DE Computation practicum V1

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02.06.2001

IVP solution:

$$y' = 1 + 2\frac{y}{x}, y(1) = 2, x \in [1, 10]$$

$$y'-2\frac{y}{x}=1,\,x\neq 0$$
- linear first order DE

Solve using method "Variation of parameters"

$$y = y_1 u(x)$$

$$y_1'-2\frac{y_1}{x}=0$$
 - complementary equation

$$y_1 = e^{\int \frac{2}{x} dx} = x^2, \ y \neq 0$$

$$y = y_1 u(x) = u' = \frac{f(x)}{y_1(x)} = u = \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + C, C \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = x^2(C - \frac{1}{x}) = x(Cx - 1)$$

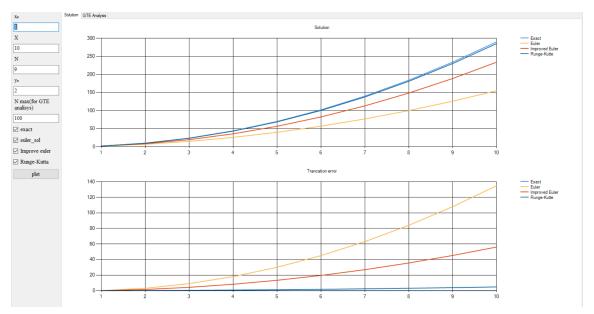
$$y(1) = 2 = C - 1 \Longrightarrow C = 3$$

if
$$y = 0$$
:

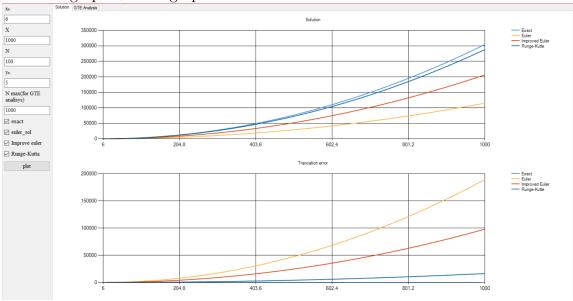
$$0 = 1 + 0 => y \neq 0$$

Ans:
$$y = x(3x - 1), y \neq 0$$
.

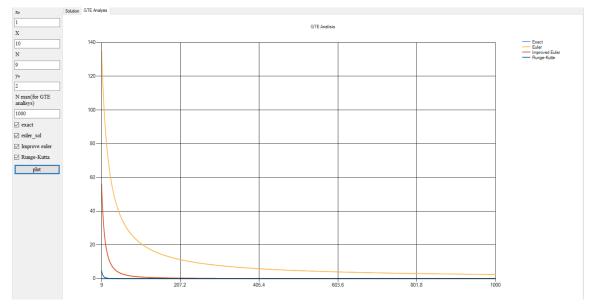
Graphs:



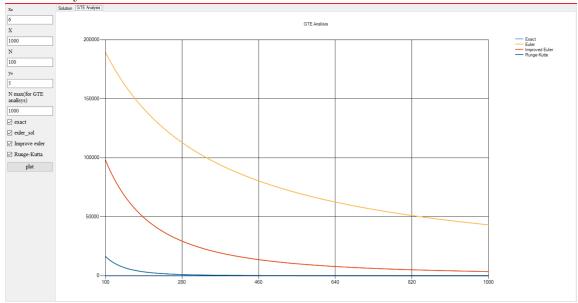
Solutions graph + error graph for initial data



Solutions graph + error graph for changed data

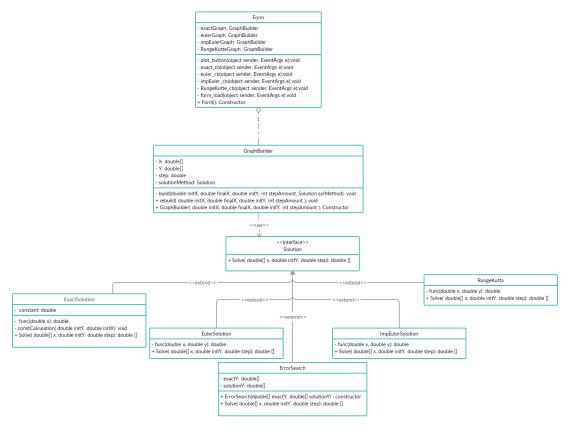


GTE analysis for initial data



GTE analysis for changed data

Code Review:



UML diagram

Mostly all computation happens inside class "GraphBuild". As an arguments it takes all initial values that was inserted in UI as well as "method of a solution". it can be rebuild in any time using "rebuild" method where you also should provide all initial values but without "method of a solution".

"Solution" is an interface that must be implemented by class that was privided to "GraphBuild" as a "method of a solution". Class that implements this interface should implement "Solve" function that returns array of "y" values that correspond to provided array of "x".

