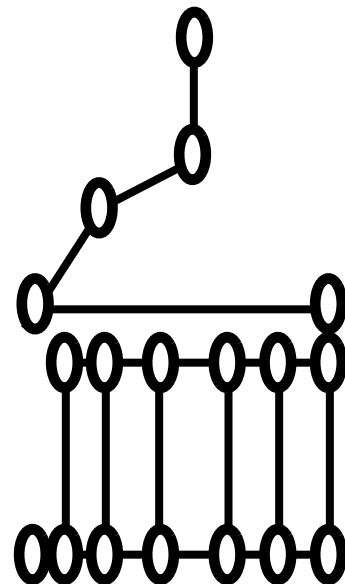
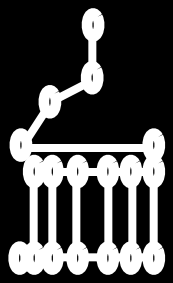


Lecture 31: More on using standard C++ libraries

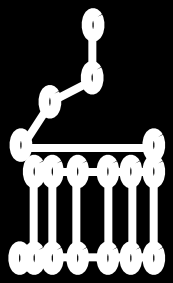
57:017 Computers in Engineering
Fall 2014





Reminders/announcements

- Use clicker channel 14 (Go/Ch → 14 → Go/Ch)
- **Mini-assignment due 4/15 (Wednesday) by 12:30 p.m.**
 - ICON quiz over use of standard C++ libraries
- Homework 5 (individual assignment) due **4/22 (Friday)** by **11:59 p.m.**
- Checkout a working copy of your individual repository today:
 - `svn co $CIE/hawkID --username=hawkID`



Major topics of CIE

Part I

Fundamental C programming concepts with engineering applications

Chapters 1-8;
parts of chapter
12

Part II

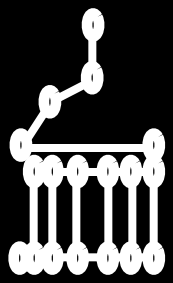
Advanced C programming (including dynamic data structures)

Chapters 10
and 12

Part III

Object-oriented programming with C++

Chapters 15-18,
20 and 22



Major topics of CIE

Part III

Procedural programming
using C++

Monday, 11/3

Introduction to object-
oriented programming

classes/objects

inheritance

templates

standard template library

Object-
oriented
programming
with C++

Since Wednesday, 11/5

Chapters 15-18,
20 and 22



Recall (from Wednesday, 11/5): basic C++ class/object concepts

class
“interface”

```
#ifndef COMPLEXNUMBER_H
#define COMPLEXNUMBER_H
class ComplexNumber
{
public:
    void setRealPart(double real);
    void setImagPart(double imag);
    double getRealPart( ) const;
    double getImagPart( ) const;
    double getMagnitude( ) const;
    double getPhaseAngleInRadians( ) const;
private:
    double m_real;
    double m_imag;
};
#endif
```

ComplexNumber.h

```
#include <iostream>
#include "ComplexNumber.h"
int main()
{
    ComplexNumber c1;
    c1.setRealPart(3);
    c1.setImagPart(4);
    std::cout << c1.getMagnitude() << std::endl;
}
```

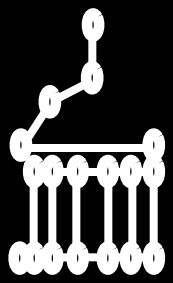
main.cpp

```
#include "ComplexNumber.h"
#include <cmath>

void ComplexNumber::setRealPart(double real)
{
    m_real = real;
}
void ComplexNumber::setImagPart(double imag)
{
    m_imag = imag;
}
double ComplexNumber::getRealPart( ) const
{
    return m_real;
}
double ComplexNumber::getImagPart( ) const
{
    return m_imag;
}
...
```

ComplexNumber.cpp

class
“implementation”



Recall (from Friday, 11/7): use of example classes from the standard C++ library

```
void stringClickerQuestion()
```

```
{
```

```
    std::string myDog1 = "Teddy";
```

```
    std::string myDog2 = "JT";
```

```
    std::string generalSentence = "dog and dog are very cute.";
```

```
    generalSentence.replace(generalSentence.find("dog"), 3, myDog1);
```

```
    generalSentence.replace(generalSentence.find("dog"), 3, myDog2);
```

```
    std::cout << generalSentence << std::endl;
```

```
}
```

std::string

```
void vectorExample()
```

```
{
```

```
    std::vector<int> myNumbers;
```

```
    std::cout << "initial size of int vector = " << myNumbers.size() << std::endl;
```

```
    for (int n=0; n < 10; n++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        myNumbers.push_back(n); // add to end
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (size_t i=0; i < myNumbers.size(); i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        std::cout << myNumbers[i] << " ";
```

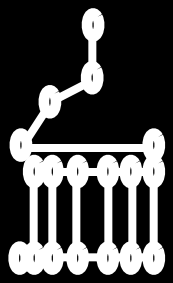
```
    }
```

```
    std::cout << std::endl;
```

```
}
```

templated

std::vector

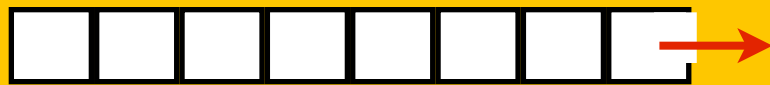


Recall (from Friday, 11/7): container class concepts

Sequence containers:

vector

“dynamically resizable array”



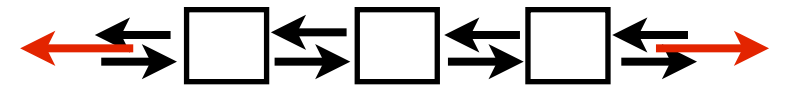
deque

“double-ended queue”



list

“doubly linked list”

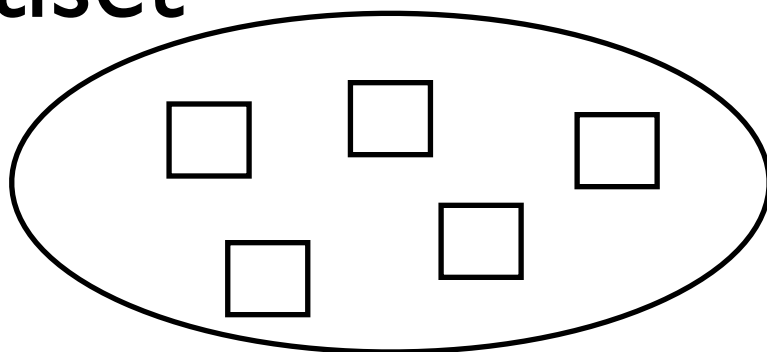


Associative containers:

set/multiset

↑
no duplicates

↑
duplicates allowed



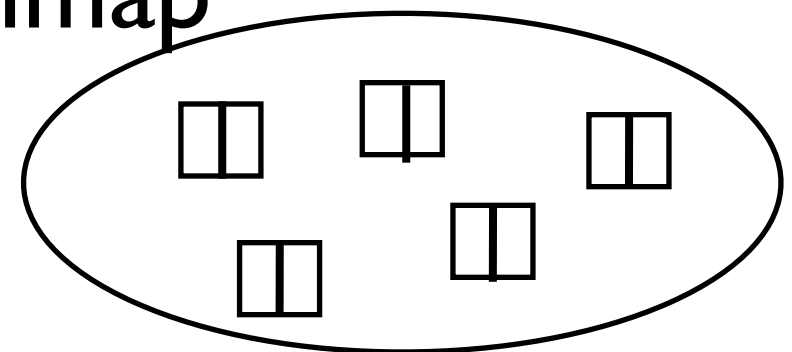
(for HW6)

map/multimap

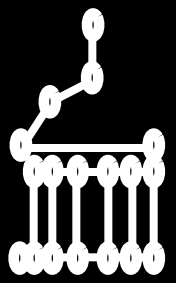
↑
no duplicate keys

↑
duplicates allowed

key/value pairs



Container adapters: **stack**, queue, priority_queue, ...



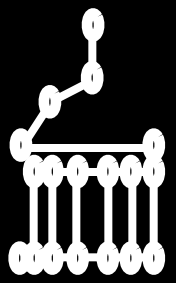
Recall (from Friday, 11/7): container classes are “templated”

```
std::vector<int> myNumbers;
```

type of the elements in your vector container

```
std::vector< std::string > myStrings;
```

We will see how to create our own templated functions and classes later...



Today's topics (continuing to use existing C++ classes/objects)

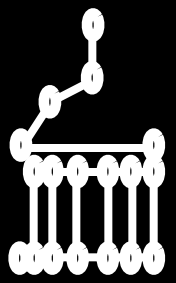
- Using `std::stack`
- Introduction to homework 5

Reading: copied selections from The C++ Standard

Library: A Tutorial and Reference (see ICON)

*Mini-assignment (due W, 4/15 by 12:30 pm): ICON quiz
over use of standard C++ libraries*

Using `std::stack`



Recall basic stack concepts

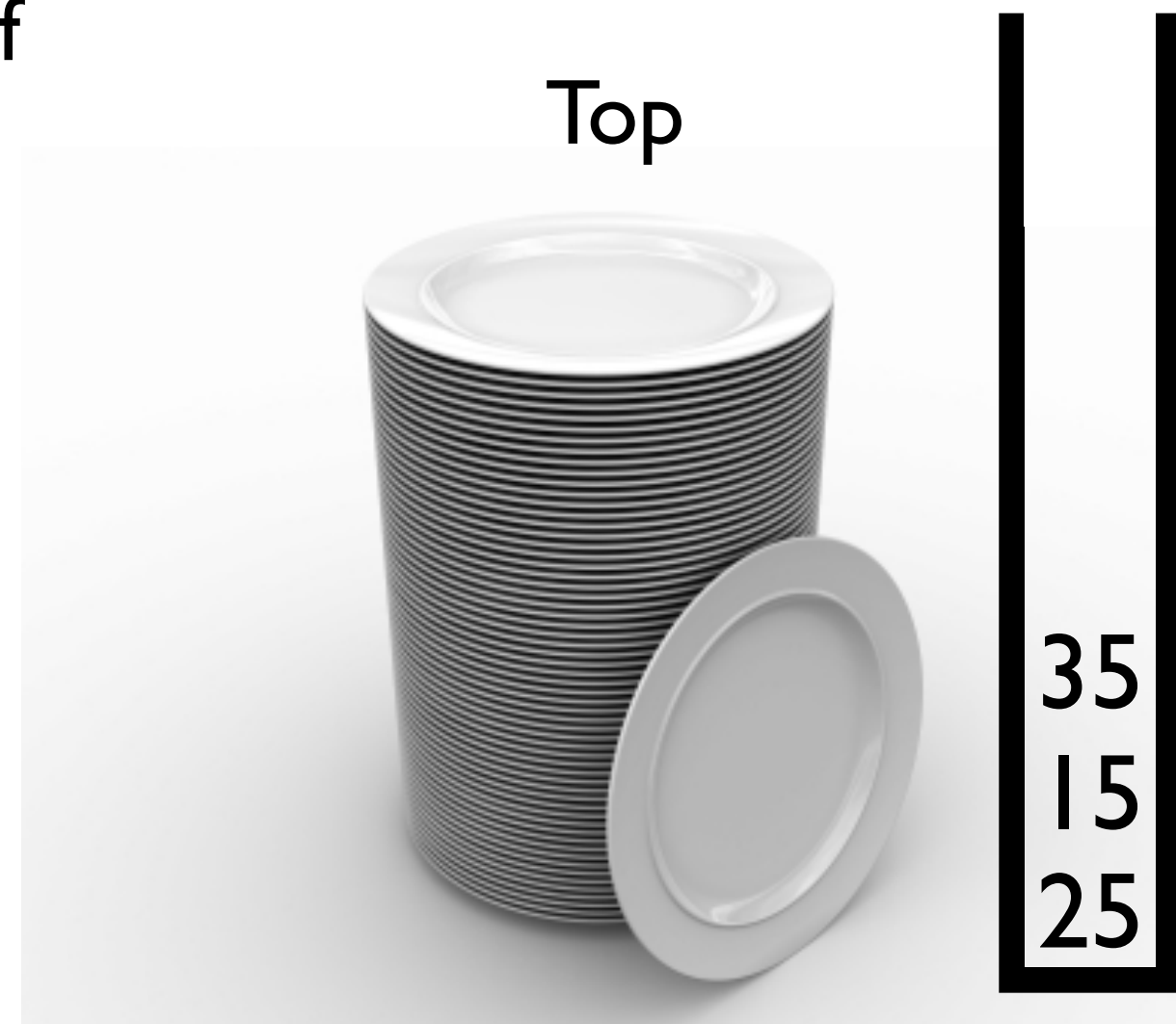
Basic operations:

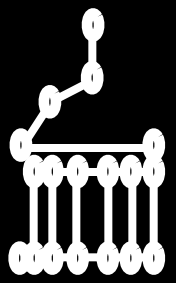
push: add element to top of stack

pop: delete element from top of stack and return value



Note: using `std::stack`, we will need two operations to pop an element





Using `std::stack`

Basic operations:

