

$$[J_{\pm}, J_z] = [J_x, J_z] \pm i[J_y, J_z] = -iJ_y \mp J_x =$$

$$= \mp J_x \pm iJ_y = \mp J_{\pm}$$

$$J_z J_{\pm} |\beta, m\rangle = (J_{\pm} J_z + [J_z, J_{\pm}]) |\beta, m\rangle =$$

$$= (J_{\pm} J_z \pm J_{\pm}) |\beta, m\rangle = (m \pm 1) J_{\pm} |\beta, m\rangle$$

$\Rightarrow J_{\pm} |\beta, m\rangle$  IS EIGENSTATE OF  $J_z$

$$J_{\pm} |\beta, m\rangle = \alpha_{\pm} |\beta, m \pm 1\rangle$$

$$|\alpha_{+}|^2 = \langle \beta, m | J_{+}^{\dagger} J_{+} | \beta, m \rangle = \langle \beta, m | J_{-} J_{+} | \beta, m \rangle =$$

$$= \langle \beta, m | (J_x - iJ_y)(J_x + iJ_y) | \beta, m \rangle =$$

$$= \langle \beta, m | J^2 - J_z^2 + i[J_x, J_y] | \beta, m \rangle =$$

$$= \langle \beta, m | J^2 - J_z^2 - J_z | \beta, m \rangle = \beta - m^2 - m =$$

$$= \beta - m(m+1)$$

$$|\alpha_{-}|^2 = \langle \beta, m | J_{-}^{\dagger} J_{-} | \beta, m \rangle = \langle \beta, m | J_{+} J_{-} | \beta, m \rangle =$$

$$= \langle \beta, m | (J_x + iJ_y)(J_x - iJ_y) | \beta, m \rangle =$$

$$= \langle \beta, m | J^2 - J_z^2 + i[J_y, J_x] | \beta, m \rangle =$$

$$= \langle \beta, m | J^2 - J_z^2 + J_z | \beta, m \rangle = \beta - m^2 + m =$$

$$= \beta - m(m-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha_{\pm} = \sqrt{\beta - m(m \pm 1)}$$

$$J_i \text{ ARE HERMITIAN} \Rightarrow \langle \psi | J_i^2 | \psi \rangle = |J_i | \psi \rangle|^2 \geq 0$$

$$B = \langle B, m | J^2 | B, m \rangle = \langle B, m | J_x^2 + J_y^2 + J_z^2 | B, m \rangle \geq m^2$$

(GIVEN THAT  $\langle B, m | J_z^2 | B, m \rangle = m^2$ )

FOR  $\alpha_+$ :  $B - m_{\max}(m_{\max} + 1) = 0$

(FROM EQ ON PREVIOUS PAGE)

FOR  $\alpha_-$ :  $B - m_{\min}(m_{\min} - 1) = 0$

$$m_{\max}(m_{\max} + 1) = m_{\min}(m_{\min} - 1)$$

$$m_{\max}^2 + m_{\max} = m_{\min}^2 - m_{\min}$$

$$m_{\min}^2 - m_{\min} - m_{\max}^2 - m_{\max} = 0$$

$$m_{\min} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-m_{\max}^2 - m_{\max})}}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4(m_{\max}^2 + m_{\max})}}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm \sqrt{(2m_{\max} + 1)^2}) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1 \pm (2m_{\max} + 1))$$

$$m_{\max} > m_{\min} \text{ SO}$$

ONLY + COUNT FROM  $\pm$ .

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (1 - (2m_{\max} + 1)) = -m_{\max}$$

DEFINE:  $J = m_{\max}$

$$B = m_{\max}(m_{\max} + 1)$$

$$B = j(j + 1)$$

$$-j \leq m \leq j$$

$|B, j\rangle \xrightarrow[\text{APPLICATION}]{\text{INTEGER NUMBER OF } J_-} |B, -j\rangle$

$\Downarrow$   
 $2j$  MUST BE INTEGER.

RELABEL KETS:

$|B, m\rangle = |j(j+1), m\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{RELABEL}} |j, m\rangle$

$$\rightarrow |j, m\rangle$$

$$J_{\pm} |j, m\rangle = \alpha_{\pm}(m) |j, m \pm 1\rangle$$

$$= \sqrt{j(j+1) - m(m \pm 1)} |j, m \pm 1\rangle$$