STUDENT NO:	
SURNAME:	
INITIALS:	

University of Cape Town Department of Computer Science

Computer Science CSC1010H

June Test Thursday, 5 June 2014

Marks: 100

• Approximate marks per question are shown in brackets

Time: 3 hours

• The use of calculators is permitted

This paper consists of 8 questions and 10 pages (including this cover page).

Mark Allocation							
Question	Marks	Internal	External	Question	Marks	Internal	External
1	12			5	6		
2	11			6	15		
3	10			7	12		
4	10			8	4		
	Total				Total		
				Gra	and Total		
				Fi	nal Mark		<u> </u>
Internal Examiner: External Examiner:							

Question 1. [12 marks]

For all the statements below, give the output:	
--	--

a) print(24 - 3 * (4 + 8) / 2) _____ [1]

d) i, j,
$$k = 5, 7, 3$$

print((i > j) or not(j < k)) ______ [1]

Question 2. [11 marks]

Answer the following questions:

a) Name an example of a popular operating system used today.

b) Name the low-level programming language made up of 0s and 1s.

c) Which standard Python module is used to import common mathematical functions?

d) Which function is used to determine the length of a sequence?

Insert the missing word:		
e) The Python data type stores numbers with fractional decimal v	alues.	[1]
f) The Python compiler typically reports on errors.		[1]
Indicate whether the following statements are True or False:		
g) In Python it is possible to concatenate a string with an integer.		
	[1]	
h) In Python the standard number of spaces for indentation is 5 spaces.		
	[1]	
i) It is possible to change the elements of a Python tuple.		
	[1]	
j) For loops are referred to as definite loops.		
	_	[1]
k) An <u>elif</u> statement, which forms part of an <u>if</u> statement, always needs a condition	n speci	fied.
	_	[1]

Question 3. [10 marks]

Consider the following Python program with line numbers and answer the questions below	Consider	the follo	wing P	vthon pr	ogram v	with line	numbers ar	nd answer	the a	uestions l	below.
--	----------	-----------	--------	----------	---------	-----------	------------	-----------	-------	------------	--------

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11	•	
a)	What data type is the variable a on line 2?	[1]
b)	What data type is the variable b on line 3?	[1]
c) 	Explain in your own words what this program does.	
		[3]
d)	What will the output of this program be?	
		[5]

Question 4. [10 marks]

Complete the program below. Prompt the user to enter a string. Calculate how many lowercase and how many uppercase characters are in the entered string, ignoring any other characters. Print out the number of lowercase and uppercase characters.

Here is an example of what the program should look like when it is run:	
Enter string: Hello Thandi, welcome to Cape Town. Lowercase characters: 24	
Uppercase characters: 4	
oppercase characters. 4	
Hint: You may use the string methods which are described on the next page.	
<pre>def main():</pre>	
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	[10]
main()	

Some of the Standard Python Methods for Strings

```
isalpha(...)
  S.isalpha() -> bool
  Return True if all characters in S are alphabetic
  and there is at least one character in S, False otherwise.
islower(...)
  S.islower() -> bool
  Return True if all cased characters in S are lowercase and there is
  at least one cased character in S, False otherwise.
isnumeric(...)
  S.isnumeric() -> bool
  Return True if there are only numeric characters in S,
  False otherwise.
isspace(...)
  S.isspace() -> bool
  Return True if all characters in S are whitespace
  and there is at least one character in S, False otherwise.
isupper(...)
  S.isupper() -> bool
  Return True if all cased characters in S are uppercase and there is
  at least one cased character in S, False otherwise.
lower(...)
  S.lower() \rightarrow str
  Return a copy of the string S converted to lowercase.
swapcase(...)
  S.swapcase() -> str
  Return a copy of S with uppercase characters converted to lowercase
  and vice versa.
upper(...)
  S.upper() -> str
  Return a copy of S converted to uppercase.
```

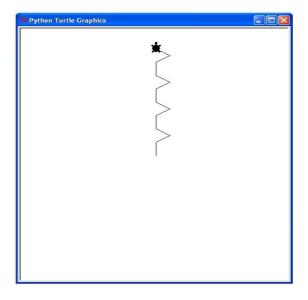
Question 5. [6 marks]

Find three errors in the Python code fragment below which would be generated by the Python compiler, indicating which line number it is on, as shown on the left. Also indicate what the error is, and explain how you would fix it:

```
sum, count = 0, 0
1.
2.
     while(true):
3.
         num = int(input('enter number(zero to end):'))
4.
         if num == 0
5.
             break
6.
         sum += num
7.
         count += 1
9.
   average = sum/count
10. print('Average is ' + average)
                                                                  [6]
```

Question 6. [15 marks]

Write a complete Python Turtle program which draws the exact pattern below. Use the turtle graphics functions to let the user enter the size of the lines as well as the colour of the lines. Also ensure the turtle window closes properly. Note: the smallest angle between each two adjacent lines is 60 degrees.



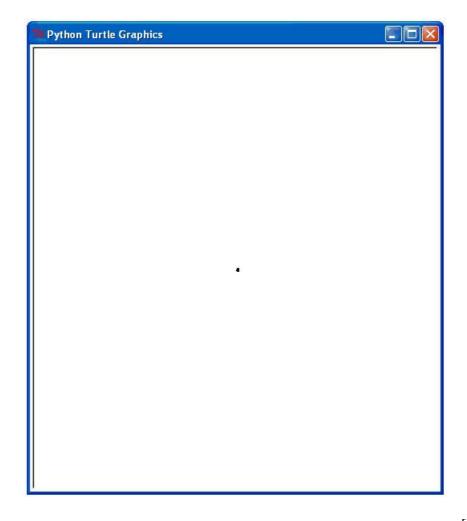
[15]
 [13]

Question 7. [12 marks]

Draw the output of the following program in the Turtle Graphics window provided below.

```
import turtle

def main():
    for size in range(20,140,20):
        for j in range(3):
            turtle.forward(size)
            turtle.right(120)
        turtle.right(60)
    turtle.exitonclick()
```



[12]

Question 8. [4 marks]

Consider the Python program below and answer the questions which follow:

```
import math

def main():
    print('*** Cylinder Calculator ***')
    val1 = int(input('Enter radius:'))
    val2 = int(input('Enter height:'))
    val3 = math.PI * val1 ** 2 * val2
    val4 = (2 * math.PI * val1 * val2) + (2 * math.PI * val1 ** 2)
    print('Cylinder volume is', val3)
    print('Cylinder surface area is', val4)
main()
```

Provide better, more descriptive names for the following identifiers, based on accepted Python coding conventions:

a) val1	 [1]
b) val2	 [1]
c) val3	 [1]
d) val4	 [1]