## Schones

Last time: We discussed (Zaciski) sheaves.

"descent" = sheaf conditions holds (something is "sheafy")

Def: A scheme is a space which is a Zacislei sheat and has an open covering by affine schemes. We get Sch = Space = ful(Cling, Set)

Exercise: The Zaciski sheaf condition is preserved by open and closed embeddings.

Thm: Let X & Aff Sch. Then, X & Sch. = ) Aff Sch & Sch.

Slagar: "Think geometrically, prove algebraically."

Exercise: IA" = (A') ×n has a closed subspace

 $0:= Spec \mathbb{Z}[t_1,...,t_n]/(t_1,...,t_n) \hookrightarrow Spec \mathbb{Z}[t_1,...,t_n] = A^n$ 

my open embedding An 10 mm.

(a) A' \ O is offine. Spec 2[t,t] = Spec 2[t+1]

- (b) An O is not affine for n>1.
  - (c) Given  $A \in CRing$ ,  $(A^{n} \setminus O)(A)$  looks like  $\{a_{1},...,a_{n}\} \in A^{n}: \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{i}x_{i} = 1 \text{ has soln. } \}.$

Spec  $0 = \emptyset \rightarrow 0$   $Spec A \rightarrow |A^{n}|$   $A \leftarrow$ 

 $0 \leftarrow 2[t_1,...,t_n]/I$   $1 \rightarrow 1$   $A \leftarrow 2[t_1,...,t_n]$ 

 $0 \in A \otimes 2[t_1,...,t_n]/I$   $Z[t_1,...,t_n]$ 

2 A/IA (=) images of time, the generale A las on A-module)

The key to proving our theorem is to show that M' is a sheat hence a schene. To do this, let's introduce a new notion.

Def: Given XESpace, let Fuc(X):= Homspace(X, A').
These are the functions on X

Func (Spec A) = Hom\_ (Spec A, A')

Func (Spec A) = Hornspace (Spec A, IA')

Hornspace (Spec A, Spec 2[t])

Hornspace (Spec A, Spec 2[t])

Hornspace (Spec A, Spec 2[t])

Hornspace (Spec A, IA')

A

Remack: This should be viewed geometrically - e.g., we should be able to "evaluate" functions.

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus 0 \times Spee A)(B) = (A \setminus 0)(B) \times (Spee A)(B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus 0)(B) \times (Spee A)(B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus B), f$$

$$\Rightarrow (B \times X) + (A \setminus B), f$$

$$\Rightarrow (B \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A \setminus A \setminus B) \times (A \setminus B)$$

Exercise: let AECRing, IJA ideal.

→ { D(f): f∈ I nonzeco 3 is open carecing of D(I).

Need to constact the open embeddings D(f) CSD(I)

Prop: let S = Spec A & Aff Sch and 91 & Cov(S).
Then, I big principal open covering of S cofining 91.

Pf: Each UEOU looks like D(In) for some

Just A. Hence, I Just A. Consider Well  $\gamma := \bigcup \{D(f): f \in I_u \text{ nonzero } \}.$  Done.  $\square$ Exercise: 5 S.A. mult. subset = localizing at 5 is exact on ModA. S-1A is a flat A-mobile because SM ≥ 5-1A ⊗ M. Upshot: This lets us check the sheaf condition directly ("by hand"). Big principal oper cov. of Spec A looks like {D(fi)}; if7  $S \xrightarrow{\sim} eq \left( \overline{TT} D(f_i) \xrightarrow{3} \overline{TT} \left( D(f_i) \cap D(f_j) \right) \right)$ 

A ~ eq ( TT Ag; 3 TT Ag; 3) This!!!