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Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University Santosh, Tangail-1902.

Lab Report

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Report No: 01

Report Name: Assembly language Program.

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Lab

Course Code: ICT-3106

Submitted By	Submitted To
Name: Zafrul Hasan Khan	S.M. Shamim
ID: IT-18003	Lecturer,
Session: 2017-18	Dept. of Information & Communication
3rd Year 1 st Semester	Technology, MBSTU.
Dept. of Information & Communication	
Technology, MBSTU.	

Program 1: Write an assembly program to print a character.

Algorithms:

- 1. Start the program
- 2. Move the character in dl register
- 3. Display the character
- 4. Stop the program

Source Code:

- .MODEL SMALL
- .STACK 100H
- .CODE
- MAIN PROC
- MOV AH,2
- MOV DL,"A"
- INT 21H
- MOV AH,4CH
- INT 21H
- MAIN ENDP
- End main

Ouput:

A Program successfully executed !

Program 2: Write an assembly program to print a number.

Algorithms:

- 1. Start the program
- 2. Move the number in dl register
- 3. Display the number
- 4. Stop the program

- .MODEL SMALL
- .STACK 100H
- .CODE
- **MAIN PROC**
- MOV AH,2
- MOV DL,"1"
- **INT 21H**

MOV AH,4CH INT 21H MAIN ENDP END MAIN

Output:



3. Write an assembly program to print several characters with new line.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Move the Character in 'dl' register.
- 3. Display the character.
- 4.Display a new line.
- 5. Again move a character in 'dl' register.
- 6.Display the character.
- 7.Stop the program.

Source Code:

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100H

.CODE

MAIN PROC

MOV AH,2

MOV DL,"B"

INT 21H

MOV AH, 2

MOV DL, 10

INT 21H

MOV DL,13

INT 21H

MOV AH,2

MOV DL,"A"

INT 21H

MOV AH, 2

MOV DL, 10

INT 21H

MOV DL,13

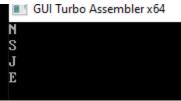
INT 21H

MOV AH,2

MOV DL,"B"

INT 21H

```
MOV AH, 2
MOV DL, 10
INT 21H
MOV DL,13
INT 21H
MOV AH,2
MOV DL,"A
INT 21H
EXIT:
MOV AH, 4CH
INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```



4. Write an assembly program to print several digits with new line.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Move the digit in 'dl' register.
- 3. Display the digit.
- 4. Display a new line.
- 5. Again move a digit in 'dl' register

Source Code:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.CODE
MAIN PROC
MOV AH,2
MOV DL,"5 "
INT 21H
MOV AH, 2
MOV DL, 10
INT 21H
MOV DL,13
INT 21H
MOV AH,2
```

MOV DL,"6 "

```
INT 21H
 MOV AH, 2
 MOV DL, 10
 INT 21H
 MOV DL,13
 INT 21H
 MOV AH,2
 MOV DL,"7"
 INT 21H
  MOV AH, 2
 MOV DL, 10
 INT 21H
 MOV DL,13
 INT 21H
 MOV AH,2
 MOV DL,"8"
 INT 21H
 EXIT:
 MOV AH, 4CH
 INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```



5. Write an assembly program to enter character or digit and display it on the screen with new line.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program
- 2. Enter a character or digit from 'al' register.
- 3. Move the character or digit in 'bh' register.
- 4.Display a new line.
- 5. Move the character or digit to 'dl' register.
- 6.Display the digit or character.
- 7.Stop the program.

Source Code:

.MODEL SMALL .STACK 100H .CODE MAIN PROC MOV AH, 1 INT 21H MOV BL, AL MOV AH, 2 MOV DL, 10 INT 21H MOV DL,13 INT 21H MOV AH, 2 MOV DL, BL

INT 21H MOV AH, 2

MOV DL, 10

INT 21H

MOV DL,13

INT 21H

EXIT:

MOV AH, 4CH

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP END MAIN

Input: Y Output:



6. Write an assembly program to enter several character or digit and display it on the screen with new line.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Enter a character from 'al' register.
- 3. Move the digit or character to 'bh' register.
- 4.Enter another character or digit form 'al' register.
- 5. Move the character or digit to 'bl' register.
- 6.Display a new line.
- 7. Move the character or digit stored in 'bh' register to 'dl' register.
- 8. Display the character or digit.
- 9.Display a new line.

- 10. the character or digit stored in 'bl' register to 'dl' register.
- 11. Display the character or digit.
- 12.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.CODE
 MAIN PROC
  MOV AH, 1
  INT 21H
  MOV BL, AL
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, 10
  INT 21H
  MOV DL,13
  INT 21H
MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, BL
  INT 21H
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, 10
  INT 21H
MOV DL,13
  INT 21H
  MOV AH, 1
  INT 21H
  MOV BH, AL
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, 10
  INT 21H
  MOV DL,13
  INT 21H
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, BH
  INT 21H
EXIT:
  MOV AH, 4CH
  INT 21H
 MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```

Input:_K , L



7. Write an assembly program to print a character or digit using variable.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the Program.
- 2.Declare a variable.
- 3.Initialize the variable.
- 4.Display the variable.
- 5.Stop the program

Source code

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
 VALUE_1 DB?
 .CODE
 MAIN PROC
  MOV AX, @DATA
  MOV DS, AX
  MOV AH,1
INT 21H
  MOV VALUE_1,AL
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, 10
  INT 21H
  MOV DL,13
  INT 21H
 MOV AH,2
  MOV DL, VALUE_1
  INT 21H
  EXIT:
  MOV AH, 4CH
  INT 21H
 MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
Input: X
```

