

Homework 1
CS 274B: Spring & 2016
Due: April 15, 2016

Problem 3:

Part A

We need to solve the following

$$p(0, 0; \theta) + p(0, 1; \theta) + p(1, 0; \theta) + p(1, 1; \theta) = 1$$

This ends up being the following:

$$\exp(-A(\theta)) + \exp(-A(\theta)) + \exp(\theta_x - A(\theta)) + \exp(\theta_x + \theta_{xy} - A(\theta)) = 1$$

After doing some factoring

$$\frac{\exp(\theta_x) + \exp(\theta_{xy} + \theta_x) + 2}{\exp(A(\theta))} = 1$$

After cross multiplying and solving for $A(\theta)$

$$A(\theta) = \log(\exp(\theta_x) + \exp(\theta_{xy} + \theta_x) + 2)$$

Part B

After letting $\theta_{xy} = 1$ we have the following

$$A(\theta) = \log(\exp(\theta_x) + \exp(1 + \theta_x) + 2)$$

After some factoring

$$A(\theta) = \log(\exp(\theta_x)(1 + \exp(1)) + 2)$$

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Part C

This is the partial with respect to θ_x

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial \theta_x} = \frac{\exp(\theta_x) + \exp(\theta_x + \theta_{xy})}{\exp(\theta_x) + \exp(\theta_x + \theta_{xy}) + 2}$$

This is the partial with respect to θ_{xy}

$$\frac{\partial A}{\partial \theta_{xy}} = \frac{\exp(\theta_x + \theta_{xy})}{\exp(\theta_x) + \exp(\theta_x + \theta_{xy}) + 2}$$

Thus we have

$$\nabla A(\theta) = \left[\frac{\exp(1) + \exp(3)}{\exp(1) + \exp(3) + 2}, \frac{\exp(3)}{\exp(1) + \exp(3) + 2} \right]$$

Approximately

$$\nabla A(\theta) = [0.91937, 0.80978]$$