

# Wednesday - Week 1

## Classes



# Classes

- At their simplest they are a “combination of variables, functions, and data structures.”
- Representations of things that exist.



## Some Java Rules

- The file name must match the class name
  - One class per file
  - The package name (FQN) must match the path to the file
- 
- This is HORRIBLE to work with in console/terminal
  - SublimeText may fail us here!

**Wednesday - Week 1**

Compiling with multiple source



# Class Topics for Today

- Access modifiers
- Namespaces & Packages
- Constructors



# Access Modifiers

- **public**
  - Available to anything that imports the class
- **protected**
  - Available to the current class and subclasses
- **private**
  - Available to the current class only



# Namespaces & Packages

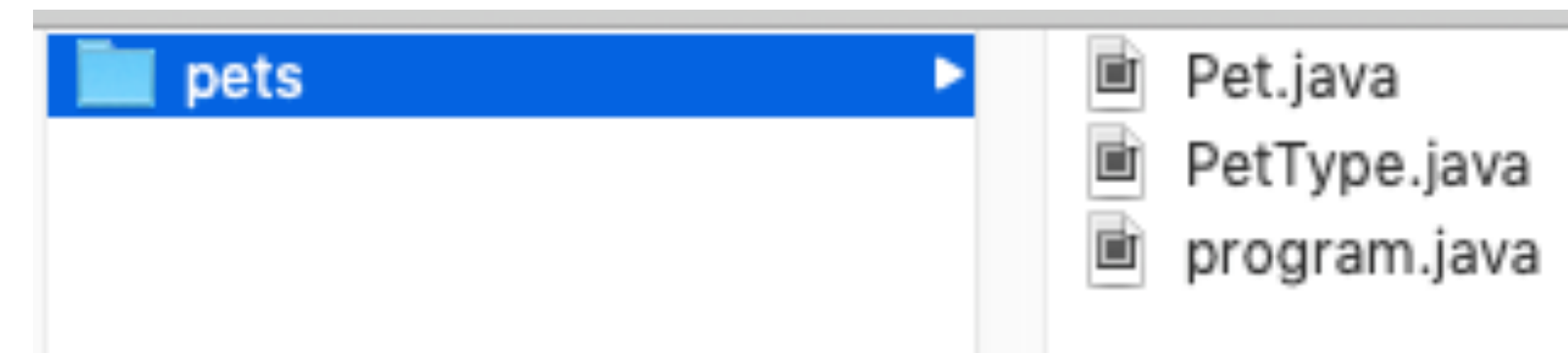
- Lets start with a simple example
- We want to build a program to ‘store’ pet info
- This will be in the “pets” package

# Project structure

- I create three files (folders are important):

Root/pets/

Pet.java // pet info  
PetType.java // enum  
program.java // main





# pets/PetType.java

```
package pets;
```

```
public enum PetType{  
    UNKNOWN,  
    CAT,  
    DOG,  
    FISH,  
    RAT,  
    PARROT  
}
```

```
1  package pets;  
2  
3  public enum PetType{  
4      UNKNOWN,  
5      CAT,  
6      DOG,  
7      FISH,  
8      RAT,  
9      PARROT  
10 }
```

# pets/Pet.java

```
package pets;

public class Pet{
    public String name;
    public PetType petType;
    public int age;

    public Pet()
    {
        name = "Unnamed";
        petType = PetType.UNKNOWN;
        age = 0;
    }
}
```

```
1  package pets;
2
3  public class Pet{
4      public String name;
5      public PetType petType;
6      public int age;
7
8      public Pet()
9      {
10         name = "Unnamed";
11         petType = PetType.UNKNOWN;
12         age = 0;
13     }
14
15 }
```



# pets/program.java

```
package pets;

import pets.*;

public class program{
    public static void main(String[] args){

        Pet myPet = new Pet();

        System.out.println(myPet.name);

    }
}
```

```
1  package pets;
2
3  import pets.*;
4
5  public class program{
6      public static void main(String[] args){
7
8          Pet myPet = new Pet();
9          System.out.println(myPet.name);
10
11      }
12 }
```

