pre>
    f = _mm_load_si128(\&rkeys[i]);
    f0 = _mm_aesenc_si128(f0, f);
    f1 = _mm_aesenc_si128(f1, f);
    f2 = _mm_aesenc_si128(f2, f);
    f3 = _mm_aesenc_si128(f3, f);
  }
  f = _mm_load_si128(\&rkeys[14]);
  f0 = _mm_aesenclast_si128(f0,f);
  f1 = _mm_aesenclast_si128(f1, f);
  f2 = _mm_aesenclast_si128(f2, f);
  f3 = _mm_aesenclast_si128(f3, f);
  /* Write results */
  _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i*)(out+ 0),f0);
  _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i*)(out+16),f1);
_mm_storeu_si128((__m128i*)(out+32),f2);
  _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i*)(out+48),f3);
void aes256ctr_init(aes256ctr_ctx *state, const uint8_t key[32], uint64_t nonce)
   _m128i key0, key1, temp0, temp1, temp2, temp4;
  int idx = 0;
  key0 = _mm_loadu_si128((_m128i *)(key+ 0));
  key1 = _mm_loadu_si128((__m128i *)(key+16));
  state->n = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&nonce);
  state \rightarrow rkeys[idx++] = key0;
  temp0 = key0;
  temp2 = key1;
  temp4 = _mm_setzero_si128();
```

```
#define BLOCK1 (IMM)
  temp1 = _mm_aeskeygenassist_si128(temp2, IMM);
  state->rkeys[idx++] = temp2;
  temp4 = (__m128i)_mm_shuffle_ps((__m128)temp4, (__m128)temp0, 0x10);
  temp0 = _mm_xor_si128(temp0, temp4);
  temp4 = (__m128i)_mm_shuffle_ps((__m128)temp4, (__m128)temp0, 0x8c);
  temp0 = _mm_xor_si128(temp0, temp4);
  temp1 = (__m128i)_mm_shuffle_ps((__m128)temp1, (__m128)temp1, 0xff);
  temp0 = _mm_xor_si128(temp0, temp1)
#define BLOCK2 (IMM)
  temp1 = _mm_aeskeygenassist_si128(temp0, IMM);
  state->rkeys[idx++] = temp0;
  temp4 = (__m128i)_mm_shuffle_ps((__m128)temp4, (__m128)temp2, 0x10);
  temp2 = _mm_xor_si128(temp2, temp4);
  temp4 = (\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} m128i) \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} mm\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} shuffle\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} ps((\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} m128)temp4, (\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} m128)temp2, 0x8c);
  temp2 = _mm_xor_si128(temp2, temp4);
  temp1 = (__m128i)_mm_shuffle_ps((__m128)temp1, (__m128)temp1, 0xaa);
  temp2 = _mm_xor_si128(temp2, temp1)
  BLOCK1 (0x01);
  BLOCK2 (0x01);
  BLOCK1 (0x02);
  BLOCK2 (0x02);
  BLOCK1 (0x04);
  BLOCK2 (0x04);
  BLOCK1 (0x08);
  BLOCK2 (0x08);
  BLOCK1 (0x10);
  BLOCK2 (0x10);
  BLOCK1 (0x20);
  BLOCK2 (0x20);
  BLOCK1 (0x40);
  state \rightarrow rkeys[idx++] = temp0;
}
void aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out,
                                 size_t nblocks,
                                 aes256ctr_ctx *state)
{
  size_t i;
  for (i=0; i < nblocks; i++) {</pre>
    aesni_encrypt4(out, &state->n, state->rkeys);
    out += 64;
}
void aes256ctr_prf(uint8_t *out,
                      size_t outlen,
                      const uint8_t seed[32],
                     uint64_t nonce)
{
  unsigned int i;
  uint8_t buf[64];
  aes256ctr_ctx state;
  aes256ctr_init(&state, seed, nonce);
  while (outlen >= 64) {
    aesni_encrypt4(out, &state.n, state.rkeys);
    outlen -= 64;
```

```
aes256ctr.c Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024 3
  out += 64;
}
if(outlen) {
  aesni_encrypt4(buf, &state.n, state.rkeys);
  for(i=0;i<outlen;i++)
   out[i] = buf[i];
}</pre>
```

}

```
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#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include "params.h"
#include "cbd.h"
/**************
* Name:
              cbd2
* Description: Given an array of uniformly random bytes, compute
              polynomial with coefficients distributed according to
              a centered binomial distribution with parameter eta=2
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
              - const __m256i *buf: pointer to aligned input byte array
********************************
static void cbd2 (poly * restrict r, const __m256i buf[2*KYBER_N/128])
 unsigned int i;
 __m256i f0, f1, f2, f3;
 const __m256i mask55 = _{mm256}_set1_epi32(0x5555555);
 const __m256i mask33 = _mm256_set1_epi32(0x33333333);
 const _{m256i} mask03 = _{mm256}_set1_epi32(0x03030303);
 const __m256i mask0F = _mm256_set1_epi32(0x0F0F0F0F);
 for (i = 0; i < KYBER_N/64; i++) {</pre>
   f0 = _mm256_load_si256(\&buf[i]);
    f1 = _mm256_srli_epi16(f0, 1);
   f0 = _mm256_and_si256(mask55, f0);
   f1 = _mm256_and_si256(mask55, f1);
   f0 = _mm256_add_epi8(f0, f1);
   f1 = _mm256_srli_epi16(f0, 2);
   f0 = _mm256_and_si256(mask33, f0);
   f1 = _mm256_and_si256(mask33, f1);
   f0 = _mm256_add_epi8(f0, mask33);
   f0 = _mm256_sub_epi8(f0, f1);
   f1 = _mm256_srli_epi16(f0, 4);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(mask0F, f0);
   f1 = _mm256_and_si256(mask0F, f1);
   f0 = _mm256\_sub\_epi8(f0, mask03);
   f1 = _mm256_sub_epi8(f1, mask03);
   f2 = _mm256_unpacklo_epi8(f0, f1);
   f3 = _mm256_unpackhi_epi8(f0, f1);
   f0 = _mm256_cvtepi8_epi16(_mm256_castsi256_si128(f2));
    f1 = _mm256_cvtepi8_epi16(_mm256_extracti128_si256(f2,1));
    f2 = _mm256_cvtepi8_epi16(_mm256_castsi256_si128(f3));
    f3 = _mm256_cvtepi8_epi16(_mm256_extracti128_si256(f3,1));
   _{mm256\_store\_si256(\&r->vec[4*i+0], f0);}
   _{mm256\_store\_si256(\&r->vec[4*i+1], f2)};
   _{mm256\_store\_si256(\&r->vec[4*i+2], f1);}
   _{mm256\_store\_si256(\&r->vec[4*i+3], f3)};
  }
}
#if KYBER_ETA1 == 3
/*************
* Description: Given an array of uniformly random bytes, compute
              polynomial with coefficients distributed according to
               a centered binomial distribution with parameter eta=3
              This function is only needed for Kyber-512
```

cbd.c

```
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cbd.c
* Arguments:
               - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
               - const __m256i *buf: pointer to aligned input byte array
******************
static void cbd3 (poly * restrict r, const uint8_t buf[3*KYBER_N/4+8])
  unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1, f2, f3;
  const __m256i mask249 = _mm256_set1_epi32(0x249249);
  const __m256i mask6DB = _mm256_set1_epi32(0x6DB6DB);
  const __m256i mask07 = _mm256_set1_epi32(7);
  const __m256i mask70 = _mm256_set1_epi32(7 << 16);</pre>
  const __m256i mask3 = _mm256_set1_epi16(3);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(-1,15,14,13,-1,12,11,10,-1, 9, 8, 7,-1, 6, 5, 4,
                                            -1,11,10, 9,-1, 8, 7, 6,-1, 5, 4, 3,-1, 2, 1, 0
  for(i = 0; i < KYBER_N/32; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)&buf[24*i]);
    f0 = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f0,0x94);
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0, shufbidx);
    f1 = _mm256_srli_epi32(f0,1);
    f2 = _mm256_srli_epi32(f0,2);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(mask249, f0);
    f1 = _mm256_and_si256(mask249, f1);
    f2 = _mm256_and_si256(mask249, f2);
    f0 = _mm256_add_epi32(f0, f1);
    f0 = _mm256_add_epi32(f0, f2);
    f1 = _mm256_srli_epi32(f0,3);
    f0 = _mm256_add_epi32(f0, mask6DB);
    f0 = _mm256_sub_epi32(f0, f1);
    f1 = mm256 \ slli \ epi32(f0,10);
    f2 = _mm256_srli_epi32(f0,12);
    f3 = _mm256_srli_epi32(f0, 2);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask07);
    f1 = _mm256_and_si256(f1, mask70);
    f2 = _mm256_and_si256(f2, mask07);
    f3 = _mm256_and_si256(f3, mask70);
    f0 = _mm256_add_epi16(f0, f1);
    f1 = _mm256_add_epi16(f2, f3);
    f0 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f0, mask3);
    f1 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f1, mask3);
    f2 = _mm256_unpacklo_epi32(f0,f1);
    f3 = _mm256_unpackhi_epi32(f0, f1);
    f0 = _mm256_permute2x128_si256(f2, f3, 0x20);
    f1 = _mm256_permute2x128_si256(f2, f3, 0x31);
    _{mm256\_store\_si256(\&r->vec[2*i+0], f0)};
    _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[2*i+1], f1);
  }
}
#endif
/* buf 32 bytes longer for cbd3 */
void poly_cbd_eta1(poly *r, const __m256i buf[KYBER_ETA1*KYBER_N/128+1])
#if KYBER_ETA1 == 2
  cbd2(r, buf);
#elif KYBER_ETA1 == 3
  cbd3(r, (uint8_t *)buf);
#error "This implementation requires etal in {2,3}"
```

#endif
}

```
void poly_cbd_eta2(poly *r, const __m256i buf[KYBER_ETA2*KYBER_N/128])
#if KYBER_ETA2 == 2
 cbd2(r, buf);
#error "This implementation requires eta2 = 2"
#endif
}
```

```
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consts.c
#include "align.h"
#include "params.h"
#include "consts.h"
#define O KYBER O
#define MONT -1044 // 2^16 mod q
#define QINV -3327 // q^-1 mod 2^16
#define V 20159 // floor(2^26/g + 0.5)
#define FHI 1441 // mont^2/128
#define FLO -10079 // ginv*FHI
#define MONTSQHI 1353 // mont^2
#define MONTSQLO 20553 // qinv*MONTSQHI
#define MASK 4095
#define SHIFT 32
const qdata_t qdata = {{
#define _16XQ 0
   #define _16XQINV 16
   QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV,
   QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV, QINV,
#define _16XV 32
  #define _16XFLO 48
   FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO,
   FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO, FLO,
#define 16XFHI 64
   FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI,
   FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI, FHI,
#define _16XMONTSQLO 80
   MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO,
   MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO,
   MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO,
   MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO, MONTSQLO,
#define _16XMONTSQHI 96
   MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI,
   MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI,
   MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI,
   MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI, MONTSQHI,
#define _16XMASK 112
   MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK,
   MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK, MASK,
#define _REVIDXB 128
  3854, 3340, 2826, 2312, 1798, 1284, 770, 256,
   3854, 3340, 2826, 2312, 1798, 1284, 770, 256,
#define _REVIDXD 144
   7, 0, 6, 0, 5, 0, 4, 0, 3, 0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
#define ZETAS EXP 160
                                                                                    -758,
                                                          -758,
                                                                       -758,
     31498, 31498, 31498, 31498,
                                                          1397,
                                                                                     1397,
                 5237,
                               5237,
                                             5237,
                                                                        1397,
     14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745,
     14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745, 14745,
                 -359,
                              -359,
                                            -359,
                                                                       -359,
                                                                                    -359,
      -359,
                                                         -359,
                  -359,
                               -359,
                                             -359,
                                                          -359,
                                                                        -359,
                                                                                     -359,
                                                                                                    -359,
      -359,
     13525, 13525, 13525, 13525, 13525, 13525, 13525,
   -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -12402, -124
      1493, 1493, 1493, 1493, 1493, 1493, 1493,
      1422, 1422, 1422, 1422, 1422, 1422, 1422,
```

#define _16XSHIFT 624
SHIFT, SHIFT } };

-725**,**

-1185, -1278, -1510, -870, -108, 996, 958, 20297, 2146, 15355, -32384, -6280, -14903, -11044, -21498, -20198, 23210, -17442, -23860, -20257, 7756,

478,

603, 1322, -1465, -1215,

-31183, 25435, -7382, 24391, -20927, 10946, 24214, 16989, 10335, -7934, -22502, 10906, 31636, 28644, 23998, -17422,

384, -136, -1335,

-308,

1218,

991,

-874, -1187, 958, 1522,

220, -1659,

-1460,

14469, 23132.

961, -1508,

610, -1285,

-854,

794,

-398,

1097,

-1530,

817,

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include "cpucycles.h"

uint64_t cpucycles_overhead(void) {
  uint64_t t0, t1, overhead = -1LL;
  unsigned int i;

for(i=0;i<100000;i++) {
   t0 = cpucycles();
   __asm__ volatile ("");
   t1 = cpucycles();
   if(t1 - t0 < overhead)
      overhead = t1 - t0;
}

return overhead;
}</pre>
```

```
/* Based on the public domain implementation in crypto_hash/keccakc512/simple/ from
* http://bench.cr.yp.to/supercop.html by Ronny Van Keer and the public domain "TweetFips20
 * implementation from https://twitter.com/tweetfips202 by Gilles Van Assche, Daniel J. Ber
nstein,
 * and Peter Schwabe */
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "fips202.h"
#define NROUNDS 24
#define ROL(a, offset) ((a << offset) ^ (a >> (64-offset)))
/***************
* Name:
              load64
 Description: Load 8 bytes into uint64_t in little-endian order
* Arguments: - const uint8_t *x: pointer to input byte array
* Returns the loaded 64-bit unsigned integer
*****************
static uint64_t load64(const uint8_t x[8]) {
 unsigned int i;
 uint64_t r = 0;
 for (i=0; i<8; i++)</pre>
   r = (uint64_t)x[i] << 8*i;
 return r;
}
/**************
* Name:
             store64
* Description: Store a 64-bit integer to array of 8 bytes in little-endian order
              - uint8_t *x: pointer to the output byte array (allocated)
              - uint64_t u: input 64-bit unsigned integer
************
static void store64(uint8_t x[8], uint64_t u) {
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i<8; i++)</pre>
   x[i] = u >> 8*i;
}
/* Keccak round constants */
static const uint64_t KeccakF_RoundConstants[NROUNDS] = {
  (uint64_t) 0x000000000000001ULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x0000000000008082ULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x800000000000808aULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x8000000080008000ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x000000000000808bULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x0000000080000001ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x8000000080008081ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x8000000000008009ULL,
  (uint64 t) 0x000000000000008aULL,
  (uint64_t)0x0000000000000088ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x0000000080008009ULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x0000000080000000aULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x000000008000808bULL,
  (uint64_t)0x800000000000008bULL,
  (uint64_t)0x8000000000008089ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x8000000000008003ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x8000000000008002ULL,
```

fips202.c

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(uint64_t) 0x8000000000000080ULL,

```
(uint64_t)0x000000000000800aULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x8000000080000000aULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x8000000080008081ULL,
  (uint64_t) 0x8000000000008080ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x0000000080000001ULL,
  (uint64_t)0x8000000080008008ULL
};
/*************
* Name:
              KeccakF1600 StatePermute
* Description: The Keccak F1600 Permutation
* Arguments: - uint64_t *state: pointer to input/output Keccak state
******************
static void KeccakF1600_StatePermute(uint64_t state[25])
       int round;
       uint64_t Aba, Abe, Abi, Abo, Abu;
       uint64_t Aga, Age, Agi, Ago, Agu;
       uint64_t Aka, Ake, Aki, Ako, Aku;
uint64_t Ama, Ame, Ami, Amo, Amu;
       uint64_t Asa, Ase, Asi, Aso, Asu;
       uint64_t BCa, BCe, BCi, BCo, BCu;
       uint64_t Da, De, Di, Do, Du;
       uint64_t Eba, Ebe, Ebi, Ebo, Ebu;
       uint64_t Ega, Ege, Egi, Ego, Egu;
       uint64_t Eka, Eke, Eki, Eko, Eku;
       uint64_t Ema, Eme, Emi, Emo, Emu;
       uint64_t Esa, Ese, Esi, Eso, Esu;
       //copyFromState(A, state)
       Aba = state[ 0];
       Abe = state[ 1];
       Abi = state[2];
       Abo = state[3];
       Abu = state[4];
       Aga = state[5];
       Age = state[6];
       Agi = state[7];
       Ago = state[8];
       Agu = state[9];
       Aka = state[10];
       Ake = state[11];
       Aki = state[12];
       Ako = state[13];
       Aku = state[14];
       Ama = state[15];
       Ame = state[16];
       Ami = state[17];
       Amo = state[18];
       Amu = state[19];
       Asa = state[20];
       Ase = state[21];
       Asi = state[22];
       Aso = state[23];
       Asu = state[24];
        for(round = 0; round < NROUNDS; round += 2) {</pre>
            // prepareTheta
            BCa = Aba^Aga^Aka^Ama^Asa;
            BCe = Abe^Age^Ake^Ame^Ase;
           BCi = Abi^Agi^Aki^Ami^Asi;
           BCo = Abo^Aqo^Ako^Amo^Aso;
           BCu = Abu^Agu^Aku^Amu^Asu;
            //thetaRhoPiChiIotaPrepareTheta(round, A, E)
```

