## Assignment 6

due midnight (Eastern Time), Monday, November 2, 2020

Prove all statements in the questions below. You must TeX your solutions and submit your writeup as a pdf at www.gradescope.com. You can submit it any time until the deadline.

**Question 1.** (Folland 5.1.1) If  $\mathcal{X}$  is a normed vector space over  $K (= \mathbb{R} \text{ or } \mathbb{C})$ , then addition and scalar multiplication are continuous from  $\mathcal{X} \times \mathcal{X}$  and  $K \times \mathcal{X}$  to  $\mathcal{X}$ . Moreover, the norm is continuous from  $\mathcal{X}$  to  $[0, \infty)$ ; in fact  $||x| - ||y|| \le ||x - y||$ .

Question 2. (Folland 5.1.2).  $L(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y})$  is a vector space and the function  $||\cdot||$  defined by (5.3) is a norm on it. In particular, the three expressions on the right of (5.3) are always equal.

**Question 3.** (Folland 5.1.4) If  $\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y}$  are normed vector spaces, the map  $(T, x) \mapsto Tx$  is continuous from  $L(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y}) \times \mathcal{X}$  to  $\mathcal{Y}$ . (That is, if  $T_n \to T$  and  $x_n \to x$ , then  $T_n x_n \to Tx$ .)

**Question 4.** (Folland 5.1.5) If  $\mathcal{X}$  is a normed vector space, the closure of any subspace of  $\mathcal{X}$  is a subspace.