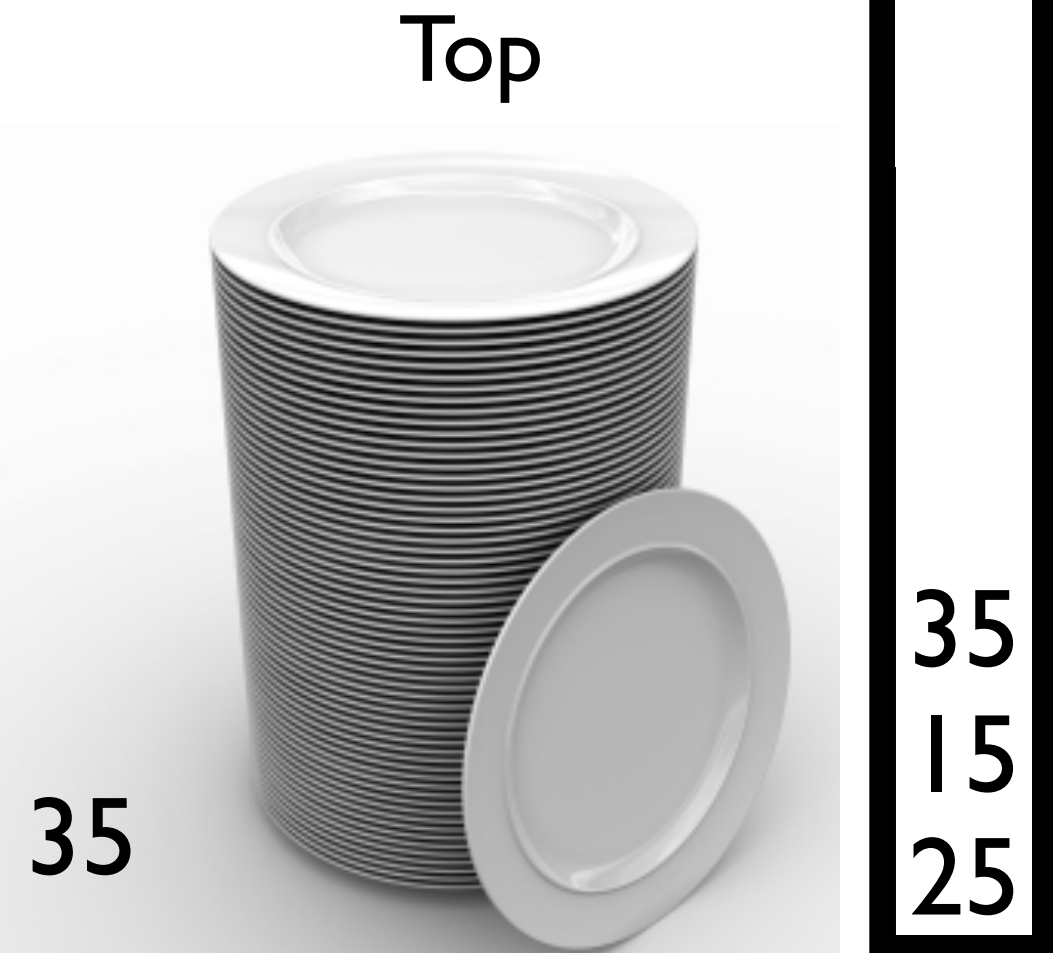
push: add element to top of stack

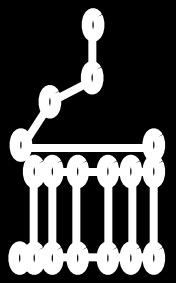
top: return top element from stack

pop: delete top element from stack

```
#include <stack>
```

```
std::stack< int > myStack;  
myStack.push(25);  
myStack.push(15);  
myStack.push(35);  
std::cout << myStack.top() << std::endl;  
myStack.pop();
```





Using `std::stack`

Basic operations:

push: add element to top of stack

top: return top element from stack

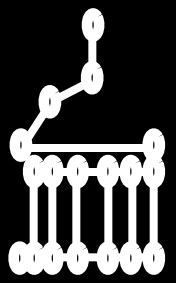
pop: delete top element from stack

```
#include <stack>
```

```
std::stack< int > myStack;  
myStack.push(25);  
myStack.push(15);  
myStack.push(35);  
std::cout << myStack.top() << std::endl;  
myStack.pop();
```



15
25



Using std::stack

Another operation:

empty: returns true if stack empty;
false otherwise

*New C++
Keywords*

Note: return type is bool

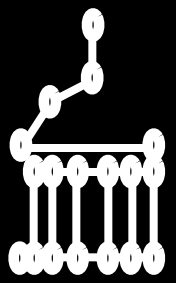
```
bool boolVar1 = true;  
bool boolVar2 = false;  
  
if (boolVar1)  
{  
    std::cout << "boolVar1 is true" << std::endl;  
}  
if (! boolVar2)  
{  
    std::cout << "boolVar2 is false" << std::endl;  
}
```

basic bool
example

Top



15
25



Using `std::stack`

Another operation:

`empty`: returns true if stack empty;
false otherwise

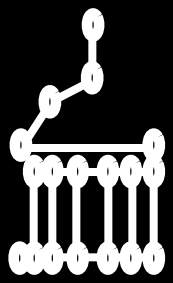
Note: return type is `bool`

stack bool
example

```
while(! myStack.empty() )  
{  
    int val = myStack.top(); // obtain top value  
    myStack.pop(); // remove top value from stack  
}
```



15
25



CQ: What is the output of the following function?

```
void stackExample1()
{
    std::stack< int > myStack;

    myStack.push(4);
    int count = 1; // count the total number of pushes onto stack
    while(! myStack.empty() )
    {
        int val = myStack.top(); // obtain top value
        myStack.pop(); // remove top value from stack

        if (val > 0)
        {
            myStack.push(val-1);
            count++;
        }
    }

    std::cout << count << std::endl;
}
```

A: 1

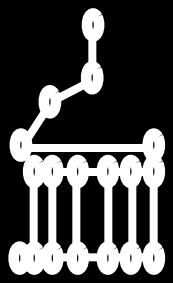
B: 2

C: 3

D: 4

E: 5

F: 6



CQ: What is the output of the following function?

```
void stackExample1()
{
    std::stack< int > myStack;

    myStack.push(4);
    int count = 1; // count the total number of pushes onto stack
    while(! myStack.empty() )
    {
        int val = myStack.top(); // obtain top value
        myStack.pop(); // remove top value from stack

        if (val > 0)
        {
            myStack.push(val-1);
            count++;
        }
    }

    std::cout << count << std::endl;
}
```

A: 1

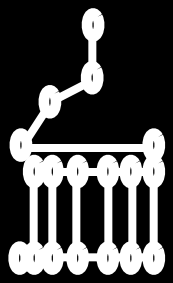
B: 2

C: 3

D: 4

E: 5

F: 6



CQ: What is the output of the following function?

```
void stackExample2()
{
    std::stack< PixelLocation > locStack;
    PixelLocation loc;

    loc.r = 1;
    loc.c = 1;
    locStack.push(loc);
    loc.r = 2;
    loc.c = 2;
    locStack.push(loc);
    loc.r = 3;
    loc.c = 3;
    locStack.push(loc);

    bool done = false;
    while (! done)
    {
        PixelLocation topLoc = locStack.top();
        locStack.pop();
        std::cout << topLoc.r << " " << topLoc.c << std::endl;
        if (topLoc.r <= 2)
        {
            done = true;
        }
    }
}
```

A:

```
3 3
3 3
(repeated forever)
```

```
struct pixelLocation {
    int r;
    int c;
};

typedef struct pixelLocation PixelLocation;
```

at top

B:

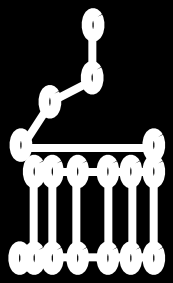
```
3 3
```

C:

```
3 3
2 2
```

D:

```
3 3
2 2
1 1
```



CQ: What is the output of the following function?

```
void stackExample2()
{
    std::stack< PixelLocation > locStack;
    PixelLocation loc;

    loc.r = 1;
    loc.c = 1;
    locStack.push(loc);
    loc.r = 2;
    loc.c = 2;
    locStack.push(loc);
    loc.r = 3;
    loc.c = 3;
    locStack.push(loc);

    bool done = false;
    while (! done)
    {
        PixelLocation topLoc = locStack.top();
        locStack.pop();
        std::cout << topLoc.r << " " << topLoc.c << std::endl;
        if (topLoc.r <= 2)
        {
            done = true;
        }
    }
}
```

A:

```
3 3
3 3
(repeated forever)
```

```
struct pixelLocation {
    int r;
    int c;
};

typedef struct pixelLocation PixelLocation;
```

at top

B:

```
3 3
```

C:

```
3 3
2 2
```

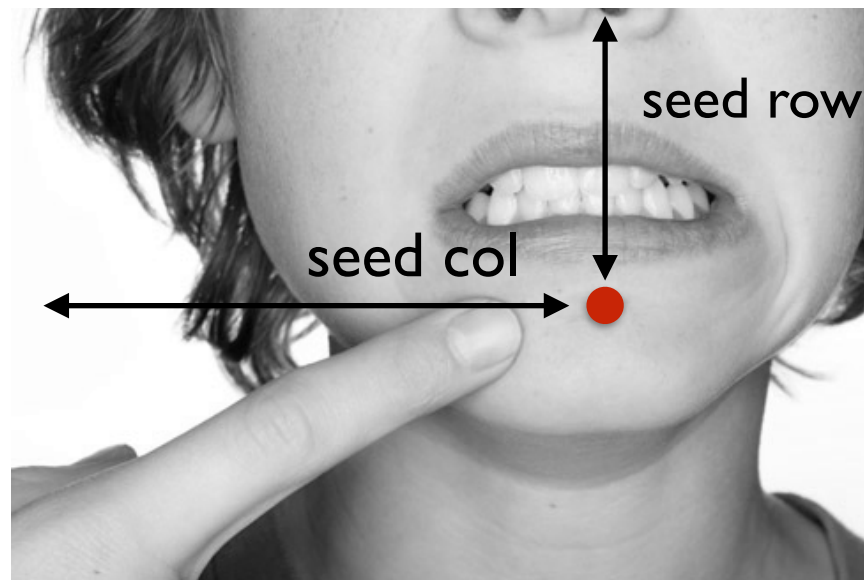
D:

```
3 3
2 2
1 1
```

HW5: use of stack



Blemish removal



Original image



Blemish removed image

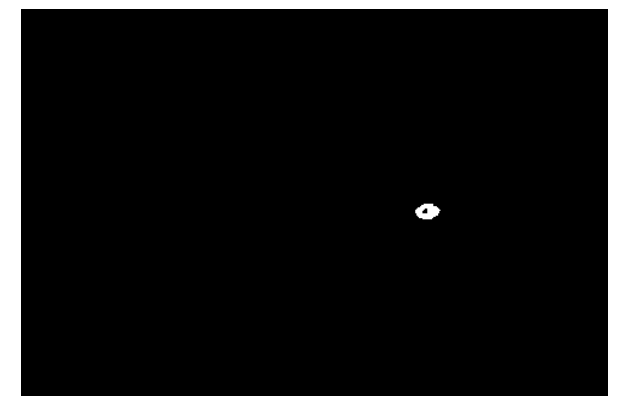
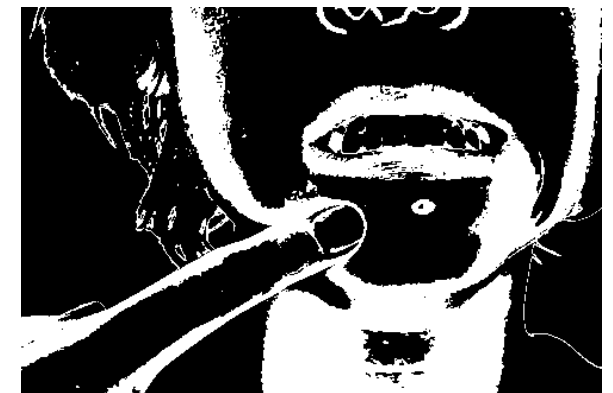
Get a mask for the blemish

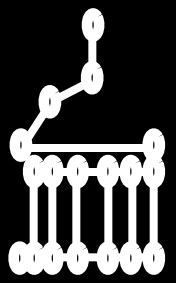
User selects a seed pixel

Threshold pixel values around seed pixel value

Find component connected to the seed pixel

Refer to lecture 24





Compiling/running from command line

```
> g++ hw5.cpp Image.cpp EasyBMP/EasyBMP.cpp -o hw5.exe
```

```
> ./hw5.exe blemish_teeth.bmp output.bmp blemish
```

name
for input
image

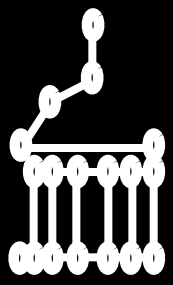


name
for output
image



type of operation

```
Reading input image: blemish_teeth.bmp
Image Size 327 488
Enter threshold
40
Thresholding image ..
Connected component analysis ..
Saving mask to threshold.bmp
Smoothing .. Please wait !!
Writing final image: output.bmp
```

