Analysis Date: December 5, 2024

Project Name: HMS

SonarQube Version: 24.12.0.100206

Branch: master

Summary of Findings

The static code analysis report identified various issues related to code quality, performance, security, and maintainability. The following is a detailed breakdown of these issues, and specific recommendations for addressing them.

Issues Breakdown

1. Class Variable Fields Should Not Have Public Accessibility

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 82

• **Rule**: Class fields should not be public. They should be private or protected and accessed via getter and setter methods.

2. Anonymous Inner Classes Containing Only One Method Should Become Lambdas

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 49

• **Rule**: Refactor anonymous inner classes implementing a single method into lambda expressions for better readability and reduced boilerplate.

3. Local Variable and Method Parameter Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 28

 Rule: Local variables and method parameters should follow consistent naming conventions, usually camelCase.

4. Field Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 23

 Rule: Field names should follow consistent naming conventions, usually camelCase for instance variables and uppercase with underscores for constants.

5. Fields in a "Serializable" Class Should Either Be Transient or Serializable

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 19

• **Rule**: Fields in Serializable classes should be either marked as transient (if they should not be serialized) or should themselves be Serializable.

6. Resources Should Be Closed

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 17

• **Rule**: Resources like file streams, database connections, or network connections should be properly closed after use to avoid resource leaks.

7. Package Declaration Should Match Source File Directory

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 16

• **Rule**: The package declaration in the Java file should match the directory structure where the file is located.

8. Raw Types Should Not Be Used

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 15

• **Rule**: Raw types in generics should be avoided as they bypass type safety, which may lead to runtime errors.

9. Nested Blocks of Code Should Not Be Left Empty

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 14

 Rule: Avoid leaving nested blocks of code empty, as this may indicate incomplete code or bugs.

10. Sections of Code Should Not Be Commented Out

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 13

• **Rule**: Commented-out code should be removed to reduce clutter and prevent confusion.

11. Unnecessary Imports Should Be Removed

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 11

• **Rule**: Unused imports should be removed to make the code cleaner and prevent unnecessary dependencies.

12. "Static" Base Class Members Should Not Be Accessed via Derived Types

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 11

 Rule: Static members of the base class should be accessed directly via the base class, not through derived types.

13. Lambdas Should Be Replaced with Method References

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 11

• **Rule**: Where applicable, replace lambda expressions with method references to improve readability and simplify code.

14. SQL Queries Should Retrieve Only Necessary Fields

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 10

• **Rule**: SQL queries should select only the fields needed, rather than using SELECT *, to reduce unnecessary data retrieval and improve performance.

15. Standard Outputs Should Not Be Used Directly to Log Anything

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 10

• Rule: Avoid using System.out.println or other standard output methods to log data. Use proper logging frameworks (e.g., Log4j, SLF4J).

16. String Literals Should Not Be Duplicated

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 9

• **Rule**: String literals used multiple times should be stored as constants to avoid duplication and make future modifications easier.

17. Unused "Private" Fields Should Be Removed

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 8

 Rule: Remove private fields that are not being used anywhere in the class to reduce clutter and improve maintainability.

18. Package Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 3

• **Rule**: Package names should follow standard naming conventions (e.g., lowercase letters, domain name reversal).

19. "InterruptedException" and "ThreadDeath" Should Not Be Ignored

Severity: CriticalOccurrences: 3

• **Rule**: InterruptedException and ThreadDeath should not be ignored. These exceptions must be handled to manage thread states appropriately.

20. Try-Catch Blocks Should Not Be Nested

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 2

• **Rule**: Avoid nesting try-catch blocks as they complicate error handling and reduce code readability.

21. Unused Local Variables Should Be Removed

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 2

 Rule: Remove local variables that are declared but not used to keep the codebase clean.

22. Local Variables Should Not Shadow Class Fields

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 2

• **Rule**: Local variables should not shadow class fields, as this can lead to confusion and potential errors.

23. Unused Assignments Should Be Removed

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 2

• **Rule**: Remove any assignments where the assigned value is never used, as this adds unnecessary clutter to the code.