fips202.c

```
Da = BCu^ROL(BCe, 1);
De = BCa^ROL(BCi, 1);
Di = BCe^ROL(BCo, 1);
Do = BCi^ROL(BCu, 1);
Du = BCo^ROL(BCa, 1);
Aba ^= Da;
BCa = Aba;
Age ^= De;
BCe = ROL(Age, 44);
Aki ^= Di;
BCi = ROL(Aki, 43);
Amo ^= Do;
BCo = ROL(Amo, 21);
Asu ^= Du;
BCu = ROL(Asu, 14);
Eba = BCa ^((^BCe) \& BCi);
Eba ^= (uint64_t)KeccakF_RoundConstants[round];
Ebe = BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
Ebi = BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu);
Ebo =
       BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
Ebu =
      BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe );
Abo ^= Do;
BCa = ROL(Abo, 28);
Agu ^= Du;
BCe = ROL(Agu, 20);
Aka ^= Da;
BCi = ROL(Aka, 3);
Ame ^= De;
BCo = ROL(Ame, 45);
Asi ^= Di;
BCu = ROL(Asi, 61);
Ega =
        BCa ^((~BCe)& BCi);
Ege =
        BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
Eqi =
        BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu);
Ego =
        BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
Equ =
        BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
Abe ^= De;
BCa = ROL(Abe, 1);
Agi ^= Di;
BCe = ROL(Agi, 6);
Ako ^= Do;
BCi = ROL(Ako, 25);
Amu ^= Du;
BCo = ROL(Amu, 8);
Asa ^= Da;
BCu = ROL(Asa, 18);
       BCa ^((~BCe)& BCi);
Eka =
        BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
Eke =
        BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu );
Eki =
        BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa );
BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe );
Eko =
Eku =
Abu ^= Du;
BCa = ROL(Abu, 27);
Aga ^= Da;
BCe = ROL(Aga, 36);
Ake ^= De;
BCi = ROL(Ake, 10);
Ami ^= Di;
BCo = ROL(Ami, 15);
Aso ^= Do;
BCu = ROL(Aso, 56);
Ema = BCa ^((^BCe) \& BCi);
        BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
Eme =
Emi =
        BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu);
```

```
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            Emo = BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
Emu = BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
            Abi ^= Di;
            BCa = ROL(Abi, 62);
            Ago ^= Do;
            BCe = ROL(Ago, 55);
            Aku ^= Du;
            BCi = ROL(Aku, 39);
            Ama ^= Da;
            BCo = ROL(Ama, 41);
            Ase ^= De;
            BCu = ROL(Ase, 2);
            Esa = BCa ^((^BCe) \& BCi);
                     BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
            Ese =
                    BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu );
            Esi =
                   BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
            Eso =
                   BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
            Esu =
            //
                 prepareTheta
            BCa = Eba^Ega^Eka^Ema^Esa;
            BCe = Ebe^Ege^Eke^Eme^Ese;
            BCi = Ebi^Egi^Eki^Emi^Esi;
            BCo = Ebo^Eqo^Eko^Emo^Eso;
            BCu = Ebu^Equ^Eku^Emu^Esu;
             //thetaRhoPiChiIotaPrepareTheta(round+1, E, A)
            Da = BCu^ROL(BCe, 1);
            De = BCa^ROL(BCi, 1);
            Di = BCe^ROL(BCo, 1);
            Do = BCi^ROL(BCu, 1);
            Du = BCo^ROL(BCa, 1);
            Eba ^= Da;
            BCa = Eba;
            Ege ^= De;
            BCe = ROL(Ege, 44);
            Eki ^= Di;
            BCi = ROL(Eki, 43);
            Emo ^= Do;
            BCo = ROL(Emo, 21);
            Esu ^= Du;
            BCu = ROL(Esu, 14);
            Aba = BCa ^((^BCe) \& BCi);
            Aba ^= (uint64_t) KeccakF_RoundConstants[round+1];
                    BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu);
BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
            Abe =
            Abi =
            Abo =
            Abu =
            Ebo ^= Do;
            BCa = ROL(Ebo, 28);
            Equ ^= Du;
            BCe = ROL(Egu, 20);
            Eka ^= Da;
            BCi = ROL(Eka, 3);
            Eme ^= De;
            BCo = ROL(Eme, 45);
            Esi ^= Di;
            BCu = ROL(Esi, 61);
            Aga =
                    BCa ^((~BCe)& BCi);
            Age =
                     BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
                     BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu);
            Aqi =
                     BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
            Ago =
                     BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
            Agu =
```

Ebe ^= De;

BCa = ROL(Ebe, 1);

```
Egi ^= Di;
    BCe = ROL(Egi, 6);
    Eko ^= Do;
    BCi = ROL(Eko, 25);
    Emu ^= Du;
    BCo = ROL(Emu, 8);
    Esa ^= Da;
    BCu = ROL(Esa, 18);
    Aka =
           BCa ^((~BCe)& BCi);
           BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
    Ake =
          BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu);
    Aki =
    Ako = BCo ^((BCu) \& BCa);
    Aku = BCu ^((^BCa) \& BCe);
    Ebu ^= Du;
    BCa = ROL(Ebu, 27);
    Ega ^= Da;
    BCe = ROL(Ega, 36);
    Eke ^= De;
    BCi = ROL(Eke, 10);
    Emi ^= Di;
    BCo = ROL(Emi, 15);
    Eso ^= Do;
    BCu = ROL(Eso, 56);
           BCa ^((~BCe)& BCi );
BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo );
    Ama =
    Ame =
            BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu );
    Ami =
            BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
    Amo =
            BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
    Amu =
    Ebi ^= Di;
    BCa = ROL(Ebi, 62);
    Ego ^= Do;
    BCe = ROL(Ego, 55);
    Eku ^= Du;
    BCi = ROL(Eku, 39);
    Ema ^= Da;
    BCo = ROL(Ema, 41);
    Ese ^= De;
    BCu = ROL(Ese, 2);
    Asa = BCa ^((^BCe) \& BCi);
            BCe ^((~BCi)& BCo);
    Ase =
    Asi =
           BCi ^((~BCo)& BCu );
    Aso =
           BCo ^((~BCu)& BCa);
    Asu =
          BCu ^((~BCa)& BCe);
//copyToState(state, A)
state[0] = Aba;
state[1] = Abe;
state[ 2] = Abi;
state[3] = Abo;
state[4] = Abu;
state[5] = Aga;
state[ 6] = Age;
state[7] = Agi;
state[8] = Ago;
state[9] = Agu;
state[10] = Aka;
state[11] = Ake;
state[12] = Aki;
state[13] = Ako;
state[14] = Aku;
state[15] = Ama;
state[16] = Ame;
state[17] = Ami;
state[18] = Amo;
state[19] = Amu;
```

```
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       state[20] = Asa;
       state[21] = Ase;
       state[22] = Asi;
       state[23] = Aso;
       state[24] = Asu;
}
/***************
* Name:
             keccak_init
* Description: Initializes the Keccak state.
* Arguments: - uint64_t *s: pointer to Keccak state
******************
static void keccak_init(uint64_t s[25])
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i<25; i++)</pre>
   s[i] = 0;
}
/**************
             keccak_absorb
* Description: Absorb step of Keccak; incremental.
* Arguments:
             - uint64_t *s: pointer to Keccak state
             - unsigned int pos: position in current block to be absorbed
             - unsigned int r: rate in bytes (e.g., 168 for SHAKE128)
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input to be absorbed into s
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
* Returns new position pos in current block
********************
static unsigned int keccak_absorb(uint64_t s[25],
                              unsigned int pos,
                               unsigned int r,
                               const uint8_t *in,
                               size_t inlen)
 unsigned int i;
 while (pos+inlen >= r) {
   for (i=pos; i<r; i++)</pre>
     s[i/8] ^= (uint64_t)*in++ << 8*(i%8);
   inlen -= r-pos;
   KeccakF1600_StatePermute(s);
   pos = 0;
 for (i=pos; i<pos+inlen; i++)</pre>
   s[i/8] ^= (uint64_t) *in++ << 8*(i%8);
 return i;
}
/***************
* Name:
             keccak_finalize
* Description: Finalize absorb step.
* Arguments:
             - uint64_t *s: pointer to Keccak state
             - unsigned int pos: position in current block to be absorbed
             - unsigned int r: rate in bytes (e.g., 168 for SHAKE128)
             - uint8_t p: domain separation byte
*****************
static void keccak_finalize(uint64_t s[25], unsigned int pos, unsigned int r, uint8_t p)
{
```

```
fips202.c
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  s[pos/8] ^= (uint64_t)p << 8*(pos%8);
 s[r/8-1] ^= 1ULL << 63;
/**************
* Name:
              keccak_squeeze
* Description: Squeeze step of Keccak. Squeezes arbitratrily many bytes.
              Modifies the state. Can be called multiple times to keep
              squeezing, i.e., is incremental.
* Arguments:
              - uint8_t *out: pointer to output
              - size_t outlen: number of bytes to be squeezed (written to out)
              - uint64_t *s: pointer to input/output Keccak state
              - unsigned int pos: number of bytes in current block already squeezed
              - unsigned int r: rate in bytes (e.g., 168 for SHAKE128)
* Returns new position pos in current block
static unsigned int keccak_squeeze(uint8_t *out,
                                  size_t outlen,
                                  uint64_t s[25],
                                  unsigned int pos,
                                  unsigned int r)
 unsigned int i;
 while (outlen) {
   if (pos == r) {
     KeccakF1600_StatePermute(s);
     pos = 0;
   for(i=pos;i < r && i < pos+outlen; i++)</pre>
     *out++ = s[i/8] >> 8*(i%8);
   outlen -= i-pos;
   pos = i;
 return pos;
/***************
* Name:
              keccak_absorb_once
* Description: Absorb step of Keccak;
              non-incremental, starts by zeroeing the state.
              - uint64_t *s: pointer to (uninitialized) output Keccak state
* Arguments:
              - unsigned int r: rate in bytes (e.g., 168 for SHAKE128)
              - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input to be absorbed into s
              - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
              - uint8_t p: domain-separation byte for different Keccak-derived functions
*****************
static void keccak_absorb_once(uint64_t s[25],
                              unsigned int r,
                              const uint8_t *in,
                              size_t inlen,
                              uint8_t p)
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i<25; i++)</pre>
   s[i] = 0;
 while(inlen >= r) {
   for (i=0; i<r/8; i++)</pre>
     s[i] ^= load64(in+8*i);
```

```
fips202.c
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   in += r;
   inlen -= r;
   KeccakF1600_StatePermute(s);
 for (i=0; i<inlen; i++)</pre>
   s[i/8] ^= (uint64_t)in[i] << 8*(i%8);
 s[i/8] ^= (uint64_t)p << 8*(i%8);
 s[(r-1)/8] ^= 1ULL << 63;
/*************
            keccak_squeezeblocks
* Description: Squeeze step of Keccak. Squeezes full blocks of r bytes each.
             Modifies the state. Can be called multiple times to keep
             squeezing, i.e., is incremental. Assumes zero bytes of current
             block have already been squeezed.
* Arguments:
             - uint8_t *out: pointer to output blocks
             - size_t nblocks: number of blocks to be squeezed (written to out)
             - uint64_t *s: pointer to input/output Keccak state
             - unsigned int r: rate in bytes (e.g., 168 for SHAKE128)
******************
static void keccak_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out,
                             size_t nblocks,
                             uint64_t s[25],
                             unsigned int r)
 unsigned int i;
 while (nblocks) {
   KeccakF1600_StatePermute(s);
   for (i=0; i<r/8; i++)
    store64(out+8*i, s[i]);
   out += r;
   nblocks -= 1;
}
/**************
* Name:
            shake128_init
* Description: Initilizes Keccak state for use as SHAKE128 XOF
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to (uninitialized) Keccak state
void shake128_init (keccak_state *state)
 keccak_init(state->s);
 state->pos = 0;
/***************
* Name:
             shake128_absorb
* Description: Absorb step of the SHAKE128 XOF; incremental.
           - keccak_state *state: pointer to (initialized) output Keccak state
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input to be absorbed into s
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
**************
void shake128_absorb(keccak_state *state, const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 state->pos = keccak_absorb(state->s, state->pos, SHAKE128_RATE, in, inlen);
}
```

```
fips202.c
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/***************
* Name:
            shake128_finalize
* Description: Finalize absorb step of the SHAKE128 XOF.
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to Keccak state
void shake128_finalize(keccak_state *state)
 keccak_finalize(state->s, state->pos, SHAKE128_RATE, 0x1F);
 state->pos = SHAKE128_RATE;
/**************
            shake128_squeeze
* Description: Squeeze step of SHAKE128 XOF. Squeezes arbitraily many
            bytes. Can be called multiple times to keep squeezing.
* Arguments: - uint8_t *out: pointer to output blocks
            - size_t outlen : number of bytes to be squeezed (written to output)
            - keccak_state *s: pointer to input/output Keccak state
****************
void shake128_squeeze(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen, keccak_state *state)
 state->pos = keccak_squeeze(out, outlen, state->s, state->pos, SHAKE128_RATE);
/**************
* Name:
            shake128_absorb_once
* Description: Initialize, absorb into and finalize SHAKE128 XOF; non-incremental.
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to (uninitialized) output Keccak state
            - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input to be absorbed into s
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
*******************
void shake128_absorb_once (keccak_state *state, const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 keccak_absorb_once(state->s, SHAKE128_RATE, in, inlen, 0x1F);
 state->pos = SHAKE128_RATE;
/***************
* Name: shake128_squeezeblocks
* Description: Squeeze step of SHAKE128 XOF. Squeezes full blocks of
             SHAKE128_RATE bytes each. Can be called multiple times
             to keep squeezing. Assumes new block has not yet been
             started (state->pos = SHAKE128_RATE).
* Arguments: - uint8_t *out: pointer to output blocks
             - size_t nblocks: number of blocks to be squeezed (written to output)
            - keccak_state *s: pointer to input/output Keccak state
*****************
void shake128_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out, size_t nblocks, keccak_state *state)
 keccak_squeezeblocks(out, nblocks, state->s, SHAKE128_RATE);
/**************
            shake256_init
* Description: Initilizes Keccak state for use as SHAKE256 XOF
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to (uninitialized) Keccak state
*******************
void shake256_init (keccak_state *state)
```

```
fips202.c
             Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024
 keccak_init(state->s);
 state->pos = 0;
/**************
* Name:
             shake256_absorb
* Description: Absorb step of the SHAKE256 XOF; incremental.
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to (initialized) output Keccak state
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input to be absorbed into s
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
*******************
void shake256_absorb(keccak_state *state, const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 state->pos = keccak_absorb(state->s, state->pos, SHAKE256_RATE, in, inlen);
}
/**************
* Name:
             shake256_finalize
* Description: Finalize absorb step of the SHAKE256 XOF.
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to Keccak state
************************************
void shake256_finalize(keccak_state *state)
 keccak_finalize(state->s, state->pos, SHAKE256_RATE, 0x1F);
 state->pos = SHAKE256_RATE;
/***************
* Name:
             shake256_squeeze
* Description: Squeeze step of SHAKE256 XOF. Squeezes arbitraily many
             bytes. Can be called multiple times to keep squeezing.
* Arguments: - uint8_t *out: pointer to output blocks
             - size_t outlen : number of bytes to be squeezed (written to output)
             - keccak_state *s: pointer to input/output Keccak state
*********************************
void shake256_squeeze(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen, keccak_state *state)
{
 state->pos = keccak_squeeze(out, outlen, state->s, state->pos, SHAKE256_RATE);
/**************
             shake256_absorb_once
* Description: Initialize, absorb into and finalize SHAKE256 XOF; non-incremental.
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to (uninitialized) output Keccak state
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input to be absorbed into s
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
void shake256_absorb_once(keccak_state *state, const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 keccak_absorb_once(state->s, SHAKE256_RATE, in, inlen, 0x1F);
 state->pos = SHAKE256_RATE;
/**************
             shake256_squeezeblocks
* Description: Squeeze step of SHAKE256 XOF. Squeezes full blocks of
             SHAKE256_RATE bytes each. Can be called multiple times
             to keep squeezing. Assumes next block has not yet been
```

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             started (state->pos = SHAKE256_RATE).
* Arguments:
            - uint8_t *out: pointer to output blocks
             - size_t nblocks: number of blocks to be squeezed (written to output)
             - keccak_state *s: pointer to input/output Keccak state
****************
void shake256_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out, size_t nblocks, keccak_state *state)
 keccak_squeezeblocks(out, nblocks, state->s, SHAKE256_RATE);
}
/**************
             shake128
* Description: SHAKE128 XOF with non-incremental API
* Arguments: - uint8_t *out: pointer to output
             - size_t outlen: requested output length in bytes
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
****************
void shake128(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen, const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 size_t nblocks;
 keccak_state state;
 shake128_absorb_once(&state, in, inlen);
 nblocks = outlen/SHAKE128_RATE;
 shake128_squeezeblocks(out, nblocks, &state);
 outlen -= nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
 out += nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
 shake128_squeeze(out, outlen, &state);
/**************
* Name:
            shake256
* Description: SHAKE256 XOF with non-incremental API
* Arguments: - uint8_t *out: pointer to output
             - size_t outlen: requested output length in bytes
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
************
void shake256(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen, const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 size_t nblocks;
 keccak_state state;
 shake256_absorb_once(&state, in, inlen);
 nblocks = outlen/SHAKE256_RATE;
 shake256_squeezeblocks(out, nblocks, &state);
 outlen -= nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
 out += nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
 shake256_squeeze(out, outlen, &state);
/**************
* Name:
           sha3_256
* Description: SHA3-256 with non-incremental API
* Arguments: - uint8_t *h: pointer to output (32 bytes)
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
*****************
void sha3_256(uint8_t h[32], const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
```

```
fips202.c
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                                           12
 unsigned int i;
 uint64_t s[25];
 keccak_absorb_once(s, SHA3_256_RATE, in, inlen, 0x06);
 KeccakF1600_StatePermute(s);
 for (i=0; i<4; i++)</pre>
   store64(h+8*i,s[i]);
}
/**************
             sha3_512
* Description: SHA3-512 with non-incremental API
* Arguments: - uint8_t *h: pointer to output (64 bytes)
             - const uint8_t *in: pointer to input
             - size_t inlen: length of input in bytes
******************
void sha3_512(uint8_t h[64], const uint8_t *in, size_t inlen)
 unsigned int i;
 uint64_t s[25];
 keccak_absorb_once(s, SHA3_512_RATE, in, inlen, 0x06);
 KeccakF1600_StatePermute(s);
 for (i=0; i<8; i++)</pre>
   store64(h+8*i,s[i]);
```