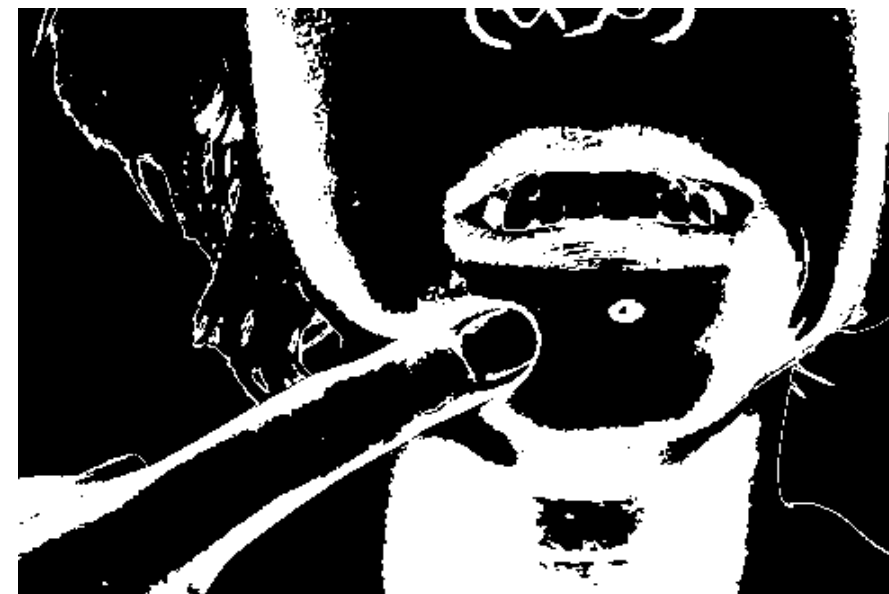


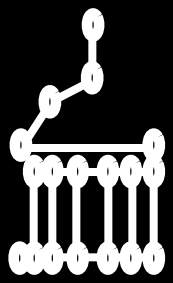
High-level pseudocode (see homework5.pdf for more details)

1. Obtain input/output file names and threshold value from command line.
2. Assign pixels whose absolute difference from seed pixel is less than threshold



Original image



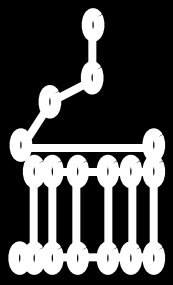


Example of iterating through all pixels in an image

```
Image myImage;  
bool success = myImage.readFromBMPFile(inputFileName);  
...  
  
// invert image (example of how to iterate through pixels of  
// image and modify the image values)  
for (int r = 0; r < myImage.getNumRows(); r++)  
{  
    for (int c = 0; c < myImage.getNumCols(); c++)  
    {  
        int oldPixelValue = myImage.getPixel(r,c);  
        int newPixelValue = 255 - oldPixelValue;  
        myImage.setPixel(r,c,newPixelValue);  
    }  
}  
success = myImage.writeToBMPFile(invertedOutputFileName);  
...
```

You will write
similar nested
loops

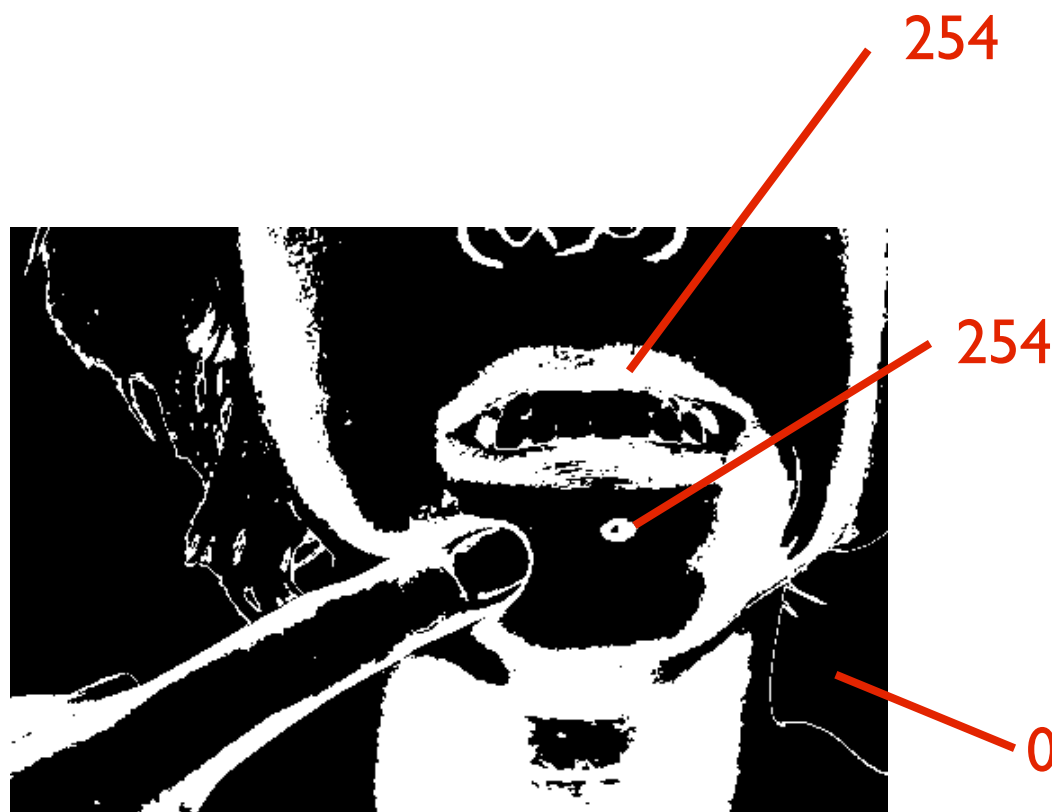
see lec3/ex/main.cpp (includes more code)

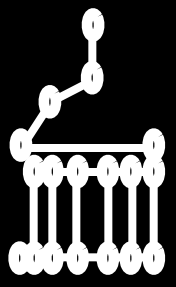


High-level pseudocode (see homework5.pdf for more details)

3. Find/modify the “connected component” of background of mask image using the upper-left-hand corner as a seed pixel (row=0; column=0) and specifying the new intensity value of this connected component to be 255.

mask

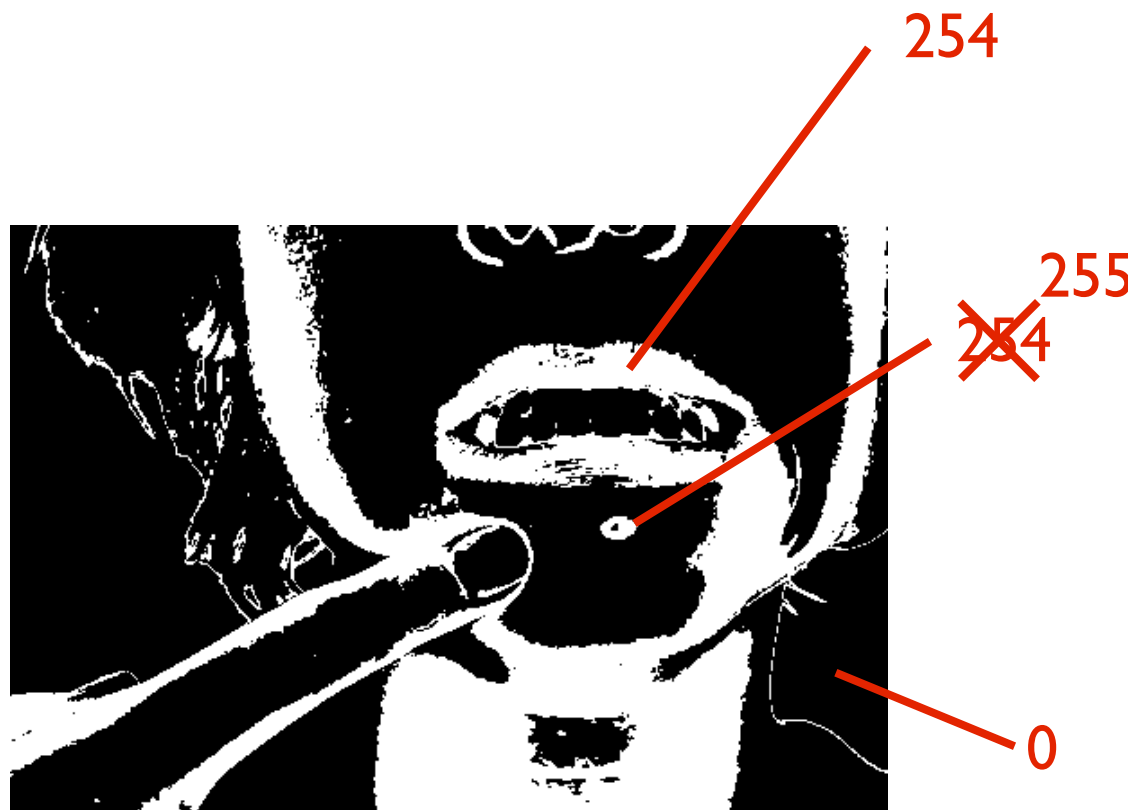




High-level pseudocode (see homework5.pdf for more details)

3. Find/modify the “connected component” of background of mask image using the upper-left-hand corner as a seed pixel (row=0; column=0) and specifying the new intensity value of this connected component to be 255.

mask





(see homework5.pdf and hw5.cpp for additional details)

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image, int seedRow, int seedCol, int ccLabel);
```

↑ pass in mask image ↑ pass in 0 ↑ pass in 0 ↑ pass in 255

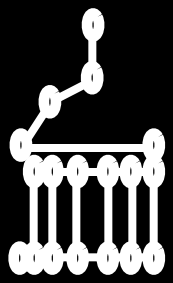
Hints:

*use type to store pixel locations
(already in hw5.cpp)*

```
struct pixelLocation {
    int r;
    int c;
};
typedef struct pixelLocation PixelLocation;
```

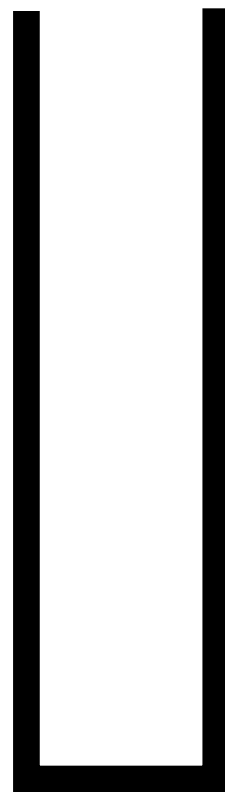
use stack of PixelLocations

```
std::stack< PixelLocation > pixelLocStack;
```



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



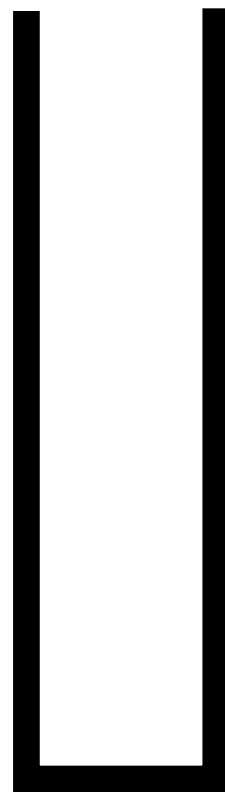
```
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
  pop node from stack
  if color is white:
    change color to yellow
    push all neighbors to stack
```

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



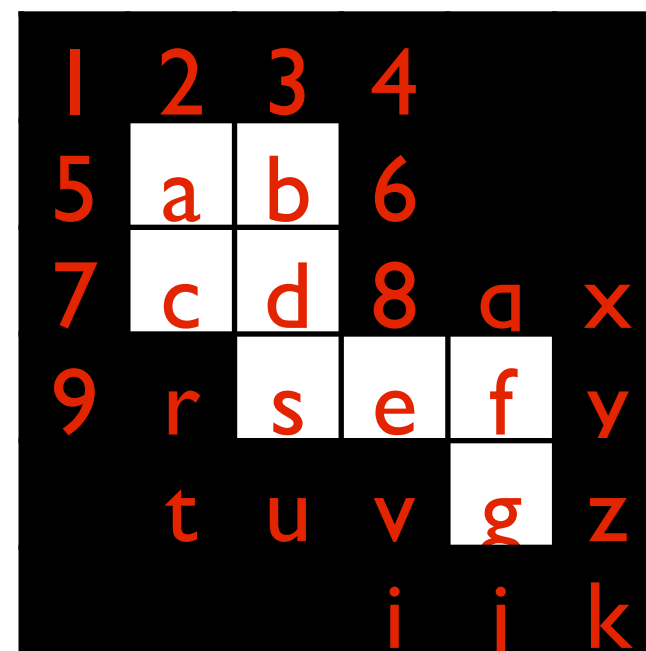
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

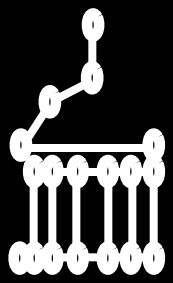
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

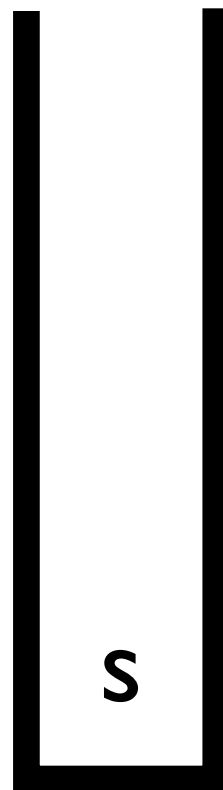
Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

