# P<br/>8106: Data Science II, Homework #4

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# 4/13/2022

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# Question 1

### Set-Up and Data Preprocessing

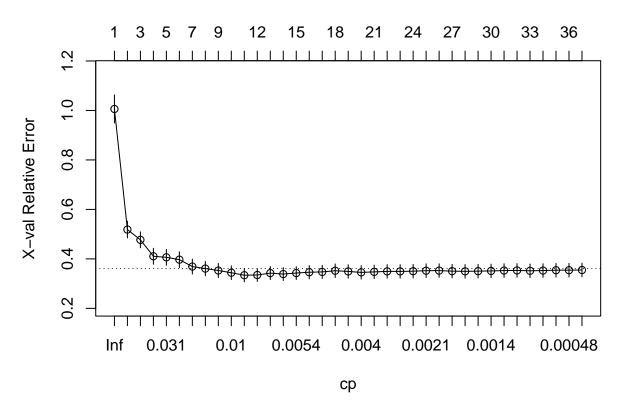
```
set.seed(2132)

# Load data, clean column names, eliminate rows containing NA entries
data = read_csv("./Data/College.csv") %>%
    janitor::clean_names() %>%
    na.omit() %>%
    relocate("outstate", .after = "grad_rate") %>%
    select(-college)
```

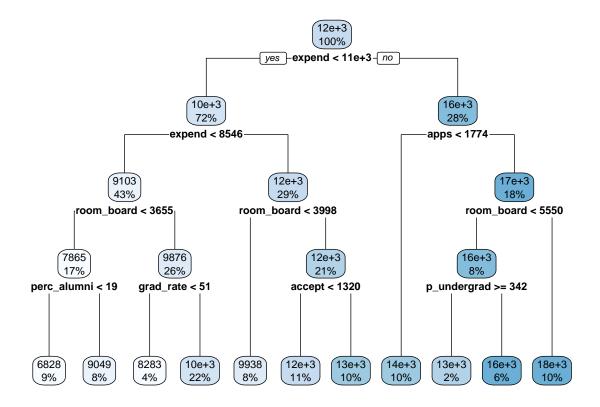
### Part (a): Regression Tree

Minimum MSE Rule

## size of tree



```
# Cost-complexity pruning
minimum_MSE = which.min(regression_cptable[,4])
final_regression_tree = prune(regression_tree, cp = regression_cptable[minimum_MSE,1])
# Plot of final tree
rpart.plot(final_regression_tree)
```



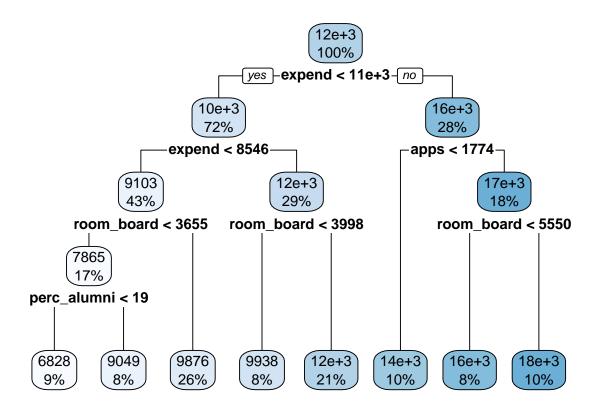
plot(as.party(final\_regression\_tree))

```
1
                             expend
                               ≥ 109415
                      < 10949.5
                  2
                expend
                                  apps
                  ≥ 854 10
            < 8545.5
                                  < 1774 ≥ 1774
      room_board
                   room_board
                                         room_board
                     <3 ≥3912
                                       <u>18</u>≤5 ≥5550
     4 ≤ 365 ≥ 36 7
  perc_alumni
                                    p_undergrad
           grad_rate
                         accept
            <  ≥ 50.5
                          ≥ 1320
                                     ≥ : < 341.5
     ≥ 18.5
15000 15000 15000 15000 15000 15000 15000 15000 15000 15000 -
```

