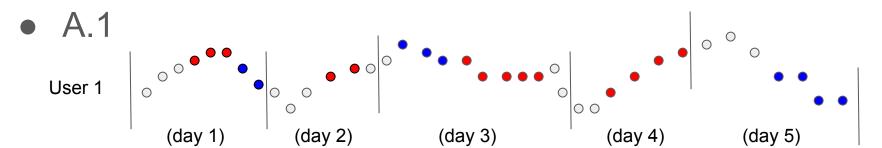
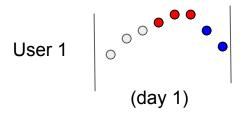
CSCI 6515 - 2017

Dr. Amilcar Soares



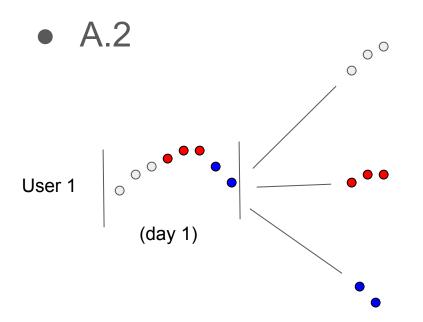






- Distance (e.g. Haversine)
- Speed (m/s)
- Acceleration (m/s2)
- Bearing (0 to 360 degrees)





subtraj 1, class A (sample 1)

- For each: distance, speed, acceleration, and bearing
- Compute the minimum, maximum, mean, median and standard deviation. These are the trajectory feats for sample 1

subtraj 2, class B (sample 2)

- For each: distance, speed, acceleration, and bearing
- Compute the minimum, maximum, mean, median and standard deviation. These are the trajectory feats for sample 2

subtraj 3, class C (sample 3)

- For each: distance, speed, acceleration, and bearing
- Compute the minimum, maximum, mean, median and standard deviation. These are the trajectory feats for sample 3

3

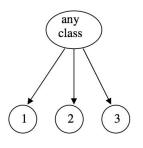


- A.3 Explore the data.
 - You are free to use any type of plots/charts.
 - Answer the following question
 - Is it possible to detect similarities or significant differences between the classes?
 - It not a YES/NO question. Go deep into your data to find something.
 - Your conclusions will suggest a hierarchy for task B.

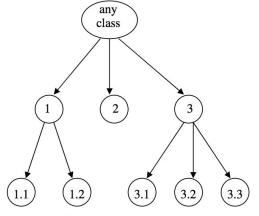


B.1 - Hierarchical classification

Propose a structure based on findings of A.3.



(a) Flat classification



(b) Hierarchical, tree-structured classification

Organize the classes

- Bus
- Car
- Walk
- Taxi
- Subway
 - Train



B.2 - Code!

- We will evaluate if your proposal (B1) matches what you implemented here.
- Try to use good coding practices.
- Please document your code, you will make my life easier.



- B.3 Evaluation (Flat x Hierarchical)
 - Choose 2 different classifiers? Why you chose them?
 You are free to do anything you want in this problem (e.g. boosting, bagging, feature selection).
 - Use a stratified 10-fold cross-validation (read the scikit docs). You will evaluate the ability of the models to classify a 6-class problem. Your choice of classifiers must be guided by this multiclass problem.