Étude à réaliser sur MNIST

```
In [1]: from principal_RBM_MNIST import *
        from principal_DNN_MNIST import *
        /Users/zakariatozy/opt/anaconda3/envs/tensorflow/lib/python3.9/site-packages/tqdm/auto.py:22: TqdmWarning: IProgress not found. Please update jupyter and ipywidgets. See https://ipywidgets.read
        thedocs.io/en/stable/user_install.html
         from .autonotebook import tqdm as notebook_tqdm
In [2]: import os
        from sklearn.datasets import fetch_openml
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
        import numpy as np
        def download_mnist():
            if os.path.exists('mnist_784.npz'):
            mnist = fetch_openml('mnist_784')
            X = mnist['data'].values
            X[X < 127] = 0
            X[X >= 127] = 1
            y = mnist['target']
            y = LabelBinarizer().fit_transform(y)
            np.savez('mnist_784.npz', X=X, y=y)
        def get_mnist(train_size, test_size):
            download mnist()
            with np.load('mnist_784.npz') as data:
                X, y = data['X'], data['y']
            X_train, X_test = X[:train_size], X[train_size:train_size+test_size]
            y_train, y_test = y[:train_size], y[train_size:train_size+test_size]
            return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
```

PROGRAMME

```
In [3]: # GET THE DATA READY
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = get_mnist(50000,20000)
        # Number of epoch for pretraining
        num_epochs_pretraining= 100
        # Number of epoch for tuning
        num_epochs_training = 200
        # Learning rate
        learning_rate=0.1
        # Batch size
        batch_size = 100
        # Number of features
        p = 28*28
        # Number of classes
        nbr_classes = y_train.shape[1]
In [5]: X_train.shape, X_test.shape
In [5]: hidden_units = [200, 200]
```

Cross entropy per epochs Cross entropy 0.35 0.30 0.25 Cross entropy 0.20 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00 75 25 50 125 150 0 100 175 200

epochs

```
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [22:29<00:00, 6.75s/it, loss retropagation=0.00296]

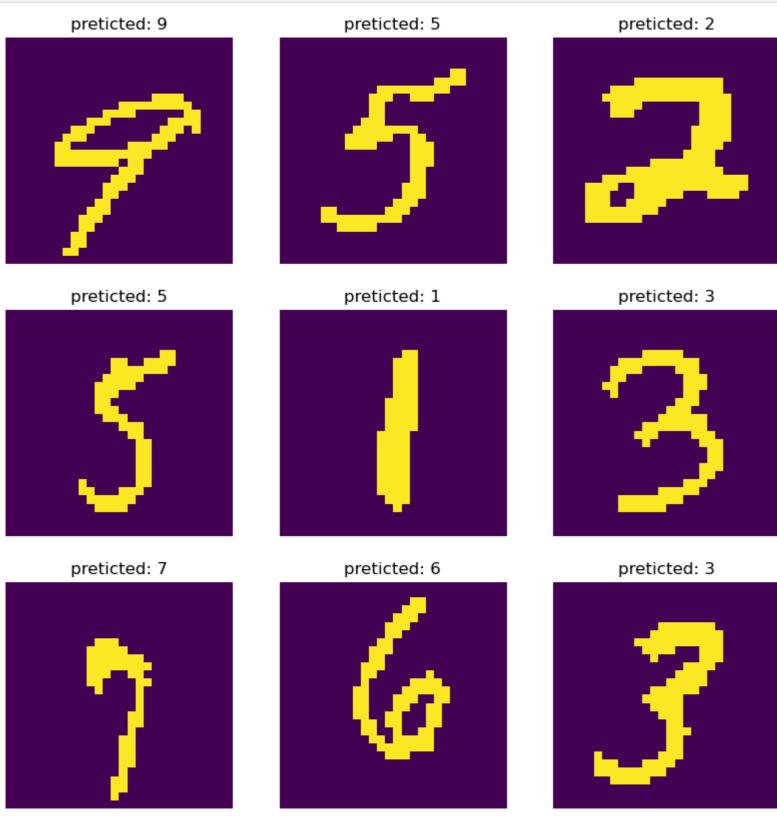
In [8]: # Output probability of random images random_samples = np.random.randint(0, len(X_test), size=9)
```

```
random_samples = np.random.randint(0, len(X_test), size=9)
output_proba = entree_sortie_reseau(dnn_fine_tune, X_test[random_samples, :])[-1]

output_label = output_proba.argmax(axis=1)

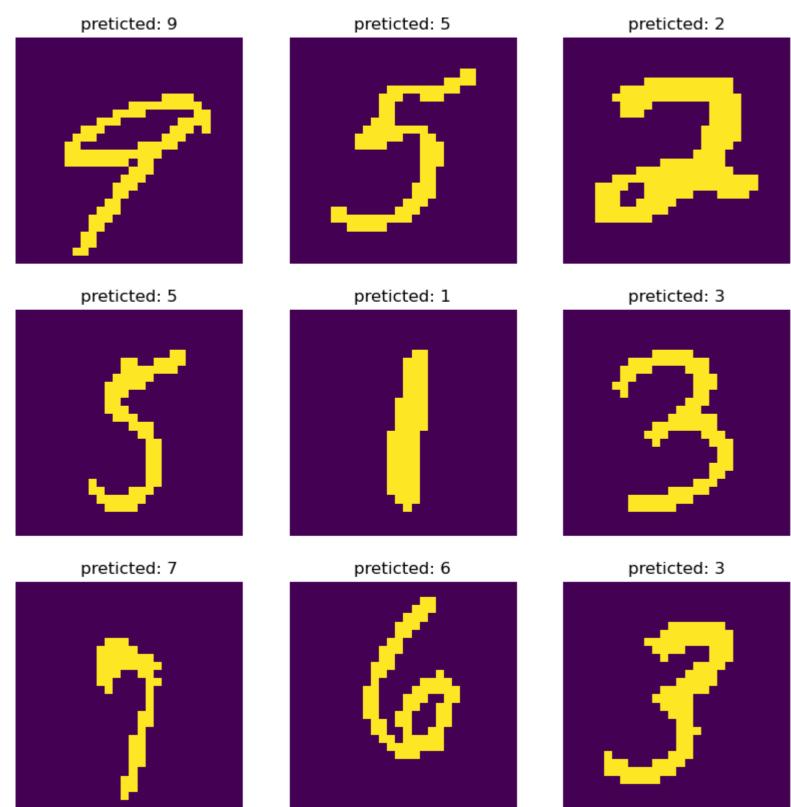
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
for i,j in enumerate(random_samples):
    plt.subplot(3,3, i+1)
    plt.imshow(X_test[j].reshape(28,28))
    plt.title(f"preticted: {output_label[i]}")
    plt.axis('off')
```