Output:



8. Write an assembly program to print a string.

Algorithms:

- 1. Create a string
- 2. Load the effective address of the string in dx using LEA command
- 3. Print the sting by calling the interrupt with 9H in AH
- 4. The string must be terminated by '\$' sign

Source Code:

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100H

.DATA

STRING DB 'Code never lies', '\$'

.CODE

MAIN PROC FAR

MOV AX,@DATA

MOV DS,AX

LEA DX,STRING

MOV AH,09H

INT 21H

MOV AH,4CH

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN

Output:



9. Write an assembly program to print a string and enter character/digit and display it.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the Program.
- 2.Declare a variable.
- 3.Initialize the variable.
- 4.Display the variable.
- 5.Enter a character or digit.

6.Display it.7.Stop the Program.

Source Code:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
STRING DB 'Enter a number:', '$'
.CODE
MAIN PROC FAR
MOV AX,@DATA
MOV DS,AX
LEA DX,STRING
MOV AH,09H
INT 21H
MOV AH, 1
  INT 21H
  MOV BL, AL
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, 10
INT 21H
MOV DL,13
  INT 21H
MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, BL
  INT 21H
MOV AH,4CH
INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
Input: 6
Ouput:
```

Enter a number:6 6

10. Write an assembly program to read first, middle, and last initials of a person's name, and display them in left margin.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Declare three variable.
- 3.Initialize those three variable.
- 4. Display three variable.

5.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
first db "Sajidur $"
middle db "Rahman $"
last db "Sajid$"
.code
main proc
  mov ax,@data
  mov ds,ax
  mov ah,9
 lea dx,first
  int 21h
  lea dx,middle
  int 21h
  lea dx,last
  int 21h
  exit:
  mov ah,4ch
  int 21h
  main endp
end main
```

Output:

Zafrul Hasan Nasim

Program successfully executed ! Press any key to continue.



Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

Santosh, Tangail-1902.

Lab Report

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Report No: 02

Report Name: Assembly language Program.

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Lab

Course Code: ICT-3106

Submitted By	Submitted To
Name: Zafrul Hasan Khan	S.M. Shamim
ID: IT-18003	Lecturer,
Session: 2017-18	Dept. of Information & Communication
3rd Year 1 st Semester	Technology, MBSTU.
Dept. of Information & Communication	
Technology, MBSTU.	

$\boldsymbol{1}$. (a) Read a character and display it at the next position on the same line

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Read a Character.
- 4. Display the character.
- 5.Stop the program.

Source Code:

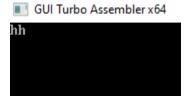
```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
.code
main proc

mov ah,1
int 21h

mov ah,2
mov dl,al ;charcter print
int 21h

main endp
```

Input & Output:



end main

1(b) Read an lowercase letter and display it at the next position on the same line in upper case.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Read a lowercase letter.
- 3.add 32.
- 4. Then added ascii number find uppercase
- 5.Stop the program.

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
MSG1 DB 'Enter a Letter: $'
MSG2 DB 'After Case Conversion: $'
```

.CODE

MAIN PROC MOV AX,@DATA ;DATA SEGMENT MOV DS,AX LEA DX,MSG1 MOV AH,9 ;MSG1 INT 21H MOV AH,1 INT 21H ;INPUT MOV BL,AL MOV AH,2 MOV DL,0AH INT 21H ;NEW LINE MOV DL,0DH INT 21H LEA DX,MSG2 MOV AH,9 ;MSG2 INT 21H CMP BL,97 JGE L1 ADD BL,32 MOV AH,2 ;UPPER TO LOWER MOV DL,BL INT 21H JMP EXIT L1: SUB BL,32 MOV AH,2 ;LOWER TO UPPER MOV DL,BL INT 21H JMP EXIT EXIT: ;EXIT MOV AH,4CH INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN

Output:

```
GUI Turbo Assembler x64

Enter a Letter: a
After Case Conversion: A

Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

- 2. Write a program to a. display a "?" b. read two decimal digits whose sum is less than 10 c. display them and their sum in the next line with an appropriate message. Algorithms:
- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Firstly display '?'.
- 3.Read two decimel number.
- 4. Then sum these number and add new line
- 5.Stop the program.