24. "@Deprecated" Code Should Not Be Used

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Avoid using deprecated code, as it may be removed in future versions and may not be supported.

25. Track Uses of "TODO" Tags

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Ensure that T0D0 tags are tracked and addressed before deployment to prevent incomplete features or logic from being released.

26. "@Deprecated" Code Marked for Removal Should Never Be Used

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 1

Rule: Deprecated code marked for removal should not be used in the codebase. This
avoids potential compatibility issues.

27. Credentials Should Not Be Hard-Coded

Severity: CriticalOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Never hard-code credentials (e.g., passwords, API keys) in the code. Use environment variables or secure vaults for managing sensitive data.

28. The Default Unnamed Package Should Not Be Used

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Avoid using the default unnamed package. Always define a proper package name for clarity and maintainability.

29. Mergeable "If" Statements Should Be Combined

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 1

 Rule: Combine multiple if statements that can be logically merged to reduce code complexity and improve readability.

30. Class Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 1

 Rule: Class names should follow standard conventions, usually PascalCase (e.g., MyClass, StudentRecord).

31. Multiple Variables Should Not Be Declared on the Same Line

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Avoid declaring multiple variables on the same line to improve clarity. Declare each variable on its own line.

32. Loops Should Not Be Infinite

Severity: CriticalOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Ensure that loops have proper exit conditions to avoid infinite loops, which can cause performance issues or application crashes.

33. Cognitive Complexity of Methods Should Not Be Too High

Severity: MajorOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Reduce the cognitive complexity of methods to make the code easier to understand and maintain.

34. Ternary Operators Should Not Be Nested

Severity: MinorOccurrences: 1

• **Rule**: Avoid nesting ternary operators as they can reduce code readability. Use if-else statements where appropriate.

Recommendations

1. Class Variable Fields Should Not Have Public Accessibility

Recommendation:

• Change class variables from public to private or protected and provide getter and setter methods for accessing them.

Example:

```
// Before:
public int employeeld;
// After:
private int employeeld;
public int getEmployeeld() { return employeeld; }
public void setEmployeeld(int employeeld) { this.employeeld = employeeld; }
```

2. Anonymous Inner Classes Containing Only One Method Should Become Lambdas

Recommendation:

 Refactor anonymous inner classes that implement a single method into lambda expressions.

Example:

```
// Before:
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) { /* handle action */ }
});
// After:
button.addActionListener(e -> { /* handle action */ });
```

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3. Local Variable and Method Parameter Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

Recommendation:

 Ensure local variables and method parameters follow camelCase naming convention.

Example:

```
// Before:
int EmployeeAge;
// After:
int employeeAge;
```

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4. Field Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

Recommendation:

 Make sure fields follow a consistent naming convention, such as camelCase for instance variables.

5. Fields in a "Serializable" Class Should Either Be Transient or Serializable

- Recommendation:
 - Mark non-serializable fields as transient or ensure they implement Serializable.

Example:

```
// Before:
private DatabaseConnection connection;
// After:
private transient DatabaseConnection connection;
```

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6. Resources Should Be Closed

- Recommendation:
 - Always close resources like files, streams, or database connections using try-with-resources or in a finally block.

Example:

```
try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("file.txt"))) {
    // Use the resource
} catch (IOException e) {
    // Handle exception
}
```

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7. Package Declaration Should Match Source File Directory

Recommendation:

o Ensure the package declaration matches the file directory structure.

Example:

```
// If file is in com/example/myapp package com.example.myapp;
```

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8. Raw Types Should Not Be Used

- Recommendation:
 - Avoid using raw types for generics. Always specify the type parameters.

Example:

```
// Before:
List list = new ArrayList();
// After:
List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
```

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9. Nested Blocks of Code Should Not Be Left Empty

- Recommendation:
 - o Avoid leaving empty blocks of code. If not necessary, remove the block entirely.