```
PixelLocation pixelLoc;  
pixelLoc.r = seedRow;  
pixelLoc.c = seedCol;  
pixelLocStack.push(pixelLoc);
```

of stack



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

push seed node to stack

while (stack is not empty)

pop node from stack

if color is white:

change color to yellow

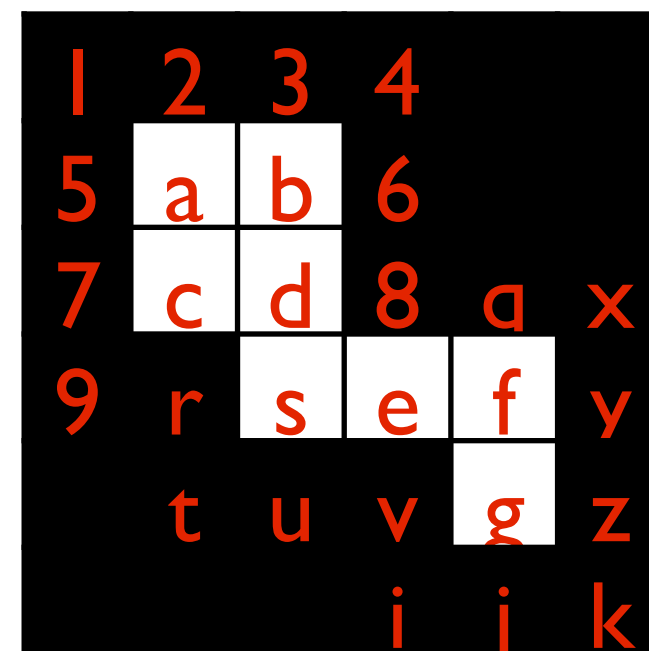
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

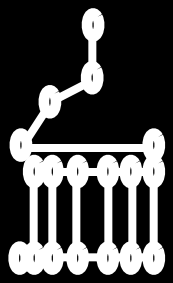
seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1

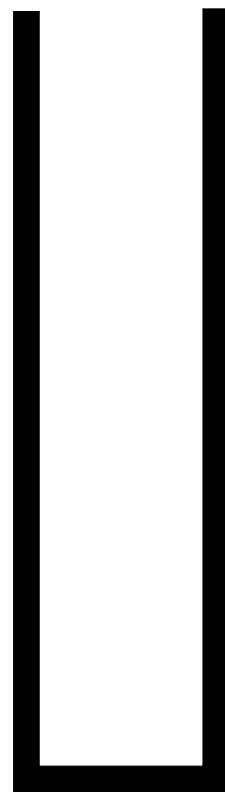


Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



S

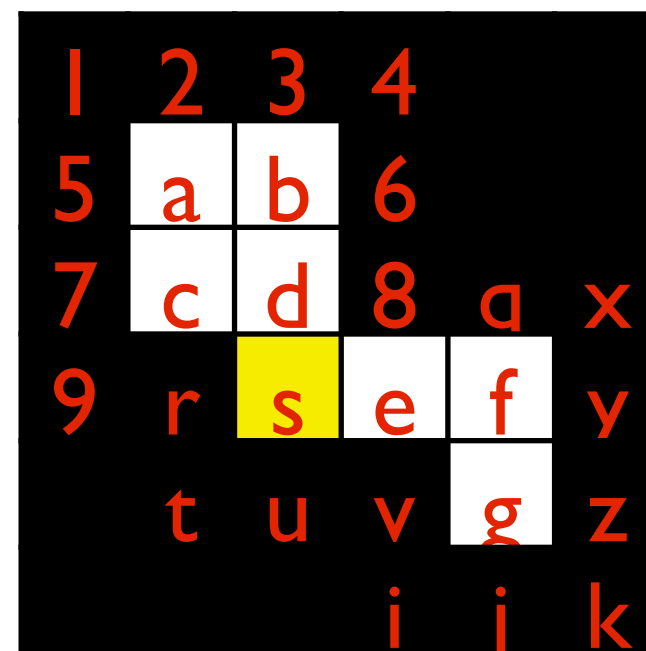
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

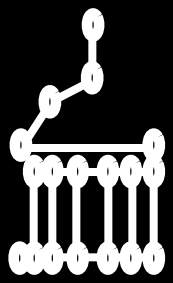
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



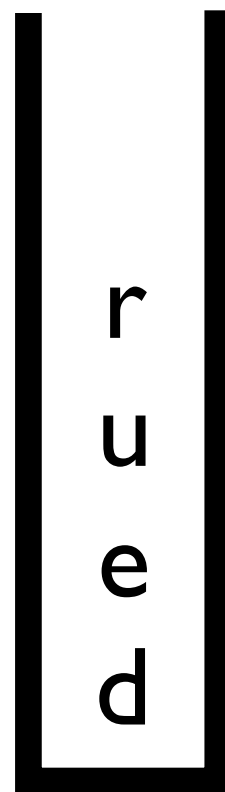
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



s

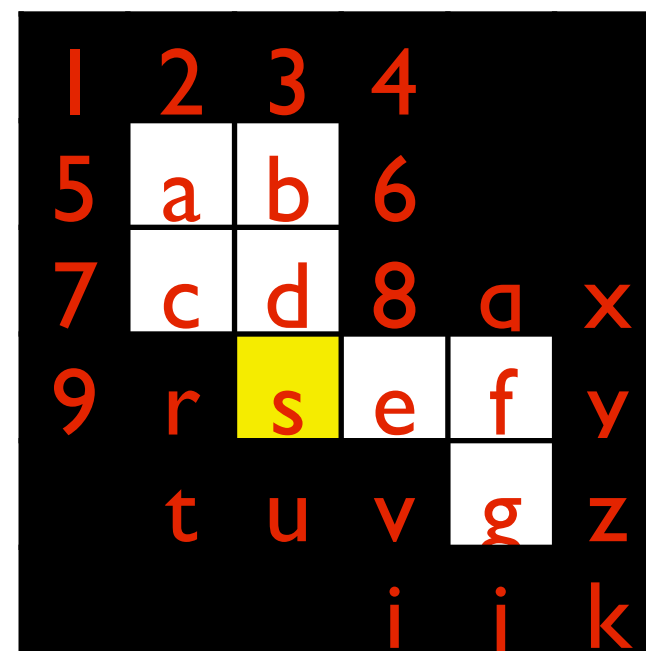
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

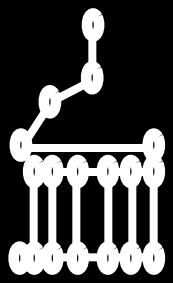
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

u
e
d

r

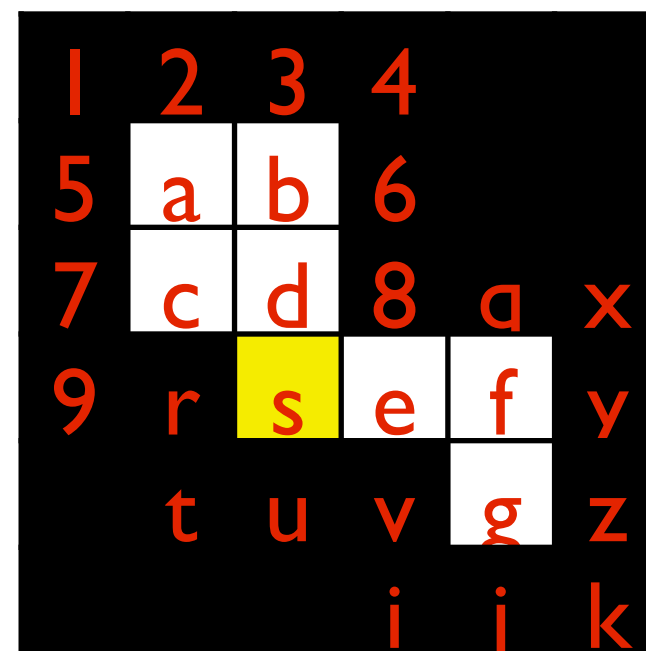
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

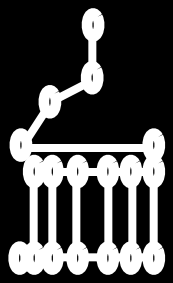
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



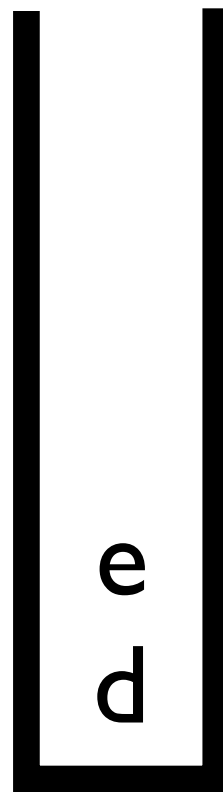
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



u

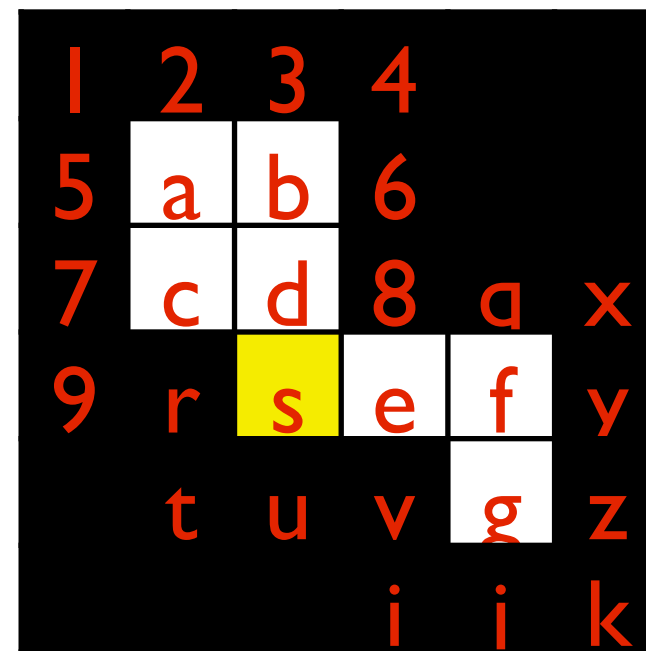
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

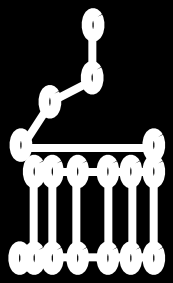
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



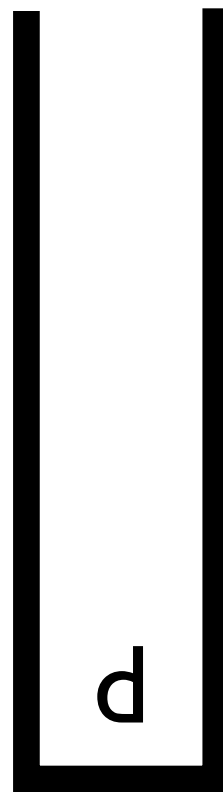
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

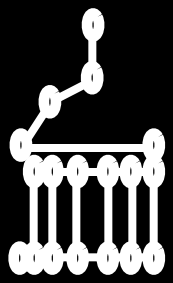
up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

e

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

s
v
f
8
d

e

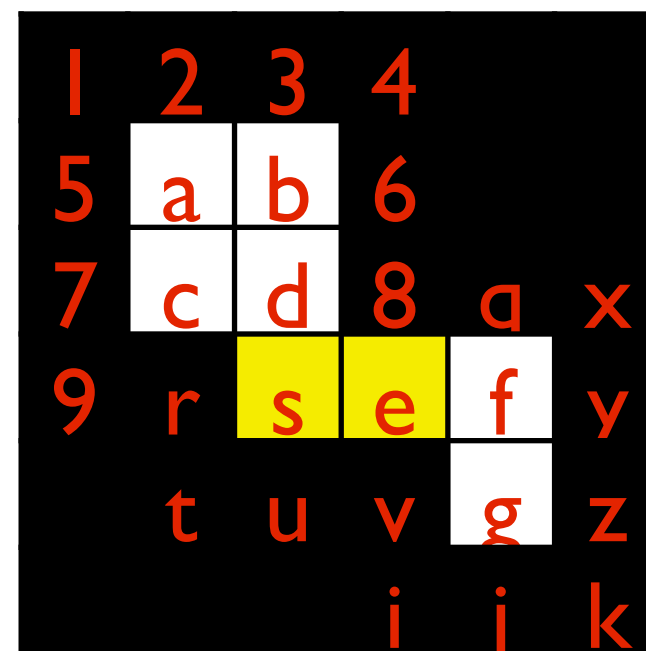
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



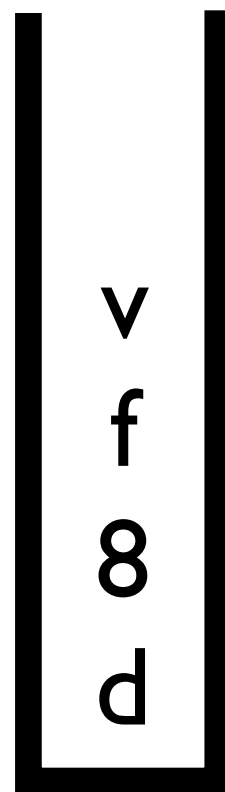
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



S

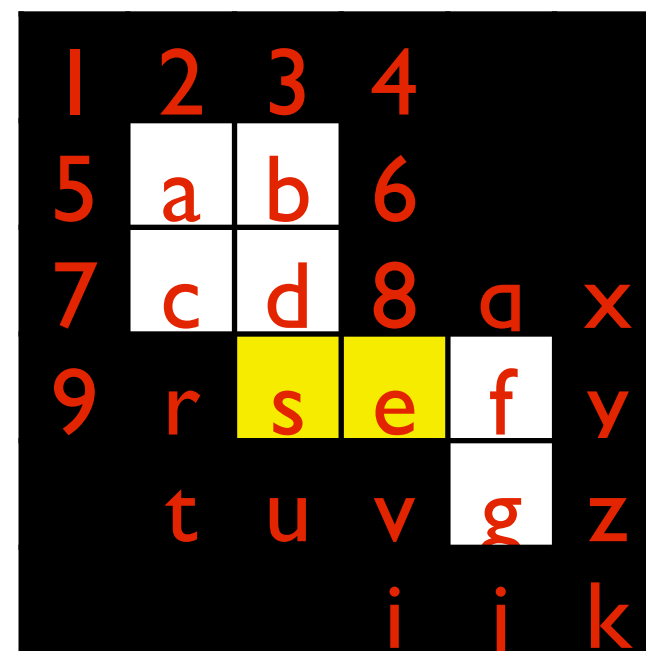
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

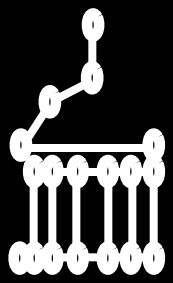
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



