## Zaciski Sheaves

{ (u, in: u⇔s)}

Let X,S & Space = For (CRing, Set). Let 91 be an open careing of S. Let U,V& 91.

Both in, v, iv, u are nonomorphisms

⇒ iuxiv = iu°iv,u = iv°iu,v UnV → S is monic.

Suppose fu: U > X and fv: V > X are arbitrary maps of spaces.

fulunv := unvosu fu X

 $f_{V}|_{unv} := unv \xrightarrow{iu_{iv}} V \xrightarrow{f_{V}} X$ 

Intition: X is a mfld, ou atlas of coold. charts, S is a "manageable churk" of X.

Y(5, al,x):= { { fue Honspace (U,X)} lear: fulun = fv/unv YU, VEAL}

Ham Space (5,X) -> { { Ju & Homspace (U,X) } ueou} }

J H = Join Jugar

is natical in X and factors through  $\Psi(S, M, X)$ :

(f|u)|uv = foivoivu= foivoiuv= (f|v)|uv

Remack: {Ui <> Wie I carecing, 7 presheaf

 $U = U u_i = \coprod u_i / \sim$   $U = \coprod u_i = \coprod u_i / \sim$   $U = \coprod u_i = \coprod u_i \cap u_i$   $i \in I$   $i, j \in I$ 

F(u) -> TF(ui) => TF(uinuj)

ie I ije I

Nahral

Underlying Shff

Site (t, Cov(t))

E tacyct category

FE Full 9, E)

Usually: E = Setor E = Ab

Sheaf Condition:  $f(u) \rightarrow eq(Tf(u_i) \Rightarrow Tf(u_{ij}))$  General

A

B

0 > f(u) > A > B > whec(f-g) > 0 In Ab

Exercise: XESch. U collection of open subspaces of X.

at is an open carecing iff X(T) = UU(T)  $\forall T \in CRing$  Usat local.

Naive Zaciski topology ~ set-theoretic ~> Sch'
Zaciski topology ~ Grotherbieck topology

(notion of carecing) ~> Shu zac

Space + Zaciski covering ~> Sch & Space

AffSch' ~ AffSch Sch' ~ Sch equiv. of cat!s Shuzae (Sch) = Shuzae (Sch)
equiv. of cost.'s and of topori

Y(5, al,x):= { { Jue Honspace (U,X) }ueal: fulun = Julun V U, V eal }

Horn Space (5,X) -> { { Ju & Horn Space (U,X) } ueou }

Jethon Space (5,X) -> { { Ju & Horn Space (U,X) } ueou }

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is natical in X and factors through Y(S, M, X):

Def: If this natural map is a bijection then we say

X satisfies the Zaciski sheaf condition w.c.t. an (and S)

What about all 94 (and all 5)?

Def: X is a Zaciski sheaf if it satisfies the Zaciski sheaf condition for every open cov. of every affine scheme mapping to X.

This gives Shv<sub>2ac</sub> \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \)

Example: X, Y & Shuzac ~>> X x Y & Shuzac.

Any product of sheaves is a sheaf.

Example: A'= Spec 2[t].

Example: An: = (IA') xn = Spec 2[t1)..., tn].

Mon-Example: Consider X & Space given by

X(A):={feA: feA\* or 1-feA\*3.

## [ Question: What is the "sheafification" of X?]

We want to compare different correings. Fix a base SE Space. To this we can associate a cat. Cov(8) of coverings of S.

Exercise: Fix 91, NE CoulS).

- (0) Show that observents (as above) make Cov(S) a category.
- (a) What is Hamcouls) (91, V)?
- (b) Construct the product alx v in Cov(S).
- (c) Suppose that Mand V each refine each other. Is this a natural notion of isomorphism?

**Lemma 47.** Let  $X \in \operatorname{Space}$  and  $\mathscr{U}, \mathscr{V} \in \operatorname{Cov}(S)$  with  $\mathscr{V}$  refining  $\mathscr{U}$ . Suppose that X satisfies the Zariski sheaf condition with respect to  $\mathscr{V}$ . Suppose further that every  $U \in \mathscr{U}$  satisfies the Zariski sheaf condition with respect to  $\mathscr{V}_U$ . Then, X satisfies the Zariski sheaf condition with respect to  $\mathscr{V}$ . Explicitly, if  $\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Space}}(S,X) \xrightarrow{\sim} \Psi(S,\mathscr{V},X)$  and  $\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Space}}(S,U) \xrightarrow{\sim} \Psi(S,\mathscr{V}_U,U)$  for every  $U \in \mathscr{U}$  then  $\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Space}}(S,X) \xrightarrow{\sim} \Psi(S,\mathscr{U},X)$ .

Exercise 48. Prove the lemma!

**Corollary 49.** Let  $X \in \mathsf{Shv}_{\mathsf{Zar}}$ . Then, X satisfies the Zariksi sheaf condition with respect to every  $\mathscr{U} \in \mathsf{Cov}(S)$  for every  $S \in \mathsf{Space}$ .