======== Observerd Probaility for each sample - pretrained model ==========

```
Out[8]:
                             0
                                                    2
                                                                3
                                                                                                               7
                                                                                                                                       9
         sample_[1] 3.034552e-07 7.128587e-06 1.158638e-07 3.212450e-07 3.974746e-03 8.392538e-07 9.301351e-09 7.929600e-03 1.549223e-04 9.879320e-01
         sample_[2] 6.985377e-06 7.934431e-08 1.038894e-07 4.317082e-05 1.744151e-08 9.998399e-01 1.010139e-06 1.487322e-06 2.037659e-06 1.052520e-04
         sample_[3] 8.226394e-09 5.550377e-13 9.999982e-01 1.734533e-06 1.457626e-11 1.836959e-13 5.827960e-13 4.523378e-08 1.039946e-08 8.018960e-11
         sample_[4] 7.504620e-07 2.175976e-05 9.438244e-08 6.403715e-05 2.756147e-08 9.998910e-01 2.888146e-06 1.666925e-07 6.828071e-06 1.248079e-05
         sample_[5] 4.656471e-12 9.997671e-01 2.562073e-07 1.198857e-05 1.403664e-06 3.002750e-10 2.926551e-07 1.605825e-04 5.816870e-05 1.950435e-07
         sample_[6] 6.526434e-09 3.524890e-07 2.970598e-08 9.992268e-01 1.643239e-09 2.881466e-06 2.799060e-12 2.518026e-06 9.242736e-05 6.750050e-04
         sample_[7] 1.969117e-07 1.945903e-04 1.967125e-06 5.485911e-05 3.767057e-05 1.869288e-04 6.259350e-09 9.979174e-01 1.968429e-09 1.606384e-03
         sample_[8] 9.048175e-09 9.204240e-07 4.778937e-07 2.576974e-08 3.851584e-05 3.642316e-07 9.999594e-01 2.651258e-07 6.355646e-09 5.722019e-09
         sample [9] 1.780719e-10 1.483279e-07 2.645256e-07 9.999983e-01 4.739493e-12 4.537411e-07 9.608583e-14 3.646918e-08 1.160960e-07 6.604594e-07
In [10]:
         #fine tuning with random weights
         dnn_random = init_DNN(p, hidden_units, nbr_classes)
         dnn_random_tune,loss = retropropagation(dnn_random, epochs=num_epochs_training, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size, X=X_train, y=y_train, display=False)
         Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [25:30<00:00, 7.65s/it, loss retropagation=0.00302]
In [12]: # Output probability of random images
         output_proba = entree_sortie_reseau(dnn_random_tune, X_test[random_samples, :])[-1]
         output_label = output_proba.argmax(axis=1)
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         for i,j in enumerate(random_samples):
             plt.subplot(3,3, i+1)
             plt.imshow(X_test[j].reshape(28,28))
             plt.title(f"preticted: {output_label[i]}")
             plt.axis('off')
         plt.show()
         import pandas as pd
         pd.DataFrame(output_proba, index=[f"sample_[{i+1}]" for i in range(len(output_proba))])
```



