First step you will use the following tools to identify the different IP address of the kali linux, windows and debian OS:

```
Windows IP Configuration
Ethernet adapter Ethernet0:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
   Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . : fe80::e53f:f2b2:cc3:3ad1%16
   IPv4 Address. . . . . . . . . : 172.16.103.132
   Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
   Default Gateway . . . . . . . :
Tunnel adapter isatap.{DF0D5295-4147-437F-8909-0EC9E2699D2F}:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . : fe80::5efe:172.16.103.132%10
   Default Gateway . . . . . . . :
Tunnel adapter 6TO4 Adapter:
                                    . . : Media disconnected
   Media State . .
   Media State . . . . . . . . . . : : Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Tunnel adapter IPHTTPSInterface:
   Connection-specific DNS Suffix .:
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . : fe80::5440:cf93:c6c9:9127%3
   Default Gateway . . . . . . . :
C:\Users\Administrator>_
```

```
gomycode@debianGomycode:~$ sudo ifconfig
[sudo] password for gomycode:
Sorry, try again.
[sudo] password for gomycode:
ens33: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 172.16.103.134 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 172.16.103.255
       inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fea8:3931 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 00:0c:29:a8:39:31 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 243 bytes 27982 (27.3 KiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 1455 bytes 94305 (92.0 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       inet6 :: 1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 14586 bytes 1546897 (1.4 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 14586 bytes 1546897 (1.4 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~]
eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 172.16.103.11 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 172.16.103.255
        inet6 fe80::99df:76b5:e33c:3d8a prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
        ether 00:0c:29:44:f9:35 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 16801 bytes 6778270 (6.4 MiB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 4071 bytes 448247 (437.7 KiB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
eth1: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.80.134 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.80.255
        inet6 fe80::f35d:d8c3:1635:d7e1 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
        ether 00:0c:29:44:f9:3f txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 8821 bytes 11935623 (11.3 MiB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 1625 bytes 135488 (132.3 KiB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0×10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
RX packets 4576 bytes 249458 (243.6 KiB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0 TX packets 4576 bytes 249458 (243.6 KiB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Using nmap identify the different ports running on The different machines

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~]
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-12-02 06:07 EST
Nmap scan report for windowsServer.gomycode.com (172.16.103.132)
Host is up (0.0014s latency).
Not shown: 987 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
       STATE SERVICE
PORT
53/tcp open domain
80/tcp open http
88/tcp open kerberos-sec
135/tcp open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
389/tcp open ldap
443/tcp open https
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
464/tcp open kpasswd5
593/tcp open http-rpc-epmap
636/tcp open ldapssl
3268/tcp open globalcatLDAP
3269/tcp open globalcatLDAPssl
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 4.53 seconds
```

using nslookup try to identify the FQND of the following IP: 3.33.130.190

verify the communication with the following ip: 172.16.103.134 (use ping)

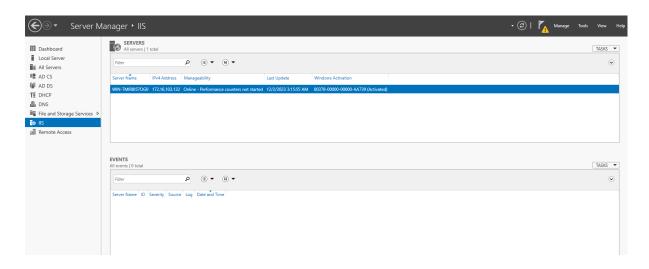
let's try to identify it's FQND : use dig

```
—(kali⊛kali)-[~]
└$ dig -x 172.16.103.134
; <>>> DiG 9.18.16-1-Debian <<>> -x 172.16.103.134
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; → HEADER ← opcode: QUERY, status: NXDOMAIN, id: 5402
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 0, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; MBZ: 0×0005, udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;134.103.16.172.in-addr.arpa. IN
                                        PTR
;; Query time: 79 msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.80.2#53(192.168.80.2) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Sat Dec 02 06:08:53 EST 2023
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 56
```

