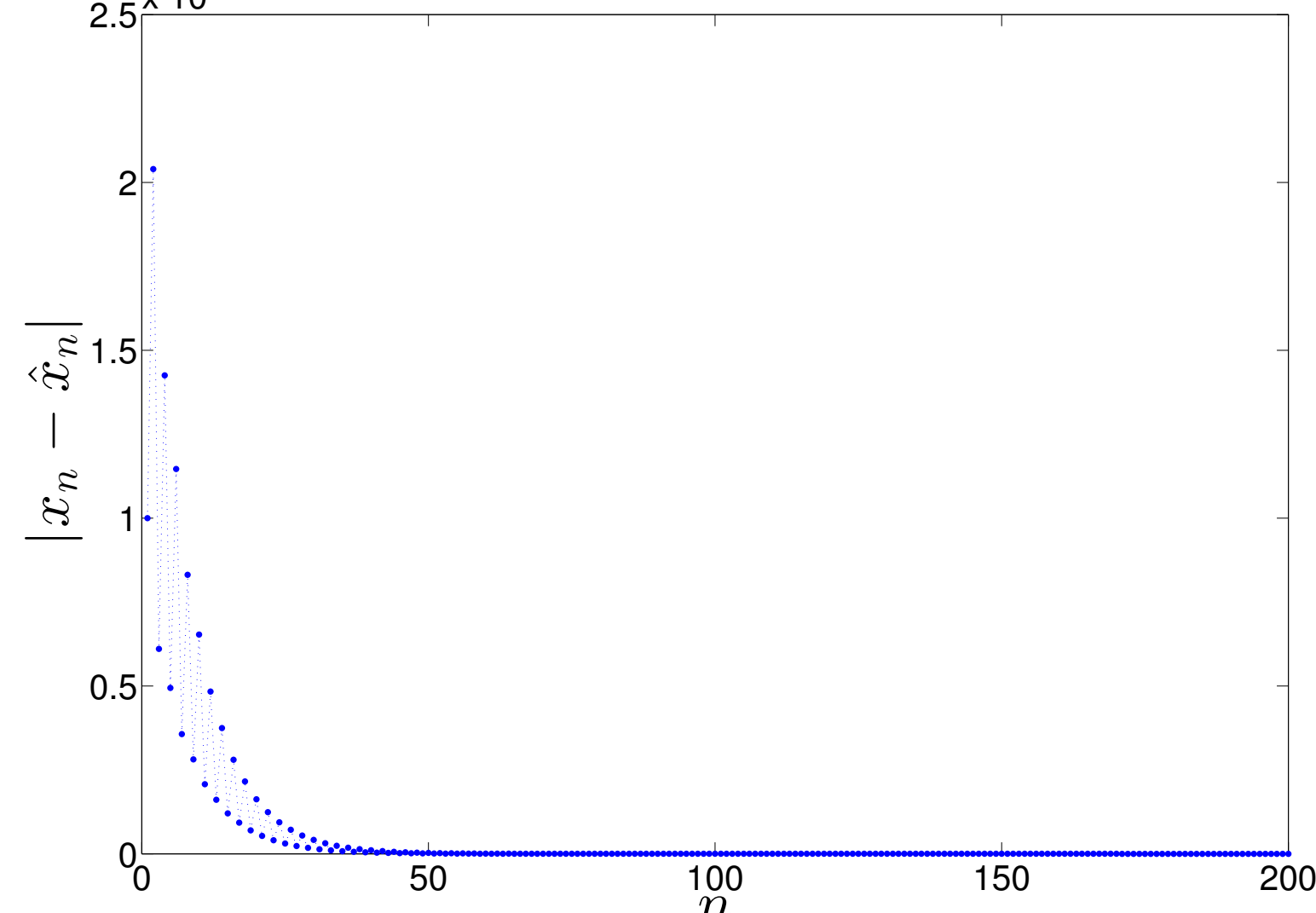


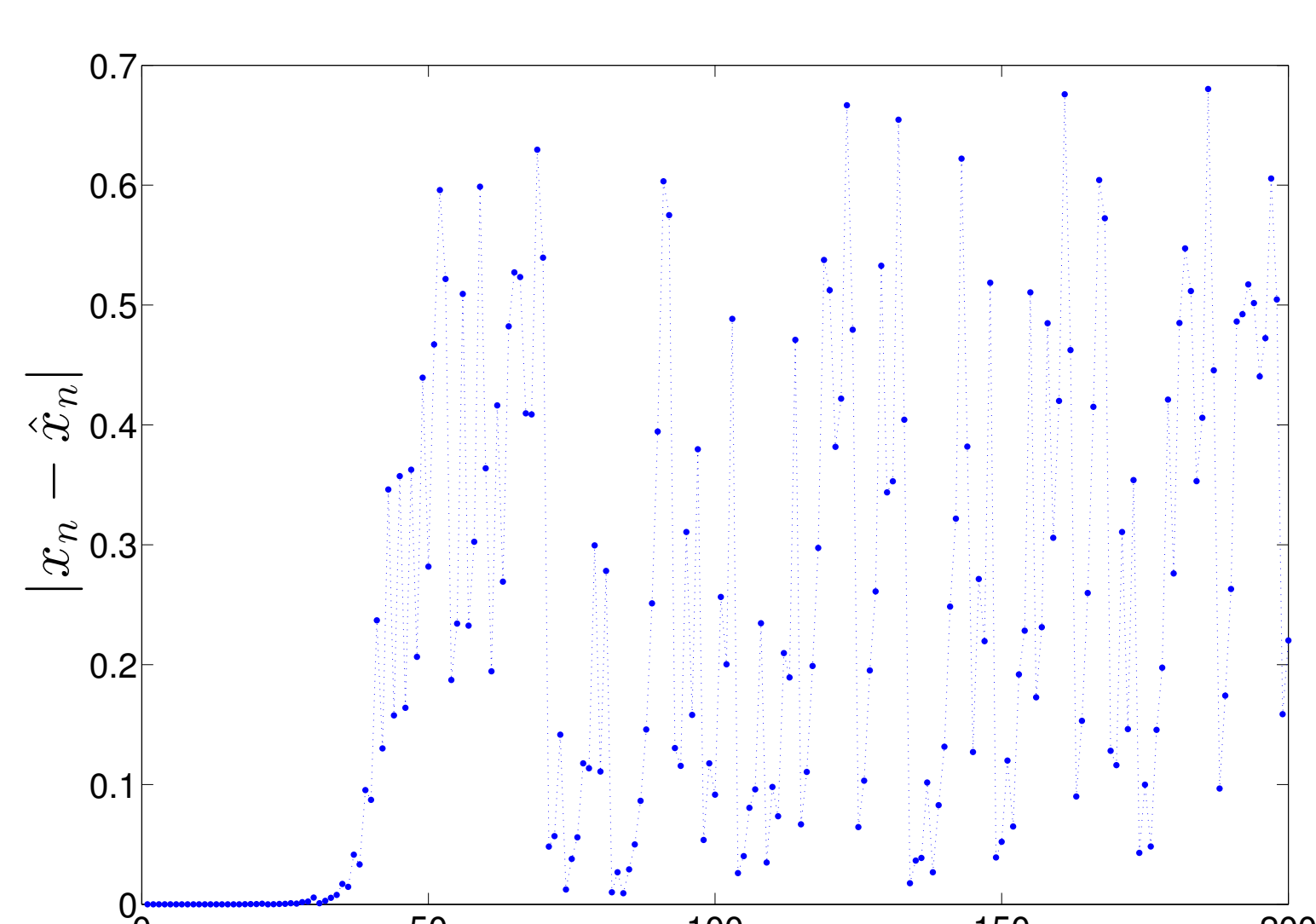
Homework problems in this course are broken into three types and marked by the following symbols:

- — Mandatory problems that should be accessible to all students.
- — Optional problems that are somewhat harder. We strongly suggest that you work through these problems; completing them will give you greater insight into the topics at hand. Please discuss them and their results on the forum.
- ◆ — Challenging problems that are intended for experts. These are optional; not all students will be able to complete them. Again, feel free to discuss them on the forum.