========= Observerd Probaility for each sample - random model ==========

Out[12]:

sample_[1]2.449095e-081.117544e-092.025232e-114.211512e-098.156937e-079.127432e-081.103485e-135.406271e-064.342439e-069.999893e-01sample_[2]4.563496e-071.034830e-064.679010e-094.476038e-072.181910e-059.999078e-011.017301e-066.590874e-082.007362e-076.712765e-05sample_[3]7.937804e-085.432527e-129.999929e-011.529171e-064.028320e-135.003377e-164.654166e-135.488877e-061.168691e-091.384837e-12sample_[4]1.590930e-104.027764e-086.030750e-141.658468e-079.124902e-149.999995e-011.772343e-126.867839e-132.389915e-082.521565e-07sample_[5]3.409093e-109.999197e-013.219156e-071.245785e-062.730770e-078.804490e-096.015521e-058.856388e-069.419057e-062.163238e-08sample_[6]3.145405e-112.382692e-105.258406e-109.999998e-016.443614e-131.829703e-092.775316e-151.279009e-083.761917e-091.336040e-07sample_[8]3.49087re-103.240006e-066.106098e-095.281909e-111.572541e-071.213970e-089.999966e-011.695749e-104.042901e-091.571845e-10sample_[9]2.736395e-142.348920e-083.870998e-129.999999e-018.960682e-162.140577e-099.898024e-191.839403e-096.548627e-098.575779e-08