let's re-verify by pinging : debianGomycode.gomycode.com

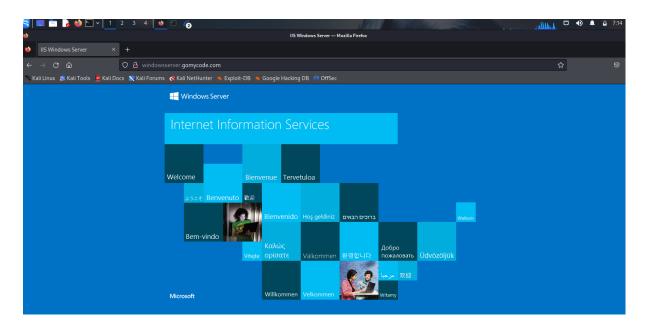
```
kali⊗kali)-[~]
$ ping debianGomycode.gomycode.com
PING debianGomycode.gomycode.com (172.16.103.134) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from debianGomycode.gomycode.com (172.16.103.134): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.968 ms
64 bytes from debianGomycode.gomycode.com (172.16.103.134): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.834 ms
64 bytes from debianGomycode.gomycode.com (172.16.103.134): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=1.08 ms
64 bytes from debianGomycode.gomycode.com (172.16.103.134): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.938 ms
64 bytes from debianGomycode.gomycode.com (172.16.103.134): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.938 ms
65 bytes from debianGomycode.gomycode.com ping statistics —
66 debianGomycode.gomycode.com ping statistics —
67 debianGomycode.gomycode.com ping statistics —
68 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3006ms
68 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.834/0.954/1.077/0.086 ms
```

on the windows server make sure that the IIS is running:

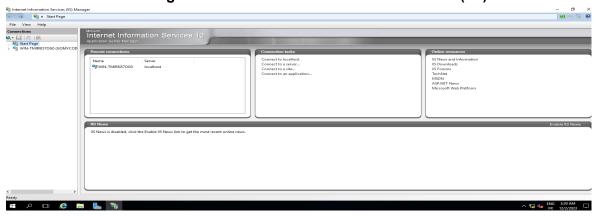


On the kali linux machine run: curl -I windowsServer.gomycode.com and identify the server running is should be (Microsoft IIS/10.0)

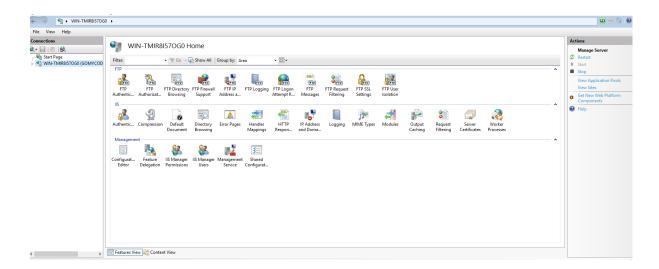
on kali linux machine open firefox and try to visit windowsServer.gomycode.com. Can you access the windows website? (right answer YES)



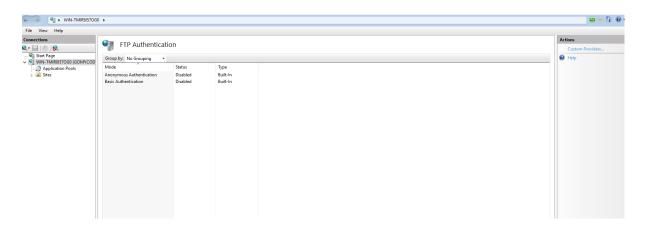
on the windows server go to tools -> internet information service (IIS).



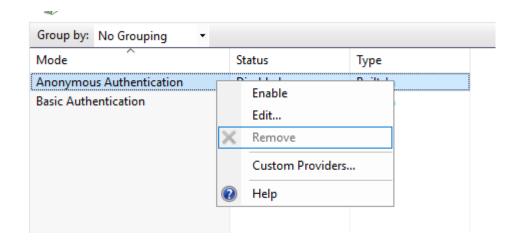
## click on the server name



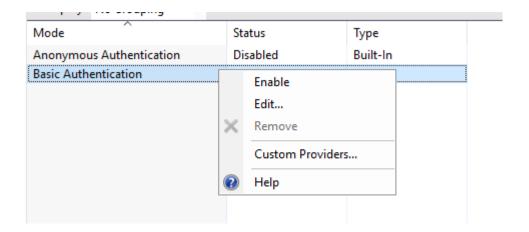
## on the IIS section under ftp section click on : authentication



## right click on Anonymous Authentication and choose disable



right click on the Basic Authentication and choose enable



run the following command to sniff the network

```
(kali* kali)-[~]
$ sudo tcpdump -i eth0 -n -s 0 -w captured_traffic.pcap
tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes
```

sudo tcpdump -vv dst windowsServer.gomycode.com and port www -w auth.txt

```
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ sudo tcpdump -vv dst windowsServer.gomycode.com and port www -w auth.txt
tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes
^C16 packets captured
16 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
```

- reload the website and try to login using the following credentials (username and password are wrong): admin / password
- do it many times than stop the tcpdump command using CTRL+C
- launch wireshark auth.txt