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
 STR1 DB 0AH, 0DH, 'THE SUM OF '
 FIRSTNUM DB?
 STR2 DB 'AND '
 SECONDNUM DB?
 STR3 DB'IS'
 ANS DB?
 STR4 DB 'S'
.CODE
MAIN PROC
 MOV AX,@DATA
 MOV DS,AX
 MOV AH,2
 MOV DL,3FH
 INT 21H
 MOV AH,2
 MOV DL,0AH
```

```
INT 21H
 MOV DL,0DH
 INT 21H
 INT 21H
 MOV AH,1
 INT 21H
 MOV BL,AL
 MOV FIRSTNUM, AL
 INT 21H
 MOV SECONDNUM, AL
 ADD BL,AL
 SUB BL,30H
 MOV ANS,BL
 MOV AH,9
 LEA DX,STR1
 INT 21H
 MOV AH,4CH
 INT 21H
 MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```

```
THE SUM OF 2 AND 3 IS 5
Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

3. write a program to a. prompt the user b. Read first middle and last initials of a person's name c. And display them down the left margin.

Algorithms:

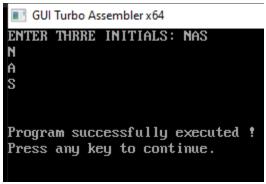
- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Read three intitials input.

- 3. These three initials stored into FIRST, SECOND ,THIRD register respectively.
- 4. Then break line and show these intital left margin
- 5.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
  STR DB 'ENTER THRRE INITIALS: $'
  STR1 DB ",OAH,ODH
  FIRST DB?
  STR2 DB ",OAH,ODH
  SECOND DB?
  STR3 DB ",OAH,ODH
  THIRD DB?
  STR4 DB '$'
.CODE
MAIN PROC
  MOV AX,@DATA
  MOV DS,AX
  MOV AH,9
  LEA DX,STR
  INT 21H
  MOV AH,1
  INT 21H
  MOV FIRST, AL
  INT 21H
  MOV SECOND, AL
  INT 21H
  MOV THIRD, AL
  MOV AH,9
  LEA DX,STR1
  INT 21H
  MOV AH,4CH
  INT 21H
  MAIN ENDP
```

END MAIN



4. Write an assembly program to enter one of the hex digits A-F, and display it on the next line in decimal.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Input one hex digits (A-F).
- 3. And subtraction 11H from these input.
- 4. Then its convert into binary form.
- 5.Stop the program.

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
 STR1 DB 'ENTER A HEX DIGIT: $'
 STR2 DB 0AH, 0DH, 'IN DECIMAL IT IS 1'
 ANS DB?
 STR3 DB '$'
.CODE
MAIN PROC
 MOV AX,@DATA
 MOV DS,AX
 MOV AH,9
 LEA DX,STR1
 INT 21H
 MOV AH,1
 INT 21H
```

```
MOV AH,9
LEA DX,STR2
INT 21H
MOV AH,4CH
INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```

```
GUI Turbo Assembler x64
ENTER A HEX DIGIT: D
IN DECIMAL IT IS 13
```

Program successfully executed ! Press any key to continue.

5. Write an assembly program to display asterisks (********) ten times with new line.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. In data segment take a string looks like (********).
- 3. Then write 'int 21h' ten times.
- 4.Stop the program.

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H

.DATA
SQUARE DB '*********',0DH,0AH,'$'

.CODE
MAIN PROC
MOV AX, @DATA
MOV DS, AX

LEA DX, SQUARE ; load the string
```

```
MOV AH, 9
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
                    ; display the string 10 times
  INT 21H
                        ; return control to DOS
  MOV AH, 4CH
  INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```



6. Write an assembly program to display to (a) display"?", (b) read three initials,(z,a,f) display them in the middle of an 11 x 11 box of asterisk.