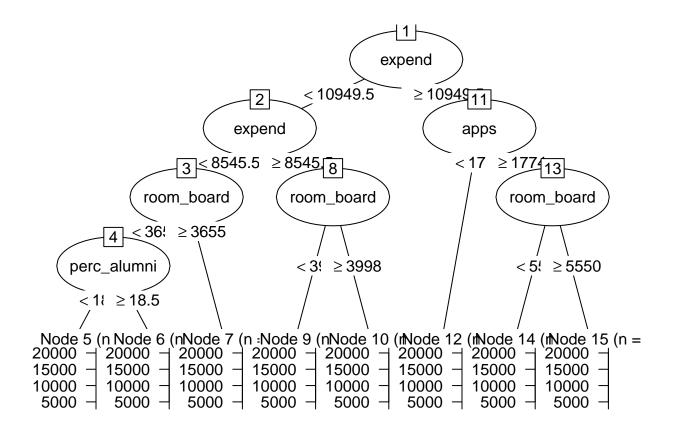
```
# Summary of final tree
# summary(final_regression_tree)
```

#### 1SE Rule

```
# Alternatively, cost-complexity pruning using 1SE rule
final_regression_tree_1SE = prune(regression_tree, cp = regression_cptable[regression_cptable[,4]<regre
# Plot of 1SE tree
rpart.plot(final_regression_tree_1SE)</pre>
```



plot(as.party(final\_regression\_tree\_1SE))



#### Comparison of Predictions

```
# For fun, compare predictions on first few observations in testing data set
reg_predict = predict(final_regression_tree, newdata = testing_df)
oneSE_predict = predict(final_regression_tree_1SE, newdata = testing_df)

# Compare predictions in data table
cbind(reg_predict, oneSE_predict) %>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    head() %>%
    mutate(
    perc_diff = abs((reg_predict - oneSE_predict) * 100 / oneSE_predict)
) %>%
    knitr::kable(col.names = c("Prediction: Min MSE", "Prediction: 1SE", "Perc Diff"))
```

Prediction: Min MSE Prediction: 1SE Per	c Diff
6827.90 6827.900 0.00	00000
11729.66 $12488.737$ $6.0$	78091
10194.94 $9876.242$ $3.22$	26919
10194.94 $9876.242$ $3.22$	26919
14146.09 $14146.089$ $0.00$	00000
10194.94 $9876.242$ $3.22$	26919

```
Part (b): Random Forest
```