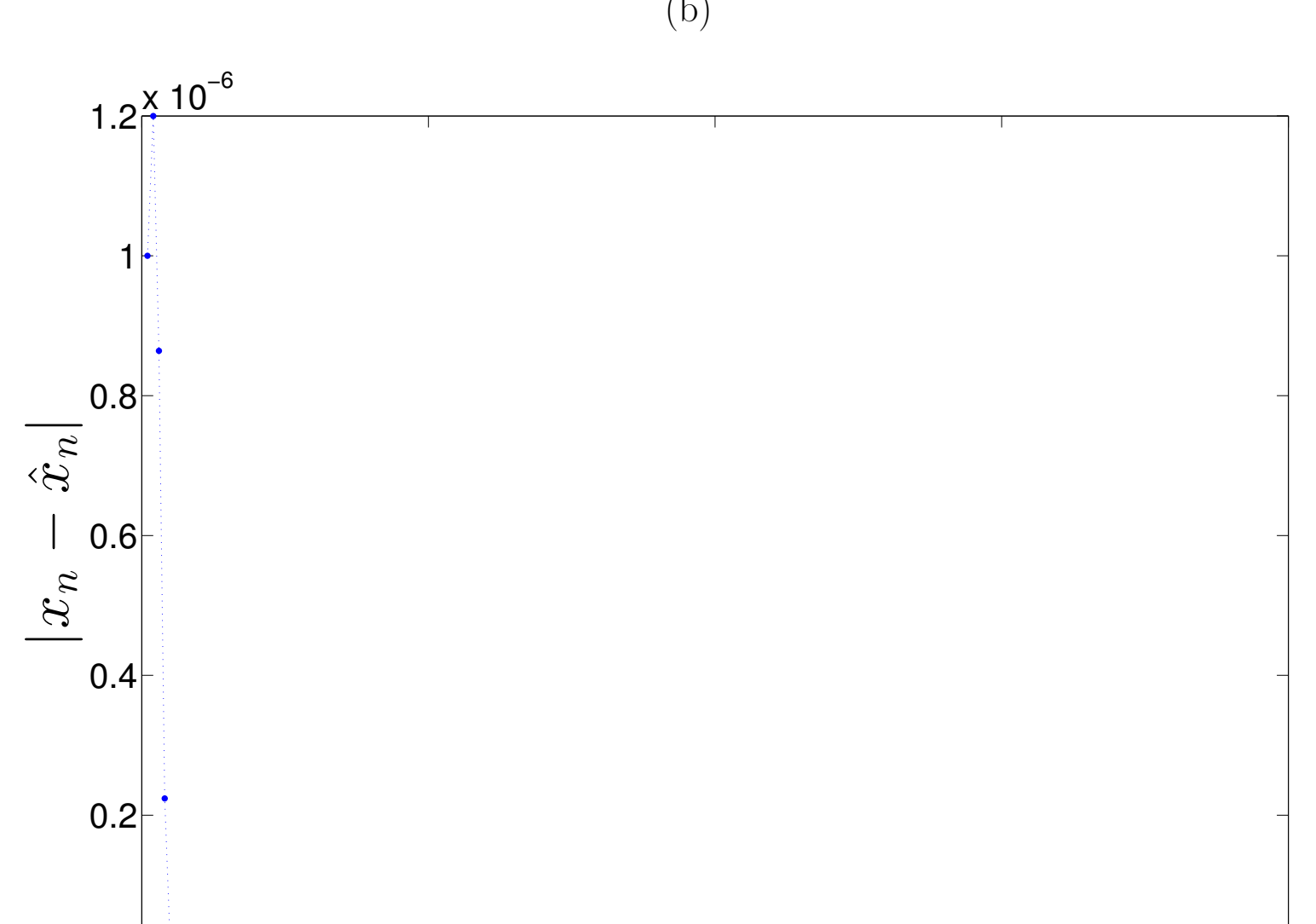
- Use your logistic map program to explore the idea of *sensitive dependence on initial conditions*. Generate two trajectories of the logistic map  $\{x_n\}$  and  $\{\hat{x}_n\}$ . For each of these experiments the initial condition for  $\{x_n\}$  should be  $x_0 = 0.2$  and for  $\{\hat{x}_n\}$  you should use  $x_0 = 0.200001$ . For now, fix  $r = 2$ , generate these two trajectories and then plot  $|x_n - \hat{x}_n|$  vs.  $n$ . Now repeat this for  $r = 3.4$ , and  $r = 3.72$ . Compare your results to the three plots below and then answer the questions that follow.



