## Some useful formulas

1. 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

2. 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

3. 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^3 = (\sum_{i=1}^{n} i)^2$$

4. 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{k} 2^i = 2^{k+1} - 1$$

5. 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{k} \frac{1}{2^i} = 2$$
 when k tends to infinity.

6. 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} x^i = \frac{x^{n+1}-1}{x-1} \quad x \neq 1$$

7. If 
$$|x| < 1$$
 then  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=0}^n x^k = \frac{1}{1-x}$ 

8. 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} ix^{i} = \frac{1}{(1-x)^{2}}$$
 If  $|x| < 1$ 

**Harmonic series** 

9. 
$$Hn = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{k} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + ... + \frac{1}{n} = \ln n + O(1)$$

10. If T(n) = a T 
$$(\frac{n}{b})$$
 + O( $n^d$ ) with a> 0 ,  $b>1$  ,  $d\geq 0$  , then

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(n^d) & \text{if } d > \log_b a \\ O(n^d \log_b n) & \text{if } d = \log_b a \\ O(n^{\log_b a}) & \text{if } d < \log_b a \end{cases}$$

**11.** 
$$\log(ab) = \log(a) + \log(b)$$

12. 
$$\log(\frac{a}{b}) = \log(a) - \log(b)$$

13. 
$$\log(a^b) = b \log a$$

**14.** 
$$\log_b(a) = \frac{\ln(a)}{\ln(b)}$$

**15.** 
$$a^{\log_b(n)} = n^{\log_b(a)}$$