TAUX D'ERREUR EN FONCTION DU NOMBRE DE COUCHES

```
In [7]: # Load MNIST dataset
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = get_mnist(train_size=10000, test_size=5000)
        # Set number of epochs for pretraining and training
        num epochs pretraining = 100
        num_epochs_training = 200
        # Set Learning rate
        learning_rate = 0.1
        # Set batch size
        batch size = 100
        # Set input dimension
        input_dim = 28*28
        # Set number of classes
        num_classes = y_train.shape[1]
        # Define hidden layer unit configurations
        hidden_layer_units = [(200, 200), (200, 200, 200), (200, 200, 200, 200), (200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200), (200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200)]
        # Initialize empty lists to store training history for each configuration
        result = {}
        result["random_loss"] = []
        result["pretrain_loss"] = []
        result["random_acc"] = []
        result["pretrain_acc"] = []
        # Loop through each hidden layer configuration
        for hidden units in hidden layer units:
            print(f"hidden_units : {hidden_units}")
            # Initialize DNN with given input dimension, hidden layer units, and number of classes at random
            dnn_random = init_DNN(input_dim, hidden_units, num_classes)
            # Pretrain DNN with given number of epochs, learning rate, and batch size
            dnn_pretrain = pretrain_DNN(init_DNN(input_dim, hidden_units, num_classes), X_train, epochs=num_epochs_pretraining, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size)
            # Fine tune DNN random and pretrain with given number of epochs, learning rate, and batch size, and store training history
            print("Retropagation model random =========")
            dnn_random_tune, train_loss = retropropagation(dnn_random, epochs=num_epochs_training, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size, X=X_train, y=y_train)
```

```
MNIST
   print("Retropagation model pretrain =========="")
   dnn_pretrain_tune, train_loss = retropropagation(dnn_pretrain, epochs=num_epochs_training, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size, X=X_train, y=y_train)
   # Compute test loss and accuracy for each case
   print("Test model pretrain ==========")
   test loss pretrain, acc test pretrain = test DNN(dnn pretrain tune, X test, y test)
   print("Test model random =========")
   test_loss_random, acc_test_random = test_DNN(dnn_random_tune, X_test, y_test)
   # Store the result
   result["random_loss"].append(test_loss_random)
   result["pretrain_loss"].append(test_loss_pretrain)
   result["random_acc"].append(acc_test_random)
   result["pretrain_acc"].append(acc_test_pretrain)
hidden_units : (200, 200)
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [03:30<00:00, 2.11s/it, loss pretraining=0.0364]
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [01:59<00:00, 1.19s/it, loss pretraining=0.109]
Retropopagation: 100%
                      200/200 [03:50<00:00, 1.15s/it, loss retropagation=0.0199]
Retropagation model pretrain ================================
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [03:32<00:00, 1.06s/it, loss retropagation=0.0328]
Test loss: 0.21315499641390614, Acc. %: 93.94%
Test loss: 0.27879330758410187, Acc. %: 92.5%
hidden_units: (200, 200, 200)
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [03:25<00:00, 2.06s/it, loss pretraining=0.0363]
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [01:54<00:00, 1.14s/it, loss pretraining=0.112]
Training RMB: 100%
                      | 100/100 [01:58<00:00, 1.19s/it, loss pretraining=0.105]
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [05:33<00:00, 1.67s/it, loss retropagation=0.0109]
Retropagation model pretrain ================================
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [04:49<00:00, 1.45s/it, loss retropagation=0.0241]
Test loss: 0.20037760048134254, Acc. %: 94.6%
Test loss: 0.2858737706930899, Acc. %: 92.72%
hidden_units: (200, 200, 200, 200)
Training RMB: 100%
                        100/100 [03:28<00:00, 2.09s/it, loss pretraining=0.0367]
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [02:01<00:00, 1.21s/it, loss pretraining=0.111]
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [01:58<00:00, 1.19s/it, loss pretraining=0.104]
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [01:54<00:00, 1.14s/it, loss pretraining=0.139]
Retropagation model random ==================================
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [07:38<00:00, 2.29s/it, loss retropagation=0.00525]
Retropagation model pretrain ================================
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [07:11<00:00, 2.16s/it, loss retropagation=0.0177]
Test loss: 0.19950623898373498, Acc. %: 94.699999999999999999
Test loss: 0.3116417604240169, Acc. %: 93.14%
hidden_units: (200, 200, 200, 200, 200)
                       | 100/100 [03:46<00:00, 2.27s/it, loss pretraining=0.0366]
Training RMB: 100%
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [02:11<00:00, 1.32s/it, loss pretraining=0.11]
                 99/100 [02:13<00:01, 1.27s/it, loss pretraining=0.106]
Training RMB: 99%
```