TBD

### Part (c): Boosting

TBD

# Question 2

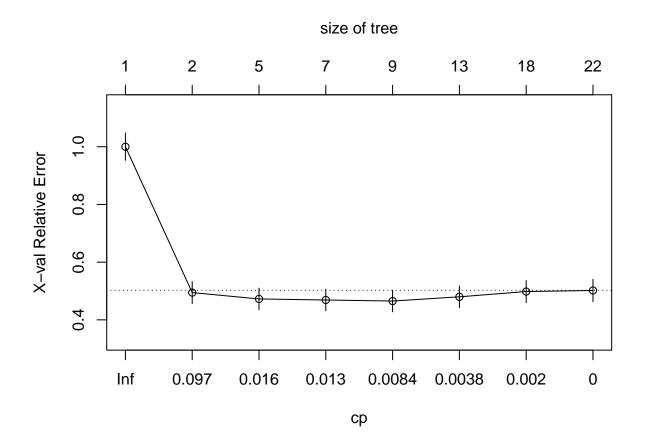
### Set-Up and Data Preprocessing

### Part (a): Classification Tree

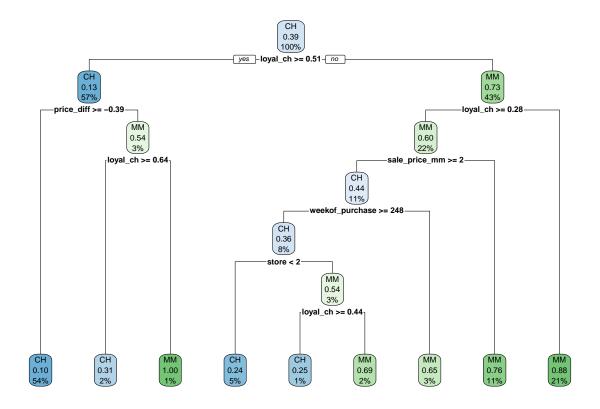
#### Minimum MSE Rule

```
##
## Classification tree:
## rpart(formula = purchase ~ ., data = OJ_training_df, control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
##
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] list_price_diff loyal_ch
                                        price_diff
                                                        sale_price_mm
## [5] store
                       store_id
                                        weekof_purchase
##
## Root node error: 273/700 = 0.39
##
## n= 700
##
            CP nsplit rel error xerror
##
## 1 0.5164835
                    0
                        1.00000 1.00000 0.047270
## 2 0.0183150
                         0.48352 0.49451 0.038237
                    1
## 3 0.0146520
                    4
                        0.42491 0.47253 0.037575
## 4 0.0109890
                    6
                        0.39560 0.46886 0.037462
## 5 0.0064103
                        0.37363 0.46520 0.037348
                    8
                        0.34799 0.47985 0.037799
## 6 0.0021978
                   12
## 7 0.0018315
                   17
                        0.33700 0.49817 0.038344
## 8 0.0000000
                        0.32967 0.50183 0.038451
                   21
```

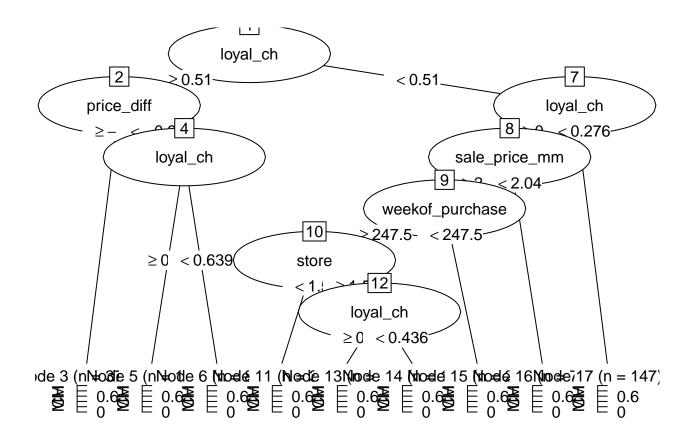
#### plotcp(class\_tree)



```
# Obtain and plot final tree using min MSE rule
OJ_min_MSE = which.min(OJ_cp_table[,4])
final_class_tree = prune(class_tree, cp = OJ_cp_table[OJ_min_MSE,1])
rpart.plot(final_class_tree)
```

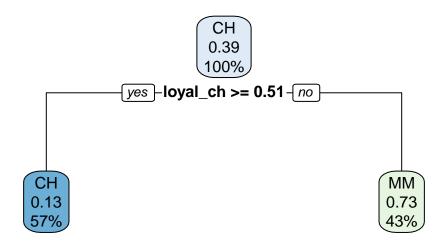


plot(as.party(final\_class\_tree))

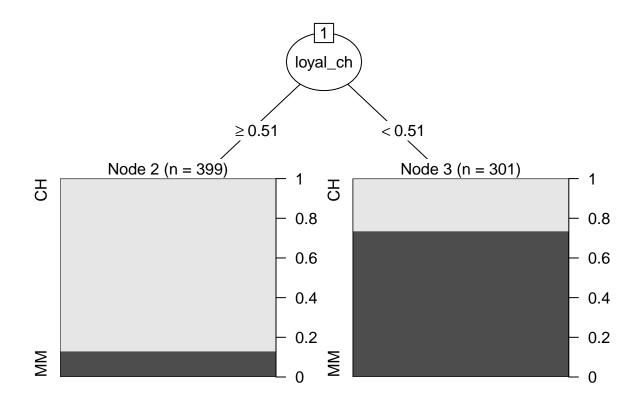


### 1SE Rule

```
# Obtain and plot final tree using 1SE rule
final_class_tree_1SE = prune(class_tree, cp = OJ_cp_table[OJ_cp_table[,4]<OJ_cp_table[OJ_min_MSE,4]+OJ_
# Plot of 1SE tree
rpart.plot(final_class_tree_1SE)</pre>
```



plot(as.party(final\_class\_tree\_1SE))



Part (b): Boosting