(a)



(b)



(c)

Figure 1: Plots of  $|x_n - \hat{x}_n|$  vs.  $n$  for the logistic map with three different  $r$  values.

- Which of the plots in Figure ?? corresponds to  $r = 2$ ?
  - (a)
  - (b)
  - (c)
  - None of them
- Which of the plots in Figure ?? corresponds to  $r = 3.4$ ?
  - (a)
  - (b)
  - (c)
  - None of them
- Which of the plots in Figure ?? corresponds to  $r = 3.72$ ?
  - (a)
  - (b)
  - (c)
  - None of them
- What is the overall difference between these plots, if any? Do any of them seem to exhibit *sensitive dependence on initial conditions*? What does this mean about the underlying dynamics of each  $r$  value?
- For  $r = 2$ , what is the difference between the 500th iterates, *i.e.*, what is  $|x_{500} - \hat{x}_{500}|$ ?
  - 0
  - 0.25
  - 1
  - None of the above
- For  $r = 3.4$ , what is the difference between the 500th iterates, *i.e.*, what is  $|x_{500} - \hat{x}_{500}|$ ?
  - 0
  - 0.25
  - 0.5
  - None of the above
- For  $r = 3.72$ , what is the *average* absolute difference for the first 5,000 iterates? (*i.e.*,  $\frac{1}{5,000} \sum_j^{5,000} |x_j - \hat{x}_j|$ ) *Depending on your implementation your exact answer may be slightly different; choose the answer that is closest to the one that you computed.*
  - 0
  - 0.2436
  - 0.3532
  - 0.5
  - None of the above
- For  $r = 3.72$ , what is the *average* absolute difference for the first 500,000 iterates? (*i.e.*,  $\frac{1}{500,000} \sum_j^{500,000} |x_j - \hat{x}_j|$ ) *Again, depending on your implementation, your exact answer may be slightly different; choose the answer that is closest to the one you computed.*
  - 0
  - 0.3532
  - 0.2441
  - 0.2436
  - None of the above

- Point your browser to:

<http://tuvalu.santafe.edu/~jgarland/LogisticTools.html>

- Generate a 50-point trajectory of the logistic map starting at  $x_0 = 0.2$  using parameter value  $r = 3.68725$ . What kind of dynamics does this *appear* to be?
    - Fixed Point
    - Periodic (9-cycle)
    - Chaotic
    - None of the above
  - What if you click “Start Animation” and watch for a while. Does your conclusion change? Wait for a while until something changes. What kind of dynamics is this?
    - Fixed Point
    - Periodic (9-cycle)
    - Chaotic
    - None of the above
  - What is the take away here?
- Set  $r = 3.828$ , plot 50 iterates, and click “Start Animation”. Raise  $r$  slowly to 3.8285, remembering to click “Restart Simulation” after each change. For  $r \in (3.828, 3.8285)$  the dynamics are very deceiving—be patient! Describe & explain what you see. If you don’t see anything interesting, you aren’t being patient enough.
  - ◆ In Quiz 1.5 you estimated the  $r$  value for which the dynamics bifurcated from a fixed point to a 2-cycle. Try to analytically find this number: *i.e.*, start with  $x_n = x_{n+2}$  and solve for the first  $r$  that makes this valid. *Warning: This problem involves a significant amount of algebra and factoring.*