Algorithms:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Display '?' character.
- 3. Read three initials (z,a,f).
- 4. Take asterisks in data segment
- 5. Load the string asterisks and Loop it 11*11 times
- 6.stop the program.

```
Source Code:
      .MODEL SMALL
      .STACK 100H
       .DATA
        PROMPT DB 0DH,0AH,'Enter three initials: $'
        ASTERISKS DB '*********',0DH,0AH,'$'
        NEXT_LINE DB ODH,OAH,"$"
       .CODE
        MAIN PROC
        MOV AX, @DATA
                              ; initialize DS
        MOV DS, AX
        MOV AH, 2
                            ; display "?"
        MOV DL, "?"
        INT 21H
        LEA DX, PROMPT
                              ; load and display the string PROMPT
        MOV AH, 9
        INT 21H
        MOV AH, 1
        INT 21H
        MOV BL, AL
        INT 21H
        MOV BH, AL
        INT 21H
        MOV CL, AL
        LEA DX, NEXT_LINE
        MOV AH, 9
        INT 21H
        INT 21H
        LEA DX, ASTERISKS
                              ; load the string ASTERISKS
```

```
MOV AH, 9
         INT 21H
                            ; display the string ASTERISKS 5 times
         INT 21H
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
  MOV ASTERISKS+4, BL
                            ; place the three initials in the position
  MOV ASTERISKS+5, BH
                             ; of middle asterisks i.e. 4,5,6.
  MOV ASTERISKS+6, CL
  INT 21H
                     ; display the modified string ASTERISKS
  MOV ASTERISKS+4, "*"
                             ; place the "*" back in their original
  MOV ASTERISKS+5, "*"
                             ; position
  MOV ASTERISKS+6, "*"
                     ; print the string ASTERISKS 5 times
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
  INT 21H
  MOV AH, 2
  MOV DL, 7H
  INT 21H
  MOV AH, 4CH
  INT 21H
 MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
Output:
```



Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

Santosh, Tangail-1902.

Lab Report

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Report No: 03

Report Name: Assembly language Program.

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Lab

Course Code: ICT-3106

Submitted By	Submitted To
Name: Zafrul Hasan Khan	S.M. Shamim
ID: IT-18003	Lecturer,
Session: 2017-18	Dept. of Information & Communication
3rd Year 1 st Semester	Technology, MBSTU.
Dept. of Information & Communication	
Technology, MBSTU.	

${\bf 1.} \ \ Write \ an \ assembly \ program \ to \ display \ different \ triangle \ using \ asterisk \ and \ digit.$

```
.model small
.stack 1024h
.code
start:
  mov cx, 5
first:
  mov bl, 2ah
  mov bh, 1
  call drawall
  loop first
  mov dx, 5
second:
  mov bl, 20h
  mov bh, 0
  mov cx, dx
  call drawall
  mov cx, 6
  sub cx, dx
  mov bl, 2ah
  mov bh, 1
  call drawall
  dec dx
  jnz second
  mov ax, 4c00h
  int 21h
drawall:
  push ax
  push bx
  push cx
  push dx
drawone:
  mov
        ah,2h
  mov
        dl,bl
  int
       21h
  loop drawone
```

```
or bh, bh
 jz retorn
 mov dl,0Ah
 int 21h
 mov dl,0Dh
 int 21h
retorn:
 pop dx
 рор сх
 pop bx
 pop ax
 ret
 end start
Another starts triangle:
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 50H
.DATA
 NL DB ODH, OAH, '$'; NL = NEXT LINE
.CODE
MAIN PROC
 MOV AX, @DATA
 MOV DS, AX
 MOV CX, 5
 MOV BX, 1
 FOR_1:
   PUSH CX
   MOV DL, 20H ; 20H IS ASCII CODE FOR SPACE
   MOV AH, 2
   FOR_2:
     INT 21H ; PRINTING SPACES
   LOOP FOR_2
   MOV CX, BX
   MOV DL, '*'
   MOV AH, 2
```

```
FOR 3:
           INT
               21H ; PRINTING STARS
         LOOP FOR 3
         LEA DX, NL
         MOV AH, 9
         INT 21H
         INC BX
         POP CX
        LOOP FOR_1
        MOV AH, 4CH
        INT
               21H
      MAIN ENDP
      END MAIN
Output:
 GUI Turbo Assembler x64
```


2. Write an assembly program to enter two 8 bit numbers and print their sum which is less than 9.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Enter two numbers from 'al' register.
- 3. Move those two numbers to 'bh', 'bl' register accordingly.
- 4.Add 'bh' & 'bl' and store the reault in 'bh' register.
- 5.Sub 48 from 'bh' register.
- 6.Display 'bh' register.
- 7.Stop the program.

Code:

.model small

```
.stack 100h
.code
main proc
mov ah,1
int 21h
mov bh,al
mov ah,1
int 21h
mov bl,al
mov ah,2
mov dl,10
int 21h
mov dl,13
int 21h
add bh,bl
sub bh,48
mov ah,2
mov dl,bh
int 21h
exit:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
Output:
```

3. Write an assembly program to enter two 8 bit numbers and print their sum which is larger than.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Enter to number from 'al' register,
- 3. Move those two numbers to 'bh' and 'bl' register accordingly.
- 4.Add them and sub 58 from 'bh' register and store the result to 'bh' register.
- 5. Display 1 first and then 'bh'.
- 6.Stop the program.