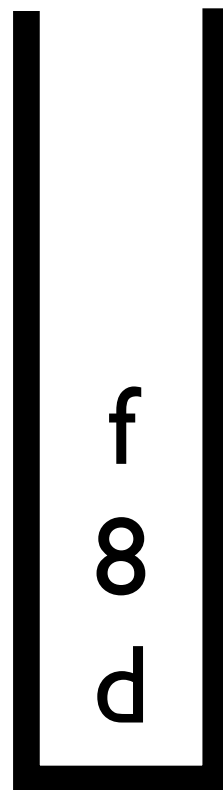
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



v

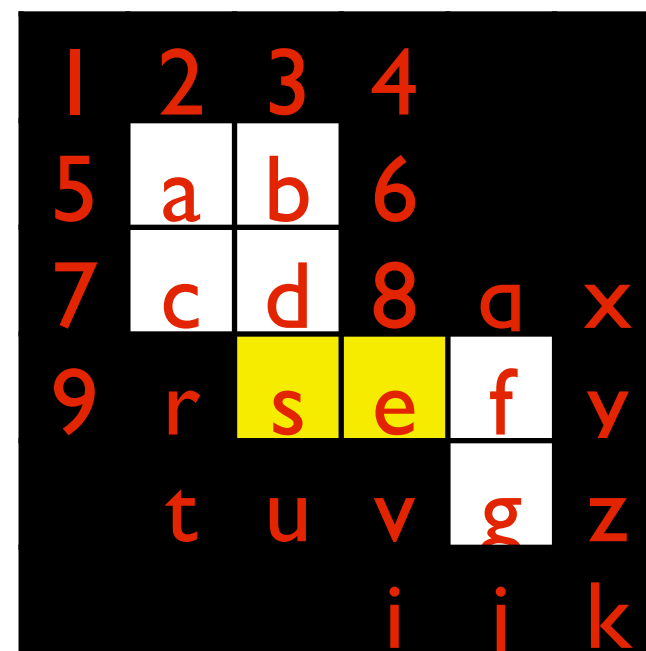
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

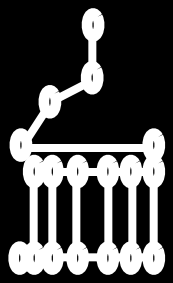
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



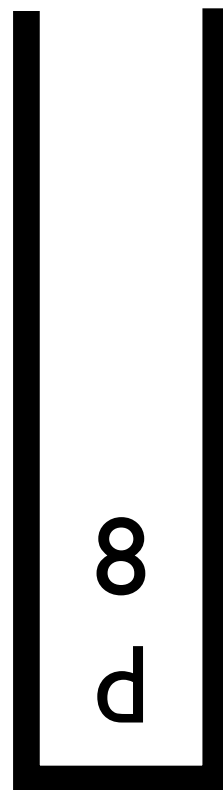
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

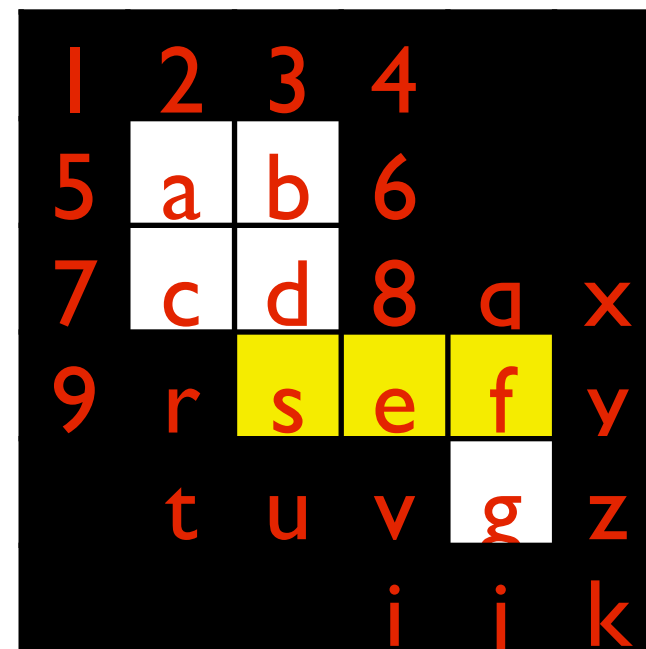
top
of stack



f

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

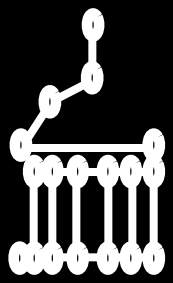
PixelLocation
seed value (254)
ccLabel
value (255)



up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

e
g
y
q
8
d

f

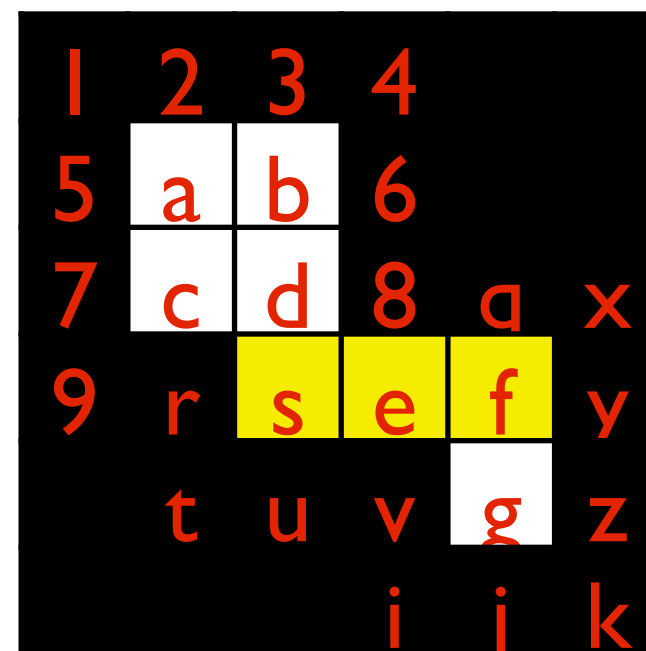
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

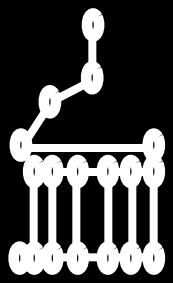
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

g
y
q
8
d

e

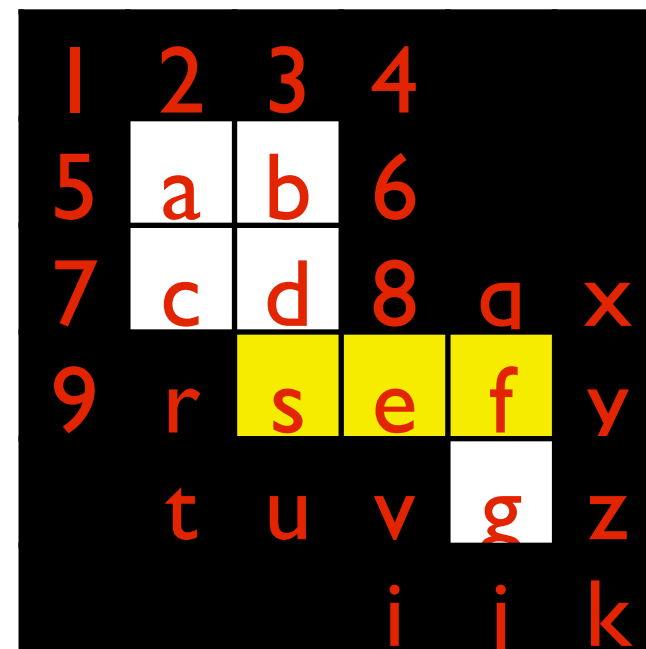
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

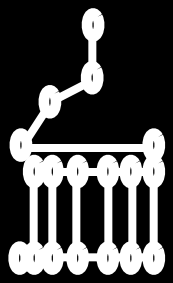
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

y
q
8
d

g

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

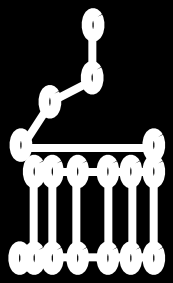
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 | ex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

y
z
f
y
q
8
d

g

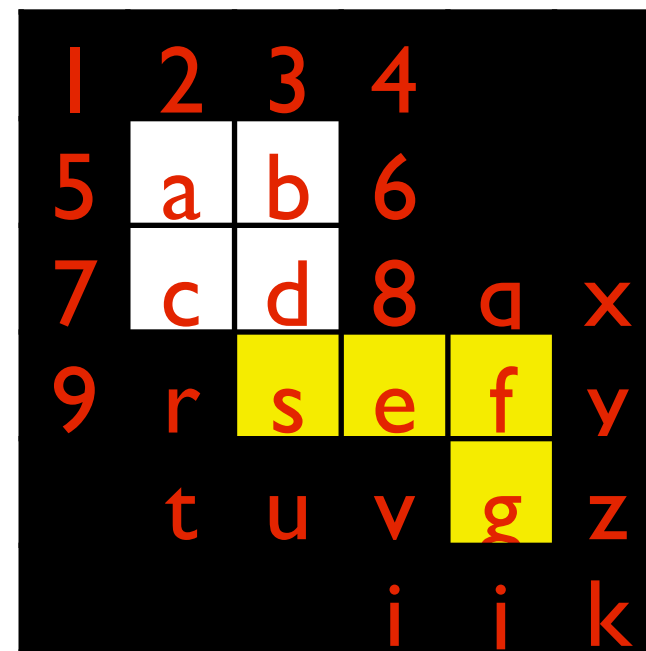
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

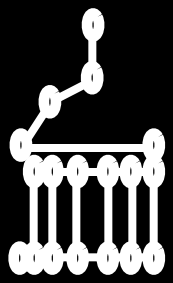
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

j
z
f
y
q
8
d

v

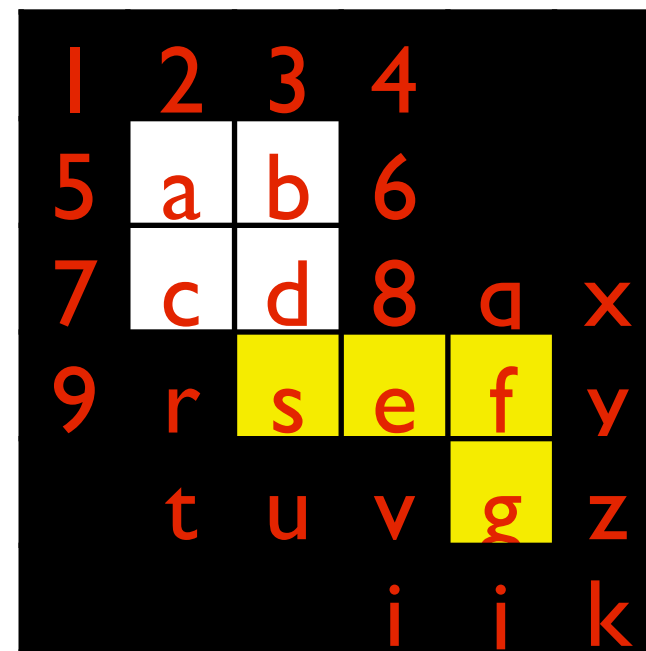
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

z
f
y
q
8
d

j

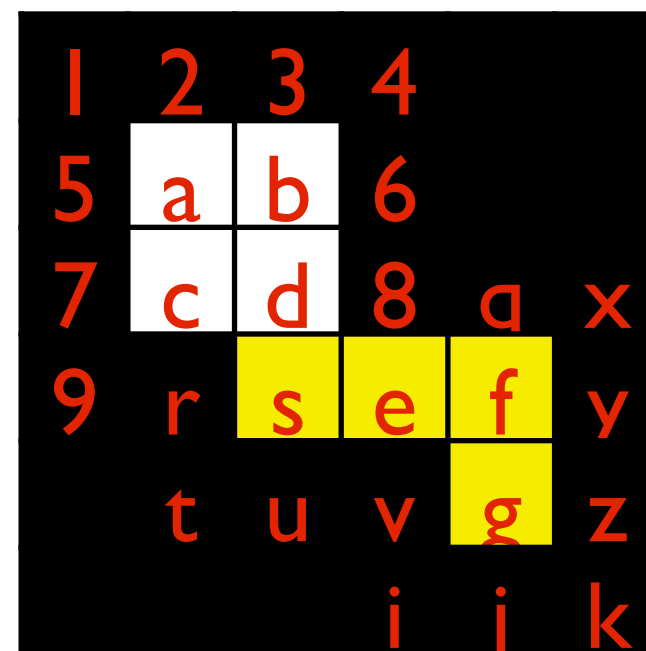
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

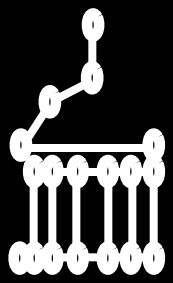
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

f
y
q
8
d

z

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

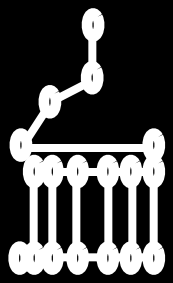
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

y
q
8
d

f

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

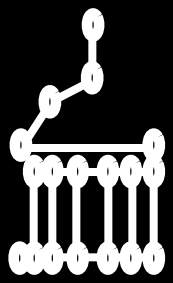
PixelLocation
seed value (254)
ccLabel
value (255)

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1

