

*in selenium there are 4 flours (or) types of selenium

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- 1.selenium core/grid
- 2.selenium IDE
- 3.selenium RC
- 4.selenium webdriver

1.selenium IDE(integrated development environment):

*this version is used do simple record-and-playback of interactions with the browser.

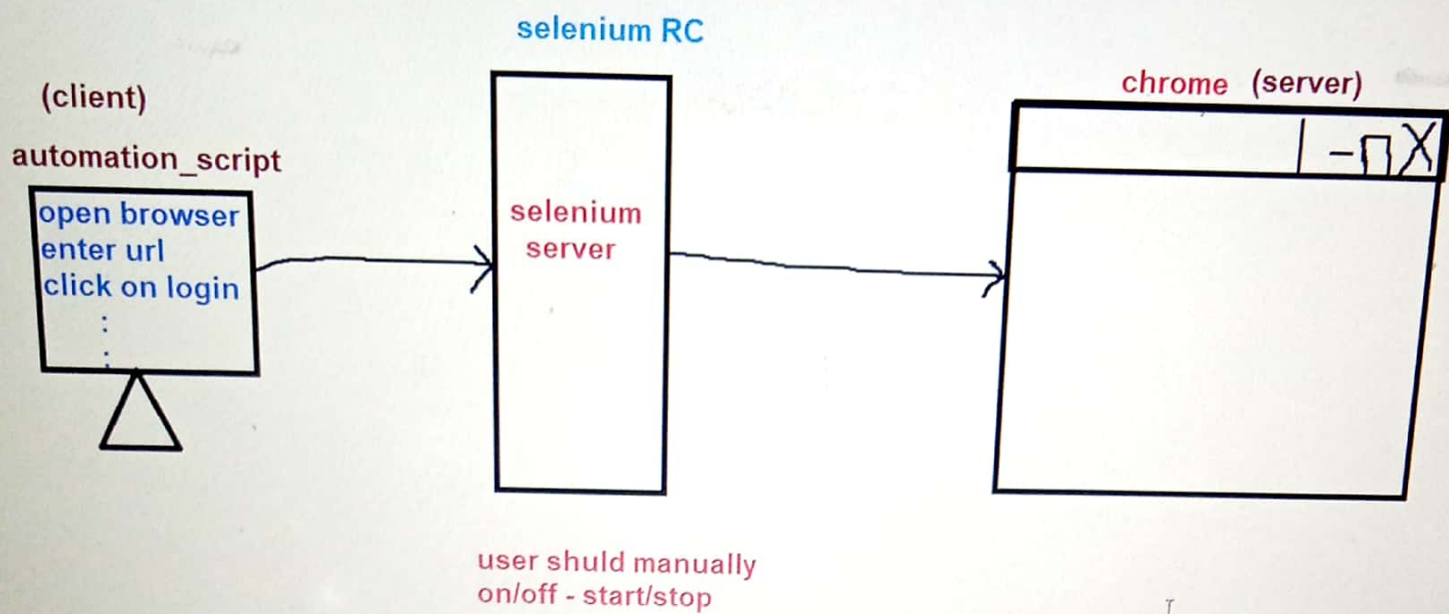
2.selenium RC(remote control):

*it is also known as selenium1.

*here client(client binding) and server(browser) communication happen b/w selenium RC server(manual proce

*it will support only specific lang and specific browser.

*in RC manually we want to run/start the selenium server.



3.selenium webdriver:

- *it is a updated version of selenium RC.
- *here webdriver is the responsible to communicate b/w client to browser.
- *this will support multiple prog lang and multiple browsers(cross platform).
- *in webdriver no need to of start-stop selenium server manually.
- *combination of selenium RC and webdriver is called as selenium 2, later it updated 3 and latest version of selenium is 4.

note:

If you want to create robust, browser-based regression automation suites and tests, scale and distribute scripts across many environments, then you want to use Selenium WebDriver, a collection of language specific bindings to drive a browser - the way it is meant to be driven.

4.selenium grid:

*this is basically for running same script in different device and browser/browser version then we w
go selenium grid.

*here we will be having 2 major componet

1.hub 2.node

1.hub:

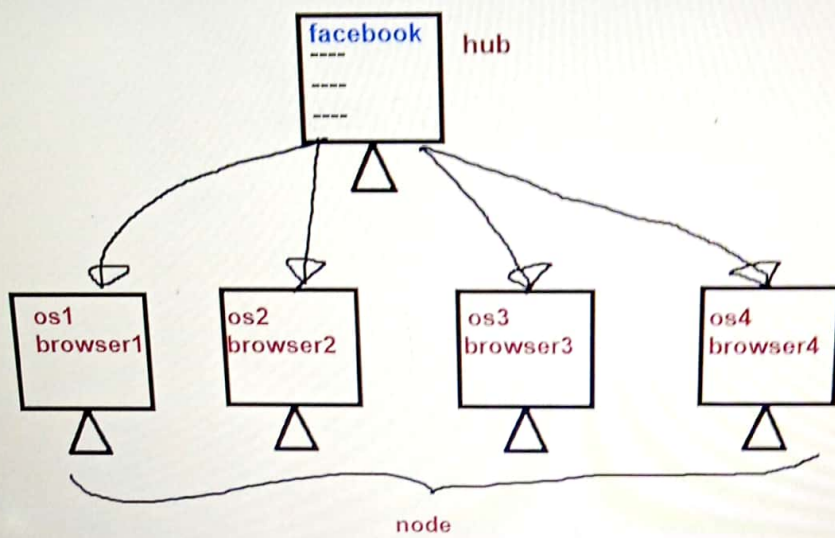
=> hub is central repository which will control all execution of node.

2.node:

=> node means different device/system where script is running.

note:

If you want to scale by distributing and running tests on several machines and manage multiple
environments from a central point, making it easy to run the tests against a vast combination of
browsers/OS, then you want to use Selenium Grid.



same facebook
script is running in different
os and browser/browser version