Source Code:

.model small

.stack 100h

.code

main proc

mov ah,1

int 21h

mov bh,al

mov ah,1

int 21h

mov bl,al

mov ah,2

mov dl,10

int 21h

mov dl,13

int 21h

add bh,bl

sub bh,58

mov ah,2

mov dl,'1'

int 21h

mov dl,bh

int 21h

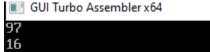
exit:

mov ah,4ch

int 21h

main endp

end main



4. Write an assembly program to enter a number and perform multiplication with itself which less than 9.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start a program.
- 2.Enter first number in 'bl' register.
- 3.Enter second number from 'al' register and multiply it with 'bl' register.
- 4. Move the value in bl register,
- 5.Add 48 with bl register.
- 6.Display it.

Source Code:

.model small

.stack 100h

.data

.code

main proc

mov ah,1

int 21h

mov bl,al

sub bl,48

mov ah,1

int 21h

sub al,48

mul bl

mov bl,al

add bl,48

mov ah,2

mov dl,10

int 21h

mov dl,13

int 21h

mov ah,2

mov dl,bl

int 21h

exit: mov ah,4ch int 21h main endp end main

Output:



6. Write an assembly program to enter two numbers and perform division.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Enter two numbers.
- 3. Move them to 'bl' and 'al' register accordingly.
- 4. Divide 'al' register by 'bl' register.
- 5. Display bl register and bh register.
- 6.stop the program.

Source Code:

.model small

.stack 100h

.data

.code

main proc

mov al,8

mov bl,3

div bl

mov bx,ax

mov ah,2

mov dl,bl

add dl,48

int 21h

mov dl,bh

add dl,48

int 21h

exit: mov ah,4ch int 21h main endp end main

Output:

GUI Turbo Assembler x64

22

Program successfully executed !

Press any key to continue.



Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

Santosh, Tangail-1902.

Lab Report

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Report No: 04

Report Name: Assembly language Program.

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Lab

Course Code: ICT-3106

Submitted By	Submitted To
Name: Zafrul Hasan Khan	S.M. Shamim
ID: IT-18003	Lecturer,
Session: 2017-18	Dept. of Information & Communication
3rd Year 1 st Semester	Technology, MBSTU.
Dept. of Information & Communication	
Technology, MBSTU.	

1. Write an assembly program to find larger number between two numbers.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Read the two integer number
- 3. Then use CMP using compare two numbers .
- 4. use JG for jumping to greatest number.
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.DATA
MSG1 DB 'Largest number is: $'
.code
main proc
  MOV AX,@DATA ;DATA SEGMENT
  MOV DS,AX
  mov ah,1
  int 21h
  mov bl,al
  mov ah,1
 int 21h
  mov bh,al
  lp:
  cmp bl,bh
  MOV AH,2
  MOV DL,0AH
  INT 21H
  MOV DL,0DH
  INT 21H
  LEA DX,MSG1
  MOV AH,9
              ;MSG1
```

```
INT 21H
jg greater

mov ah,2
mov dl,bh
int 21h
jmp exit

greater:

mov ah,2
mov dl,bl
int 21h
exit:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```

```
78
Largest number is: 8
Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

2. Write an assembly program to find small number between two numbers

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Read the two integer number
- 3. Then use CMP using compare two numbers .
- 4. use JL for jumping to smallest number.
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.DATA
MSG1 DB 'Smaller number is: $'
.code
main proc
 MOV AX,@DATA ;DATA SEGMENT
 MOV DS,AX
 mov ah,1
 int 21h
 mov bl,al
 mov ah,1
 int 21h
 mov bh,al
 lp:
 cmp bl,bh
 MOV AH,2
 MOV DL,0AH
 INT 21H
 MOV DL,0DH
 INT 21H
 LEA DX,MSG1
 MOV AH,9
               ;MSG1
 INT 21H
 jg smaller
 mov ah,2
 mov dl,bl
 int 21h
 jmp exit
 smaller:
 mov ah,2
 mov dl,bh
```

```
exit:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
Output:

GUI Turbo Assembler x64
45
Smaller number is: 4
```

Program successfully executed !

Press any key to continue.

3. Write an assembly program to enter value of Al If Al contains a negative number, put -1 In Bl; if Al contains 0, put O In Bl; if Al contains a positive number, put 1 In Bl.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Input the one number
- 3. Then use CMP using check numbers by zero .
- 4. if it is JG, then its positive and put 1 in BL.
- 4. if it is JL, then its negative and put -1 in Al.
- 4. otherwise its zero.
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.code
main proc
mov ah,1
int 21h
cmp ax,0
```