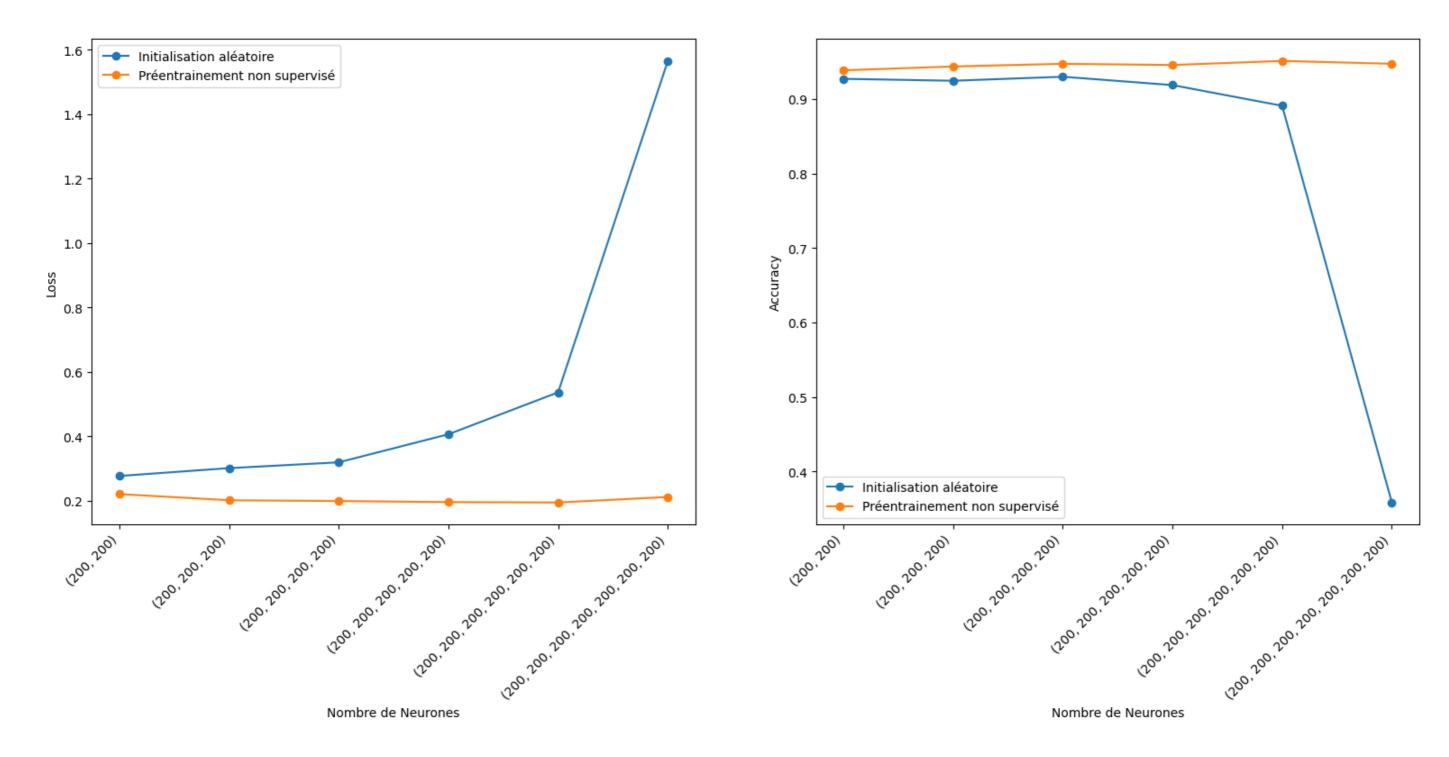
In [10]: X_range = range(len(hidden_layer_units)) fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(19,7)) fig.suptitle("Taux d'erreur en fonction du nombre de couches")

```
axs[0].plot(X_range, result["random_loss"],"o-", label='Initialisation aléatoire')
axs[0].plot(X_range, result["pretrain_loss"], "o-", label = "Préentrainement non supervisé")
axs[0].set_xlabel("Nombre de Neurones")
axs[0].set_ylabel("Loss")
axs[0].set_xtick(X_range)
axs[0].set_xtick(X_range)
axs[0].legend()

axs[0].legend()

axs[1].plot(X_range, result["random_acc"], "o-", label='Initialisation aléatoire')
axs[1].set_xlabel("Nombre de Neurones")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Nombre de Neurones")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Accuracy")
axs[1].set_xticks(X_range)
axs[1].set_xticks(X_range)
axs[1].set_xticks(X_range)
axs[1].set_xticks(Alabels(hidden_layer_units, rotation=45, ha="right")
axs[1].set_xticks(babels(hidden_layer_units, rotation=45, ha="right")
axs[1].legend()
```