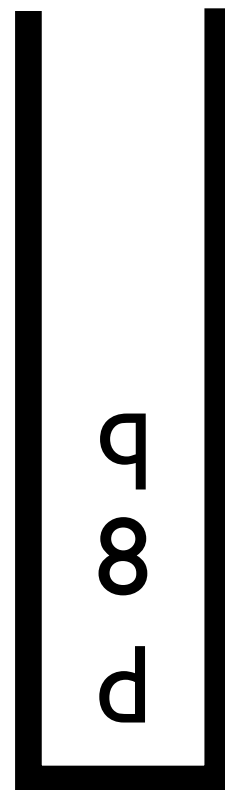
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



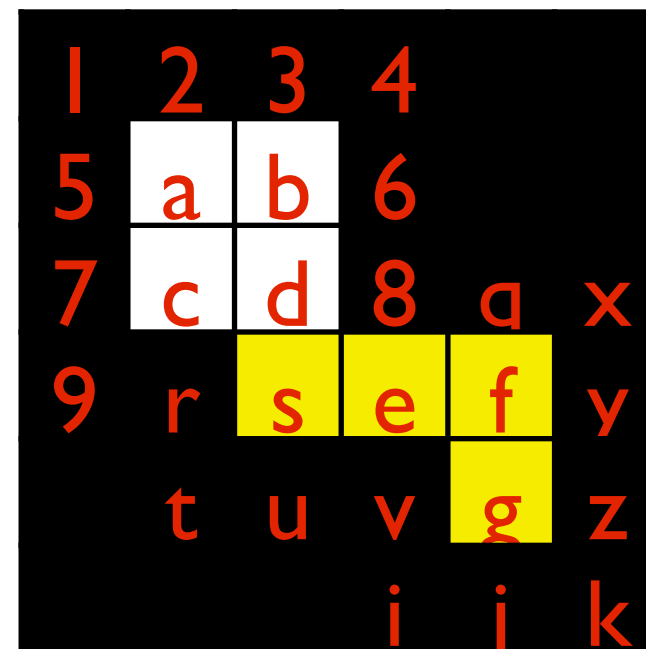
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

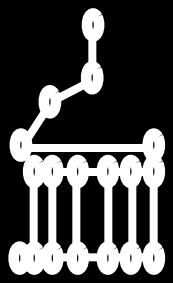
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



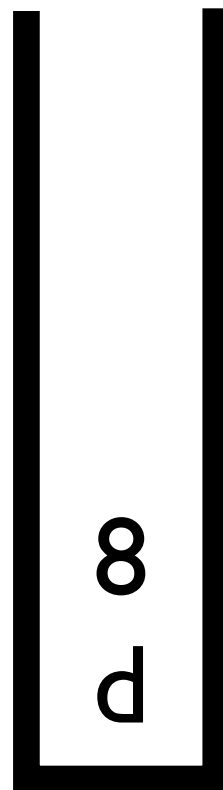
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



q

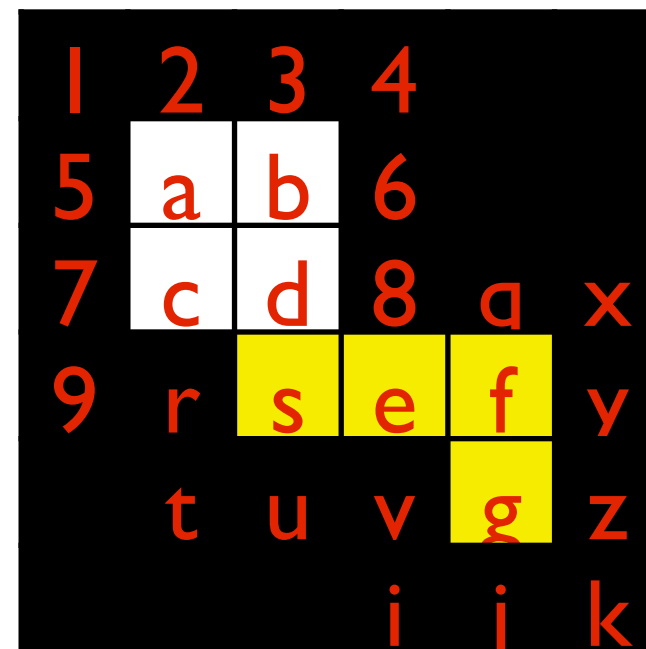
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

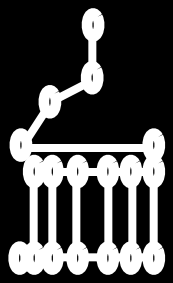
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



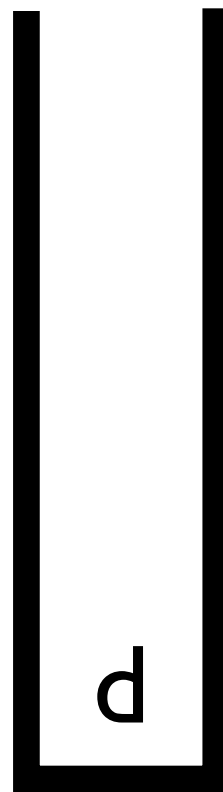
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



8

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

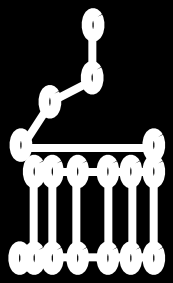
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

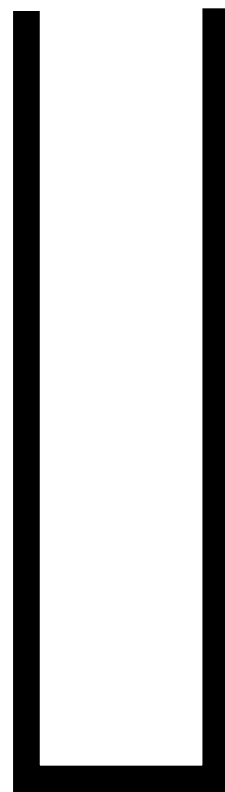
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation
seed value (254)
ccLabel
value (255)

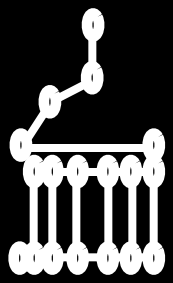
d

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	q	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1

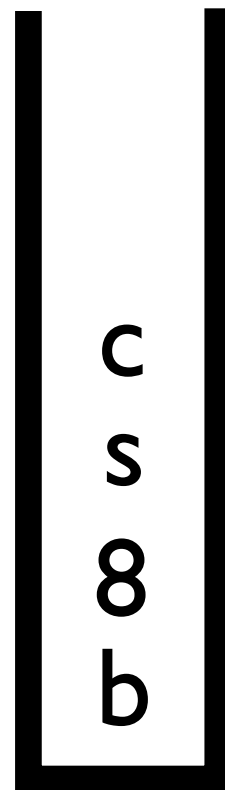
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

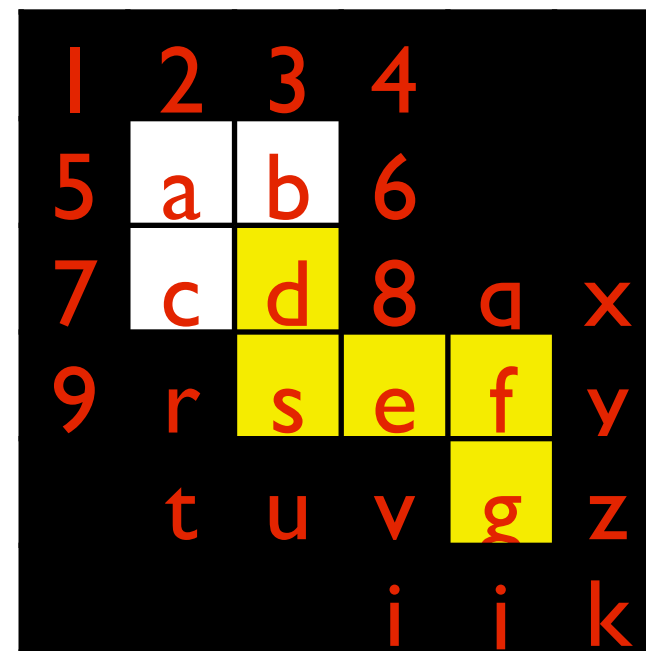
top
of stack



d

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation
seed value (254)
ccLabel
value (255)



up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1

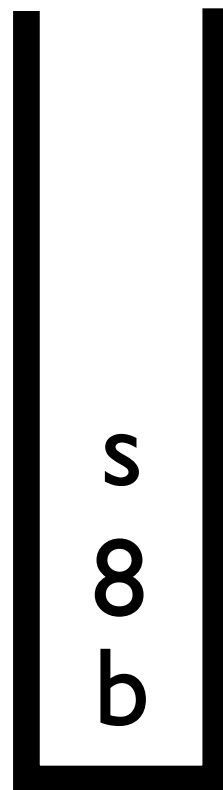
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



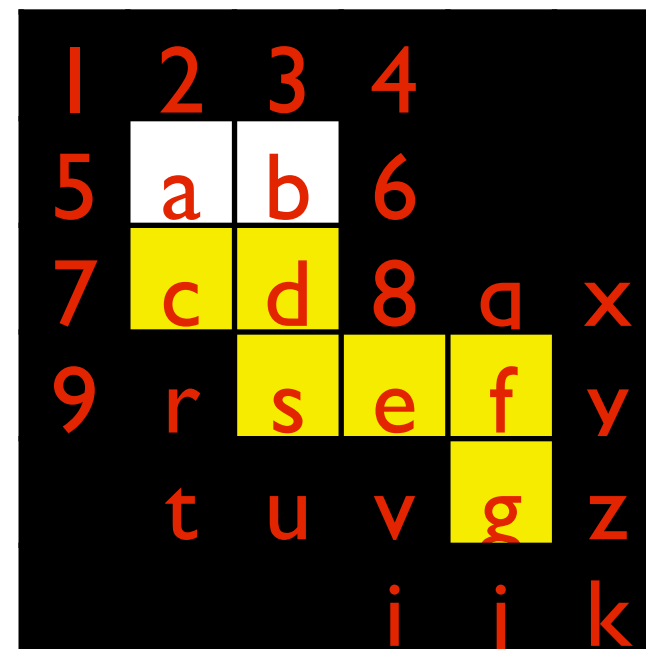
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

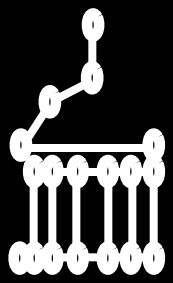
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

7
r
d
a
s
8
b

c

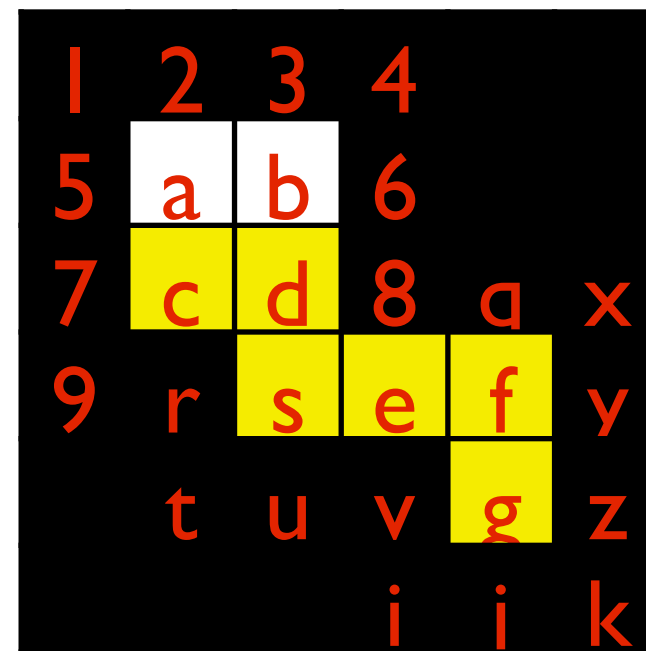
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

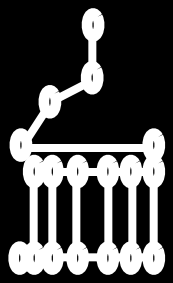
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

r
d
a
s
8
b

7

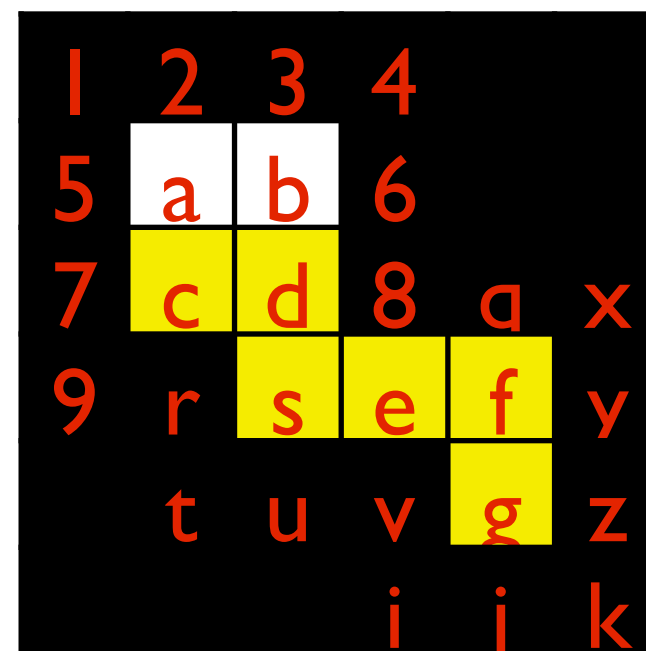
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

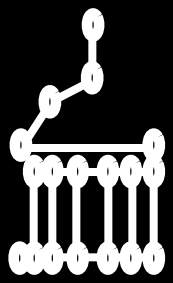
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

d
a
s
8
b

r

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

