## **HW to Chapter 13**

## 1) What is JDBC?

JDBC stands for Java Database Connectivity, it is a Java-based API that enables Java applications to interact with relational databases. The JDBC API provides a standard interface for connecting to and interacting with databases, allowing the execution of SQL queries, retrieving results, and updating databases.

2) How to connect your Java program to a database?

Loading the JDBC driver -> Establishing connection -> Creating a statement -> Executing SQL Queries -> Processing results -> Close resources

```
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.Statement;
public class JDBCExample {
  public static void main(String args) {
    String jdbcUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/sampledb";
    String username = "user";
    String password = "password";
    Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection(jdbcUrl, username,
password))
    Statement statement = connection.createStatement();
    ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM
employees");
    while (resultSet.next()) {
       int id = resultSet.getInt("id");
       String name = resultSet.getString("name");
       System.out.println("ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name);
  }
}
```