Example:

```
// Before:
if (condition) { }
// After:
if (condition) {
    // Add logic or remove block
}
```

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10. Sections of Code Should Not Be Commented Out

Recommendation:

(Remove commented-out code or ensure it is properly documented if left for later.
	commented code or finalize it.
11. Unne	cessary Imports Should Be Removed
	commendation: Remove unused imports to clean up the code and avoid potential confusion.
// After: import java.	.util.List; .util.ArrayList; .util.ArrayList;
12. "Stati Types	c" Base Class Members Should Not Be Accessed via Derived
	commendation: Access static members of base classes directly via the class name, not through instances or derived types.
// After: BaseClass.	ss.staticMethod(); staticMethod();

Recommendation:

o Refactor lambdas into method references where appropriate.

Example:

// Before:

list.forEach(x -> System.out.println(x));

// After:

list.forEach(System.out::println);

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14. SQL Queries Should Retrieve Only Necessary Fields

Recommendation:

 Avoid SELECT * in SQL queries; always select only the columns that are needed.

Example:

// Before:

SELECT * FROM users;

// After:

SELECT username, email FROM users;

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15. Standard Outputs Should Not Be Used Directly to Log Anything

Recommendation:

 Use a logging framework (e.g., Log4j, SLF4J) instead of System.out.println.

Example:

// Before:

System.out.println("Error message");

// After:

Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(MyClass.class);

logger.error("Error message");

16. String Literals Should Not Be Duplicated

- Recommendation:
 - Avoid duplicating string literals. Use constants instead.

Example:

// Before:

String error = "File not found";

// After:

public static final String ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND = "File not found";

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17. Unused "Private" Fields Should Be Removed

- Recommendation:
 - o Remove unused private fields to keep the code clean.

Example:

// Before:

private int unusedField;

// After:

// Remove unusedField

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18. Package Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

- Recommendation:
 - Use lowercase and reverse domain name conventions for package names.

Example:

// Before:

package com.MyApp;

// After:

package com.myapp;

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19. "InterruptedException" and "ThreadDeath" Should Not Be Ignored

Recommendation:

 Properly handle InterruptedException by either restoring the thread's interrupt status or terminating appropriately.

```
Example:
```

```
// Before:
try { Thread.sleep(1000); } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
// After:
try { Thread.sleep(1000); } catch (InterruptedException e) { Thread.currentThread().interrupt(); }
```

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20. Try-Catch Blocks Should Not Be Nested

- Recommendation:
 - Avoid nesting try-catch blocks. Flatten them if possible to improve readability.

```
Example:
```

```
// Before:
try {
    try { /* some code */ } catch (IOException e) { /* handle IOException */ }
} catch (Exception e) { /* handle Exception */ }
// After:
try { /* some code */ } catch (IOException e) { /* handle IOException */ } catch (Exception e) { /* handle Exception */ }
```

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21. Unused Local Variables Should Be Removed

- Recommendation:
 - Remove local variables that are declared but never used in the method.

Example:

```
// Before:
int unusedVariable = 5;
// After:
// Remove unused variable
```

22. Local Variables Should Not Shadow Class Fields

• Recommendation:

Avoid naming local variables the same as class fields to prevent confusion.

```
// Before:
private int value;
public void setValue(int value) {
   this.value = value; // Shadowing class field
}
// After:
```

public void setValue(int newValue) {
 this.value = newValue; // No shadowing
}

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23. Unused Assignments Should Be Removed

Recommendation:

o Remove assignments to variables that are never used.

Example:

Example:

```
// Before:
int temp = 10;
// After:
// Remove unused assignments
```

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24. "@Deprecated" Code Should Not Be Used

- Recommendation:
 - Avoid using deprecated code. Look for updated or alternative methods.
 - o Example:

java // Before: @Deprecated public void oldMethod() { } // After: // Use the recommended alternative method ```

25. Track Uses of "TODO" Tags

• Recommendation:

Remove or complete T0D0 comments in the code.

Example:
// Before:
// TODO: Implement logging
// After:

// Implemented logging functionality

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26. Credentials Should Not Be Hard-Coded

Recommendation:

 Use environment variables or secure vaults for credentials instead of hard-coding them.

Example:

// Before:

String password = "admin123"; // Hardcoded password

// After:

String password = System.getenv("DB_PASSWORD");

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27. The Default Unnamed Package Should Not Be Used

Recommendation:

• Always use named packages and avoid using the default unnamed package.