```
jl negative
  je zero
  jg positive
  negative:
  mov bx,-1
  jmp exit
  positive:
  mov bx,1
  jmp exit
  zero:
  mov bx,0
  jmp exit
  exit:
  mov ah,4ch
  int 21h
  main endp
end main
```

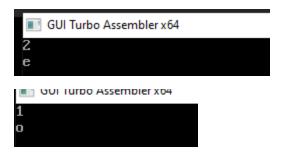
3. Write an assembly program to enter value of Al If AL contains 1 or 3, display "o"; if AL contains 2 or 4, display "e".

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Input the one value that is entered into Al
- 3. If the value match with 1 and 3 then its display 'o'.
- 4. If the value match with 2 and 4 then its display 'e'.
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.code
main proc
mov ah,1
```

```
int 21h
        cmp al,"1"
        je odd
        cmp al,"3"
        je odd
        cmp al,"2"
        je even
        cmp al,"4"
        je even
         odd:
        MOV AH,2
        MOV DL,0AH
        INT 21H
        MOV DL,0DH
        INT 21H
        mov ah,2
        mov dl,"o"
        int 21h
        jmp exit;
        even:
        MOV AH,2
        MOV DL,0AH
        INT 21H
        MOV DL,0DH
        INT 21H
        mov ah,2
        mov dl,"e"
        int 21h
        jmp exit;
        exit:
        mov ah,4ch
        int 21h
        main endp
      end main
Input & Output:
```



4. Write an assembly program to enter a character if it's an uppercase latter, display it otherwise terminate.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Input a character
- 3. Then check the character inside the uppercase letters .
- 4. if it is yes, then show that.
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.code
main proc
 mov ah,1
 int 21h
 lp:
 cmp al,"A"
 jnge exit
 cmp al,"Z"
 jnle exit
 mov ah,2
 mov dl,al
 int 21h
 exit:
 mov ah,4ch
 int 21h
 main endp
end main
```

```
AA
Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

5. Write an assembly program to enter a character if it's y or Y, display it. Otherwise terminate.

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Input a character
- 3. Then check the character, if it is 'y' or 'Y'.
- 4. if it is yes, then show that.
- 4. Otherwise terminate the program
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.code
main proc
  mov ah,1
  int 21h
  lp:
  cmp al,"y"
  je eq
  cmp al,"Y"
  je eq
  jmp exit
  eq:
  mov ah,2
  mov dl,al
  int 21h
  exit:
  mov ah,4ch
```

int 21h main endp end main

Output:





Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

Santosh, Tangail-1902.

Lab Report

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Report No: 05

Report Name: Assembly language Program.

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Lab

Course Code: ICT-3106

Submitted By	Submitted To
Name: Zafrul Hasan Khan	S.M. Shamim
ID: IT-18003	Lecturer,
Session: 2017-18	Dept. of Information & Communication
3rd Year 1 st Semester	Technology, MBSTU.
Dept. of Information & Communication	
Technology, MBSTU.	

7. Write an assembly count-controlled loop program to display a row of 80 stars

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. use Loop and print asterisks 80 times .
- 3.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
mg1 db?
mg2 db?
.code
main proc
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov cx,80
jcxz skip
top:
mov ah,2
mov dl,'*'
int 21h
loop top
jmp skip
skip:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```

Output:

GUI Turbo Assembler x64

8. Write an assembly program to print the following series (for) 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Algorithms:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Initialize 'cx' register with the value 9.
- 3.create a level named top, print 57,decrement the value of 'dl' register.Loop the level.
- 4.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.stack 100h
.data
mg1 db?
mg2 db?
.code
main proc
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov cx,9
jcxz skip
top:
mov ah,2
mov bx,cx
add bx,30h
mov dl,''
mov dx,bx
int 21h
loop top
jmp skip
skip:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```

Output:

```
GUI Turbo Assembler x64
987654321
Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

9. Write an assembly program to print the following series (for) 9 7 5 3 1

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Initialize 'cx' register with the value 5.
- 3. Create a level named top, print 57 ascii character.
- 4. Decrement the value of 'dl' register by 2. Loop the level.
- 4.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
mg1 db?
mg2 db?
.code
main proc
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
mov cx,10
jcxz skip
top:
mov ah,2
sub cx,1
mov bx,cx
add bx,30h
mov dx,bx
int 21h
loop top
```

jmp skip

```
skip:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```

```
97531
Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

10. Write an assembly program to print the following series (for) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Algorithm:

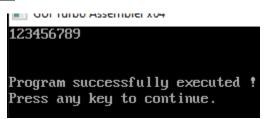
- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Initialize 'cx' register with the value 9.
- 3. Create a level named top, print 49 ascii values character.
- 4. Increment the value of 'dl' register, Loop the level.
- 5. Stop the program.

Source Code:

.model small .stack 100h .code main proc mov cx,9 mov ah,2 mov dl,49 top: int 21h

inc dl loop top

```
exit:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```



11. W rite an assembly program to print the following series (for) 8 6 4 2

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Initialize 'cx' register with the value 4.
- 3. create a level named top.
- 4. Print 56 ascii values, decrement the value of 'dl' register. Loop the level.
- 5. Stop the program.