```
fips202x4.c
                   Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "fips202.h"
#include "fips202x4.h"
/* Use implementation from the Keccak Code Package */
#define KeccakF1600_StatePermute4x FIPS202X4_NAMESPACE(KeccakP1600times4_PermuteAll_24round
s)
extern void KeccakF1600_StatePermute4x(__m256i *s);
static void keccakx4_absorb_once(__m256i s[25],
                                   unsigned int r,
                                   const uint8_t *in0,
                                   const uint8_t *in1,
                                   const uint8_t *in2,
                                   const uint8_t *in3,
                                   size_t inlen,
                                  uint8_t p)
{
  size_t i;
  uint64_t pos = 0;
  __m256i t, idx;
  for(i = 0; i < 25; ++i)
    s[i] = _mm256_setzero_si256();
  idx = _mm256_set_epi64x((long long)in3, (long long)in2, (long long)in1, (long long)in0);
  while(inlen >= r) {
    for (i = 0; i < r/8; ++i) {
      t = _mm256_i64gather_epi64((long long *)pos, idx, 1);
      s[i] = _mm256_xor_si256(s[i], t);
      pos += 8;
    }
    inlen -= r;
    KeccakF1600_StatePermute4x(s);
  }
  for(i = 0; i < inlen/8; ++i) {</pre>
    t = _mm256_i64gather_epi64((long long *)pos, idx, 1);
    s[i] = _mm256_xor_si256(s[i], t);
    pos += 8;
  inlen -= 8*i;
  if(inlen) {
    t = _mm256_i64qather_epi64((long long *)pos, idx, 1);
    idx = _mm256_set1_epi64x((1ULL << (8*inlen)) - 1);
   t = _mm256_and_si256(t, idx);
s[i] = _mm256_xor_si256(s[i], t);
  }
  t = _mm256_set1_epi64x((uint64_t)p << 8*inlen);
  s[i] = _mm256_xor_si256(s[i], t);
  t = _{mm256\_set1\_epi64x(1ULL << 63)};
  s[r/8 - 1] = _mm256_xor_si256(s[r/8 - 1], t);
}
static void keccakx4_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out0,
                                     uint8_t *out1,
                                     uint8_t *out2,
                                     uint8_t *out3,
                                     size_t nblocks,
                                     unsigned int r,
                                     __m256i s[25])
```

{

```
unsigned int i;
  __m128d t;
  while(nblocks > 0) {
    KeccakF1600_StatePermute4x(s);
    for(i=0; i < r/8; ++i) {</pre>
      t = _mm_castsi128_pd(_mm256_castsi256_si128(s[i]));
      _mm_storel_pd((__attribute__((__may_alias__)) double *)&out0[8*i], t);
      _mm_storeh_pd((__attribute__((__may_alias__)) double *)&out1[8*i], t);
      t = _{mm} castsi128 pd (_{mm256} extracti128 si256 (s[i], 1));
      _mm_storel_pd((__attribute__((__may_alias__)) double *)&out2[8*i], t);
      _mm_storeh_pd((__attribute__((__may_alias__)) double *)&out3[8*i], t);
    out0 += r;
    out1 += r;
    out2 += r;
    out3 += r;
    --nblocks;
  }
}
void shake128x4_absorb_once(keccakx4_state *state,
                             const uint8_t *in0,
                             const uint8_t *in1,
                             const uint8_t *in2,
                             const uint8_t *in3,
                             size_t inlen)
  keccakx4_absorb_once(state->s, SHAKE128_RATE, in0, in1, in2, in3, inlen, 0x1F);
void shake128x4_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out0,
                               uint8 t *out1,
                               uint8_t *out2,
                               uint8_t *out3,
                               size_t nblocks,
                               keccakx4_state *state)
  keccakx4_squeezeblocks(out0, out1, out2, out3, nblocks, SHAKE128_RATE, state->s);
void shake256x4_absorb_once(keccakx4_state *state,
                             const uint8_t *in0,
                             const uint8_t *in1,
                             const uint8_t *in2,
                             const uint8_t *in3,
                             size_t inlen)
  keccakx4_absorb_once(state->s, SHAKE256_RATE, in0, in1, in2, in3, inlen, 0x1F);
void shake256x4_squeezeblocks(uint8_t *out0,
                               uint8_t *out1,
                               uint8_t *out2,
                               uint8_t *out3,
                               size_t nblocks,
                               keccakx4_state *state)
  keccakx4_squeezeblocks(out0, out1, out2, out3, nblocks, SHAKE256_RATE, state->s);
void shake128x4(uint8_t *out0,
                uint8_t *out1,
                uint8_t *out2,
                uint8_t *out3,
                size_t outlen,
                const uint8_t *in0,
```

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```
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                const uint8_t *in1,
                const uint8_t *in2,
                const uint8_t *in3,
                size_t inlen)
{
  unsigned int i;
  size_t nblocks = outlen/SHAKE128_RATE;
  uint8_t t[4][SHAKE128_RATE];
  keccakx4_state state;
  shake128x4_absorb_once(&state, in0, in1, in2, in3, inlen);
  shake128x4_squeezeblocks(out0, out1, out2, out3, nblocks, &state);
  out0 += nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
  out1 += nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
  out2 += nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
  out3 += nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
  outlen -= nblocks*SHAKE128_RATE;
  if(outlen) {
    shake128x4\_squeezeblocks(t[0], t[1], t[2], t[3], 1, &state);
    for(i = 0; i < outlen; ++i) {</pre>
      out0[i] = t[0][i];
      out1[i] = t[1][i];
      out2[i] = t[2][i];
      out3[i] = t[3][i];
  }
}
void shake256x4(uint8_t *out0,
                uint8_t *out1,
                uint8_t *out2,
                uint8 t *out3,
                size_t outlen,
                const uint8_t *in0,
                const uint8_t *in1,
                const uint8_t *in2,
                const uint8_t *in3,
                size_t inlen)
  unsigned int i;
  size_t nblocks = outlen/SHAKE256_RATE;
  uint8_t t[4][SHAKE256_RATE];
  keccakx4_state state;
  shake256x4_absorb_once(&state, in0, in1, in2, in3, inlen);
  shake256x4_squeezeblocks(out0, out1, out2, out3, nblocks, &state);
  out0 += nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
  out1 += nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
  out2 += nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
  out3 += nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
  outlen -= nblocks*SHAKE256_RATE;
  if(outlen) {
    shake256x4\_squeezeblocks(t[0], t[1], t[2], t[3], 1, &state);
    for(i = 0; i < outlen; ++i) {</pre>
      out0[i] = t[0][i];
      out1[i] = t[1][i];
      out2[i] = t[2][i];
      out3[i] = t[3][i];
   }
  }
}
```

```
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "align.h"
#include "params.h"
#include "indcpa.h"
#include "polyvec.h"
#include "poly.h"
#include "ntt.h"
#include "cbd.h"
#include "rejsample.h"
#include "symmetric.h"
#include "randombytes.h"
/**************
* Name:
             pack_pk
 Description: Serialize the public key as concatenation of the
             serialized vector of polynomials pk and the
             public seed used to generate the matrix A.
             The polynomial coefficients in pk are assumed to
             lie in the invertal [0,q], i.e. pk must be reduced
             by polyvec_reduce().
* Arguments: uint8_t *r: pointer to the output serialized public key
             polyvec *pk: pointer to the input public-key polyvec
             const uint8_t *seed: pointer to the input public seed
*****************
static void pack_pk(uint8_t r[KYBER_INDCPA_PUBLICKEYBYTES],
                  polyvec *pk,
                  const uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES])
 polyvec_tobytes(r, pk);
 memcpy(r+KYBER_POLYVECBYTES, seed, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
/**************
* Name:
             unpack_pk
* Description: De-serialize public key from a byte array;
             approximate inverse of pack_pk
             - polyvec *pk: pointer to output public-key polynomial vector
* Arguments:
             - uint8_t *seed: pointer to output seed to generate matrix A
             - const uint8_t *packedpk: pointer to input serialized public key
*****************
static void unpack_pk (polyvec *pk,
                    uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES],
                    const uint8_t packedpk[KYBER_INDCPA_PUBLICKEYBYTES])
 polyvec_frombytes(pk, packedpk);
 memcpy(seed, packedpk+KYBER_POLYVECBYTES, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
/***************
* Name:
            pack_sk
* Description: Serialize the secret key.
             The polynomial coefficients in sk are assumed to
             lie in the invertal [0,q], i.e. sk must be reduced
             by polyvec_reduce().
* Arguments: - uint8_t *r: pointer to output serialized secret key
             - polyvec *sk: pointer to input vector of polynomials (secret key)
****************
static void pack_sk(uint8_t r[KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES], polyvec *sk)
```

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```
polyvec_tobytes(r, sk);
/****************
* Name:
             unpack_sk
* Description: De-serialize the secret key; inverse of pack_sk
* Arguments: - polyvec *sk: pointer to output vector of polynomials (secret key)
             - const uint8_t *packedsk: pointer to input serialized secret key
***************
static void unpack_sk (polyvec *sk, const uint8_t packedsk [KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES])
{
 polyvec_frombytes(sk, packedsk);
}
/**************
* Name:
            pack_ciphertext
* Description: Serialize the ciphertext as concatenation of the
             compressed and serialized vector of polynomials b
             and the compressed and serialized polynomial v.
             The polynomial coefficients in b and v are assumed to
             lie in the invertal [0,q], i.e. b and v must be reduced
             by polyvec_reduce() and poly_reduce(), respectively.
* Arguments:
             uint8_t *r: pointer to the output serialized ciphertext
             poly *pk: pointer to the input vector of polynomials b
             poly *v: pointer to the input polynomial v
*****************
static void pack_ciphertext(uint8_t r[KYBER_INDCPA_BYTES], polyvec *b, poly *v)
 polyvec_compress(r, b);
 poly_compress(r+KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES, v);
/*************
             unpack_ciphertext
* Description: De-serialize and decompress ciphertext from a byte array;
             approximate inverse of pack_ciphertext
* Arguments: - polyvec *b: pointer to the output vector of polynomials b
             - poly *v: pointer to the output polynomial \boldsymbol{v}
             - const uint8_t *c: pointer to the input serialized ciphertext
*****************
static void unpack_ciphertext(polyvec *b, poly *v, const uint8_t c[KYBER_INDCPA_BYTES])
 polyvec_decompress(b, c);
 poly_decompress(v, c+KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES);
/****************
* Name:
             rej_uniform
 Description: Run rejection sampling on uniform random bytes to generate
             uniform random integers mod q
* Arguments: - int16_t *r: pointer to output array
             - unsigned int len: requested number of 16-bit integers (uniform mod q)
             - const uint8_t *buf: pointer to input buffer (assumed to be uniformly rando
             - unsigned int buflen: length of input buffer in bytes
* Returns number of sampled 16-bit integers (at most len)
static unsigned int rej_uniform(int16_t *r,
                             unsigned int len,
```

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```
const uint8_t *buf,
                                unsigned int buflen)
{
 unsigned int ctr, pos;
 uint16_t val0, val1;
 ctr = pos = 0;
 while(ctr < len && pos <= buflen - 3) { // buflen is always at least 3</pre>
   val0 = ((buf[pos+0] >> 0) | ((uint16_t)buf[pos+1] << 8)) & 0xfff;</pre>
   val1 = ((buf[pos+1] >> 4) | ((uint16_t)buf[pos+2] << 4)) & 0xFFF;</pre>
   pos += 3;
   if(val0 < KYBER_Q)</pre>
     r[ctr++] = val0;
   if(ctr < len && val1 < KYBER_Q)</pre>
     r[ctr++] = val1;
  }
 return ctr;
}
#define gen_a(A,B) gen_matrix(A,B,0)
#define gen_at (A, B) gen_matrix (A, B, 1)
/**************
* Name:
              gen_matrix
* Description: Deterministically generate matrix A (or the transpose of A)
               from a seed. Entries of the matrix are polynomials that look
               uniformly random. Performs rejection sampling on output of
               a XOF
* Arguments: - polyvec *a: pointer to ouptput matrix A
              - const uint8_t *seed: pointer to input seed
               - int transposed: boolean deciding whether A or A^T is generated
************
#ifdef KYBER 90S
void gen_matrix(polyvec *a, const uint8_t seed[32], int transposed)
 unsigned int ctr, i, j, k;
 unsigned int buflen, off;
 uint64_t nonce = 0;
 ALIGNED_UINT8(REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS*AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES) buf;
 aes256ctr_ctx state;
 aes256ctr_init(&state, seed, 0);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
    for ( j=0; j < KYBER_K; j++) {</pre>
      if (transposed)
        nonce = (j << 8) | i;
      else
       nonce = (i \ll 8) | j;
     state.n = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&nonce);
     aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(buf.coeffs, REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS, &state);
     buflen = REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS*AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES;
     ctr = rej_uniform_avx(a[i].vec[j].coeffs, buf.coeffs);
     while(ctr < KYBER_N) {</pre>
       off = buflen % 3;
        for (k = 0; k < off; k++)
         buf.coeffs[k] = buf.coeffs[buflen - off + k];
       aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(buf.coeffs + off, 1, &state);
       buflen = off + AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES;
        ctr += rej_uniform(a[i].vec[j].coeffs + ctr, KYBER_N - ctr, buf.coeffs, buflen);
```

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}

```
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      poly_nttunpack(&a[i].vec[j]);
  }
}
#else
#if KYBER_K == 2
void gen_matrix(polyvec *a, const uint8_t seed[32], int transposed)
  unsigned int ctr0, ctr1, ctr2, ctr3;
  ALIGNED UINT8 (REJ UNIFORM AVX NBLOCKS*SHAKE128 RATE) buf[4];
  __m256i f;
  keccakx4_state state;
  f = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)seed);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[1].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[2].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[3].vec, f);
  if(transposed) {
    buf[0].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[0].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[1].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[1].coeffs[33] = 1;
    buf[2].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[2].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[3].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[3].coeffs[33] = 1;
  }
  else {
    buf[0].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[0].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[1].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[1].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[2].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[2].coeffs[33] = 1;
    buf[3].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[3].coeffs[33] = 1;
  shake128x4_absorb_once(&state, buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs
 34);
  shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, REJ_
UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS, &state);
  ctr0 = rej_uniform_avx(a[0].vec[0].coeffs, buf[0].coeffs);
  ctr1 = rej_uniform_avx(a[0].vec[1].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs);
  ctr2 = rej_uniform_avx(a[1].vec[0].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs);
  ctr3 = rej_uniform_avx(a[1].vec[1].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs);
  while(ctr0 < KYBER_N | ctr1 < KYBER_N | ctr2 < KYBER_N | ctr3 < KYBER_N) {</pre>
    shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, 1,
 &state);
    ctr0 += rej_uniform(a[0].vec[0].coeffs + ctr0, KYBER_N - ctr0, buf[0].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
    ctr1 += rej_uniform(a[0].vec[1].coeffs + ctr1, KYBER_N - ctr1, buf[1].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE):
    ctr2 += rej_uniform(a[1].vec[0].coeffs + ctr2, KYBER_N - ctr2, buf[2].coeffs, SHAKE128_
    ctr3 += rej_uniform(a[1].vec[1].coeffs + ctr3, KYBER_N - ctr3, buf[3].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
  }
  poly_nttunpack(&a[0].vec[0]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[0].vec[1]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[1].vec[0]);
```

poly_nttunpack(&a[1].vec[1]);

```
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#elif KYBER_K == 3
void gen_matrix(polyvec *a, const uint8_t seed[32], int transposed)
  unsigned int ctr0, ctr1, ctr2, ctr3;
  ALIGNED_UINT8 (REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS*SHAKE128_RATE) buf[4];
   __m256i f;
  keccakx4_state state;
  keccak_state state1x;
  f = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)seed);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[1].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[2].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[3].vec, f);
  if(transposed) {
    buf[0].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[0].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[1].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[1].coeffs[33] = 1;
    buf[2].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[2].coeffs[33] = 2;
    buf[3].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[3].coeffs[33] = 0;
  else {
    buf[0].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[0].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[1].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[1].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[2].coeffs[32] = 2;
    buf[2].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[3].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[3].coeffs[33] = 1;
  }
  shake128x4_absorb_once(&state, buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs
  shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, REJ_
UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS, &state);
  ctr0 = rej_uniform_avx(a[0].vec[0].coeffs, buf[0].coeffs);
  ctr1 = rej_uniform_avx(a[0].vec[1].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs);
  ctr2 = rej_uniform_avx(a[0].vec[2].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs);
  ctr3 = rej_uniform_avx(a[1].vec[0].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs);
  while(ctr0 < KYBER_N | ctr1 < KYBER_N | ctr2 < KYBER_N | ctr3 < KYBER_N) {</pre>
    shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, 1,
 &state);
    ctr0 += rej_uniform(a[0].vec[0].coeffs + ctr0, KYBER_N - ctr0, buf[0].coeffs, SHAKE128_
    ctr1 += rej_uniform(a[0].vec[1].coeffs + ctr1, KYBER_N - ctr1, buf[1].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
    ctr2 += rej_uniform(a[0].vec[2].coeffs + ctr2, KYBER_N - ctr2, buf[2].coeffs, SHAKE128_
   ctr3 += rej_uniform(a[1].vec[0].coeffs + ctr3, KYBER_N - ctr3, buf[3].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
  }
  poly_nttunpack(&a[0].vec[0]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[0].vec[1]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[0].vec[2]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[1].vec[0]);
  f = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)seed);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
```

```
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  _mm256_store_si256(buf[1].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[2].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[3].vec, f);
  if(transposed) {
    buf[0].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[0].coeffs[33] = 1;
    buf[1].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[1].coeffs[33] = 2;
    buf[2].coeffs[32] = 2;
    buf[2].coeffs[33] = 0;
    buf[3].coeffs[32] = 2;
    buf[3].coeffs[33] = 1;
  }
  else {
    buf[0].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[0].coeffs[33] = 1;
    buf[1].coeffs[32] = 2;
    buf[1].coeffs[33] = 1;
    buf[2].coeffs[32] = 0;
    buf[2].coeffs[33] = 2;
    buf[3].coeffs[32] = 1;
    buf[3].coeffs[33] = 2;
  }
  shake128x4_absorb_once(&state, buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs
 34);
  shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, REJ_
UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS, &state);
  ctr0 = rej_uniform_avx(a[1].vec[1].coeffs, buf[0].coeffs);
  ctr1 = rej_uniform_avx(a[1].vec[2].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs);
  ctr2 = rej_uniform_avx(a[2].vec[0].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs);
  ctr3 = rej_uniform_avx(a[2].vec[1].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs);
  while (ctr0 < KYBER_N | ctr1 < KYBER_N | ctr2 < KYBER_N | ctr3 < KYBER_N) {
    shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, 1,
 &state);
    ctr0 += rej_uniform(a[1].vec[1].coeffs + ctr0, KYBER_N - ctr0, buf[0].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
    ctr1 += rej_uniform(a[1].vec[2].coeffs + ctr1, KYBER_N - ctr1, buf[1].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
    ctr2 += rej_uniform(a[2].vec[0].coeffs + ctr2, KYBER_N - ctr2, buf[2].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
    ctr3 += rej_uniform(a[2].vec[1].coeffs + ctr3, KYBER_N - ctr3, buf[3].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
  }
  poly_nttunpack(&a[1].vec[1]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[1].vec[2]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[2].vec[0]);
  poly_nttunpack(&a[2].vec[1]);
      _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)seed);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
  buf[0].coeffs[32] = 2;
  buf[0].coeffs[33] = 2;
  shake128_absorb_once(&state1x, buf[0].coeffs, 34);
  shake128_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS, &state1x);
  ctr0 = rej_uniform_avx(a[2].vec[2].coeffs, buf[0].coeffs);
  while(ctr0 < KYBER_N) {</pre>
    shake128_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, 1, &state1x);
    ctr0 += rej_uniform(a[2].vec[2].coeffs + ctr0, KYBER_N - ctr0, buf[0].coeffs, SHAKE128_
RATE);
```

