# CSI NFS Dynamic Provisioning Lab

Compatible with Minikube, Kind, or any Kubernetes 1.20+

### Prerequisites

- · Kubernetes cluster
- kubectl installed
- Linux-based system (for NFS setup)
- Internet access for pulling container images

### Step 1: Install & Configure NFS Server (On Host or VM)

On your host or any reachable machine (e.g. Minikube VM), install NFS server:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install nfs-kernel-server -y
sudo mkdir -p /srv/nfs/kubedata
sudo chown nobody:nogroup /srv/nfs/kubedata
sudo chmod 777 /srv/nfs/kubedata
echo "/srv/nfs/kubedata *(rw,sync,no_subtree_check,no_root_squash)" | sudo tee -a
/etc/exports
sudo exportfs -rav
```

#### Start the service:

```
sudo systemctl enable nfs-server
sudo systemctl start nfs-server
```

💡 On Minikube, use minikube ssh and perform the above commands inside the VM.

### Step 2: Deploy the NFS CSI Driver

Install the CSI NFS driver (official):

```
kubectl apply -k "github.com/kubernetes-csi/csi-driver-
nfs/deploy/kubernetes/overlays/stable?ref=release-1.6"
```

#### Verify:

```
kubectl get pods -n kube-system -l app=csi-nfs-controller
kubectl get daemonset -n kube-system -l app=csi-nfs-node
```

### Step 3: Create a StorageClass

Create a file called nfs-sc.yaml:

```
apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1
kind: StorageClass
metadata:
    name: nfs-csi
provisioner: nfs.csi.k8s.io
parameters:
    server: <NFS_SERVER_IP>
    share: /srv/nfs/kubedata
reclaimPolicy: Retain
volumeBindingMode: Immediate
```

Replace <NFS\_SERVER\_IP> with the IP address of the machine where the NFS server is running.

#### Apply it:

```
kubectl apply -f nfs-sc.yaml
```

## Step 4: Create a PVC + Pod using the NFS StorageClass

Create nfs-pvc-pod.yaml:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
 name: nfs-pvc
spec:
 accessModes:
   - ReadWriteMany
  storageClassName: nfs-csi
  resources:
   requests:
     storage: 1Gi
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: nfs-app
spec:
 containers:
  - name: app
   image: busybox
   command: [ "sh", "-c", "echo 'Hello from NFS!' > /data/hello.txt && sleep
3600"]
   volumeMounts:
    - mountPath: /data
      name: nfs-vol
  volumes:
  - name: nfs-vol
   persistentVolumeClaim:
      claimName: nfs-pvc
```

#### Apply it:

```
kubectl apply -f nfs-pvc-pod.yaml
```

# Step 5: Verify NFS Volume Mount and File Write

Check logs or exec into pod:

```
kubectl exec -it nfs-app -- cat /data/hello.txt
```

You should see:

```
Hello from NFS!
```

Then on the NFS server:

```
cat /srv/nfs/kubedata/*/data/hello.txt
```

You'll see the same file — confirming dynamic provisioning!

# Cleanup

```
kubectl delete -f nfs-pvc-pod.yaml
kubectl delete storageclass nfs-csi
```

### What You Learned

- How to set up an NFS server
- Install the NFS CSI driver
- Define a **StorageClass** that supports dynamic provisioning
- Use a **PVC** and automatically provision NFS-backed **volumes**
- Verify cross-node shared storage (ReadWriteMany)
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