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
mg1 db ?
mg2 db ?
.code
main proc

mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax

mov cx,8
jcxz skip
top:
mov ah,2

mov bx,cx
add bx,30h
```

```
mov dx,bx
sub cx,1
int 21h
loop top
jmp skip
skip:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```

```
8642
Program successfully executed !
Press any key to continue.
```

12. Write an assembly program to print the following series (while) 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Initialize 'dl' register with the value 57.
- 3. create a level named while___, print 57,decrement the value of 'dl' register.
- 4. Compare the value of 'dl' register with the value 49.
- 5. If 'dl' register's value is less then 49 then jump to exit level otherwise jump to while_level.
- 6. Stop the program

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
mg1 db ?
mg2 db ?
.code
main proc
mov ax,@data
```

```
mov ds,ax
       mov ah,1
       int 21h
       sub al,30h
       mov bl,al
       MOV AH,2
       MOV DL,0AH
       INT 21H
       MOV DL,0DH
       INT 21H
       while_:
       cmp bl,0
       je exit
       mov ah,2
       mov cl,bl
       add cl,30h
       mov dl,cl
       int 21h
       dec bl
       jmp while_
       exit:
       mov ah,4ch
       int 21h
       main endp
       end main
Output:
       GUI Turbo Assembler x64
       87654321
```



Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

Santosh, Tangail-1902.

Lab Report

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Report No: 06

Report Name: Assembly language Program.

Course Title: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Lab

Course Code: ICT-3106

Submitted By	Submitted To
Name: Zafrul Hasan Khan	S.M. Shamim
ID: IT-18003	Lecturer,
Session: 2017-18	Dept. of Information & Communication Technology,
3rd Year 1 st Semester	MBSTU.
Dept. of Information & Communication Technology,	
MBSTU.	

01. Write a program in assembly language to check whether a number is even or odd.

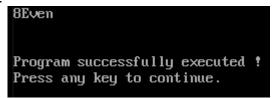
Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Take one input.
- 3.check whether it is even or odd.
- 4.If even print "Even" otherwise print "Odd".
- 5.Stop the program.

Source Code:

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
even db 'Even$'
odde db 'Odd$'
.code
main proc
  mov ax,@data
  mov ds, ax
  mov ah,1
  int 21h
  mov bl,al
  test bl,01h
  jne odd
  mov ah, 9
  lea dx,even
  int 21h
  jmp exit
  odd:
  mov ah,9
  lea dx,odde
  int 21h
  exit:
  mov ah,4ch
  int 21h
  main endp
```

end main



02. Write a program in assembly language to load a byte in memory location 8000H and increment the contents of the memory location.

Code:

DATA SEGMENT NUM1 DB 7H NUM2 DB ?

ENDS

CODE SEGMENT ASSUME DS:DATA CS:CODE START:

MOV AX, DATA

MOV DS,AX

MOV AL, NUM1

MOV [8000H],AL

INC [8000H]

MOV AL,[8000H]

MOV NUM2,AL

MOV AH,4CH

INT 21H ENDS

END START

3. Write a program in assembly language to swap two numbers.

Source Code:

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 100H

.DATA

NUM1 DB '3'

NUM2 DB '4'

.CODE

MOV AX, @DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV BL, NUM1 MOV CL, NUM2

MOV NUM2, BL MOV NUM1, CL

MOV AH,2 MOV DL,NUM1 INT 21H MOV DL,NUM2 INT 21H EXIT: MOV AH, 4CH INT 21H END

Output:



04. Write Assembly program to read ten (10) characters from console.

Source code:

.model small .stack 100h .data arr db 10 dup(?) .code

main proc mov ax,@data mov ds,ax

```
mov cx,10
 mov si,offset
arr
 loop1:
 mov ah,1
 int 21h
 mov [si],al
 inc si
 loop loop1
 mov ah,2
 mov dl,10
 int 21h
 mov dl,13
 int 21h
 mov si,offset
arr
  mov cx,10
 loop2:
 mov dl,[si]
 mov ah,2
 int 21h
 mov dl,32
 mov ah,2
 int 21h
 inc si
 loop loop2
  main endp
end main
Output:
5678901234_
```

05. Write an Assembly program to read in two decimal inputs and print out the smaller of the two, in decimal.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Enter two numbers in 'bl' and 'bh' register from 'al' register.
- 3.compare two number.
- 4.If 'bl' is small jump to I2 else jump I1.
- 5. And Display the smaller number.
- 5.Stop the program

Source Code:

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
.code
main proc
mov ah,1
int 21h
mov bl,al
int 21h
mov bh,al

mov ah,2
mov dl,10
int 21h
mov dl,13
int 21h
```

cmp bl,bh jl l1

jmp l2

12:

mov ah,2

mov dl,bh

int 21h

jmp exit