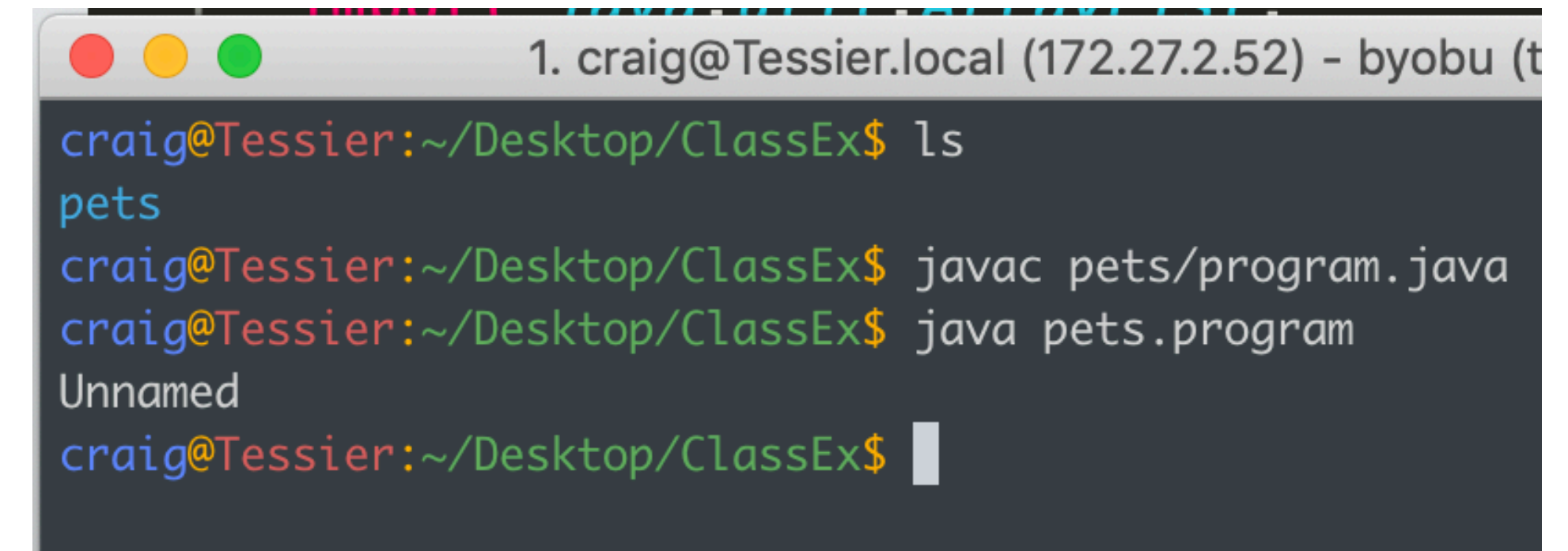
# Compiling and Running

- Compile:

```
javac pets/program.java
```

- Run:

```
java pets.program
```



```
1. craig@Tessier.local (172.27.2.52) - byobu (t
craig@Tessier:~/Desktop/ClassEx$ ls
pets
craig@Tessier:~/Desktop/ClassEx$ javac pets/program.java
craig@Tessier:~/Desktop/ClassEx$ java pets.program
Unnamed
craig@Tessier:~/Desktop/ClassEx$
```



## ClassPath (and others)

- The -cp argument specifies the path to classes  
(This is an override!)
- The -d argument specifies the path of the destination folder

# Constructors

- Set the default properties of our object when we instantiate it with the new keyword

```
public Pet()  
{  
    name = "Unnamed";  
    petType = PetType.UNKNOWN;  
    age = 0;  
}
```

# Constructors can be overloaded

- Overloading:
  - Two or more functions with the same name
  - Have different signatures (arguments)

```
public Pet()  
{  
    name = "Unnamed";  
    petType = PetType.UNKNOWN;  
    age = 0;  
}  
  
public Pet(String name)  
{  
    this.name = name;  
    petType = PetType.UNKNOWN;  
    age = 0;  
}
```

# Wednesday - Week 1

## Tasks



## Task 7: Git primer

- For those who have not had experience with git
  - Work through my GitIntro slides
  - Read the following tutorial:  
<https://guides.github.com/activities/hello-world/>

## Task 8: Upgraded Name Search

- Modify your name search solution to have the following:
  - A separate class that describes a person
    - Reminder: It will need it's own source file
    - First Name, Last Name, Telephone, etc
    - Use overloaded constructors\*
  - Create a collection of this new class
  - Modify your search to access a public method within this class



## Task 9: File properties

Build a Java application that allows me to do the following:

Open: opens a specified file (the file will be a small .txt file)

Display statistics for the file:

- The name of the file that I chose.
- How big the file is.
- How many lines the file has.
- Let me search if a specific word exists in the file,
- How many time the specific word is found in the file.
- The search must ignore case.