Taux d'erreur en fonction du nombre de couches



TAUX D'ERREUR EN FONCTION DU NOMBRE DE NEURONES

```
In [12]: # Load MNIST dataset
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = get_mnist(train_size=50000, test_size=20000)

# Define hidden Layer unit configurations
hidden_layer_units = [(200, 200), (300, 300), (400, 400), (500, 500), (600, 600), (700, 700)]

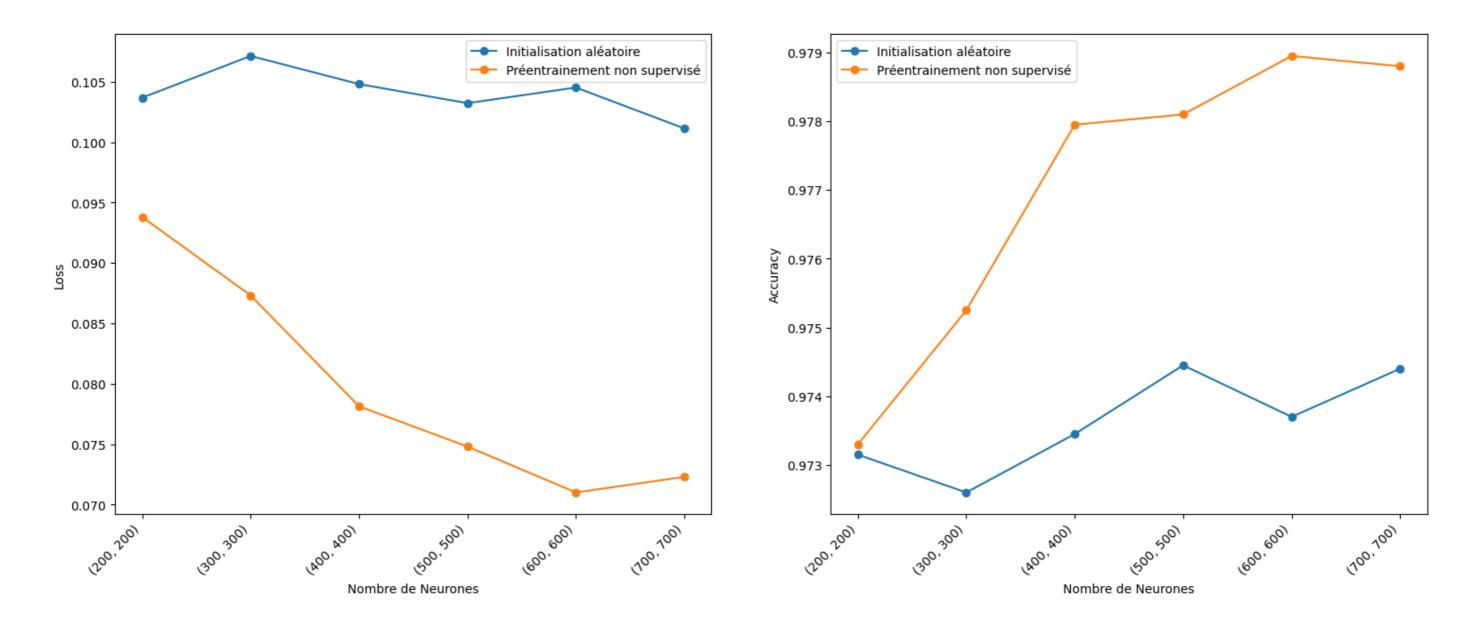
# Initialize empty Lists to store training history for each configuration
result = {}
result["random_loss"] = []
result["pretrain_loss"] = []
result["pretrain_acc"] = []
```

```
# Loop through each hidden layer configuration
for hidden_units in hidden_layer_units:
   print(f"hidden_units : {hidden_units}")
   # Initialize DNN with given input dimension, hidden layer units, and number of classes at random
   dnn random = init DNN(input dim, hidden units, num classes)
   # Pretrain DNN with given number of epochs, Learning rate, and batch size
   dnn_pretrain = pretrain_DNN(init_DNN(input_dim, hidden_units, num_classes), X_train, epochs=num_epochs_pretraining, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size)
   # Fine tune DNN random and pretrain with given number of epochs, learning rate, and batch size, and store training history
   print("Retropagation model random ========"")
   dnn random tune, train loss = retropropagation(dnn random, epochs=num epochs training, learning rate=learning rate, batch size=batch size, X=X train, y=y train)
   print("Retropagation model pretrain ========"")
   dnn_pretrain_tune, train_loss = retropropagation(dnn_pretrain, epochs=num_epochs_training, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size, X=X_train, y=y_train)
   # Compute test loss and accuracy for each case
   print("Test model pretrain =========")
   test_loss_pretrain, acc_test_pretrain = test_DNN(dnn_pretrain_tune, X_test, y_test)
   print("Test model random =========")
   test loss random, acc test random = test DNN(dnn random tune, X test, y test)
   # Store the result
   result["random loss"].append(test loss random)
   result["pretrain_loss"].append(test_loss_pretrain)
   result["random_acc"].append(acc_test_random)
   result["pretrain_acc"].append(acc_test_pretrain)
hidden_units : (200, 200)
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [20:33<00:00, 12.34s/it, loss pretraining=0.0316]
                       | 100/100 [10:19<00:00, 6.19s/it, loss pretraining=0.103]
Training RMB: 100%
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [20:15<00:00, 6.08s/it, loss retropagation=0.00291]
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [18:43<00:00, 5.62s/it, loss retropagation=0.0133]
Test loss: 0.09380152065597415, Acc. %: 97.33000000000001%
Test loss: 0.10367979593475384, Acc. %: 97.315%
hidden_units : (300, 300)
Training RMB: 100% 100% 100/100 [23:04<00:00, 13.84s/it, loss pretraining=0.0254]
Training RMB: 100% 100% 100/100 [13:57<00:00, 8.38s/it, loss pretraining=0.11]
Retropagation model random ========
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [27:08<00:00, 8.14s/it, loss retropagation=0.00281]
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [25:20<00:00, 7.60s/it, loss retropagation=0.0084]
Test model pretrain ================
Test loss: 0.0873087946163328, Acc. %: 97.52499999999999
Test loss: 0.10713270270385633, Acc. %: 97.26%
hidden units : (400, 400)
Training RMB: 100%
