Historical Roots of Mathematics Homework 4

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1. The Pythagorean Theorem states that, if a and b are the sides of a right triangle with hypotenuse c, then $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$:

Find a if b = 1,59 and c = 2,49.

$$c_{10} = 169$$

$$b_{10} = 109$$

$$\sqrt{(169)^2 - (109)^2} = \sqrt{16680} = 2\sqrt{4170}$$

- 2. Use the Babylonian approximation of $\pi = 3$ to calculate
 - (a) The circumference of a circle with diameter 20.

$$d = 20$$

$$r = 10$$

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$C = 2(3)(10) = 60$$

(b) The areao fa circle with diameter 20.

$$d = 20$$

$$r = 10$$

$$A = \pi r^{2}$$

$$A = (3)(10)^{2} = 300$$

- $3. \,$ Solve the following quadratic equations using the Babylonian method:
 - (a) $x^2 + 4x = 21$

$$x(x+4) = 21$$

$$x = a - 2$$

$$(a-2)(a+2) = 21$$

$$a^{2} - 4 = 21$$

$$a^{2} = 25$$

$$a = 5$$

$$x = 3$$

(b)
$$x^2 - 2x = 4$$

$$x^{2} - 2x = 4$$

$$x(x-2) = 4$$

$$x = a+1$$

$$(a+1)(a-1) = 4$$

$$a^{2} - 1 = 4$$

$$a^{2} = 5$$

$$a = \sqrt{5}$$

$$x = sqrt5 + 1$$

(c)
$$x^2 + x = 7$$

$$x(x+1) = 7$$

$$x = a - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(a - \frac{1}{2})(a + \frac{1}{2}) = 7$$

$$a^{2} - \frac{1}{4} = 7$$

$$a^{2} = \frac{29}{4}$$

$$a = \frac{\sqrt{29}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{29} - 1}{2}$$

4. Using the Babylonian method, find two numbers whose difference is 3 and whose product is 40.

$$x - y = 3$$

$$xy = 40$$

$$y = 3 + x$$

$$x(x+3) = 40$$

$$x = a - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$(a - \frac{3}{2})(a + \frac{3}{2}) = 40$$

$$a^2 - \frac{9}{4} = 40$$

$$a^2 = \frac{169}{4}$$

$$a = \frac{13}{2}$$

$$x = 5 \quad y = 8$$

5. That system we set up in class, solve

$$\begin{cases} \frac{y_2}{2}(x+30) - \frac{xy_1}{2} = 420\\ y_1 - y_2 = 20\\ \frac{y_1}{x} = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{30} \end{cases}$$

$$y_2 = y_1 - 20, \text{ then}$$

$$\frac{y_1}{x} = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{30} = \frac{2y_1 - 20}{30} = \frac{y_1 - 10}{15}, \text{ then}$$

$$\frac{y_2(x+30)}{2} - \frac{xy_1}{2} = \frac{(y_1 - 20)(x-30)}{2} - \frac{xy_1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(y_1x + 30y_1 - 20x - 600 - y_1x) = 420$$

$$\Rightarrow 15y_1 - 10x - 300 = 420 \implies 5(3y_1 - 2x - 60) = 420 \implies 3y_1 - 2x - 60 = 90$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{3y_1 - 144}{2}, \text{ finally}$$

$$\frac{y_1}{x} = \frac{y_1 - 10}{15} \implies \frac{2y_1}{3y_1 - 144} = \frac{y_1 - 10}{15} \implies 2y_1 = \frac{3y_1^2 - 174y_1 + 1440}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow 30y_1 = 3y_1^2 - 174y_1 + 1440 \implies 3y_1^2 - 204y_1 + 1440 = 0$$

$$y_1 = \frac{204 + \sqrt{204^2 - 4(3)(1440)}}{6} \implies y_1 = 60$$

$$y_2 = 60 - 20 = 40$$

$$x = \frac{3(60) - 144}{2} = 18$$

Thus, $x = 18, y_1 = 60, y_2 = 40$