

# PROBLEM SET 1

C.S. 440 : INTRO TO A.I.

Rutgers University

Summer 2020

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July 5, 2020

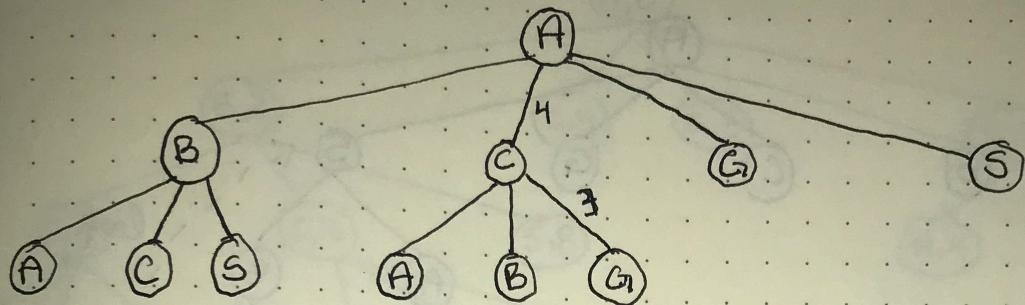
\* Disclosure \*

I, Michael Saunders, mistakenly began my search the BFS, DFS, and Uniform-Cost search-trees from node A instead of node S.

It was too late to revise these by the time the mistake was caught.

I included them anyway, but am requesting CHEESE instead of 0 points.  
Thank you, and I apologize to Zain Ali,

## BFS Tree-search

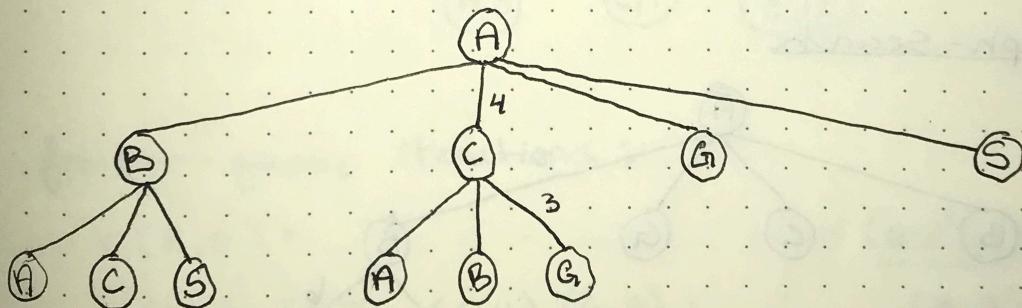


frontier - queue iterations:

- < A >
- < B, C, G, S >
- < C, G, S, A, C, S >
- < G, S, A, C, S, A, B, G >

goal (G) found ; cost = 7

## BFS Graph-search

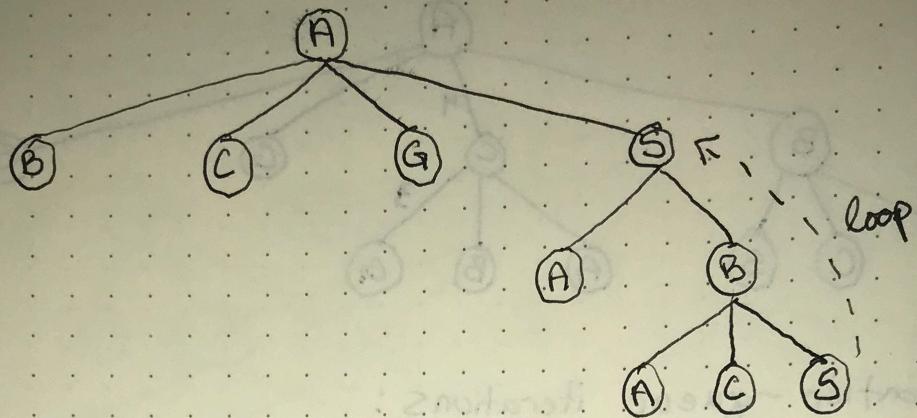


frontier - queue iterations:

