## Exam 1

2:00-3:15pm, Wed. Oct. 14, 2020

Upload your exam to gradescope or email it to Kathryn by 3:22pm (7 minutes after the end of the exam). Please keep your Zoom video on during the exam. The exam is "closed book" – you are not allowed to use notes, the textbook, or consult any other resources. Send Kathryn a chat message if you have any questions.

**Question 1.** Show that if  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$  is a bounded set that is a null set for Lebesgue measure, then  $A^2 := \{a^2 : a \in A\}$  is also a null set.

Hint: outer measure

**Question 2.** Let  $(X, \mathcal{M}, \mu)$  be a measure space. Fix a measurable function  $f: X \to [0, \infty)$  and define the measure  $\nu$  on  $\mathcal{M}$  by

$$\nu(E) = \int_{E} f d\mu.$$

Prove that for every measurable function  $g: X \to \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$\int_{E} g \ d\nu = \int_{E} g f \ d\mu$$

whenever at least one side is defined.

Hint: simple functions

**Question 3.** Let  $(X, \mathcal{M}, \mu)$  be a measure space and let  $f: X \to [0, \infty)$  be integrable (i.e.  $\int_X f d\mu < \infty$ ). Prove that for each  $\epsilon > 0$ , there exists a set E with  $\mu(E) < \infty$  such that

$$\int_{E} f d\mu > \left( \int_{X} f d\mu \right) - \epsilon.$$