poly_nttunpack(&a[2].vec[2]);

```
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indcpa.c
#elif KYBER_K == 4
void gen_matrix(polyvec *a, const uint8_t seed[32], int transposed)
  unsigned int i, ctr0, ctr1, ctr2, ctr3;
  ALIGNED_UINT8 (REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS*SHAKE128_RATE) buf[4];
   _m256i f;
  keccakx4_state state;
  for (i=0; i<4; i++) {</pre>
    f = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)seed);
    _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
    _mm256_store_si256(buf[1].vec, f);
    _mm256_store_si256(buf[2].vec, f);
    _mm256_store_si256(buf[3].vec, f);
    if(transposed) {
      buf[0].coeffs[32] = i;
      buf[0].coeffs[33] = 0;
      buf[1].coeffs[32] = i;
      buf[1].coeffs[33] = 1;
      buf[2].coeffs[32] = i;
      buf[2].coeffs[33] = 2;
      buf[3].coeffs[32] = i;
      buf[3].coeffs[33] = 3;
    else {
      buf[0].coeffs[32] = 0;
      buf[0].coeffs[33] = i;
      buf[1].coeffs[32] = 1;
      buf[1].coeffs[33] = i;
      buf[2].coeffs[32] = 2;
      buf[2].coeffs[33] = i;
      buf[3].coeffs[32] = 3;
      buf[3].coeffs[33] = i;
    shake128x4_absorb_once(&state, buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coef
    shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, RE
J_UNIFORM_AVX_NBLOCKS, &state);
    ctr0 = rej_uniform_avx(a[i].vec[0].coeffs, buf[0].coeffs);
    ctr1 = rej_uniform_avx(a[i].vec[1].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs);
    ctr2 = rej_uniform_avx(a[i].vec[2].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs);
    ctr3 = rej_uniform_avx(a[i].vec[3].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs);
    while(ctr0 < KYBER_N | ctr1 < KYBER_N | ctr2 < KYBER_N | ctr3 < KYBER_N) {</pre>
      shake128x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs,
1, &state);
      ctr0 += rej_uniform(a[i].vec[0].coeffs + ctr0, KYBER_N - ctr0, buf[0].coeffs, SHAKE12
8_RATE);
      ctr1 += rej_uniform(a[i].vec[1].coeffs + ctr1, KYBER_N - ctr1, buf[1].coeffs, SHAKE12
8_RATE);
      ctr2 += rej_uniform(a[i].vec[2].coeffs + ctr2, KYBER_N - ctr2, buf[2].coeffs, SHAKE12
8 RATE);
      ctr3 += rej_uniform(a[i].vec[3].coeffs + ctr3, KYBER_N - ctr3, buf[3].coeffs, SHAKE12
8_RATE);
    }
    poly_nttunpack(&a[i].vec[0]);
    poly_nttunpack(&a[i].vec[1]);
    poly_nttunpack(&a[i].vec[2]);
   poly_nttunpack(&a[i].vec[3]);
  }
}
#endif
```

```
#endif
/**************
* Name:
               indcpa_keypair
* Description: Generates public and private key for the CPA-secure
               public-key encryption scheme underlying Kyber
* Arguments:
               - uint8_t *pk: pointer to output public key
                              (of length KYBER INDCPA PUBLICKEYBYTES bytes)
               - uint8_t *sk: pointer to output private key
                              (of length KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES bytes)
*******************************
void indcpa_keypair(uint8_t pk[KYBER_INDCPA_PUBLICKEYBYTES],
                    uint8_t sk[KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES])
  unsigned int i;
 uint8_t buf[2*KYBER_SYMBYTES];
  const uint8_t *publicseed = buf;
  const uint8_t *noiseseed = buf + KYBER_SYMBYTES;
  polyvec a[KYBER_K], e, pkpv, skpv;
  randombytes(buf, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
  hash_q(buf, buf, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
  gen_a(a, publicseed);
#ifdef KYBER_90S
#define NOISE_NBLOCKS ((KYBER_ETA1*KYBER_N/4)/AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES) /* Assumes divisibility
  uint64_t nonce = 0;
  ALIGNED_UINT8 (NOISE_NBLOCKS*AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES+32) coins; // +32 bytes as required by p
olv_cbd_eta1
  aes256ctr ctx state;
  aes256ctr_init(&state, noiseseed, nonce++);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
    aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(coins.coeffs, NOISE_NBLOCKS, &state);
    state.n = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&nonce);
    nonce += 1;
    poly_cbd_eta1(&skpv.vec[i], coins.vec);
  }
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
    aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(coins.coeffs, NOISE_NBLOCKS, &state);
    state.n = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&nonce);
    nonce += 1;
    poly_cbd_eta1(&e.vec[i], coins.vec);
  }
#else
\#if KYBER_K == 2
  poly_getnoise_etal_4x(skpv.vec+0, skpv.vec+1, e.vec+0, e.vec+1, noiseseed, 0, 1, 2, 3);
#elif KYBER_K == 3
  poly_getnoise_etal_4x(skpv.vec+0, skpv.vec+1, skpv.vec+2, e.vec+0, noiseseed, 0, 1, 2, 3)
  poly_getnoise_etal_4x(e.vec+1, e.vec+2, pkpv.vec+0, pkpv.vec+1, noiseseed, 4, 5, 6, 7);
#elif KYBER_K == 4
  poly_getnoise_etal_4x(skpv.vec+0, skpv.vec+1, skpv.vec+2, skpv.vec+3, noiseseed, 0, 1, 2
 poly_getnoise_etal_4x(e.vec+0, e.vec+1, e.vec+2, e.vec+3, noiseseed, 4, 5, 6, 7);
#endif
#endif
  polyvec_ntt(&skpv);
  polyvec_reduce(&skpv);
  polyvec_ntt(&e);
  // matrix-vector multiplication
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
```

polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery(&pkpv.vec[i], &a[i], &skpv);