                       | 100/100 [25:30<00:00, 15.31s/it, loss pretraining=0.0216]
Training RMB: 100%
                      | 100/100 [20:34<00:00, 12.35s/it, loss pretraining=0.118]
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [36:59<00:00, 11.10s/it, loss retropagation=0.00278]
Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [34:06<00:00, 10.23s/it, loss retropagation=0.00623]
```

```
Test loss: 0.07812853824734355, Acc. %: 97.795%
       Test loss: 0.10480360302939125, Acc. %: 97.345%
       hidden units : (500, 500)
      Training RMB: 100%
                      | 100/100 [29:06<00:00, 17.47s/it, loss pretraining=0.0189]
      Training RMB: 100%
                            | 100/100 [23:22<00:00, 14.03s/it, loss pretraining=0.122]
       Retropagation model random ===============
      Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [42:25<00:00, 12.73s/it, loss retropagation=0.00275]
       Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [41:22<00:00, 12.41s/it, loss retropagation=0.00493]
       Test loss: 0.07480118989858722, Acc. %: 97.81%
       Test loss: 0.10322685490261352, Acc. %: 97.44500000000001%
       hidden_units : (600, 600)
      Training RMB: 100%
                            | 100/100 [31:42<00:00, 19.03s/it, loss pretraining=0.0169]
      Training RMB: 100%
                            | 100/100 [28:36<00:00, 17.17s/it, loss pretraining=0.125]
       Retropopagation: 100% | 200/200 [52:13<00:00, 15.67s/it, loss retropagation=0.00278]
       Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [46:55<00:00, 14.08s/it, loss retropagation=0.0041]
       Test loss: 0.07099851337708854, Acc. %: 97.895%
       Test loss: 0.10451857380608626, Acc. %: 97.37%
       hidden_units : (700, 700)
      Training RMB: 100% 100% 100/100 [34:32<00:00, 20.72s/it, loss pretraining=0.0153]
                            | 100/100 [32:53<00:00, 19.73s/it, loss pretraining=0.127]
      Training RMB: 100%
       Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [58:14<00:00, 17.47s/it, loss retropagation=0.00275]
       Retropagation model pretrain ==============
       Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [51:12<00:00, 15.36s/it, loss retropagation=0.00374]
       Test loss: 0.07229069986856027, Acc. %: 97.88%
       Test loss: 0.10113264017011438, Acc. %: 97.44%
In [14]: # Plot the result
       X range = range(len(hidden layer units))
       fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(19,7))
       fig.suptitle("Taux d'erreur en fonction du nombre de neurones")
       axs[0].plot(X_range, result["random_loss"],"o-", label='Initialisation aléatoire')
       axs[0].plot(X_range, result["pretrain_loss"], "o-", label = "Préentrainement non supervisé")
       axs[0].set_xlabel("Nombre de Neurones")
       axs[0].set ylabel("Loss")
       axs[0].set xticks(X range)
       axs[0].set_xticklabels(hidden_layer_units, rotation=45, ha="right")
       axs[0].legend()
       axs[1].plot(X_range, result["random_acc"], "o-", label='Initialisation aléatoire')
       axs[1].plot(X_range, result["pretrain_acc"], "o-", label = "Préentrainement non supervisé")
       axs[1].set_xlabel("Nombre de Neurones")
       axs[1].set ylabel("Accuracy")
       axs[1].set xticks(X range)
       axs[1].set xticklabels(hidden layer units, rotation=45, ha="right")
       axs[1].legend()
       plt.show()
```