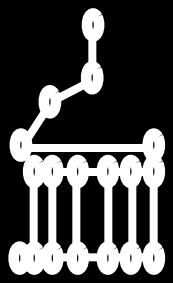
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

a
s
8
b

d

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

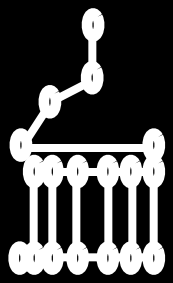
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	q	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

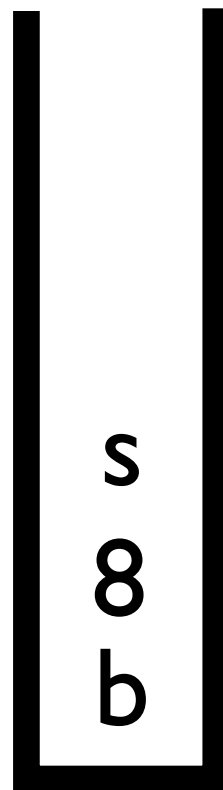
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex

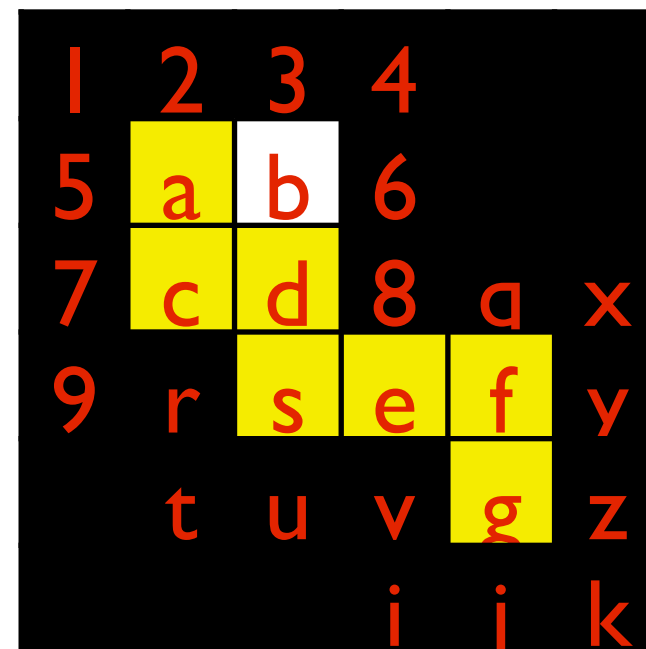


Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



a



push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

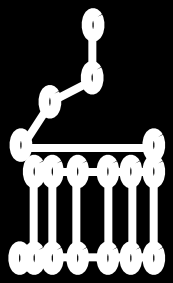
seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

5
c
b
2
s
8
b

a

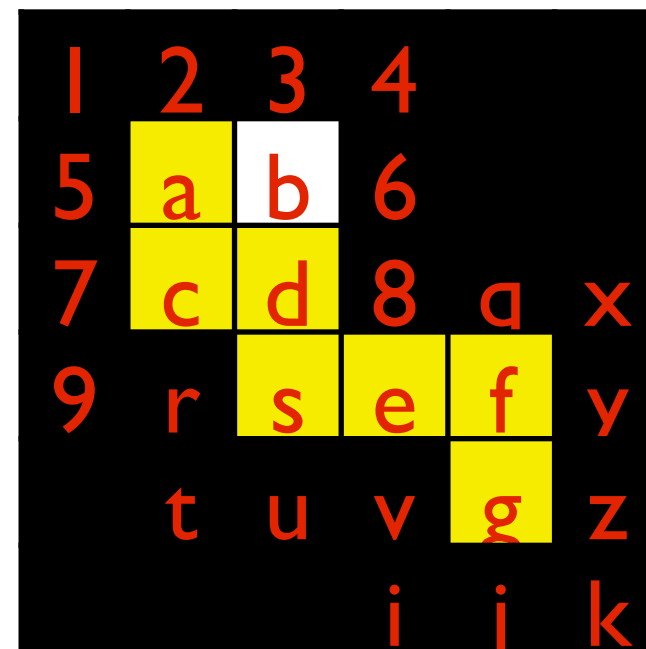
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

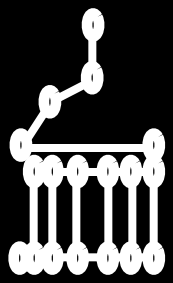
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

c
b
2
s
8
b

5

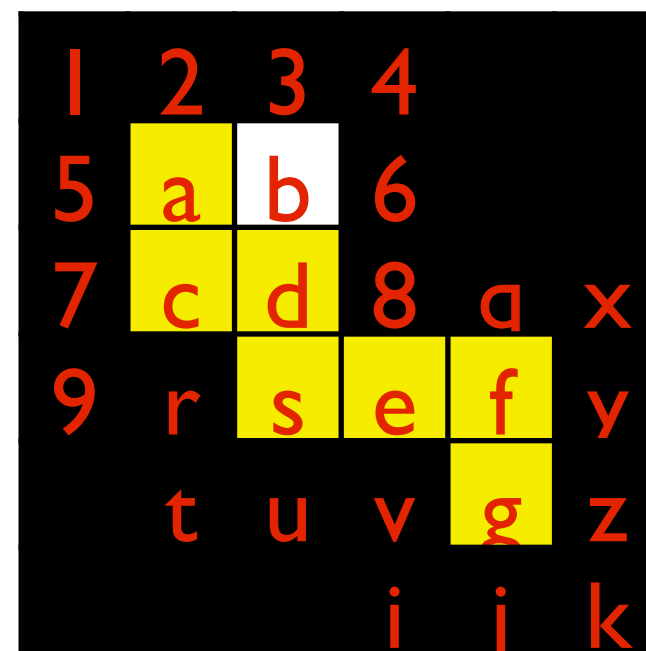
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

b
2
s
8
b

c

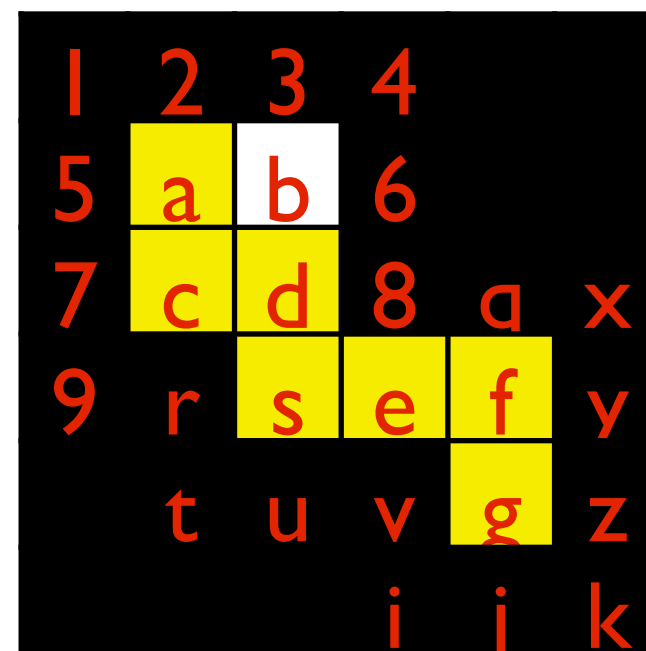
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

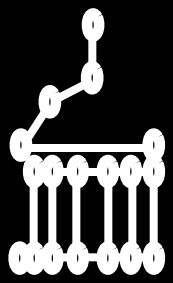
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

2
s
8
b

b

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

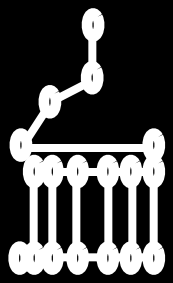
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

d
6
3
2
s
8
b

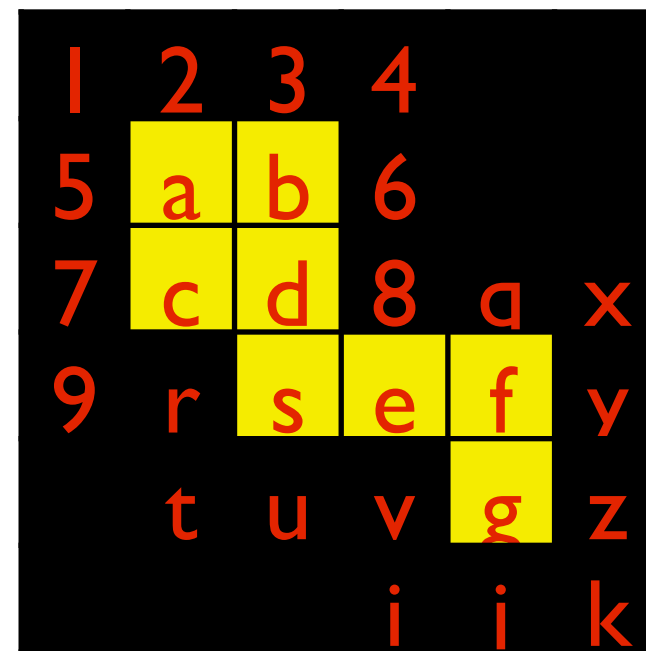
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

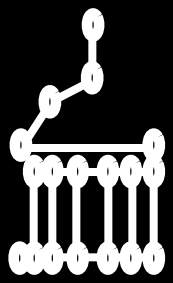
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

d
6
3
2
s
8
b

a

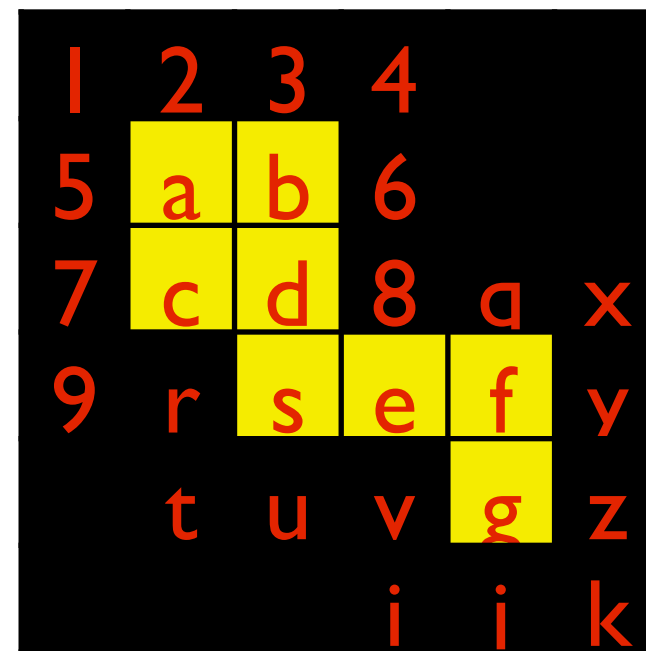
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

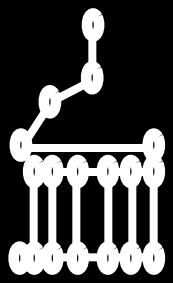
ccLabel
value (255)

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

6
3
2
s
8
b

d

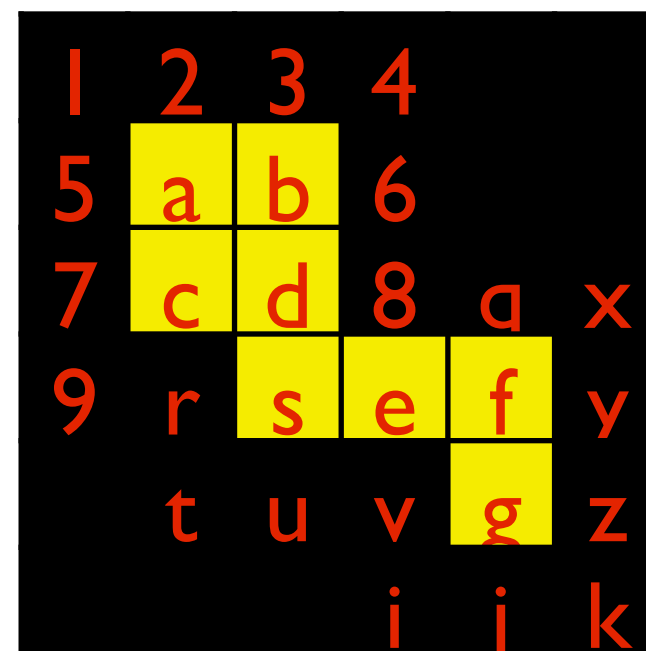
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

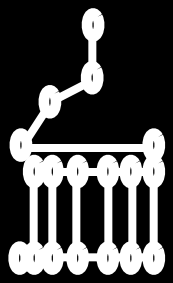
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

3
2
s
8
b

6

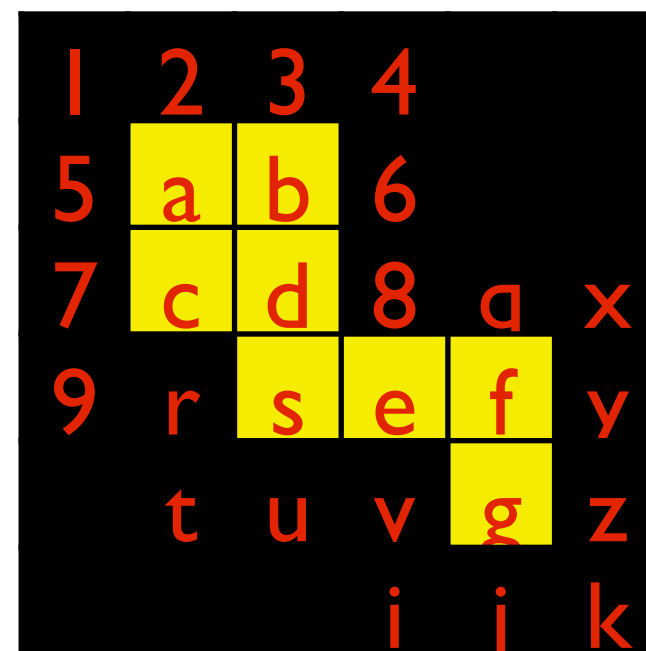
push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

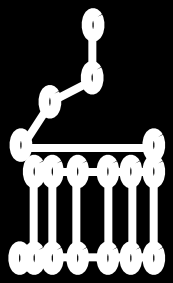
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$



