Graphical User Interface Design in MATLAB

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Graphical User Interface (GUI):

- GUI is a visual way of interacting with a computer program.
- The purpose of a GUI is to make things as easy as possible from the user end.

Graphical User Interface (GUI):

Introduction

A USER INTERFACE IS LIKE A JOKE. IF YOU HAVE TO EXPLAIN IT, IT'S NOT THAT GOOD.

Martin LeBlanc



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MATLAB GUI Main Components

- 1. Visual Components.
- 2. Code Components.

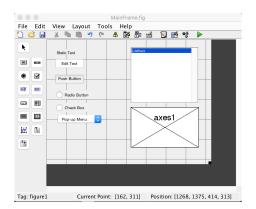


MATLAB GUI Visual Components

- 1. Figures (Frames).
- 2. Objects (i.e. Text box, drop down menu... etc.).

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MATLAB GUI Visual Components



MATLAB GUI Code Components

- Callback functions: sensors for the user actions, in which when it detects the action, it triggers a response. (response=execute your code!) (i.e. Mouse Click, Button Down, Click and hold... etc.).
- 2. Developer Code (you).

Introduction GUI Components Communicating with Objects Example 1 Example 2 Example 3 Common Issues Summary on Summary on

GUI Components

MATLAB GUI Code Components

```
□ function pushbutton1 Callback(hObject, eventdata, handles)
LMv functions goes here, they will be excuted once the callback is triggered
 function checkbox1 Callback(hObject, eventdata, handles)
  function listbox1 Callback(hObject, eventdata, handles)
```

MATLAB GUI Code Components

Callback function input arguments: (MathWorks)

- 1. hObject: the UI component that triggered the callback.
- 2. eventdata: a variable that contains detailed information about specific mouse or keyboard actions.
- handles: a struct that contains all the objects in the UI. GUIDE uses the guidata function to store and maintain this structure.









-In which callback function I should place my code?



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(A better question is:)





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-What change (or actions) I want to happen instantly when the user interact with EACH OBJECT alone?

Communicating with/between Objects:

If I need to get information from other GUI objects or I need to send information to other GUI objects:

- 1. set(handles.ObjectTagName, 'property', $X_{variable}$).
- 2. $X_{variable} = get(handles.ObjectTagName, 'property')$.

Let's consider building a GUI to the following function.

```
%%Code snippet - Matlab
function [ y ] = ProductFun( x1, x2 )
y = x1.*x2;
end
```

*Matlab Tutorial 1

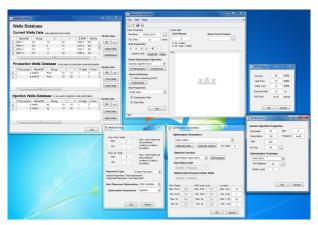


Loading and Extracting Data

```
%% Loading Data in Matlab GUI
FilterExt={ '*.mat '; '*.*'};
[FileName, FilePath] = uigetfile (FilterExt, '
   Select...');
MyData=load(fullfile(FilePath, FileName));
%% Saving Data in Matlab GUI
FilterExt={ '*.mat'; '*.*'};
[FileName, FilePath] = uiputfile(FilterExt,
   'Save as', 'My Output');
save(fullfile(pathname, filename), 'My GUI
   Output');
```

*Matlab Tutorial 2

Build Multiple Frame GUI



*Matlab Tutorial 3



Exchanging Data Between Callbacks/Frames

1. Exchange data among callbacks:

```
setappdata(handles.MyObj, 'X', var);
MyVar=getappdata(handles.MyObj, 'X');
```

2. Exchange data among GUIs:

```
setappdata(0, 'X', var);
MyVar=getappdata(0, 'X');
```

3. Echange data among GUIs and among Callbacks:

```
global MyVar
```

Load Data at the Start

To start with with a set of default values, the code should be placed under the following function:

GUIFunctionName_OpeningFcn(hObject, eventdata, handles, varargin)



Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Summary:

- 1. GUI: main components are frames and objects.
- 2. A frame is a container for a set of objects.
- 3. Each object has a set of properties.
- 4. Objects properties are stored in "handles".
- 5. A change in the property of one of the objects may trigger a callback function.
- 6. We write code at the callback when an action (from the program) is expected to happen right after the user interaction with the object.