```
I1:
mov ah,2
mov dl,bl
int 21h
jmp exit
exit:
mov ah,4ch
int 21h
main endp
end main
```



06. Write an Assembly program to calculate the average of three given numbers stored in memory.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2. Define three variables.
- 3.Initialize those variables.
- 4. Move num1 to al register. add num2 and num3 to al register.
- 5.set the value of ah register value as 0
- 6.Set the value of dl register as 3.
- 7.perform div operation.
- 8.Stop the program.

Source Code:

.model small .stack 100h .data

num1 db 5

<u>num2 db 9</u>

<u>num3 db 7</u>

avg db?

.code

main proc

mov ax,@data mov ds,ax

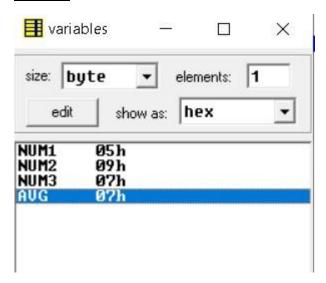
mov al,num1 add al,num2 add al,num3

mov ah,0 mov dl,3 div dl

mov avg,al

exit: mov ah,4ch int 21h main endp end main

Output:



07. Write an Assembly program in which a procedure converts Hexadecimal value to print its Decimal form on Screen.

Algorithm:

- 1.start the program.
- 2.Enter a hex digit.
- 3. Compare the digit .if it is greater than 9 then jump to hex level else jump to num level.
- 4.In num level just print the number.
- 5.in hex level print the decimal value of the hex digit.
- 6.Stop the program.

Source Code:

mov ah,2

```
.model small
.stack 100h
.data
msg1 db 10,13,'ENTER A HEX DIGIT:$'
msg2 db 10,13,'IN DECIMAL IS IT:$'
msg4 db 10,13, ILLEGAL CHARACTER- ENTER
0-9 OR A-F:$'
.code
main proc
again:
mov ax,@data
mov ds,ax
lea dx,msg1
mov ah,9
int 21h
mov ah,1
int 21h
mov bl,al
jmp go
go:
cmp bl,'9'
ja hex
jb num
je num
hex:
cmp bl,'F'
ja illegal
lea dx,msg2
mov ah,9
int 21h
mov dl,49d
```

int 21h sub bl,17d mov dl,bl mov ah,2 int 21h jmp exit num: cmp bl,'0' jb illegal lea dx,msg2 mov ah,9 int 21h mov dl,bl mov ah,2 int 21h jmp exit illegal: lea dx,msg4 mov ah,9 int 21h mov ah,1 int 21h mov bl,al jmp go exit: end main endp end main

Output:

ENTER A HEX DIGIT:A IN DECIMAL IS IT:10

<u>8</u>. Write an Assembly program to convert Centigrade (Celsius) to Fahrenheit temperature measuring scales.

Algorithm:

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Enter a value to al register and sub 30h from this.

- 3. Store 0 to ah register and 10 to bl register.
- 4. Multiply bl register with al register.
- 5. Move the value of al register to bl register.
- 6. Move al register value to T.
- 7.Store 9 to dl register.
- 8. Multiply dl register with al register and divide with 5.
- 9. Display the value.
- 10.Stop the program.

Source Code:

DATA SEGMENT

TDB?

RES DB 10 DUP ('\$')

MSG1 DB "ENTER TEMPERATURE IN CELSIUS (ONLY IN 2 DIGITS): \$"

MSG2 DB 10,13,"CONVERTED IS FAHRENHEIT (TEMPERATURE): \$"

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME DS:DATA,CS:CODE

START:

MOV AX, DATA

MOV DS,AX

LEA DX,MSG1

MOV AH,9

INT 21H

MOV AH,1

INT 21H

SUB AL,30H

MOV AH,0

MOV BL,10

MUL BL

MOV BL,AL

MOV AH,1

INT 21H

SUB AL,30H

MOV AH,0

ADD AL,BL

MOV T,AL

MOV DL,9

MUL DL

MOV BL,5

DIV BL

MOV AH,0

ADD AL,32

LEA SI, RES

CALL HEX2DEC

LEA DX,MSG2

MOV AH,9

INT 21H

LEA DX,RES

MOV AH,9

INT 21H

MOV AH,4CH

INT 21H

CODE ENDS

HEX2DEC PROC NEAR

MOV CX,0

MOV BX,10

LOOP1: MOV DX,0

DIV BX

ADD DL,30H

PUSH DX

INC CX

CMP AX,9

JG LOOP1

ADD AL,30H

MOV [SI],AL

LOOP2: POP AX

INC SI

MOV [SI],AL

LOOP LOOP2

RET

HEX2DEC ENDP

END START

Output:

ENTER TEMPERATURE IN CELSIUS (ONLY IN 2 DIGITS): 23 CONVERTED IS FAHRENHEIT (TEMPERATURE): 73