# Package 'ehpoly'

January 2, 2017

Type Package		
Title What the Package Do	nes (Title Case)	
Version 0.1.0		
Author Who wrote it		
Maintainer The package n	naintainer <yourself@somewhere.net></yourself@somewhere.net>	
_	hat it does (maybe more than one line) n indenting paragraphs within the Description.	
License What license is it is	under?	
<b>Encoding</b> UTF-8		
LazyData true		
RoxygenNote 5.0.1		
R topics documen	ted:	
ehpoly		1
Index		3
ehpoly	Conduct an analysis of etiologic heterogeneity using polytomous logistic regression	

# **Description**

ehpoly takes a list of individual tumor markers and a list of risk factors and returns results related to the question of whether each risk factor differs across levels of the disease subtypes and the question of whether each risk factor differs across levels of each individual tumor marker of which the disease subtypes are comprised.

Input is a dataframe that contains the individual tumor markers and the risk factors of interest. The tumor markers must be binary and must have levels 0 or 1 for cases. The tumor markers must have a value of 999 for control subjects. For categorical tumor markers, a reference level should be selected and then indicator variables for each remaining level of the tumor marker should be created. For continuous tumor markers, categories should be formed and then indicator variables can be constructed as in the case of categorical tumor markers. Risk factors can be either binary or continuous. For categorical risk factors, a reference level should be selected and then indicator variables for each remaining level of the risk factor should be created. Categorical risk factors entered as is will be treated as ordinal.

2 ehpoly

### Usage

```
ehpoly(tm, rf, case, df)
```

#### **Arguments**

tm a list of the names of the binary tumor markers. Each must have levels 0 or 1 for

case subjects. This value will be missing for all control subjects.

rf a list of the names of the binary or continuous risk factors. For binary risk factors

the lowest level will be used as the reference level.

case denotes the variable that contains each subject's status as a case or control. This

value should be 1 for cases and 0 for controls. Argument must be supplied in

quotes.

df the name of the dataframe that contains the tumor markers and risk factors.

#### Value

Returns a list.

beta is a matrix containing the estimated beta parameters with a column for each risk factor and a row for each disease subtype.

beta\_se contains the associated standard errors.

eh\_pval is a vector of p-values for testing whether each risk factor differs across levels of the disease subtype.

gamma is a matrix containing the estimated gamma parameters, obtained as linear combinations of the beta parameters with a column for each risk factor and a row for each tumor marker.

gamma\_se contains the associated standard errors.

gamma\_p is a matrix of p-values for testing whether each risk factor differs across levels of each tumor marker, with a column for each risk factor and a row for each tumor marker.

or\_ci\_p is a dataframe with a odds ratio (95 factor/subtype combination, as well as a column of etiologic heterogeneity p-values.

beta\_se\_p is a dataframe with the estimated beta parameters (SE) for each risk factor/subtype combination, as well as a column of etiologic heterogeneity p-values.

gamma\_se\_p is a dataframe with estimates of the gamma tumor marker effects (SE) and their associated p-values.

## Author(s)

Emily C Zabor < zabore@mskcc.org>

# Index

ehpoly, 1