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indcpa.c

```
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indcpa.c
    poly_tomont(&pkpv.vec[i]);
  polyvec_add(&pkpv, &pkpv, &e);
  polyvec_reduce(&pkpv);
  pack_sk(sk, &skpv);
  pack_pk(pk, &pkpv, publicseed);
/**************
              indcpa_enc
* Description: Encryption function of the CPA-secure
              public-key encryption scheme underlying Kyber.
* Arguments:
               - uint8_t *c: pointer to output ciphertext
                             (of length KYBER_INDCPA_BYTES bytes)
               - const uint8_t *m: pointer to input message
                                   (of length KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES bytes)
               - const uint8_t *pk: pointer to input public key
                                    (of length KYBER_INDCPA_PUBLICKEYBYTES)
               - const uint8_t *coins: pointer to input random coins used as seed
                                       (of length KYBER_SYMBYTES) to deterministically
                                       generate all randomness
********************************
void indcpa_enc(uint8_t c[KYBER_INDCPA_BYTES],
                const uint8_t m[KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES],
                const uint8_t pk[KYBER_INDCPA_PUBLICKEYBYTES],
                const uint8_t coins[KYBER_SYMBYTES])
  unsigned int i;
  uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES];
  polyvec sp, pkpv, ep, at[KYBER_K], b;
  poly v, k, epp;
  unpack_pk(&pkpv, seed, pk);
  poly_frommsg(&k, m);
  gen_at(at, seed);
#ifdef KYBER_90S
#define NOISE NBLOCKS ((KYBER_ETA1*KYBER_N/4)/AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES) /* Assumes divisibility
 */
#define CIPHERTEXTNOISE NBLOCKS ((KYBER_ETA2*KYBER_N/4)/AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES) /* Assumes di
visibility */
  uint64_t nonce = 0;
  ALIGNED_UINT8 (NOISE_NBLOCKS*AES256CTR_BLOCKBYTES+32) buf; /* +32 bytes as required by pol
y_cbd_eta1 */
  aes256ctr_ctx state;
  aes256ctr_init(&state, coins, nonce++);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
    aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(buf.coeffs, NOISE_NBLOCKS, &state);
    state.n = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&nonce);
   nonce += 1;
    poly_cbd_eta1(&sp.vec[i], buf.vec);
  for (i=0; i<KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
    aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(buf.coeffs, CIPHERTEXTNOISE_NBLOCKS, &state);
    state.n = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&nonce);
    nonce += 1;
   poly_cbd_eta2(&ep.vec[i], buf.vec);
  aes256ctr_squeezeblocks(buf.coeffs, CIPHERTEXTNOISE_NBLOCKS, &state);
  poly_cbd_eta2(&epp, buf.vec);
#else
\#if KYBER_K == 2
  poly_getnoise_eta1122_4x(sp.vec+0, sp.vec+1, ep.vec+0, ep.vec+1, coins, 0, 1, 2, 3);
  poly_getnoise_eta2(&epp, coins, 4);
```

```
#elif KYBER_K == 3
 poly_getnoise_etal_4x(sp.vec+0, sp.vec+1, sp.vec+2, ep.vec+0, coins, 0, 1, 2, 3);
 poly_getnoise_eta1_4x(ep.vec+1, ep.vec+2, &epp, b.vec+0, coins, 4, 5, 6, 7);
#elif KYBER_K == 4
 poly_getnoise_etal_4x(sp.vec+0, sp.vec+1, sp.vec+2, sp.vec+3, coins, 0, 1, 2, 3);
 poly_getnoise_etal_4x(ep.vec+0, ep.vec+1, ep.vec+2, ep.vec+3, coins, 4, 5, 6, 7);
 poly_getnoise_eta2(&epp, coins, 8);
#endif
#endif
 polyvec_ntt(&sp);
  // matrix-vector multiplication
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery(&b.vec[i], &at[i], &sp);
 polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery(&v, &pkpv, &sp);
 polyvec_invntt_tomont(&b);
 poly_invntt_tomont(&v);
 polyvec_add(&b, &b, &ep);
 poly_add(&v, &v, &epp);
 poly_add(&v, &v, &k);
 polyvec_reduce(&b);
 poly_reduce(&v);
 pack_ciphertext(c, &b, &v);
/**************
* Name:
              indcpa_dec
* Description: Decryption function of the CPA-secure
              public-key encryption scheme underlying Kyber.
* Arguments:
              - uint8_t *m: pointer to output decrypted message
                            (of length KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES)
              - const uint8_t *c: pointer to input ciphertext
                                  (of length KYBER_INDCPA_BYTES)
              - const uint8_t *sk: pointer to input secret key
                                   (of length KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES)
******************
void indcpa_dec(uint8_t m[KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES],
               const uint8_t c[KYBER_INDCPA_BYTES],
               const uint8_t sk[KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES])
 polyvec b, skpv;
 poly v, mp;
 unpack_ciphertext(&b, &v, c);
 unpack_sk(&skpv, sk);
 polyvec_ntt(&b);
 polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery(&mp, &skpv, &b);
 poly_invntt_tomont(&mp);
 poly_sub(&mp, &v, &mp);
 poly_reduce(&mp);
 poly_tomsg(m, &mp);
}
```

```
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#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "params.h"
#include "kem.h"
#include "indcpa.h"
#include "verify.h"
#include "symmetric.h"
#include "randombytes.h"
/**************
             crypto_kem_keypair
* Description: Generates public and private key
             for CCA-secure Kyber key encapsulation mechanism
* Arguments:
             - uint8_t *pk: pointer to output public key
               (an already allocated array of KYBER_PUBLICKEYBYTES bytes)
              - uint8_t *sk: pointer to output private key
                (an already allocated array of KYBER_SECRETKEYBYTES bytes)
* Returns 0 (success)
****************
int crypto_kem_keypair(uint8_t *pk,
                     uint8_t *sk)
 indcpa_keypair(pk, sk);
 memcpy(sk+KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES, pk, KYBER_INDCPA_PUBLICKEYBYTES);
 hash_h(sk+KYBER_SECRETKEYBYTES-2*KYBER_SYMBYTES, pk, KYBER_PUBLICKEYBYTES);
  /* Value z for pseudo-random output on reject */
 randombytes(sk+KYBER_SECRETKEYBYTES-KYBER_SYMBYTES, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 return 0;
/****************
* Name:
             crypto_kem_enc
* Description: Generates cipher text and shared
             secret for given public key
* Arguments: - uint8_t *ct: pointer to output cipher text
               (an already allocated array of KYBER_CIPHERTEXTBYTES bytes)
              - uint8_t *ss: pointer to output shared secret
                (an already allocated array of KYBER_SSBYTES bytes)
              - const uint8_t *pk: pointer to input public key
                (an already allocated array of KYBER_PUBLICKEYBYTES bytes)
* Returns 0 (success)
*****************
int crypto_kem_enc(uint8_t *ct,
                 uint8_t *ss,
                 const uint8_t *pk)
 uint8_t buf[2*KYBER_SYMBYTES];
 /* Will contain key, coins */
 uint8_t kr[2*KYBER_SYMBYTES];
 randombytes (buf, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
  /* Don't release system RNG output */
 hash_h(buf, buf, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
  /* Multitarget countermeasure for coins + contributory KEM */
 hash_h(buf+KYBER_SYMBYTES, pk, KYBER_PUBLICKEYBYTES);
 hash_g(kr, buf, 2*KYBER_SYMBYTES);
  /* coins are in kr+KYBER_SYMBYTES */
 indcpa_enc(ct, buf, pk, kr+KYBER_SYMBYTES);
```

```
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  /* overwrite coins in kr with H(c) */
 hash_h(kr+KYBER_SYMBYTES, ct, KYBER_CIPHERTEXTBYTES);
 /* hash concatenation of pre-k and H(c) to k */
 kdf(ss, kr, 2*KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 return 0;
}
/**************
              crypto_kem_dec
* Description: Generates shared secret for given
              cipher text and private key
* Arguments: - uint8_t *ss: pointer to output shared secret
                (an already allocated array of KYBER_SSBYTES bytes)
              - const uint8_t *ct: pointer to input cipher text
                (an already allocated array of KYBER_CIPHERTEXTBYTES bytes)
              - const uint8_t *sk: pointer to input private key
                (an already allocated array of KYBER_SECRETKEYBYTES bytes)
* Returns 0.
* On failure, ss will contain a pseudo-random value.
*****************
int crypto_kem_dec(uint8_t *ss,
                  const uint8_t *ct,
                  const uint8_t *sk)
 int fail;
 uint8_t buf[2*KYBER_SYMBYTES];
  /* Will contain key, coins */
 uint8_t kr[2*KYBER_SYMBYTES];
 ALIGNED_UINT8 (KYBER_CIPHERTEXTBYTES) cmp;
 const uint8_t *pk = sk+KYBER_INDCPA_SECRETKEYBYTES;
 indcpa_dec(buf, ct, sk);
 /* Multitarget countermeasure for coins + contributory KEM */
 memcpy(buf+KYBER_SYMBYTES, sk+KYBER_SECRETKEYBYTES-2*KYBER_SYMBYTES, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 hash_g(kr, buf, 2*KYBER_SYMBYTES);
  /* coins are in kr+KYBER_SYMBYTES */
 indcpa_enc(cmp.coeffs, buf, pk, kr+KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 fail = verify(ct, cmp.coeffs, KYBER_CIPHERTEXTBYTES);
  /* overwrite coins in kr with H(c) */
 hash_h(kr+KYBER_SYMBYTES, ct, KYBER_CIPHERTEXTBYTES);
  /* Overwrite pre-k with z on re-encryption failure */
 cmov(kr, sk+KYBER_SECRETKEYBYTES-KYBER_SYMBYTES, KYBER_SYMBYTES, fail);
  /* hash concatenation of pre-k and H(c) to k */
 kdf(ss, kr, 2*KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 return 0;
```

```
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kex.c
#include <stdint.h>
#include "kex.h"
#include "kem.h"
#include "symmetric.h"
void kex_uake_initA(uint8_t *send, uint8_t *tk, uint8_t *sk, const uint8_t *pkb)
  crypto_kem_keypair(send, sk);
  crypto_kem_enc(send+CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES, tk, pkb);
}
void kex_uake_sharedB(uint8_t *send, uint8_t *k, const uint8_t *recv, const uint8_t *skb)
 uint8_t buf[2*CRYPTO_BYTES];
 crypto_kem_enc(send, buf, recv);
  crypto_kem_dec(buf+CRYPTO_BYTES, recv+CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES, skb);
 kdf(k, buf, 2*CRYPTO_BYTES);
}
void kex_uake_sharedA(uint8_t *k, const uint8_t *recv, const uint8_t *tk, const uint8_t *sk
  unsigned int i;
  uint8_t buf[2*CRYPTO_BYTES];
  crypto_kem_dec(buf, recv, sk);
 for (i=0; i < CRYPTO_BYTES; i++)</pre>
   buf[i+CRYPTO_BYTES] = tk[i];
  kdf(k, buf, 2*CRYPTO_BYTES);
}
void kex_ake_initA(uint8_t *send, uint8_t *tk, uint8_t *sk, const uint8_t *pkb)
  crypto_kem_keypair(send, sk);
  crypto_kem_enc(send+CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES, tk, pkb);
void kex_ake_sharedB(uint8_t *send, uint8_t *k, const uint8_t* recv, const uint8_t *skb, co
nst uint8_t *pka)
 uint8_t buf[3*CRYPTO_BYTES];
 crypto_kem_enc(send, buf, recv);
 crypto_kem_enc(send+CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES, buf+CRYPTO_BYTES, pka);
  crypto_kem_dec(buf+2*CRYPTO_BYTES, recv+CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES, skb);
  kdf(k, buf, 3*CRYPTO_BYTES);
}
void kex_ake_sharedA(uint8_t *k, const uint8_t *recv, const uint8_t *tk, const uint8_t *sk,
 const uint8_t *ska)
  unsigned int i;
  uint8_t buf[3*CRYPTO_BYTES];
  crypto_kem_dec(buf, recv, sk);
  crypto_kem_dec(buf+CRYPTO_BYTES, recv+CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES, ska);
  for (i=0; i < CRYPTO_BYTES; i++)</pre>
    buf[i+2*CRYPTO_BYTES] = tk[i];
  kdf(k, buf, 3*CRYPTO_BYTES);
```

```
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poly.c
#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "align.h"
#include "params.h"
#include "poly.h"
#include "ntt.h"
#include "consts.h"
#include "reduce.h"
#include "cbd.h"
#include "symmetric.h"
/**************
              poly_compress
* Description: Compression and subsequent serialization of a polynomial.
               The coefficients of the input polynomial are assumed to
               lie in the invertal [0,q], i.e. the polynomial must be reduced
               by poly_reduce().
* Arguments:
               - uint8_t *r: pointer to output byte array
                             (of length KYBER_POLYCOMPRESSEDBYTES)
               - const poly *a: pointer to input polynomial
****************
#if (KYBER_POLYCOMPRESSEDBYTES == 96)
void poly_compress(uint8_t r[96], const poly * restrict a)
  unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1, f2, f3;
   _m128i t0, t1;
  const __m256i v = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XV/16]);
  const __m256i shift1 = _mm256_set1_epi16(1 << 8);</pre>
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(7);
  const __m256i shift2 = _mm256_set1_epi16((8 << 8) + 1);</pre>
  const __m256i shift3 = _mm256_set1_epi32((64 << 16) + 1);
  const __m256i sllvdidx = _mm256_set1_epi64x(12LL << 32);</pre>
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(8, 2, 1, 0, -1, -1, -1, -1, 14, 13, 12, 6, 5, 4, 10, 9,
                                            -1, -1, -1, -1, 14, 13, 12, 6, 5, 4, 10, 9, 8, 2, 1, 0
  for (i=0; i<KYBER_N/64; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+0]);
    f1 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+1]);
    f2 = _{mm256\_load\_si256(&a->vec[4*i+2])};
    f3 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+3]);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f0, v);
    f1 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f1, v);
    f2 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f2, v);
    f3 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f3, v);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f0, shift1);
    f1 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f1, shift1);
    f2 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f2, shift1);
    f3 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f3, shift1);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask);
    f1 = _mm256_and_si256(f1, mask);
    f2 = _mm256_and_si256(f2, mask);
    f3 = _mm256_and_si256(f3, mask);
    f0 = _mm256_packus_epi16(f0,f1);
    f2 = _mm256_packus_epi16(f2,f3);
                                                // a0 a1 a2 a3 b0 b1 b2 b3 a4 a5 a6 a7 b4 b
    f0 = _mm256_maddubs_epi16(f0, shift2);
5 b6 b7
    f2 = _mm256_maddubs_epi16(f2, shift2);
                                                // c0 c1 c2 c3 d0 d1 d2 d3 c4 c5 c6 c7 d4 d
5 d6 d7
                                                // a0 a1 b0 b1 a2 a3 b2 b3
    f0 = _mm256_madd_epi16(f0, shift3);
    f2 = _mm256_madd_epi16(f2, shift3);
                                                // c0 c1 d0 d1 c2 c3 d2 d3
    f0 = _mm256_sllv_epi32(f0, sllvdidx);
    f2 = _mm256_sllv_epi32(f2,sllvdidx);
    f0 = _mm256_hadd_epi32(f0, f2);
                                                // a0 c0 c0 d0 a1 b1 c1 d1
```

```
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poly.c
    f0 = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f0,0xD8);
                                               // a0 b0 a1 b1 c0 d0 c1 d1
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0, shufbidx);
   t0 = _mm256_castsi256_si128(f0);
   t1 = _mm256_extracti128_si256(f0,1);
   t0 = _mm_blend_epi32(t0,t1,0x08);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[24*i+ 0],t0);
    _mm_storel_epi64((__m128i *)&r[24*i+16],t1);
  }
}
/**************
              poly_decompress
* Description: De-serialization and subsequent decompression of a polynomial;
              approximate inverse of poly_compress
* Arguments:
              - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
              - const uint8_t *a: pointer to input byte array
                                  (of length KYBER_POLYCOMPRESSEDBYTES bytes)
******************
void poly_decompress(poly * restrict r, const uint8_t a[96])
 unsigned int i;
 __m128i t;
   _m256i f;
 const __m256i q = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XQ/16]);
 2,2,2,2,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0,0,0);
 const __m256i mask = _{mm256}_set_epi16(224,28,896,112,14,448,56,7,
                                       224, 28, 896, 112, 14, 448, 56, 7);
 const __m256i shift = _mm256_set_epi16(128,1024,32,256,2048,64,512,4096,
                                        128, 1024, 32, 256, 2048, 64, 512, 4096);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER N/16; i++) {</pre>
   t = _mm_castps_si128(_mm_load_ss((float *)&a[6*i+0])));
   t = _{mm}insert_{epi16}(t, *(int16_t *)&a[6*i+4], 2);
    f = _mm256_broadcastsi128_si256(t);
    f = _mm256\_blend\_epi16(f,g,0x);
    f = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f,shufbidx);
    f = _mm256_and_si256(f, mask);
   f = _mm256_mullo_epi16(f, shift);
    f = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f,q);
   _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[i],f);
  }
}
#elif (KYBER_POLYCOMPRESSEDBYTES == 128)
void poly_compress(uint8_t r[128], const poly * restrict a)
{
 unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1, f2, f3;
 const __m256i v = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XV/16]);
 const __m256i shift1 = _mm256_set1_epi16(1 << 9);</pre>
 const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(15);
 const __m256i shift2 = _mm256_set1_epi16((16 << 8) + 1);</pre>
 const __m256i permdidx = _mm256_set_epi32(7,3,6,2,5,1,4,0);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/64; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+0]);
    f1 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+1]);
    f2 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+2]);
    f3 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[4*i+3]);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f0, v);
    f1 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f1, v);
    f2 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f2, v);
    f3 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f3,v);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f0, shift1);
    f1 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f1, shift1);
```

```
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poly.c
    f2 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f2, shift1);
    f3 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f3, shift1);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask);
    f1 = _mm256_and_si256(f1, mask);
    f2 = _mm256_and_si256(f2, mask);
    f3 = _mm256_and_si256(f3, mask);
    f0 = _mm256_packus_epi16(f0, f1);
    f2 = _mm256_packus_epi16(f2, f3);
    f0 = _mm256_maddubs_epi16(f0, shift2);
    f2 = mm256 \text{ maddubs epi16}(f2, shift2);
    f0 = _mm256_packus_epi16(f0, f2);
    f0 = _mm256_permutevar8x32_epi32(f0,permdidx);
    _mm256_storeu_si256((__m256i *)&r[32*i],f0);
  }
}
void poly_decompress(poly * restrict r, const uint8_t a[128])
  unsigned int i;
  __m128i t;
   m256i f;
  const __m256i q = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XQ/16]);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(7,7,7,7,6,6,6,6,6,5,5,5,5,4,4,4,4,4,4,4)
                                             3,3,3,3,2,2,2,2,1,1,1,1,0,0,0,0);
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi32(0x00F0000F);
  const __m256i shift = _mm256_set1_epi32((128 << 16) + 2048);</pre>
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
    t = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&a[8*i]);
    f = _mm256_broadcastsi128_si256(t);
    f = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f,shufbidx);
    f = _mm256_and_si256(f, mask);
    f = _mm256_mullo_epi16(f, shift);
    f = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f,q);
    _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[i],f);
}
#elif (KYBER_POLYCOMPRESSEDBYTES == 160)
void poly_compress(uint8_t r[160], const poly * restrict a)
  unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1;
  __m128i t0, t1;
  const __m256i v = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XV/16]);
  const __m256i shift1 = _mm256_set1_epi16(1 << 10);</pre>
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(31);
  const _{m256i} shift2 = _{mm256}set1_epi16((32 << 8) + 1);
  const __m256i shift3 = _mm256_set1_epi32((1024 << 16) + 1);</pre>
  const __m256i sllvdidx = _mm256_set1_epi64x(12);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(8,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,4,3,2,1,0,-1,12,11,10,9,
                                             -1,12,11,10, 9, 8,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,4, 3, 2, 1, 0
;
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/32; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[2*i+0]);
    f1 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[2*i+1]);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f0,v);
    f1 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f1,v);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f0, shift1);
    f1 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f1, shift1);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask);
    f1 = _mm256_and_si256(f1, mask);
    f0 = _mm256_packus_epi16(f0, f1);
                                                  // a0 a1 a2 a3 b0 b1 b2 b3 a4 a5 a6 a7 b4 b
    f0 = _mm256_maddubs_epi16(f0, shift2);
5 b6 b7
                                                  // a0 a1 b0 b1 a2 a3 b2 b3
    f0 = _mm256_madd_epi16(f0, shift3);
    f0 = _mm256_sllv_epi32(f0,sllvdidx);
```

```
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poly.c
    f0 = _mm256_srlv_epi64(f0,sllvdidx);
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0, shufbidx);
   t0 = _mm256_castsi256_si128(f0);
   t1 = _mm256_extracti128_si256(f0,1);
   t0 = _mm_blendv_epi8(t0,t1,_mm256_castsi256_si128(shufbidx));
    _{\rm mm\_storeu\_si128((\__m128i *)&r[20*i+ 0],t0);}
   memcpy(&r[20*i+16],&t1,4);
  }
}
void poly_decompress(poly * restrict r, const uint8_t a[160])
 unsigned int i;
 __m128i t;
  __m256i f;
 int16_t ti;
 const __m256i q = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XQ/16]);
 const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(9,9,9,8,8,8,8,7,7,6,6,6,6,5,5,5,5,
                                          4,4,4,3,3,3,3,2,2,1,1,1,1,0,0,0);
 const __m256i mask = _{mm256}_set_epi16(248,1984,62,496,3968,124,992,31,
                                       248, 1984, 62, 496, 3968, 124, 992, 31);
 const __m256i shift = _mm256_set_epi16(128,16,512,64,8,256,32,1024,
                                        128, 16, 512, 64, 8, 256, 32, 1024);
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
   t = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&a[10*i+0]);
   memcpy(&ti,&a[10*i+8],2);
   t = _{mm}insert_{epi16}(t,ti,4);
    f = _mm256_broadcastsi128_si256(t);
   f = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f,shufbidx);
    f = _mm256_and_si256(f, mask);
    f = _mm256_mullo_epi16(f, shift);
   f = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f,q);
    _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[i],f);
}
#endif
/*****************
* Name:
              poly_tobytes
 Description: Serialization of a polynomial in NTT representation.
              The coefficients of the input polynomial are assumed to
              lie in the invertal [0,q], i.e. the polynomial must be reduced
              by poly_reduce(). The coefficients are orderd as output by
              poly_ntt(); the serialized output coefficients are in bitreversed
              order.
* Arguments: - uint8_t *r: pointer to output byte array
                            (needs space for KYBER_POLYBYTES bytes)
              - poly *a: pointer to input polynomial
****************
void poly_tobytes(uint8_t r[KYBER_POLYBYTES], const poly *a)
 ntttobytes_avx(r, a->vec, qdata.vec);
}
/**************
* Name:
              poly_frombytes
* Description: De-serialization of a polynomial;
              inverse of poly_tobytes
              - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
              - const uint8_t *a: pointer to input byte array
                                  (of KYBER_POLYBYTES bytes)
****************
```

```
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poly.c
void poly_frombytes(poly *r, const uint8_t a[KYBER_POLYBYTES])
 nttfrombytes_avx(r->vec, a, qdata.vec);
/**************
* Name:
              poly_frommsg
* Description: Convert 32-byte message to polynomial
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
              - const uint8_t *msg: pointer to input message
*******************
void poly_frommsg(poly * restrict r, const uint8_t msg[KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES])
#if (KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES != 32)
#error "KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES must be equal to 32!"
#endif
  __m256i f, g0, g1, g2, g3, h0, h1, h2, h3;
 const __m256i shift = _mm256_broadcastsi128_si256(_mm_set_epi32(0,1,2,3));
         _m256i idx = _mm256_broadcastsi128_si256(_mm_set_epi8(15,14,11,10,7,6,3,2,13,12,9,
 const
8,5,4,1,0));
 const __m256i hqs = _mm256_set1_epi16((KYBER_Q+1)/2);
#define FROMMSG64(i)
 g3 = _mm256\_shuffle\_epi32(f,0x55*i);
 g3 = _mm256_sllv_epi32(g3,shift);
g3 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(g3,idx);
 g0 = _mm256_slli_epi16(g3, 12);
 g1 = _{mm256\_s11i\_epi16(g3,8);}
 g2 = _{mm256\_slli\_epi16(g3,4);}
 g0 = _mm256_srai_epi16(g0,15);
 g1 = _mm256_srai_epi16(g1,15);
 g2 = _mm256_srai_epi16(g2,15);
 g3 = _{mm256\_srai\_epi16(g3,15)};
 g0 = _{mm}256_{and}si256(g0,hqs); /* 19 18 17 16 3 2 1 0 */
 g1 = _{mm256}and_{si256}(g1,hqs); /* 23 22 21 20 7 6 5 4 */ 
 g2 = _{mm256}and_{si256}(g2,hqs); /* 27 26 25 24 11 10 9 8 */ \
 g3 = _{mm256\_and\_si256(g3,hqs)}; /* 31 30 29 28 15 14 13 12 */
 h0 = _mm256\_unpacklo\_epi64(g0,g1);
 h2 = _mm256_unpackhi_epi64(g0,g1);
 h1 = _mm256_unpacklo_epi64(g2,g3);
 h3 = _mm256_unpackhi_epi64(g2,g3);
 g0 = _mm256_permute2x128_si256(h0,h1,0x20);
 g2 = _mm256_permute2x128_si256(h0,h1,0x31);
 g1 = _mm256_permute2x128_si256(h2,h3,0x20);
 g3 = _mm256_permute2x128_si256(h2,h3,0x31);
  _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[0+2*i+0],g0);
 _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[0+2*i+1],q1);
 _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[8+2*i+0],g2);
 _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[8+2*i+1],g3)
  f = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)msg);
 FROMMSG64(0);
 FROMMSG64(1);
 FROMMSG64(2);
 FROMMSG64(3);
/***************
* Name:
             poly_tomsq
* Description: Convert polynomial to 32-byte message.
              The coefficients of the input polynomial are assumed to
              lie in the invertal [0,q], i.e. the polynomial must be reduced
              by poly_reduce().
* Arguments: - uint8_t *msg: pointer to output message
```

```
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poly.c
            - poly *a: pointer to input polynomial
******************
void poly_tomsg(uint8_t msg[KYBER_INDCPA_MSGBYTES], const poly * restrict a)
 unsigned int i;
 uint32_t small;
  __m256i f0, f1, g0, g1;
 const __m256i hq = _mm256_set1_epi16((KYBER_Q - 1)/2);
 const \_m256i hhq = \_mm256\_set1\_epi16((KYBER\_Q - 1)/4);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/32; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[2*i+0]);
    f1 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[2*i+1]);
    f0 = _mm256_sub_epi16(hq, f0);
   f1 = _mm256_sub_epi16(hq, f1);
   g0 = _mm256_srai_epi16(f0, 15);
   g1 = _mm256_srai_epi16(f1, 15);
   f0 = _mm256_xor_si256(f0, g0);
   f1 = _mm256_xor_si256(f1, g1);
    f0 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f0, hhq);
    f1 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f1, hhq);
    f0 = _mm256_packs_epi16(f0, f1);
   f0 = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f0, 0xD8);
   small = _mm256_movemask_epi8(f0);
   memcpy(\&msg[4*i], \&small, 4);
}
/**************
* Name:
             poly_getnoise_eta1
* Description: Sample a polynomial deterministically from a seed and a nonce,
              with output polynomial close to centered binomial distribution
              with parameter KYBER_ETA1
             - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
* Arguments:
              - const uint8_t *seed: pointer to input seed
                                    (of length KYBER_SYMBYTES bytes)
              - uint8_t nonce: one-byte input nonce
*******************************
void poly_getnoise_eta1(poly *r, const uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES], uint8_t nonce)
 ALIGNED_UINT8(KYBER_ETA1*KYBER_N/4+32) buf; // +32 bytes as required by poly_cbd_eta1
 prf(buf.coeffs, KYBER_ETA1*KYBER_N/4, seed, nonce);
 poly_cbd_eta1(r, buf.vec);
/***************
            poly_getnoise_eta2
* Description: Sample a polynomial deterministically from a seed and a nonce,
              with output polynomial close to centered binomial distribution
              with parameter KYBER_ETA2
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
              - const uint8_t *seed: pointer to input seed
                                    (of length KYBER_SYMBYTES bytes)
              - uint8_t nonce: one-byte input nonce
***************
void poly_getnoise_eta2(poly *r, const uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES], uint8_t nonce)
 ALIGNED_UINT8(KYBER_ETA2*KYBER_N/4) buf;
 prf(buf.coeffs, KYBER_ETA2*KYBER_N/4, seed, nonce);
 poly_cbd_eta2(r, buf.vec);
}
#ifndef KYBER_90S
```