```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack

2
s
8
b

3

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



8 b s

```

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
    pop node from stack
    if color is white:
        change color to yellow
        push all neighbors to stack

```

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel value (255)

```
up      r-1,c
right   r,c+1
down    r+1,c
left    r,c-1
```

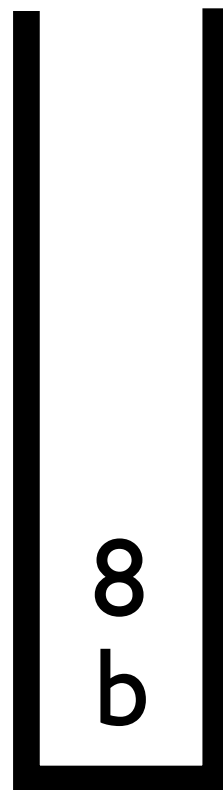
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 | ex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

ccLabel
value (255)

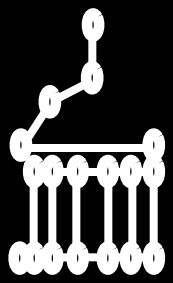
up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

S

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

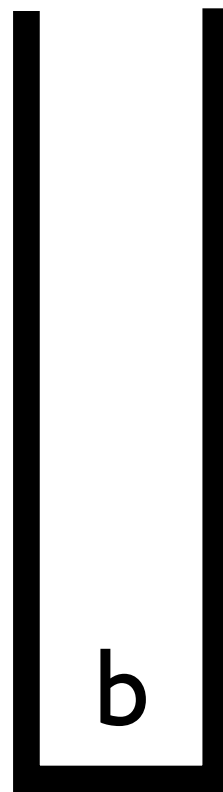
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
    int seedRow,  
    int seedCol,  
    int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



8

push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation

seed value (254)

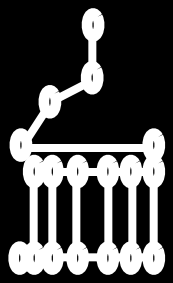
ccLabel
value (255)

up $r-1, c$
right $r, c+1$
down $r+1, c$
left $r, c-1$

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

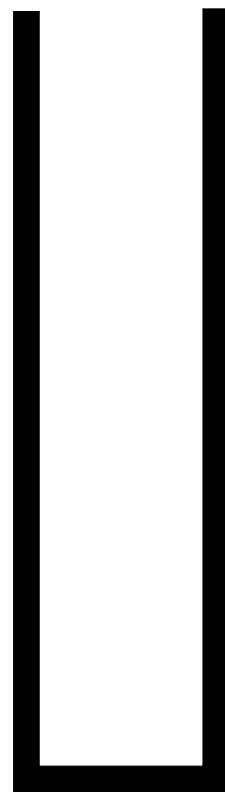
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



Recall: pseudocode for finding one connected component using depth-first search

top
of stack



push seed node to stack
while (stack is not empty)
pop node from stack
if color is white:
change color to yellow
push all neighbors to stack

PixelLocation
seed value (254)
ccLabel value (255)

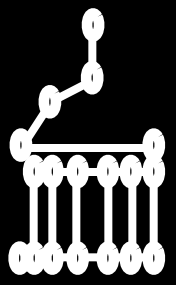
b

1	2	3	4		
5	a	b	6		
7	c	d	8	a	x
9	r	s	e	f	y
	t	u	v	g	z
			i	i	k

up r-1,c
right r,c+1
down r+1,c
left r,c-1

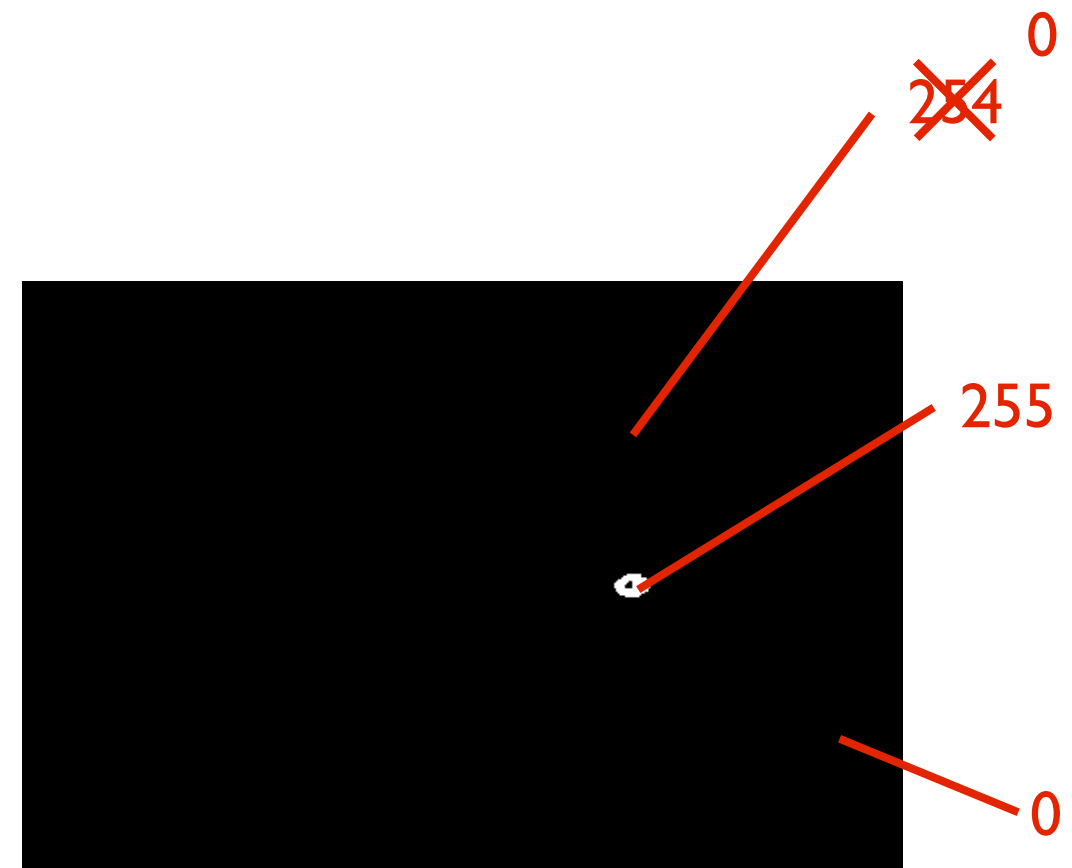
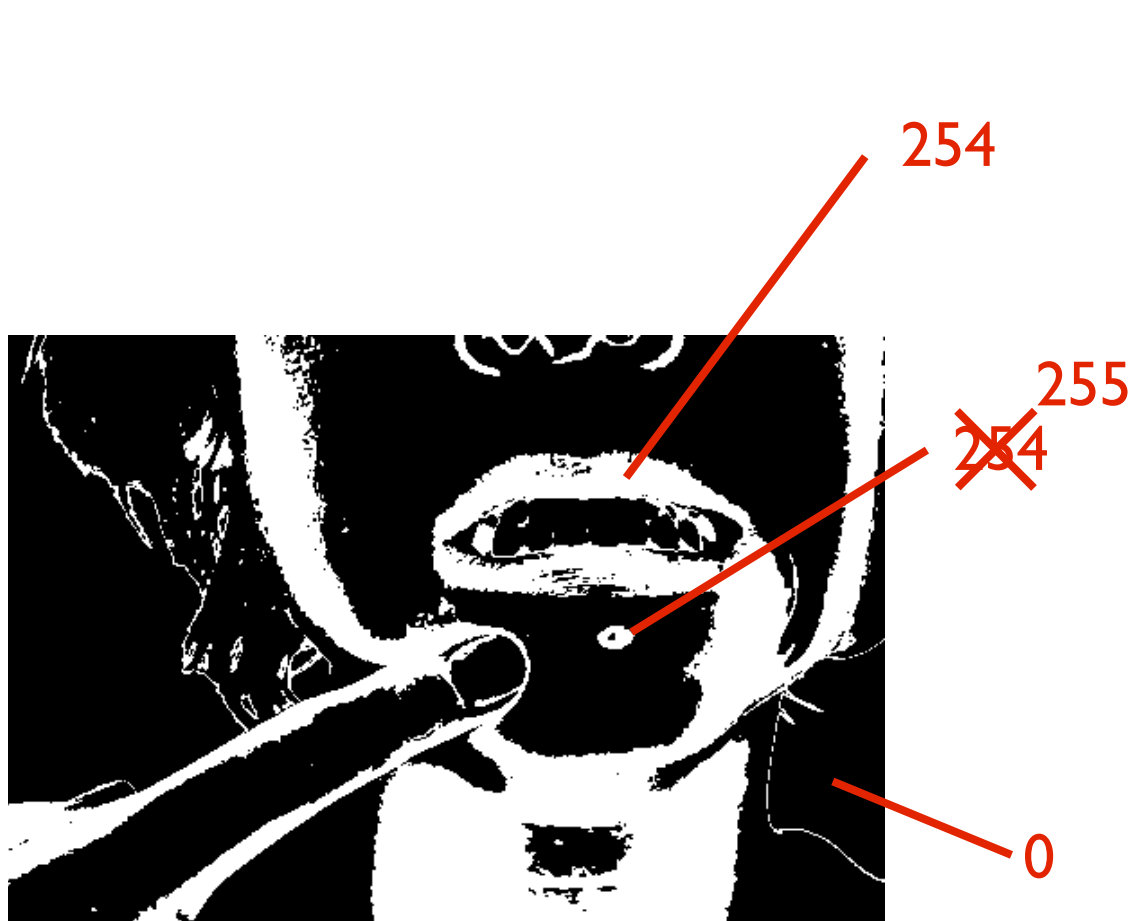
```
void markConnectedComponent(Image &image,  
                             int seedRow,  
                             int seedCol,  
                             int ccLabel);
```

Refer to stack
examples in lec3 lex



High-level pseudocode (see homework5.pdf for more details)

5. Iterate through all pixels in the mask image, changing any pixel with an intensity of 254 to 0.
6. Write this version of the mask image to a file.



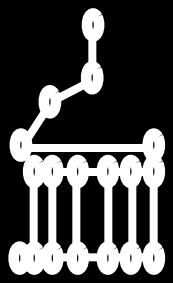


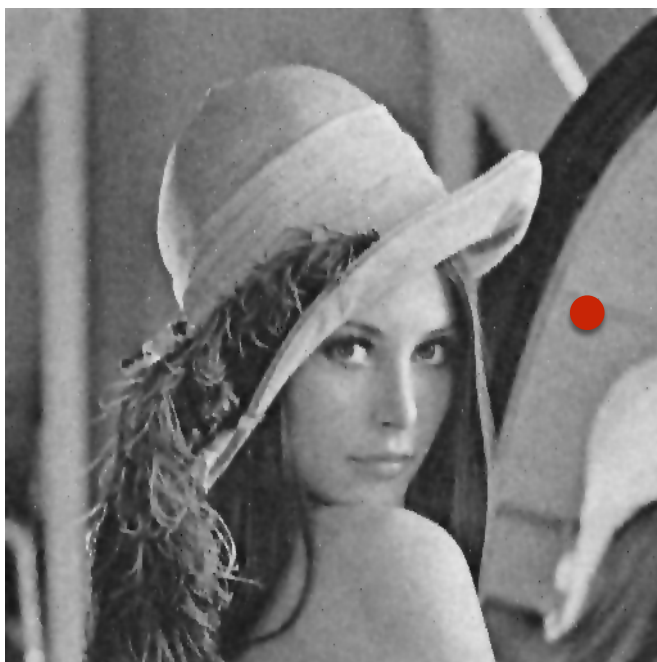
Image smoothing



Original



$$\text{smoothed_pixel_center} = (1-4a) \text{Pixel_center} \\ + a (\text{Pixel_right} + \text{Pixel_left} + \text{Pixel_top} + \text{Pixel_bottom})$$



Implement within main; Modify as a function later
Requires the completion of Image class
More details on classes this week