Example:

// Before:

// No package declared

// After:

package com.example.project;

28. Mergeable "if" Statements Should Be Combined

• Recommendation:

o Combine multiple if statements with the same condition into one.

```
Example:
```

```
// Before:

if (a == 1) { }

if (a == 1) { }

// After:

if (a == 1) { }
```

29. Ternary Operators Should Not Be Nested

- Recommendation:
 - Avoid nesting ternary operators. Use if-else for better readability.

```
Example:
```

```
// Before:
result = (x > 0) ? (y > 0 ? "Positive" : "Negative") : "Zero";
// After:
if (x > 0) {
    result = (y > 0) ? "Positive" : "Negative";
} else {
    result = "Zero";
}
```

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30. Class Names Should Comply with a Naming Convention

- Recommendation:
 - Ensure class names are in PascalCase and follow conventions.

Example:

```
// Before:
class employee { }
// After:
class Employee { }
```

31. Multiple Variables Should Not Be Declared on the Same Line

• Recommendation:

o Declare one variable per line for clarity.

Example:

```
// Before:
int x = 0, y = 1;
// After:
int x = 0;
int y = 1;
```

32. Loops Should Not Be Infinite

• Recommendation:

• Ensure loops have a clear termination condition to prevent infinite loops.

Example:

```
// Before:
while (true) { }
// After:
while (x < 10) { }
```

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33. Cognitive Complexity of Methods Should Not Be Too High

• Recommendation:

 Refactor methods with high cognitive complexity into smaller, more manageable pieces.

Example:

```
// Before:
public void complexMethod() { /* complex code */ }
// After:
public void simpleMethod() { /* simple code */ }
```

34. Mergeable "if" Statements Should Be Combined

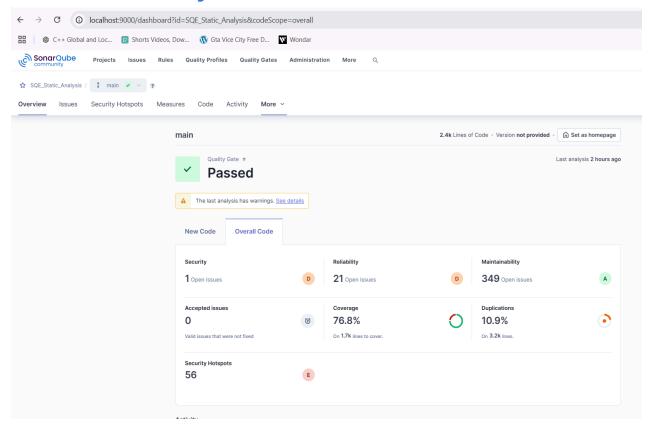
• Recommendation:

 Combine multiple if statements with the same condition into one to reduce redundancy.

Example:

// Before: if (x == 1) { } if (x == 1) { } // After: if (x == 1) { }

SonarQube Analysis



Command used to run SonarQube on Local Server

sonar-scanner -D"sonar.projectKey=SQE Static Analysis"

- -D"sonar.sources=C:\Users\92309\Downloads\Hotel-Management-System-master\Hotel-Management-System-master\Hotel Management System\src\hotel\management\system"
- -D"sonar.tests=C:\Users\92309\Downloads\Hotel-Management-System-master\Hotel-Management-System-master\Hotel-Management System\src\hotel\management\tests"
- -D"sonar.java.binaries=C:\Users\92309\Downloads\Hotel-Management-System-master\Hotel-Management-System-master\out\production\Hotel-Management-System-master\hotel\management\system"
- -D"sonar.coverage.jacoco.xmlReportPaths=C:\Users\92309\Downloads\Hotel-Management-System-master\Hotel-Management-System-master\jacoco-report.xml"
- -D"sonar.host.url=http://localhost:9000"
- -D"sonar.token=sqp_b2609a363663b563935e4325ac39096d176a4242"
 - It is run in the directory of project through cmd via Sonar Scan to run on Local Host Server 9000