#define NOISE_NBLOCKS ((KYBER_ETA1*KYBER_N/4+SHAKE256_RATE-1)/SHAKE256_RATE)

```
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poly.c
void poly_getnoise_eta1_4x(poly *r0,
                           poly *r1,
                           poly *r2,
                           poly *r3,
                           const uint8_t seed[32],
                           uint8_t nonce0,
                           uint8_t nonce1,
                           uint8_t nonce2,
                           uint8_t nonce3)
  ALIGNED_UINT8(NOISE_NBLOCKS*SHAKE256_RATE) buf[4];
   __m256i f;
  keccakx4_state state;
  f = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)seed);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[1].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[2].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[3].vec, f);
  buf[0].coeffs[32] = nonce0;
  buf[1].coeffs[32] = nonce1;
  buf[2].coeffs[32] = nonce2;
  buf[3].coeffs[32] = nonce3;
  shake256x4_absorb_once(&state, buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs
 33);
  shake256x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, NOIS
E_NBLOCKS, &state);
  poly_cbd_eta1(r0, buf[0].vec);
  poly_cbd_eta1(r1, buf[1].vec);
  poly_cbd_eta1(r2, buf[2].vec);
  poly_cbd_eta1(r3, buf[3].vec);
#if KYBER K == 2
void poly_getnoise_eta1122_4x(poly *r0,
                              poly *r1,
                              poly *r2,
                              poly *r3,
                               const uint8_t seed[32],
                               uint8_t nonce0,
                               uint8_t nonce1,
                               uint8_t nonce2,
                               uint8_t nonce3)
  ALIGNED_UINT8(NOISE_NBLOCKS*SHAKE256_RATE) buf[4];
   _m256i f;
  keccakx4_state state;
  f = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)seed);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[0].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[1].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[2].vec, f);
  _mm256_store_si256(buf[3].vec, f);
  buf[0].coeffs[32] = nonce0;
  buf[1].coeffs[32] = nonce1;
  buf[2].coeffs[32] = nonce2;
  buf[3].coeffs[32] = nonce3;
  shake256x4_absorb_once(&state, buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs
  shake256x4_squeezeblocks(buf[0].coeffs, buf[1].coeffs, buf[2].coeffs, buf[3].coeffs, NOIS
E_NBLOCKS, &state);
  poly_cbd_eta1(r0, buf[0].vec);
```

```
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poly.c
 poly_cbd_eta1(r1, buf[1].vec);
 poly_cbd_eta2(r2, buf[2].vec);
 poly_cbd_eta2(r3, buf[3].vec);
#endif
#endif
/***************
             poly_ntt
* Description: Computes negacyclic number-theoretic transform (NTT) of
             a polynomial in place.
             Input coefficients assumed to be in normal order,
             output coefficients are in special order that is natural
             for the vectorization. Input coefficients are assumed to be
             bounded by q in absolute value, output coefficients are bounded
             by 16118 in absolute value.
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to in/output polynomial
****************
void poly_ntt(poly *r)
 ntt_avx(r->vec, qdata.vec);
}
/*************
* Name:
             poly_invntt_tomont
* Description: Computes inverse of negacyclic number-theoretic transform (NTT)
             of a polynomial in place;
             Input coefficients assumed to be in special order from vectorized
             forward ntt, output in normal order. Input coefficients can be
             arbitrary 16-bit integers, output coefficients are bounded by 14870
             in absolute value.
* Arguments: - poly *a: pointer to in/output polynomial
*************
void poly_invntt_tomont(poly *r)
  invntt_avx(r->vec, qdata.vec);
void poly_nttunpack(poly *r)
{
 nttunpack_avx(r->vec, qdata.vec);
/***************
           poly_basemul_montgomery
* Description: Multiplication of two polynomials in NTT domain.
             One of the input polynomials needs to have coefficients
             bounded by q, the other polynomial can have arbitrary
             coefficients. Output coefficients are bounded by 6656.
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
             - const poly *a: pointer to first input polynomial
             - const poly *b: pointer to second input polynomial
*******************
void poly_basemul_montgomery(poly *r, const poly *a, const poly *b)
{
 basemul_avx(r->vec, a->vec, b->vec, qdata.vec);
/***************
* Name:
            poly_tomont
* Description: Inplace conversion of all coefficients of a polynomial
```

```
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poly.c
            from normal domain to Montgomery domain
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to input/output polynomial
void poly_tomont (poly *r)
 tomont_avx(r->vec, qdata.vec);
}
/**************
            poly_reduce
* Description: Applies Barrett reduction to all coefficients of a polynomial
             for details of the Barrett reduction see comments in reduce.c
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to input/output polynomial
****************
void poly_reduce(poly *r)
 reduce_avx(r->vec, qdata.vec);
}
/*************
* Name:
            poly_add
* Description: Add two polynomials. No modular reduction
             is performed.
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
           - const poly *a: pointer to first input polynomial
           - const poly *b: pointer to second input polynomial
******************
void poly_add(poly *r, const poly *a, const poly *b)
 unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
   f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[i]);
   f1 = _mm256_load_si256(\&b->vec[i]);
   f0 = _mm256_add_epi16(f0, f1);
   _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[i], f0);
}
/***************
* Name: poly_sub
* Description: Subtract two polynomials. No modular reduction
             is performed.
 Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
           - const poly *a: pointer to first input polynomial
           - const poly *b: pointer to second input polynomial
************
void poly_sub(poly *r, const poly *a, const poly *b)
 unsigned int i;
 __m256i f0, f1;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
   f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[i]);
   f1 = _mm256_load_si256(\&b->vec[i]);
   f0 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f0, f1);
   _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[i], f0);
 }
}
```

```
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polyvec.c
#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "params.h"
#include "polyvec.h"
#include "poly.h"
#include "ntt.h"
#include "consts.h"
#if (KYBER POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES == (KYBER K * 320))
static void poly_compress10 (uint8_t r[320], const poly * restrict a)
 unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1, f2;
  __m128i t0, t1;
  const __m256i v = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XV/16]);
  const __m256i v8 = _mm256_slli_epi16(v,3);
  const __m256i off = _mm256_set1_epi16(15);
  const __m256i shift1 = _mm256_set1_epi16(1 << 12);</pre>
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(1023);
  const __m256i shift2 = _mm256_set1_epi64x((1024LL << 48) + (1LL << 32) + (1024 << 16) + 1
);
  const __m256i sllvdidx = _mm256_set1_epi64x(12);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8( 8, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,12,11,10, 9,
                                             -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[i]);
    f1 = _mm256_mullo_epi16(f0, v8);
    f2 = _mm256_add_epi16(f0,off);
    f0 = _mm256_slli_epi16(f0,3);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f0,v);
    f2 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f1, f2);
    f1 = _mm256_andnot_si256(f1, f2);
    f1 = _mm256_srli_epi16(f1,15);
    f0 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f0, f1);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f0, shift1);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask);
    f0 = _mm256_madd_epi16(f0, shift2);
    f0 = _mm256_sllv_epi32(f0,sllvdidx);
    f0 = _mm256_srli_epi64(f0,12);
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0, shufbidx);
    t0 = _mm256_castsi256_si128(f0);
    t1 = _{mm256}_{extracti128}_{si256(f0,1)};
    t0 = _mm_blend_epi16(t0,t1,0xE0);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[20*i+ 0],t0);
    memcpy (&r [20*i+16], &t1, 4);
}
static void poly_decompress10 (poly * restrict r, const uint8_t a[320+12])
  unsigned int i;
  __m256i f;
  const __m256i q = _mm256_set1_epi32((KYBER_Q << 16) + 4*KYBER_Q);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(11,10,10, 9, 9, 8, 8, 7,
                                              6, 5, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 2,
                                              9, 8, 8, 7, 7, 6, 6, 5,
                                              4, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1, 0);
  const __m256i sllvdidx = _mm256_set1_epi64x(4);
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi32((32736 << 16) + 8184);</pre>
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
    f = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&a[20*i]);
    f = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f,0x94);
    f = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f,shufbidx);
    f = _mm256_sllv_epi32(f,sllvdidx);
```

```
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polyvec.c
    f = _mm256_srli_epi16(f,1);
    f = _mm256_and_si256(f, mask);
         _{mm256\_mulhrs\_epi16(f,q);}
    _mm256_store_si256(&r->vec[i],f);
}
#elif (KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES == (KYBER_K * 352))
static void poly_compress11(uint8_t r[352+2], const poly * restrict a)
  unsigned int i;
  __m256i f0, f1, f2;
  __m128i t0, t1;
  const __m256i v = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XV/16]);
  const __m256i v8 = _mm256_slli_epi16(v,3);
  const __m256i off = _mm256_set1_epi16(36);
  const __m256i shift1 = _mm256_set1_epi16(1 << 13);</pre>
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(2047);
  const __m256i shift2 = _mm256_set1_epi64x((2048LL << 48) + (1LL << 32) + (2048 << 16) + 1
);
  const __m256i sllvdidx = _mm256_set1_epi64x(10);
  const __m256i srlvqidx = _mm256_set_epi64x(30,10,30,10);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 0,-1,-1,-1,-1,10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5,
                                             -1,-1,-1,-1,-1,10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_load_si256(&a->vec[i]);
    f1 = _mm256_mullo_epi16(f0, v8);
    f2 = _mm256_add_epi16(f0,off);
    f0 = _mm256_slli_epi16(f0,3);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhi_epi16(f0, v);
    f2 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f1, f2);
    f1 = _mm256_andnot_si256(f1, f2);
    f1 = _mm256_srli_epi16(f1,15);
    f0 = _mm256_sub_epi16(f0, f1);
    f0 = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f0, shift1);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask);
    f0 = _mm256_madd_epi16(f0, shift2);
    f0 = _mm256_sllv_epi32(f0,sllvdidx);
    f1 = _mm256_bsrli_epi128(f0,8);
    f0 = _mm256_srlv_epi64(f0, srlvqidx);
    f1 = _mm256_slli_epi64(f1,34);
    f0 = _mm256_add_epi64(f0, f1);
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0,shufbidx);
    t0 = _mm256_castsi256_si128(f0);
    t1 = _{mm256}_{extracti128}_{si256(f0,1)};
    t0 = _{mm\_blendv\_epi8}(t0,t1,_{mm256\_castsi256\_si128}(shufbidx));
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[22*i+ 0],t0);
    _mm_storel_epi64((__m128i *)&r[22*i+16],t1);
}
static void poly_decompress11(poly * restrict r, const uint8_t a[352+10])
  unsigned int i;
  __m256i f;
  const __m256i q = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XQ/16]);
  const __m256i shufbidx = _mm256_set_epi8(13,12,12,11,10, 9, 9, 8,
                                              8, 7, 6, 5, 5, 4, 4, 3,
                                             10, 9, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 5,
                                              5, 4, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1, 0);
  const __m256i srlvdidx = _mm256_set_epi32(0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0);
  const __m256i srlvqidx = _mm256_set_epi64x(2,0,2,0);
  const __m256i shift = _mm256_set_epi16(4,32,1,8,32,1,4,32,4,32,1,8,32,1,4,32);
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(32752);
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_N/16; i++) {</pre>
```

```
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polyvec.c
    f = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&a[22*i]);
    f = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f,0x94);
    f = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f,shufbidx);
    f = _mm256_srlv_epi32(f,srlvdidx);
   f = _mm256_srlv_epi64(f,srlvqidx);
   f = _mm256_mullo_epi16(f, shift);
   f = _mm256_srli_epi16(f,1);
   f = _mm256_and_si256(f, mask);
   f = _mm256_mulhrs_epi16(f,q);
    mm256 store si256(&r->vec[i],f);
}
#endif
/***************
* Name:
             polyvec_compress
 Description: Compress and serialize vector of polynomials
* Arguments: - uint8_t *r: pointer to output byte array
                           (needs space for KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES)
              - polyvec *a: pointer to input vector of polynomials
**************
void polyvec_compress(uint8_t r[KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES+2], const polyvec *a)
 unsigned int i;
#if (KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES == (KYBER_K * 320))
  for (i=0; i<KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_compress10(&r[320*i],&a->vec[i]);
#elif (KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES == (KYBER_K * 352))
  for (i=0; i<KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_compress11(&r[352*i],&a->vec[i]);
#endif
/**************
* Name:
             polyvec_decompress
* Description: De-serialize and decompress vector of polynomials;
              approximate inverse of polyvec_compress
 Arguments:
              - polyvec *r: pointer to output vector of polynomials
              - const uint8_t *a: pointer to input byte array
                                 (of length KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES)
*******************************
void polyvec_decompress(polyvec *r, const uint8_t a[KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES+12])
{
 unsigned int i;
#if (KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES == (KYBER_K * 320))
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_decompress10(&r->vec[i],&a[320*i]);
#elif (KYBER_POLYVECCOMPRESSEDBYTES == (KYBER_K * 352))
  for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_decompress11(&r->vec[i],&a[352*i]);
#endif
}
/**************
              polyvec_tobytes
* Description: Serialize vector of polynomials
* Arguments:
              - uint8_t *r: pointer to output byte array
                            (needs space for KYBER_POLYVECBYTES)
              - polyvec *a: pointer to input vector of polynomials
```

```
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polyvec.c
*******************************
void polyvec_tobytes(uint8_t r[KYBER_POLYVECBYTES], const polyvec *a)
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_tobytes(r+i*KYBER_POLYBYTES, &a->vec[i]);
/**************
* Name:
            polyvec_frombytes
* Description: De-serialize vector of polynomials;
             inverse of polyvec_tobytes
* Arguments: - uint8_t *r: pointer to output byte array
             - const polyvec *a: pointer to input vector of polynomials
                               (of length KYBER_POLYVECBYTES)
***********************************
void polyvec_frombytes(polyvec *r, const uint8_t a[KYBER_POLYVECBYTES])
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER K; i++)</pre>
   poly_frombytes(&r->vec[i], a+i*KYBER_POLYBYTES);
/**************
* Name:
             polyvec_ntt
* Description: Apply forward NTT to all elements of a vector of polynomials
* Arguments: - polyvec *r: pointer to in/output vector of polynomials
****************
void polyvec_ntt (polyvec *r)
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i<KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_ntt(&r->vec[i]);
/*****************
* Name:
            polyvec_invntt_tomont
* Description: Apply inverse NTT to all elements of a vector of polynomials
             and multiply by Montgomery factor 2^16
* Arguments: - polyvec *r: pointer to in/output vector of polynomials
********************************
void polyvec_invntt_tomont (polyvec *r)
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_invntt_tomont(&r->vec[i]);
}
/***************
* Name:
             polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery
* Description: Multiply elements in a and b in NTT domain, accumulate into r,
             and multiply by 2^{-16}.
* Arguments: - poly *r: pointer to output polynomial
           - const polyvec *a: pointer to first input vector of polynomials
           - const polyvec *b: pointer to second input vector of polynomials
***********************************
void polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery(poly *r, const polyvec *a, const polyvec *b)
 unsigned int i;
 poly tmp;
```

```
poly_basemul_montgomery(r,&a->vec[0],&b->vec[0]);
 for (i=1; i < KYBER_K; i++) {</pre>
   poly_basemul_montgomery(&tmp,&a->vec[i],&b->vec[i]);
   poly_add(r,r,&tmp);
  }
}
/**************
* Name:
             polyvec_reduce
* Description: Applies Barrett reduction to each coefficient
             of each element of a vector of polynomials;
              for details of the Barrett reduction see comments in reduce.c
* Arguments: - polyvec *r: pointer to input/output polynomial
************************************
void polyvec_reduce(polyvec *r)
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_reduce(&r->vec[i]);
/**************
* Name:
             polyvec_add
* Description: Add vectors of polynomials
* Arguments: - polyvec *r:
                              pointer to output vector of polynomials
            - const polyvec *a: pointer to first input vector of polynomials
            - const polyvec *b: pointer to second input vector of polynomials
*****************
void polyvec_add(polyvec *r, const polyvec *a, const polyvec *b)
 unsigned int i;
 for (i=0; i < KYBER_K; i++)</pre>
   poly_add(&r->vec[i], &a->vec[i], &b->vec[i]);
```

```
// PQCgenKAT_kem.c
//
   Created by Bassham, Lawrence E (Fed) on 8/29/17.
   Copyright Â@ 2017 Bassham, Lawrence E (Fed). All rights reserved.
//
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include "rng.h"
#include "kem.h"
#define MAX_MARKER_LEN
                                50
#define KAT_SUCCESS
                             Ω
#define KAT_FILE_OPEN_ERROR -1
                            -3
#define KAT_DATA_ERROR
#define KAT_CRYPTO_FAILURE -4
                FindMarker(FILE *infile, const char *marker);
int
                ReadHex(FILE *infile, unsigned char *A, int Length, char *str);
int
void
        fprintBstr(FILE *fp, char *S, unsigned char *A, unsigned long long L);
int
main()
                        fn_req[32], fn_rsp[32];
    char
    FILE
                        *fp_req, *fp_rsp;
    unsigned char
                       seed[48];
    unsigned char
                       entropy_input[48];
                       ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES], ss[CRYPTO_BYTES], ss1[CRYPTO_BYTES];
    unsigned char
    int
                        count;
    int
                        done;
                       pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES], sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
    unsigned char
                        ret_val;
    // Create the REQUEST file
    sprintf(fn_req, "PQCkemKAT_%d.req", CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES);
    if ( (fp_req = fopen(fn_req, "w")) == NULL ) {
        printf("Couldn't open <%s> for write\n", fn_req);
        return KAT_FILE_OPEN_ERROR;
    }
    sprintf(fn_rsp, "PQCkemKAT_%d.rsp", CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES);
    if ( (fp_rsp = fopen(fn_rsp, "w")) == NULL ) {
        printf("Couldn't open <%s> for write\n", fn_rsp);
        return KAT_FILE_OPEN_ERROR;
    for (int i=0; i<48; i++)</pre>
        entropy_input[i] = i;
    randombytes_init(entropy_input, NULL, 256);
    for (int i=0; i<100; i++) {</pre>
        fprintf(fp_req, "count = %d\n", i);
        randombytes (seed, 48);
        fprintBstr(fp_req, "seed = ", seed, 48);
        fprintf(fp_req, "pk =\n");
        fprintf(fp_req, "sk =\n");
        fprintf(fp_req, "ct =\n");
        fprintf(fp_req, "ss =\n\n");
    fclose(fp_req);
    //Create the RESPONSE file based on what's in the REQUEST file
    if ( (fp_req = fopen(fn_req, "r")) == NULL ) {
        printf("Couldn't open <%s> for read\n", fn_req);
        return KAT_FILE_OPEN_ERROR;
```

```
fprintf(fp_rsp, "# %s\n\n", CRYPTO_ALGNAME);
    done = 0;
    do {
        if (FindMarker(fp_req, "count = ") )
            fscanf(fp_req, "%d", &count);
        else {
            done = 1;
            break;
        fprintf(fp_rsp, "count = %d\n", count);
        if ( !ReadHex(fp_req, seed, 48, "seed = ") ) {
            printf("ERROR: unable to read 'seed' from <%s>\n", fn_req);
            return KAT_DATA_ERROR;
        fprintBstr(fp_rsp, "seed = ", seed, 48);
        randombytes_init(seed, NULL, 256);
        // Generate the public/private keypair
        if ( (ret_val = crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk)) != 0) {
            printf("crypto_kem_keypair returned <%d>\n", ret_val);
            return KAT_CRYPTO_FAILURE;
        fprintBstr(fp_rsp, "pk = ", pk, CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES);
        fprintBstr(fp_rsp, "sk = ", sk, CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES);
        if ( (ret_val = crypto_kem_enc(ct, ss, pk)) != 0) {
            printf("crypto_kem_enc returned <%d>\n", ret_val);
            return KAT_CRYPTO_FAILURE;
        fprintBstr(fp_rsp, "ct = ", ct, CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES);
        fprintBstr(fp_rsp, "ss = ", ss, CRYPTO_BYTES);
        fprintf(fp_rsp, "\n");
        if ( (ret_val = crypto_kem_dec(ss1, ct, sk)) != 0) {
            printf("crypto_kem_dec returned <%d>\n", ret_val);
            return KAT_CRYPTO_FAILURE;
        }
        if ( memcmp(ss, ss1, CRYPTO_BYTES) ) {
            printf("crypto_kem_dec returned bad 'ss' value\n");
            return KAT_CRYPTO_FAILURE;
    } while ( !done );
    fclose(fp_req);
    fclose(fp_rsp);
    return KAT_SUCCESS;
}
// ALLOW TO READ HEXADECIMAL ENTRY (KEYS, DATA, TEXT, etc.)
// ALLOW TO READ HEXADECIMAL ENTRY (KEYS, DATA, TEXT, etc.)
int
FindMarker(FILE *infile, const char *marker)
{
                line[MAX_MARKER_LEN];
        char
```