MNIST

Taux d'erreur en fonction du nombre de neurones



TAUX D'ERREUR EN FONCTION DU NOMBRE DE DONNEES D'APPRENTISSAGE

```
In [16]: # Initialize variables
         hidden_units = (200, 200)
         number_of_examples = [1000, 3000, 5000, 7000, 10000,30000,60000]
         # Initialize empty lists to store training history for each configuration
         result = {}
         result["random_loss"] = []
         result["pretrain_loss"] = []
         result["random_acc"] = []
         result["pretrain_acc"] = []
         # Train DNN for different number of examples
         for number in number_of_examples:
             print(f"number of examples : {number}")
             # Load MNIST digits data
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = get_mnist(train_size=number, test_size=10000)
             # Initialize DNN with given input dimension, hidden layer units, and number of classes at random
             dnn_random = init_DNN(input_dim, hidden_units, num_classes)
             # Pretrain DNN with given number of epochs, learning rate, and batch size
```

```
dnn_pretrain = pretrain_DNN(init_DNN(input_dim, hidden_units, num_classes), X_train, epochs=num_epochs_pretraining, learning_rate=learning_rate, batch_size=batch_size)
            # Fine tune DNN random and pretrain with given number of epochs, learning rate, and batch size, and store training history
            print("Retropagation model random ======="")
            dnn random tune, train loss = retropropagation(dnn random, epochs=num epochs training, learning rate=learning rate, batch size=batch size, X=X train, y=y train)
            print("Retropagation model pretrain =========")
            dnn pretrain tune, train loss = retropropagation(dnn pretrain, epochs=num epochs training, learning rate=learning rate, batch size=batch size, X=X train, y=y train)
            # Compute test loss and accuracy for each case
            print("Test model pretrain ========"")
            test loss pretrain, acc_test_pretrain = test_DNN(dnn_pretrain_tune, X_test, y_test)
            print("Test model random ======="")
            test loss random, acc test random = test DNN(dnn random tune, X test, y test)
            # Store the result
            result["random_loss"].append(test_loss_random)
            result["pretrain loss"].append(test loss pretrain)
            result["random_acc"].append(acc_test_random)
            result["pretrain_acc"].append(acc_test_pretrain)
         number of examples : 30000
        Training RMB: 100%
                                 | 100/100 [10:28<00:00, 6.28s/it, loss pretraining=0.033]
        Training RMB: 100%
                                 | 100/100 [05:22<00:00, 3.23s/it, loss pretraining=0.107]
         Retropopagation: 100%
                                   200/200 [11:07<00:00, 3.34s/it, loss retropagation=0.00501]
         Retropagation model pretrain ===========
         Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [10:08<00:00, 3.04s/it, loss retropagation=0.0172]
         Test loss: 0.1303058906318957, Acc. %: 96.5%
        Test loss: 0.15371131887189327, Acc. %: 96.21%
         number of examples : 60000
        Training RMB: 100%
                                | 100/100 [20:34<00:00, 12.34s/it, loss pretraining=0.0311]
                                | 100/100 [10:31<00:00, 6.31s/it, loss pretraining=0.103]
        Training RMB: 100%
         Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [22:02<00:00, 6.61s/it, loss retropagation=0.00252]
         Retropagation model pretrain ==============
        Retropopagation: 100% 200/200 [20:12<00:00, 6.06s/it, loss retropagation=0.0132]
         Test loss: 0.08250662458197865, Acc. %: 97.63%
        Test loss: 0.0923416693257145, Acc. %: 97.63%
In [136... # Plot the result
         X range = range(len(number of examples))
         fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(19,7))
         fig.suptitle("Taux d'erreur en fonction du nombre de donnée d'apprentissage")
         axs[0].plot(X_range, result["random_loss"],"o-", label='Initialisation aléatoire')
         axs[0].plot(X_range, result["pretrain_loss"], "o-", label = "Préentrainement non supervisé")
         axs[0].set xlabel("Nombre d'exemples")
         axs[0].set_ylabel("Loss")
         axs[0].set_xticks(X_range)
         axs[0].set_xticklabels(number_of_examples, rotation=45, ha="right")
         axs[0].legend()
         axs[1].plot(X_range, result["random_acc"], "o-", label='Initialisation aléatoire')
         axs[1].plot(X_range, result["pretrain_acc"], "o-", label = "Préentrainement non supervisé")
         axs[1].set xlabel("Nombre d'exemples")
         axs[1].set_ylabel("Accuracy")
```

```
axs[1].set_xticks(X_range)
axs[1].set_xticklabels(number_of_examples, rotation=45, ha="right")
axs[1].legend()
plt.show()
```

Taux d'erreur en fonction du nombre de donnée d'apprentissage

