## **Assignment 2**

1.1 Use induction to prove  $F_i = \frac{\phi^i - \hat{\phi}^i}{\sqrt{5}}$ ; where  $F_i = F_{i-2} + F_{i-1}$ , and  $\phi$  is the golden ratio  $\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ .

To prove by induction, write out the expressions  $f_n$  and  $f_{n+1}$  (note:  $f_{n+1}$  is the same as  $f_n$ , but with (n+1) substituted everywhere in place of n). Next, if applicable, re-write the expression  $f_{n+1}$  in terms of  $f_n$  then perform algebraic manipulations on the expression until you reach some variation of  $f_{n+1} = f_{n+1}$ . Lastly, show that the expression  $f_c$  also holds for some constant c. The algebra is called "the inductive step", and the calculation for on the constant is called "the base case".

In this problem, the expression to prove is  $F_i=\frac{\phi^i-\hat{\phi}^i}{\sqrt{5}}$ , where  $\phi=\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$ . Start by demonstrating the expression holds for constants c=0, c=1.

$$F_0 = \frac{\phi^0 - \hat{\phi}^0}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1 - 1}{\sqrt{5}} \tag{1.1}$$

$$=0 (1.2)$$

After showing the expression holds for some base cases  $F_0$  and  $F_1$ , the next step is algebra. Setup the expression  $F_{n-1}$  in terms of  $F_n$ , then solve (see below).

$$F_i = \frac{\phi^i - \hat{\phi}^i}{\sqrt{5}} = F_{i-1} + F_{i-2}$$
  $F_{i-1} = \frac{\phi^{i-1} - \hat{\phi}^{i-1}}{\sqrt{5}}$ 

$$F_{i+1} = F_i + F_{i-1} \tag{1.1}$$

$$\frac{\phi^{i+1} - \hat{\phi}^{i+1}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\phi^i - \hat{\phi}^i}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\phi^{i-1} - \hat{\phi}^{i-1}}{\sqrt{5}}$$
(1.2)

$$=\frac{\phi^{i-1}+\hat{\phi}^{i-1}-\phi^{i-2}-\hat{\phi}^{i-2}}{\sqrt{5}}\tag{1.3}$$

$$=\frac{\phi^{i-1}-\phi^{i-2}+\hat{\phi}^{i-1}-\hat{\phi}^{i-2}}{\sqrt{5}}\tag{1.4}$$

$$=\frac{\left[(\phi\cdot\phi^{i-2})+\phi^{i-2}\right]-\left[(\hat{\phi}\cdot\hat{\phi}^{i-2})+\hat{\phi}^{i-2}\right]}{\sqrt{5}}$$
 (1.5)

$$=\frac{\phi^{i-2}(\phi+1)-\hat{\phi}^{i-2}(\hat{\phi}+1)}{\sqrt{5}}$$
 (1.6)

$$=\frac{\phi^{i-2}(\phi^2) - \hat{\phi}^{i-2}(\hat{\phi}^2)}{\sqrt{5}}$$
 (1.7)

$$=\frac{\phi^i - \hat{\phi}^i}{\sqrt{5}}\tag{1.8}$$

Since we have shown  $F_{i+1}$  is obtainable via  $F_i$ , we have completed the inductive step. Since both the inductive step and base cases have been shown, the proof by induction is complete.