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PQCgenKAT_kem.c

int

```
i, len;
        int curr_line;
        len = (int) strlen(marker);
        if ( len > MAX_MARKER_LEN-1 )
                 len = MAX_MARKER_LEN-1;
        for ( i=0; i<len; i++ )</pre>
             curr line = fgetc(infile);
             line[i] = curr_line;
            if (curr_line == EOF )
              return 0;
        line[len] = ' \setminus 0';
        while ( 1 ) {
                 if (!strncmp(line, marker, len))
                         return 1;
                 for ( i=0; i<len-1; i++ )</pre>
                         line[i] = line[i+1];
                 curr_line = fgetc(infile);
line[len-1] = curr_line;
                 if (curr_line == EOF )
                     return 0;
                 line[len] = ' \setminus 0';
        // shouldn't get here
        return 0;
}
// ALLOW TO READ HEXADECIMAL ENTRY (KEYS, DATA, TEXT, etc.)
int
ReadHex(FILE *infile, unsigned char *A, int Length, char *str)
        int
                                  i, ch, started;
        unsigned char ich;
        if ( Length == 0 ) {
                 A[0] = 0x00;
                 return 1;
        }
        memset(A, 0x00, Length);
        started = 0;
        if (FindMarker(infile, str) )
                 while ( (ch = fgetc(infile)) != EOF ) {
                          if (!isxdigit(ch)) {
                                  if (!started) {
                                           if ( ch == '\n' )
                                                   break;
                                           else
                                                   continue;
                                  }
                                  else
                                           break;
                          started = 1;
                          if ((ch >= '0') \&\& (ch <= '9'))
                                  ich = ch - '0';
                          else if ( (ch >= 'A') && (ch <= 'F') )</pre>
                                  ich = ch - 'A' + 10;
                          else if ( (ch >= 'a') && (ch <= 'f') )</pre>
                                  ich = ch - 'a' + 10;
             else // shouldn't ever get here
```

```
PQCgenKAT_kem.c
                       Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024 4
                 ich = 0;
                          for ( i=0; i<Length-1; i++ )</pre>
                          A[i] = (A[i] << 4) | (A[i+1] >> 4);
A[Length-1] = (A[Length-1] << 4) | ich;
        else
                return 0;
        return 1;
}
void
fprintBstr(FILE *fp, char *S, unsigned char *A, unsigned long long L)
        unsigned long long i;
        fprintf(fp, "%s", S);
        for ( i=0; i<L; i++ )</pre>
                 fprintf(fp, "%02x", A[i]);
        if ( L == 0 )
                 fprintf(fp, "00");
        fprintf(fp, "\n");
}
```

```
randombytes.c
                     Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "randombytes.h"
#ifdef _WIN32
#include <windows.h>
#include <wincrypt.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <errno.h>
#ifdef __linux__
#define _GNU_SOURCE
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/syscall.h>
#else
#include <unistd.h>
#endif
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
void randombytes(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen) {
 HCRYPTPROV ctx;
  size_t len;
  if(!CryptAcquireContext(&ctx, NULL, NULL, PROV_RSA_FULL, CRYPT_VERIFYCONTEXT))
    abort();
  while (outlen > 0) {
    len = (outlen > 1048576) ? 1048576 : outlen;
    if(!CryptGenRandom(ctx, len, (BYTE *)out))
      abort();
    out += len;
    outlen -= len;
  if(!CryptReleaseContext(ctx, 0))
    abort();
#elif defined(__linux__) && defined(SYS_getrandom)
void randombytes(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen) {
  ssize_t ret;
  while (outlen > 0) {
    ret = syscall(SYS_getrandom, out, outlen, 0);
    if (ret == -1 && errno == EINTR)
      continue;
    else if (ret == -1)
     abort();
    out += ret;
    outlen -= ret;
  }
}
#else
void randombytes(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen) {
 static int fd = -1;
 ssize_t ret;
  while (fd == -1) {
    fd = open("/dev/urandom", O_RDONLY);
    if(fd == -1 && errno == EINTR)
      continue;
    else if (fd == -1)
      abort();
```

```
while (outlen > 0) {
   ret = read(fd, out, outlen);
   if (ret == -1 && errno == EINTR)
      continue;
   else if (ret == -1)
      abort();

   out += ret;
   outlen -= ret;
}

#endif
```

 $\{ 0, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1 \}$ $\{ 2, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1\},\$ 2, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

 $\{6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1\},\$

 $\{ 8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1 \}$ 8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

4, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1}, 4, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1},

6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -18, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1

8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

4, 8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1

4, 8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1

2, 4, 8, 10, -1, -1, -1

8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1

4, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1},

6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1

 $6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1\},$

6, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1

4, 6, 10, -1, -1, -1

{ 0,

{ 4,

{ 0,

{ 0,

{ 2,

{ 0,

{ 4,

{ 0, { 2,

{ 0,

{ 0, { 2,

{ 0,

{ 4,

{ 0,

{ 2,

{ 0,

{ 6,

0, { { 2,

2,

2,

4,

4, 2,

2,

```
8, 10, -1, -1, -1, -1
{ 0,
      6,
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```

```
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rejsample.c
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             6, 8, 10, 12, 14, -1
        4,
  { 0,
        2,
             4,
                6, 8, 10, 12, 14}
};
#endif
#define _mm256_cmpge_epu16(a, b) _mm256_cmpeq_epi16(_mm256_max_epu16(a, b), a)
#define _mm_cmpge_epul6(a, b) _mm_cmpeq_epil6(_mm_max_epul6(a, b), a)
```

```
unsigned int rej_uniform_avx(int16_t * restrict r, const uint8_t *buf)
  unsigned int ctr, pos;
  uint16_t val0, val1;
 uint32_t good;
#ifdef BMI
  uint64_t idx0, idx1, idx2, idx3;
  const __m256i bound = _mm256_load_si256(&qdata.vec[_16XQ/16]);
  const __m256i ones = _mm256_set1_epi8(1);
  const __m256i mask = _mm256_set1_epi16(0xFFF);
  const __m256i idx8 = _mm256_set_epi8(15,14,14,13,12,11,11,10,
                                          9, 8, 8, 7, 6, 5, 5, 4,
                                         11,10,10, 9, 8, 7, 7, 6,
                                          5, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1, 0);
  __m256i f0, f1, g0, g1, g2, g3;
  __m128i f, t, pilo, pihi;
  ctr = pos = 0;
  while(ctr <= KYBER_N - 32 && pos <= REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_BUFLEN - 48) {</pre>
    f0 = _mm256_loadu_si256((_m256i *)&buf[pos]);
    f1 = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&buf[pos+24]);
    f0 = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f0, 0x94);
    f1 = _mm256_permute4x64_epi64(f1, 0x94);
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0, idx8);
    f1 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f1, idx8);
    g0 = _{mm256\_srli\_epi16(f0, 4);}
    g1 = _mm256_srli_epi16(f1, 4);
    f0 = _mm256\_blend\_epi16(f0, g0, 0xAA);
    f1 = _mm256\_blend\_epi16(f1, g1, 0xAA);
    f0 = _mm256_and_si256(f0, mask);
    f1 = _mm256_and_si256(f1, mask);
    pos += 48;
    q0 = _mm256\_cmpqt\_epi16(bound, f0);
    g1 = _mm256\_cmpgt\_epi16(bound, f1);
    g0 = _mm256_packs_epi16(g0, g1);
    good = _mm256_movemask_epi8(g0);
#ifdef BMI
    idx0 = \_pdep\_u64 (good >> 0, 0x0101010101010101);
    idx1 = \_pdep\_u64 (good >> 8, 0x0101010101010101);
    idx2 = \_pdep\_u64 (good >> 16, 0x0101010101010101);
    idx3 = \_pdep\_u64 (good >> 24, 0x0101010101010101);
    idx0 = (idx0 \ll 8) - idx0;
    idx0 = pext_u64(0x0E0C0A0806040200, idx0);
    idx1 = (idx1 << 8) - idx1;
    idx1 = pext_u64(0x0E0C0A0806040200, idx1);
    idx2 = (idx2 << 8) - idx2;
    idx2 = pext_u64(0x0E0C0A0806040200, idx2);
    idx3 = (idx3 << 8) - idx3;
    idx3 = pext_u64(0x0E0C0A0806040200, idx3);
    g0 = _{mm256\_castsi128\_si256(_{mm\_cvtsi64\_si128(idx0))};
    g1 = _mm256_castsi128_si256(_mm_cvtsi64_si128(idx1));
    g0 = _{mm256}_{inserti128}_{si256}(g0, _{mm_cvtsi64}_{si128}(idx2), 1);
    g1 = _{mm256}_{inserti128}_{si256}(g1, _{mm_cvtsi64}_{si128}(idx3), 1);
    g0 = _mm256_castsi128_si256(_mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&idx[(good >> 0) & 0xFF]));
    q1 = _mm256_castsi128_si256(_mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&idx[(good >> 8) & 0xFF]));
    g0 = _mm256_inserti128_si256(g0, _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&idx[(good >> 16) & 0xFF]),
    g1 = _mm256_inserti128_si256(g1, _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&idx[(good >> 24) & 0xFF]),
 1);
#endif
```

```
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rejsample.c
    g2 = _mm256_add_epi8(g0, ones);
    g3 = _mm256_add_epi8(g1, ones);
    g0 = _mm256_unpacklo_epi8(g0, g2);
    g1 = _mm256_unpacklo_epi8(g1, g3);
    f0 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f0, q0);
    f1 = _mm256_shuffle_epi8(f1, g1);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[ctr], _mm256_castsi256_si128(f0));
    ctr += mm popent u32((good >> 0) & 0xFF);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[ctr], _mm256_extracti128_si256(f0, 1));
    ctr += _mm_popcnt_u32((good >> 16) \& 0xFF);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[ctr], _mm256_castsi256_si128(f1));
    ctr += _mm_popcnt_u32((good >> 8) & 0xFF);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[ctr], _mm256_extracti128_si256(f1, 1));
    ctr += _mm_popcnt_u32((good >> 24) & 0xFF);
  }
  while(ctr <= KYBER_N - 8 && pos <= REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_BUFLEN - 12) {</pre>
    f = _mm_loadu_si128((__m128i *)&buf[pos]);
    f = _mm_shuffle_epi8(f, _mm256_castsi256_si128(idx8));
    t = _mm_srli_epi16(f, 4);
    f = _mm_blend_epi16(f, t, 0xAA);
    f = _mm_and_si128(f, _mm256_castsi256_si128(mask));
    pos += 12;
    t = _{mm} cmpgt_{epi16} (_{mm256} castsi256_{si128} (bound), f);
    good = _mm_movemask_epi8(t);
#ifdef BMI
    good &= 0x5555;
    idx0 = \_pdep\_u64 (good, 0x1111111111111111);
    idx0 = (idx0 << 8) - idx0;
    idx0 = pext_u64(0x0E0C0A0806040200, idx0);
    pilo = _mm_cvtsi64_si128(idx0);
    good = pext_u32(good, 0x5555);
    pilo = _mm_loadl_epi64((__m128i *)&idx[good]);
#endif
    pihi = _mm_add_epi8(pilo, _mm256_castsi256_si128(ones));
    pilo = _mm_unpacklo_epi8(pilo, pihi);
    f = _mm_shuffle_epi8(f, pilo);
    _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *)&r[ctr], f);
    ctr += _mm_popcnt_u32(good);
  while(ctr < KYBER_N && pos <= REJ_UNIFORM_AVX_BUFLEN - 3) {</pre>
    val0 = ((buf[pos+0] >> 0) | ((uint16_t)buf[pos+1] << 8)) & 0xFFF;
val1 = ((buf[pos+1] >> 4) | ((uint16_t)buf[pos+2] << 4));</pre>
    pos += 3;
    if(val0 < KYBER_Q)</pre>
      r[ctr++] = val0;
    if(val1 < KYBER_Q && ctr < KYBER_N)</pre>
      r[ctr++] = val1;
  }
```

return ctr;

```
rng.c
            Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024
   rng.c
   Created by Bassham, Lawrence E (Fed) on 8/29/17.
   Copyright Â@ 2017 Bassham, Lawrence E (Fed). All rights reserved.
#include <string.h>
#include "rng.h"
#include <openssl/conf.h>
#include <openssl/evp.h>
#include <openssl/err.h>
AES256_CTR_DRBG_struct DRBG_ctx;
        AES256_ECB (unsigned char *key, unsigned char *ctr, unsigned char *buffer);
void
seedexpander_init()
               - stores the current state of an instance of the seed expander
 ctx
                - a 32 byte random value
 seed
 diversifier
               - an 8 byte diversifier
maxlen
               - maximum number of bytes (less than 2**32) generated under this seed and d
iversifier
 */
int
seedexpander_init (AES_XOF_struct *ctx,
                  unsigned char *seed,
                  unsigned char *diversifier,
                  unsigned long maxlen)
{
    if ( maxlen  >= 0x100000000  )
        return RNG_BAD_MAXLEN;
    ctx->length_remaining = maxlen;
    memcpy(ctx->key, seed, 32);
    memcpy(ctx->ctr, diversifier, 8);
    ctx->ctr[11] = maxlen % 256;
    maxlen >>= 8;
    ctx->ctr[10] = maxlen % 256;
    maxlen >>= 8;
    ctx->ctr[9] = maxlen % 256;
    maxlen >>= 8;
    ctx->ctr[8] = maxlen % 256;
    memset (ctx->ctr+12, 0x00, 4);
    ctx->buffer_pos = 16;
    memset(ctx->buffer, 0x00, 16);
    return RNG_SUCCESS;
}
 seedexpander()
   ctx - stores the current state of an instance of the seed expander
        - returns the XOF data
   xlen - number of bytes to return
seedexpander(AES_XOF_struct *ctx, unsigned char *x, unsigned long xlen)
{
    unsigned long
                  offset;
    if ( x == NULL )
        return RNG_BAD_OUTBUF;
    if ( xlen >= ctx->length_remaining )
```

```
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rng.c
        return RNG_BAD_REQ_LEN;
    ctx->length_remaining -= xlen;
   offset = 0;
   while ( xlen > 0 ) {
            ctx->buffer_pos += xlen;
            return RNG_SUCCESS;
        }
        // take what's in the buffer
        xlen -= 16-ctx->buffer_pos;
       offset += 16-ctx->buffer_pos;
       AES256_ECB(ctx->key, ctx->ctr, ctx->buffer);
        ctx->buffer_pos = 0;
```

```
if ( xlen <= (16-ctx->buffer_pos) ) { // buffer has what we need
            memcpy(x+offset, ctx->buffer+ctx->buffer_pos, xlen);
        memcpy(x+offset, ctx->buffer+ctx->buffer_pos, 16-ctx->buffer_pos);
        //increment the counter
        for (int i=15; i>=12; i--) {
            if ( ctx->ctr[i] == 0xff )
                ctx->ctr[i] = 0x00;
            else {
                ctx->ctr[i]++;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
   return RNG_SUCCESS;
}
void handleErrors(void)
    ERR_print_errors_fp(stderr);
    abort();
}
// Use whatever AES implementation you have. This uses AES from openSSL library
     key - 256-bit AES key
//
      ctr - a 128-bit plaintext value
//
     buffer - a 128-bit ciphertext value
void
AES256_ECB(unsigned char *key, unsigned char *ctr, unsigned char *buffer)
    EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx;
    int len;
    int ciphertext_len;
    /* Create and initialise the context */
    if(!(ctx = EVP_CIPHER_CTX_new())) handleErrors();
    if(1 != EVP_EncryptInit_ex(ctx, EVP_aes_256_ecb(), NULL, key, NULL))
        handleErrors();
    if(1 != EVP_EncryptUpdate(ctx, buffer, &len, ctr, 16))
        handleErrors();
    ciphertext_len = len;
    /* Clean up */
    EVP_CIPHER_CTX_free(ctx);
```

```
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rng.c
}
void
randombytes_init(unsigned char *entropy_input,
                 unsigned char *personalization_string,
                 int security_strength)
{
    unsigned char seed_material[48];
    memcpy(seed_material, entropy_input, 48);
    if (personalization_string)
        for (int i=0; i<48; i++)</pre>
            seed_material[i] ^= personalization_string[i];
    memset(DRBG_ctx.Key, 0x00, 32);
    memset (DRBG_ctx.V, 0x00, 16);
    AES256_CTR_DRBG_Update(seed_material, DRBG_ctx.Key, DRBG_ctx.V);
    DRBG_ctx.reseed_counter = 1;
}
randombytes (unsigned char *x, unsigned long long xlen)
    unsigned char block[16];
    int
                    i = 0;
    while ( xlen > 0 ) {
        //increment V
        for (int j=15; j>=0; j--) {
            if ( DRBG_ctx.V[j] == 0xff )
                DRBG_ctx.V[j] = 0 \times 00;
            else {
                DRBG_ctx.V[j]++;
                break;
            }
        }
        AES256_ECB(DRBG_ctx.Key, DRBG_ctx.V, block);
        if ( xlen > 15 ) {
            memcpy(x+i, block, 16);
            i += 16;
            xlen -= 16;
        }
        else {
            memcpy(x+i, block, xlen);
            xlen = 0;
        }
    AES256_CTR_DRBG_Update(NULL, DRBG_ctx.Key, DRBG_ctx.V);
    DRBG_ctx.reseed_counter++;
    return RNG_SUCCESS;
}
void
AES256_CTR_DRBG_Update (unsigned char *provided_data,
                        unsigned char *Key,
                        unsigned char *V)
{
    unsigned char temp[48];
    for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {</pre>
        //increment V
        for (int j=15; j>=0; j--) {
            if ( V[j] == 0xff )
                V[j] = 0x00;
            else {
                V[j]++;
                break;
            }
```

