

EBS - Volume types

08:08 PM

EBS Volume Types

magnetic Standard

1) - TP — file
2) - IOPS

Access

Hot - for
Cold - for

Size	!
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- EBS Volumes come in 6 types

- gp2 / gp3 (SSD): General purpose SSD volume that balances price and performance for a wide variety of workloads
- io1 / io2 (SSD): Highest-performance SSD volume for mission-critical low-latency or high-throughput workloads
- st1 (HDD): Low cost HDD volume designed for frequently accessed, throughput-intensive workloads
- sc1 (HDD): Lowest cost HDD volume designed for less frequently accessed workloads

- EBS Volumes are characterized in Size | Throughput | IOPS (I/O Ops Per Sec)
- When in doubt always consult the AWS documentation – it's good!
- Only gp2/gp3 and io1/io2 can be used as boot volumes

EC2

root

EBS Volume Types Use cases

General Purpose SSD

- Cost effective storage, low-latency
- System boot volumes, Virtual desktops, Development and test environments
- 1 GiB - 16 TiB
- gp3:
 - Baseline of 3,000 IOPS and throughput of 125 MiB/s
 - Can increase IOPS up to 16,000 and throughput up to 1000 MiB/s independently
- gp2:
 - Small gp2 volumes can burst IOPS to 3,000
 - Size of the volume and IOPS are linked, max IOPS is 16,000
 - 3 IOPS per GB, means at 5,334 GB we are at the max IOPS

EBS Volume Types Use cases

Provisioned IOPS (PIOPS) SSD

- Critical business applications with sustained IOPS performance
- Or applications that need more than 16,000 IOPS
- Great for databases workloads (sensitive to storage perf and consistency)
- io1/io2 (4 GiB - 16 TiB):
 - Max PIOPS: 64,000 for Nitro EC2 instances & 32,000 for other
 - Can increase PIOPS independently from storage size
 - io2 have more durability and more IOPS per GiB (at the same price as io1)
- io2 Block Express (4 GiB - 64 TiB):
 - Sub-millisecond latency
 - Max PIOPS: 256,000 with an IOPS:GiB ratio of 1,000:1
- Supports EBS Multi-attach

io1 → m
io2 → m
AP
AP

EBS

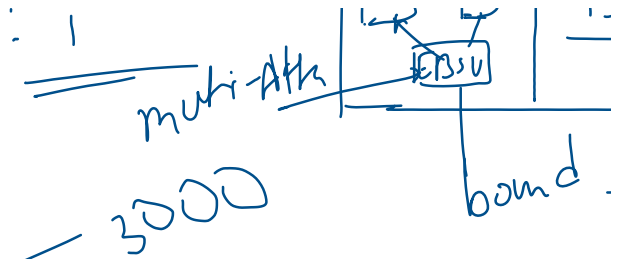
EBS Volume Types Use cases

GP2
GP3

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Hard Disk Drives (HDD)

- Cannot be a boot volume
- 125 MiB to 16 TiB
- Throughput Optimized HDD (st1)
 - Big Data, Data Warehouses, Log Processing
 - **Max throughput** 500 MiB/s – max IOPS 500
- ✓ **Cold HDD (sc1):**
 - For data that is infrequently accessed
 - Scenarios where lowest cost is important
 - **Max throughput** 250 MiB/s – max IOPS 250



EBS – Volume Types Summary

	General Purpose SSD		Provisioned IOPS SSD		
Volume type	gp3	gp2	io2 Block Express †	io2	io1
Durability	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)	99.999% durability (0.001% annual failure rate)		99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)
Use cases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low-latency interactive apps • Development and test environments 		Workloads that require sub-millisecond latency, and sustained IOPS performance or more than 64,000 IOPS or 1,000 MiB/s of throughput		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workloads that require sustained IOPS performance or more than 16,000 IOPS • I/O-intensive database workloads
Volume size	1 GiB - 16 TiB		4 GiB - 64 TiB		4 GiB - 16 TiB
Max IOPS per volume (16 KiB I/O)	16,000		256,000		64,000 †

	Throughput Optimized HDD	Cold HDD
Volume type	st1	sc1
Durability	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)	99.8% - 99.9% durability (0.1% - 0.2% annual failure rate)
Use cases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Big data • Data warehouses • Log processing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Throughput-oriented storage for data that is infrequently accessed • Scenarios where the lowest storage cost is important
Volume size	125 GiB - 16 TiB	125 GiB - 16 TiB
Max IOPS per volume (1 MiB I/O)	500	250
Max throughput per volume	500 MiB/s	250 MiB/s
Amazon EBS Multi-attach	Not supported	Not supported
Boot volume	Not supported	Not supported

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/ebs-volume-types.html#solid-state-drives>