ExactSolution, EulerSolution; ImpEulerSolution, RungeKutta and ErrorSearch are just specific implementations of "Solution" interface

"Form" class describe whole UI and responsible for all interactions and setting up all data for backend.

```
using System;
using solutions;
namespace DE_comp_pract
   public class GraphBuilder
       private double [] _xArray;
       private double [] _yArray;
       private double _step;
       private Solution _solMethod;
       public double[] XArray => _xArray;
       public double[] YArray => _yArray;
       public GraphBuilder(double initialX, double finaleX, double
           initialY, int stepAmount, Solution solMethod){
           Build(initialX, finaleX, initialY, stepAmount, solMethod);
       }
       public GraphBuilder(Solution solMethod) : this(1, 10, 2, 9,
           solMethod){}
       private void Build(double initialX, double finaleX, double
           initialY, int stepAmount, Solution solMethod)
       {
           _xArray = new double[stepAmount + 1];
           _yArray = new double[stepAmount + 1];
           _yArray[0] = initialY;
           _xArray[0] = initialX;
           _solMethod = solMethod;
           if (stepAmount < 0) throw new Exception("N cannot be negative");</pre>
           if (stepAmount == 0) throw new Exception("N cannot be equal to
               zero");
           _step = (finaleX - initialX) / stepAmount;
           if(_step <= 0) throw new Exception("Initial value if \"x\"</pre>
              cannot be greater than finale one");
           for (int i = 1; i < stepAmount + 1; i++)</pre>
           {
               _xArray[i] = _xArray[i - 1] + _step;
           }
           _yArray = _solMethod.Solve(_xArray, initialY, _step);
       }
       public void Rebuild(double initialX, double finaleX, double
           initialY, int stepAmount)
       {
```

```
Build(initialX, finaleX, initialY, stepAmount, _solMethod);
}

Solution interface
```

double[] Solve(double[] xArray, double initY, double step);

ExactSolution implementation

public interface Solution

namespace solutions

}

}

```
public class ExactSolution : Solution
   {
       private double _constant;
       private double func(double x)
           return x * (_constant * x - 1);
       }
       private void constCalculation(double initX, double initY)
           _constant = (initY + initX) / (initX * initX);
       }
       public double[] Solve(double[] xArray, double initY, double step)
           double[] yArray = new double[xArray.Length];
           constCalculation(xArray[0], initY);
           yArray[0] = initY;
           for (int i = 1; i < xArray.Length; i++)</pre>
               yArray[i] = func(xArray[i]);
           return yArray;
       }
   }
```

EulerSolution implementation(other numerical methods implemented in simular way)

```
{\tt public \ class \ Euler Solution \ : \ Solution} \\
```

```
private double func(double x, double y)
       {
           if(x == 0) throw new Exception("X cannot be equal to zero");
           return 1 + 2 * y / x;
       }
       public double[] Solve(double[] xArray, double initY, double step)
       {
           double[] yArray = new double[xArray.Length];
           yArray[0] = initY;
           for (int i = 1; i < xArray.Length; i++)</pre>
           {
              yArray[i] = yArray[i-1] + step * func(xArray[i - 1],
                  yArray[i - 1]);
           return yArray;
       }
   }
   Example of plotting
public class EulerSolution
       private GraphBuilder exactGraph = new GraphBuilder(new
          ExactSolution());
       private void plot(object sender, EventArgs e)
       {
           try
           {
              double initX = Double.Parse(x0_info.Text);
              double finaleX = Double.Parse(X_info.Text);
              double initY = Double.Parse(y0_info.Text);
              int stepAmount = Int32.Parse(N_info.Text);
              int finaleStepAmount = Int32.Parse(N_max_info.Text);
              //plot a solution graph
              exactGraph.Rebuild(initX, finaleX, initY, stepAmount);
              solution_chart.Series[0].Points.DataBindXY(exactGraph.XArray,
                  exactGraph.YArray);
              solution_chart.ChartAreas[0].AxisX.Minimum = initX;
              solution_chart.ChartAreas[0].AxisX.Maximum = finaleX;
              //plot an error graph
              GraphBuilder exactErrGraph = new GraphBuilder(initX,
                  finaleX, initY, stepAmount,
                  new ErrorSearch(exactGraph.YArray, exactGraph.YArray));
```

```
error_chart.Series[0].Points.DataBindXY(exactErrGraph.XArray,
              exactErrGraph.YArray);
           error_chart.ChartAreas[0].AxisX.Minimum = initX;
           error_chart.ChartAreas[0].AxisX.Maximum = finaleX;
           //plot GTE analysis graph
           double[] GTEXArray = new double[finaleStepAmount -
              stepAmount + 1];
           double[] GTEYExactArray = new double[finaleStepAmount -
              stepAmount + 1];
           for (int i = stepAmount; i <= finaleStepAmount; i++)</pre>
              GTEXArray[i - stepAmount] = i;
              exactGraph.Rebuild(initX, finaleX, initY, i);
              GraphBuilder exactGTEGraph = new GraphBuilder(initX,
                  finaleX, initY, i,
                  new ErrorSearch(exactGraph.YArray,
                      exactGraph.YArray));
              GTEYExactArray[i - stepAmount] =
                  exactGTEGraph.YArray.Max();
           }
           GTE_analisis_chart.Series[0].Points.DataBindXY(GTEXArray,
              GTEYExactArray);
           GTE_analisis_chart.ChartAreas[0].AxisX.Minimum = stepAmount;
           GTE_analisis_chart.ChartAreas[0].AxisX.Maximum =
              finaleStepAmount;
       }
       catch(Exception err)
       {
           MessageBox.Show(err.Message);
       }
   }
}
```

P.S. source code and .exe file can be found here: https://github.com/zZzwat4er/DE_comp