```
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speed_print.c
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "cpucycles.h"
#include "speed_print.h"
static int cmp_uint64(const void *a, const void *b) {
 if(*(uint64_t *)a < *(uint64_t *)b) return -1;</pre>
 if(*(uint64_t *)a > *(uint64_t *)b) return 1;
  return 0;
static uint64_t median(uint64_t *1, size_t llen) {
 qsort(1,llen,sizeof(uint64_t),cmp_uint64);
 if(llen%2) return 1[llen/2];
  else return (1[llen/2-1]+1[llen/2])/2;
}
static uint64_t average(uint64_t *t, size_t tlen) {
  size_t i;
 uint64_t acc=0;
 for (i=0; i<tlen; i++)</pre>
   acc += t[i];
  return acc/tlen;
}
void print_results(const char *s, uint64_t *t, size_t tlen) {
  size_t i;
  static uint64_t overhead = -1;
  if(tlen < 2) {
    fprintf(stderr, "ERROR: Need a least two cycle counts!\n");
    return;
  if(overhead == (uint64_t)-1)
    overhead = cpucycles_overhead();
  tlen--;
  for (i=0; i<tlen; ++i)</pre>
    t[i] = t[i+1] - t[i] - overhead;
  printf("%s\n", s);
  printf("median: %llu cycles/ticks\n", (unsigned long long)median(t, tlen));
  printf("average: %llu cycles/ticks\n", (unsigned long long) average(t, tlen));
  printf("\n");
}
```

```
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symmetric-shake.c
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "params.h"
#include "symmetric.h"
#include "fips202.h"
/**************
             kyber_shake128_absorb
* Description: Absorb step of the SHAKE128 specialized for the Kyber context.
* Arguments: - keccak_state *state: pointer to (uninitialized) output Keccak state
             - const uint8_t *seed: pointer to KYBER_SYMBYTES input to be absorbed into s
             - uint8_t i: additional byte of input
              - uint8_t j: additional byte of input
****************
void kyber_shake128_absorb(keccak_state *state,
                         const uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES],
                         uint8_t x,
                         uint8_t y)
 uint8_t extseed[KYBER_SYMBYTES+2];
 memcpy(extseed, seed, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 extseed[KYBER_SYMBYTES+0] = x;
 extseed[KYBER_SYMBYTES+1] = y;
  shake128_absorb_once(state, extseed, sizeof(extseed));
}
/***************
* Name:
             kyber_shake256_prf
* Description: Usage of SHAKE256 as a PRF, concatenates secret and public input
             and then generates outlen bytes of SHAKE256 output
* Arguments: - uint8_t *out: pointer to output
              - size_t outlen: number of requested output bytes
              - const uint8_t *key: pointer to the key (of length KYBER_SYMBYTES)
             - uint8_t nonce: single-byte nonce (public PRF input)
*****************
void kyber_shake256_prf(uint8_t *out, size_t outlen, const uint8_t key[KYBER_SYMBYTES], uin
t8_t nonce)
 uint8_t extkey[KYBER_SYMBYTES+1];
 memcpy(extkey, key, KYBER_SYMBYTES);
 extkey[KYBER_SYMBYTES] = nonce;
  shake256(out, outlen, extkey, sizeof(extkey));
```

```
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test_kex.c
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "kem.h"
#include "kex.h"
int main (void)
  uint8_t pkb[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t skb[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t pka[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t ska[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t eska[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t uake_senda[KEX_UAKE_SENDABYTES];
  uint8_t uake_sendb[KEX_UAKE_SENDBBYTES];
  uint8_t ake_senda[KEX_AKE_SENDABYTES];
  uint8_t ake_sendb[KEX_AKE_SENDBBYTES];
  uint8_t tk[KEX_SSBYTES];
  uint8_t ka[KEX_SSBYTES];
  uint8_t kb[KEX_SSBYTES];
  uint8_t zero[KEX_SSBYTES];
  int i;
  for (i=0; i<KEX_SSBYTES; i++)</pre>
    zero[i] = 0;
  crypto_kem_keypair(pkb, skb); // Generate static key for Bob
  crypto_kem_keypair(pka, ska); // Generate static key for Alice
  // Perform unilaterally authenticated key exchange
  kex_uake_initA(uake_senda, tk, eska, pkb); // Run by Alice
  kex_uake_sharedB(uake_sendb, kb, uake_senda, skb); // Run by Bob
  kex_uake_sharedA(ka, uake_sendb, tk, eska); // Run by Alice
  if (memcmp (ka, kb, KEX_SSBYTES))
    printf("Error in UAKE\n");
  if (!memcmp(ka,zero,KEX_SSBYTES))
    printf("Error: UAKE produces zero key\n");
  // Perform mutually authenticated key exchange
  kex_ake_initA(ake_senda, tk, eska, pkb); // Run by Alice
  kex_ake_sharedB(ake_sendb, kb, ake_senda, skb, pka); // Run by Bob
  kex_ake_sharedA(ka, ake_sendb, tk, eska, ska); // Run by Alice
  if (memcmp (ka, kb, KEX_SSBYTES))
    printf("Error in AKE\n");
  if (!memcmp(ka,zero,KEX_SSBYTES))
    printf("Error: AKE produces zero key\n");
  printf("KEX_UAKE_SENDABYTES: %d\n", KEX_UAKE_SENDABYTES);
  printf("KEX_UAKE_SENDBBYTES: %d\n", KEX_UAKE_SENDBBYTES);
```

```
printf("KEX_AKE_SENDABYTES: %d\n", KEX_AKE_SENDABYTES);
printf("KEX_AKE_SENDBBYTES: %d\n", KEX_AKE_SENDBBYTES);
return 0;
```

```
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "kem.h"
#include "randombytes.h"
#define NTESTS 1000
static int test_keys (void)
 uint8_t pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
 uint8_t sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
 uint8_t ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES];
 uint8_t key_a[CRYPTO_BYTES];
 uint8_t key_b[CRYPTO_BYTES];
  //Alice generates a public key
 crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk);
  //Bob derives a secret key and creates a response
 crypto_kem_enc(ct, key_b, pk);
  //Alice uses Bobs response to get her shared key
 crypto_kem_dec(key_a, ct, sk);
 if (memcmp(key_a, key_b, CRYPTO_BYTES)) {
   printf("ERROR keys\n");
    return 1;
  }
 return 0;
}
static int test_invalid_sk_a(void)
 uint8_t pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
 uint8_t sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
 uint8_t ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES];
 uint8_t key_a[CRYPTO_BYTES];
 uint8_t key_b[CRYPTO_BYTES];
  //Alice generates a public key
 crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk);
  //Bob derives a secret key and creates a response
 crypto_kem_enc(ct, key_b, pk);
  //Replace secret key with random values
  randombytes(sk, CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES);
  //Alice uses Bobs response to get her shared key
 crypto_kem_dec(key_a, ct, sk);
  if(!memcmp(key_a, key_b, CRYPTO_BYTES)) {
   printf("ERROR invalid sk\n");
   return 1;
  }
 return 0;
static int test_invalid_ciphertext(void)
 uint8_t pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
 uint8_t sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
 uint8_t ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES];
 uint8_t key_a[CRYPTO_BYTES];
 uint8_t key_b[CRYPTO_BYTES];
```

```
test_kyber.c
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  uint8_t b;
  size_t pos;
  do {
    randombytes(&b, sizeof(uint8_t));
  } while(!b);
  randombytes((uint8_t *)&pos, sizeof(size_t));
  //Alice generates a public key
  crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk);
  //Bob derives a secret key and creates a response
  crypto_kem_enc(ct, key_b, pk);
  //Change some byte in the ciphertext (i.e., encapsulated key)
  ct[pos % CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES] ^= b;
  //Alice uses Bobs response to get her shared key
  crypto_kem_dec(key_a, ct, sk);
  if(!memcmp(key_a, key_b, CRYPTO_BYTES)) {
    printf("ERROR invalid ciphertext\n");
    return 1;
  return 0;
int main(void)
  unsigned int i;
  int r;
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
   r = test_keys();
    r = test_invalid_sk_a();
    r |= test_invalid_ciphertext();
    if(r)
     return 1;
  }
```

printf("CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES: %d\n", CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES);
printf("CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES: %d\n", CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES);
printf("CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES: %d\n", CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES);

return 0;

```
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test_speed.c
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "kem.h"
#include "kex.h"
#include "params.h"
#include "indcpa.h"
#include "polyvec.h"
#include "poly.h"
#include "randombytes.h"
#include "cpucycles.h"
#include "speed_print.h"
#define NTESTS 1000
uint64_t t[NTESTS];
uint8_t seed[KYBER_SYMBYTES] = {0};
/* Dummy randombytes for speed tests that simulates a fast randombytes implementation
 * as in SUPERCOP so that we get comparable cycle counts */
void randombytes(__attribute__((unused)) uint8_t *r, __attribute__((unused)) size_t len) {
  return;
}
int main (void)
  unsigned int i;
  uint8_t pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES];
 uint8_t key[CRYPTO_BYTES];
 uint8_t kexsenda[KEX_AKE_SENDABYTES];
  uint8_t kexsendb[KEX_AKE_SENDBBYTES];
  uint8_t kexkey[KEX_SSBYTES];
 polyvec matrix[KYBER_K];
 poly ap;
#ifndef KYBER_90S
 poly bp, cp, dp;
#endif
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    gen_matrix(matrix, seed, 0);
  print_results("gen_a: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i < NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    poly_getnoise_etal(&ap, seed, 0);
  print_results("poly_getnoise_etal: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    poly_getnoise_eta2(&ap, seed, 0);
  }
  print_results("poly_getnoise_eta2: ", t, NTESTS);
#ifndef KYBER_90S
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    poly_getnoise_etal_4x(&ap, &bp, &cp, &dp, seed, 0, 1, 2, 3);
  }
 print_results("poly_getnoise_etal_4x: ", t, NTESTS);
#endif
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
```

```
t[i] = cpucycles();
  poly_ntt(&ap);
print_results("NTT: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  poly_invntt_tomont(&ap);
print_results("INVNTT: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery(&ap, &matrix[0], &matrix[1]);
}
print_results("polyvec_basemul_acc_montgomery: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  poly_tomsg(ct,&ap);
}
print_results("poly_tomsg: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  poly_frommsg(&ap,ct);
print_results("poly_frommsg: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  poly_compress(ct, &ap);
}
print_results("poly_compress: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  poly_decompress(&ap,ct);
}
print_results("poly_decompress: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  polyvec_compress(ct,&matrix[0]);
print_results("polyvec_compress: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  polyvec_decompress(&matrix[0],ct);
print_results("polyvec_decompress: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  indcpa_keypair(pk, sk);
}
print_results("indcpa_keypair: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i < NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  indcpa_enc(ct, key, pk, seed);
print_results("indcpa_enc: ", t, NTESTS);
for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
  t[i] = cpucycles();
  indcpa_dec(key, ct, sk);
```

```
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test_speed.c
  print_results("indcpa_dec: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk);
  print_results("kyber_keypair: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    crypto_kem_enc(ct, key, pk);
  print_results("kyber_encaps: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
   t[i] = cpucycles();
    crypto_kem_dec(key, ct, sk);
  print_results("kyber_decaps: ", t, NTESTS);
  for(i=0;i<NTESTS;i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    kex_uake_initA(kexsenda, key, sk, pk);
  print_results("kex_uake_initA: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    kex_uake_sharedB(kexsendb, kexkey, kexsenda, sk);
  }
  print_results("kex_uake_sharedB: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    kex_uake_sharedA(kexkey, kexsendb, key, sk);
  print_results("kex_uake_sharedA: ", t, NTESTS);
  for(i=0;i<NTESTS;i++) {</pre>
   t[i] = cpucycles();
    kex_ake_initA(kexsenda, key, sk, pk);
  print_results("kex_ake_initA: ", t, NTESTS);
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    kex_ake_sharedB(kexsendb, kexkey, kexsenda, sk, pk);
  print_results("kex_ake_sharedB: ", t, NTESTS);
  for(i=0;i<NTESTS;i++) {</pre>
    t[i] = cpucycles();
    kex_ake_sharedA(kexkey, kexsendb, key, sk, sk);
```

print_results("kex_ake_sharedA: ", t, NTESTS);

return 0;

```
/* Deterministic randombytes by Daniel J. Bernstein */
/* taken from SUPERCOP (https://bench.cr.yp.to)
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "kem.h"
#include "randombytes.h"
#define NTESTS 10000
static uint32_t seed[32] = {
  3,1,4,1,5,9,2,6,5,3,5,8,9,7,9,3,2,3,8,4,6,2,6,4,3,3,8,3,2,7,9,5
static uint32_t in[12];
static uint32_t out[8];
static int outleft = 0;
#define ROTATE(x,b) (((x) << (b)) ((x) >> (32 - (b))))
#define MUSH(i,b) x = t[i] += (((x ^ seed[i]) + sum) ^ ROTATE(x,b));
static void surf (void)
  uint32_t t[12]; uint32_t x; uint32_t sum = 0;
  int r; int i; int loop;
  for (i = 0;i < 12;++i) t[i] = in[i] ^ seed[12 + i];</pre>
  for (i = 0; i < 8; ++i) out [i] = seed[24 + i];
  x = t[11];
  for (loop = 0;loop < 2;++loop) {</pre>
    for (r = 0; r < 16; ++r) {
      sum += 0x9e3779b9;
      MUSH(0,5) MUSH(1,7) MUSH(2,9) MUSH(3,13)
      MUSH(4,5) MUSH(5,7) MUSH(6,9) MUSH(7,13)
      MUSH(8,5) MUSH(9,7) MUSH(10,9) MUSH(11,13)
    for (i = 0; i < 8; ++i) out [i] ^= t[i + 4];
}
void randombytes(uint8_t *x, size_t xlen)
  while (xlen > 0) {
    if (!outleft) {
      if (!++in[0]) if (!++in[1]) if (!++in[2]) ++in[3];
      surf();
      outleft = 8;
    *x = out[--outleft];
    printf("%02x", *x);
    ++x;
    --xlen;
  printf("\n");
}
int main(void)
  unsigned int i, j;
  uint8_t pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
  uint8_t ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES];
  uint8_t key_a[CRYPTO_BYTES];
  uint8_t key_b[CRYPTO_BYTES];
  for (i=0; i<NTESTS; i++) {</pre>
    // Key-pair generation
    crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk);
```

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test_vectors.c

```
printf("Public Key: ");
  for (j=0; j<CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES; j++)</pre>
    printf("%02x",pk[j]);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Secret Key: ");
  for (j=0; j<CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES; j++)</pre>
    printf("%02x",sk[j]);
  printf("\n");
  // Encapsulation
  crypto_kem_enc(ct, key_b, pk);
  printf("Ciphertext: ");
  for ( j=0; j < CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES; j++)</pre>
    printf("%02x",ct[j]);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Shared Secret B: ");
  for (j=0; j<CRYPTO_BYTES; j++)</pre>
    printf("%02x", key_b[j]);
  printf("\n");
  // Decapsulation
  crypto_kem_dec(key_a, ct, sk);
  printf("Shared Secret A: ");
  for (j=0; j<CRYPTO_BYTES; j++)</pre>
    printf("%02x", key_a[j]);
  printf("\n");
  for (j=0; j<CRYPTO_BYTES; j++) {</pre>
    if (key_a[j] != key_b[j]) {
      fprintf(stderr, "ERROR\n");
      return -1;
    }
  }
}
return 0;
```

```
Wed May 22 13:38:57 2024
verify.c
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <immintrin.h>
#include "verify.h"
 /**************
 * Name:
                                                  verify
 * Description: Compare two arrays for equality in constant time.
 * Arguments:
                                              const uint8_t *a: pointer to first byte array
                                                  const uint8_t *b: pointer to second byte array
                                                   size_t len: length of the byte arrays
 * Returns 0 if the byte arrays are equal, 1 otherwise
 ****************
int verify(const uint8_t *a, const uint8_t *b, size_t len)
      size_t i;
      uint64_t r;
       __m256i f, g, h;
      h = _mm256_setzero_si256();
      for (i=0; i<len/32; i++) {</pre>
            f = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&a[32*i]);

g = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&b[32*i]);
             f = _mm256_xor_si256(f,g);
            h = _{mm256_or_si256(h,f)};
       }
      r = 1 - _mm256_testz_si256(h,h);
      a += 32*i;
      b += 32*i;
      len -= 32*i;
      for (i=0; i<len; i++)</pre>
            r = a[i] ^ b[i];
      r = (-r) >> 63;
      return r;
 /*****************
 * Name:
                                                 cmov
 * Description: Copy len bytes from x to r if b is 1;
                                                    don't modify x if b is 0. Requires b to be in \{0,1\};
                                                    assumes two's complement representation of negative integers.
                                                   Runs in constant time.
 * Arguments: uint8_t *r: pointer to output byte array
                                                   const uint8_t *x: pointer to input byte array
                                                  size_t len: Amount of bytes to be copied
                                                  uint8_t b: Condition bit; has to be in {0,1}
 *****************
void cmov(uint8_t * restrict r, const uint8_t *x, size_t len, uint8_t b)
      size_t i;
       __m256i xvec, rvec, bvec;
 #if defined(__GNUC__) | defined(__clang__)
      // Prevent the compiler from
                        1) inferring that b is 0/1-valued, and
                          2) handling the two cases with a branch.
       // This is not necessary when verify.c and kem.c are separate translation % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
       // units, but we expect that downstream consumers will copy this code and/or
       // change how it is built.
       __asm__("" : "+r"(b) : /* no inputs */);
 #endif
```

```
bvec = _mm256_set1_epi64x(-(uint64_t)b);
for(i=0;i<len/32;i++) {
    rvec = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&r[32*i]);
    xvec = _mm256_loadu_si256((__m256i *)&x[32*i]);
    rvec = _mm256_blendv_epi8(rvec, xvec, bvec);
    _mm256_storeu_si256((__m256i *)&r[32*i], rvec);
}

r += 32*i;
x += 32*i;
len -= 32*i;
for(i=0;i<len;i++)
    r[i] ^= -b & (x[i] ^ r[i]);
}</pre>
```