- < A >
- < B, C, G, S >
- < C, G, S, C, S >
- < G, S, C, S, G >

goal (G) found ; cost = 7

## DFS Tree-Search

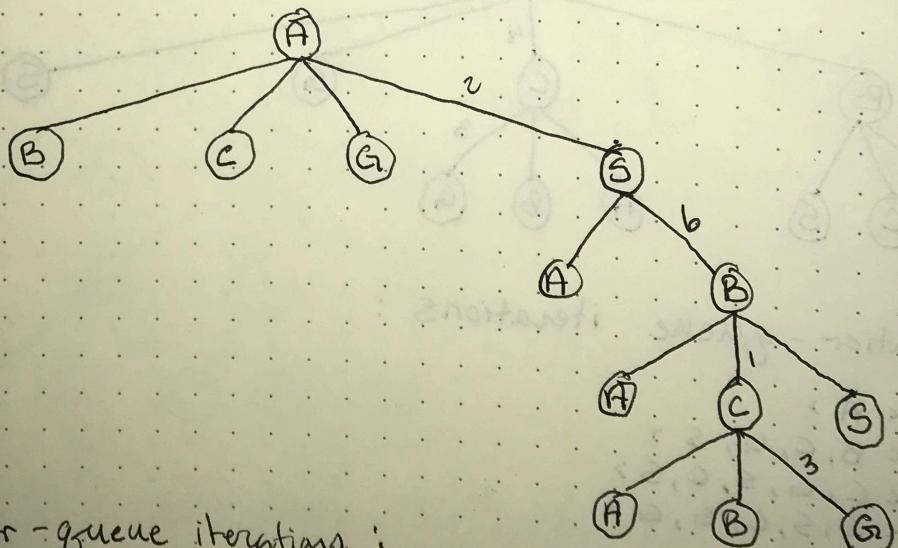


frontier - queue iterations :

- < A >
- < S, G, C, B >
- < B, A, G, C, B >
- < S, C, A, A, G, C, B >

goal (G) Not found ; caught in infinite loop.

## DFS Graph-Search

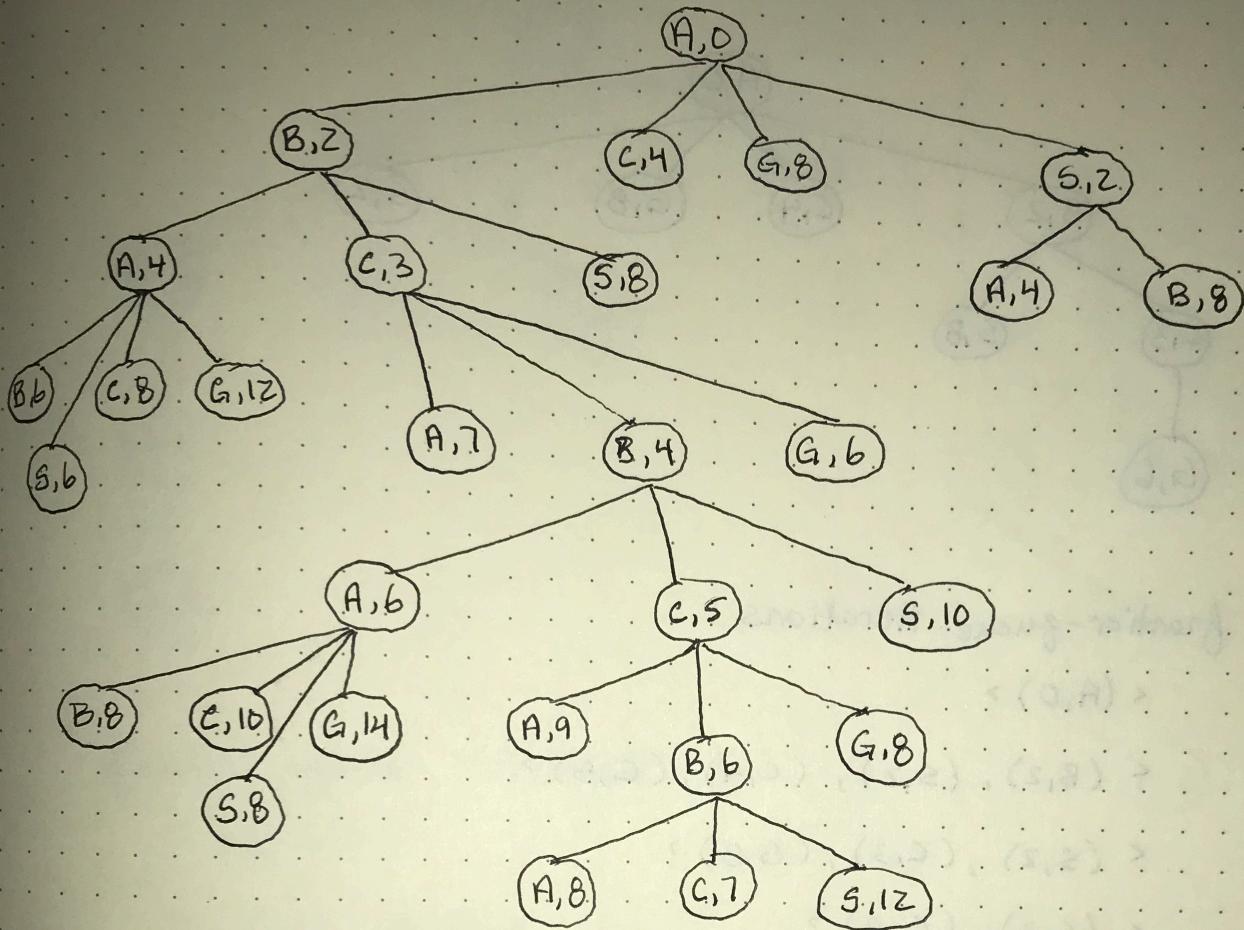


frontier - queue iterations :

- < A >
- < S, G, C, B >
- < B, G, C, B >
- < C, G, C, B >
- < G, G, C, B >

goal (G) found ; cost = 12

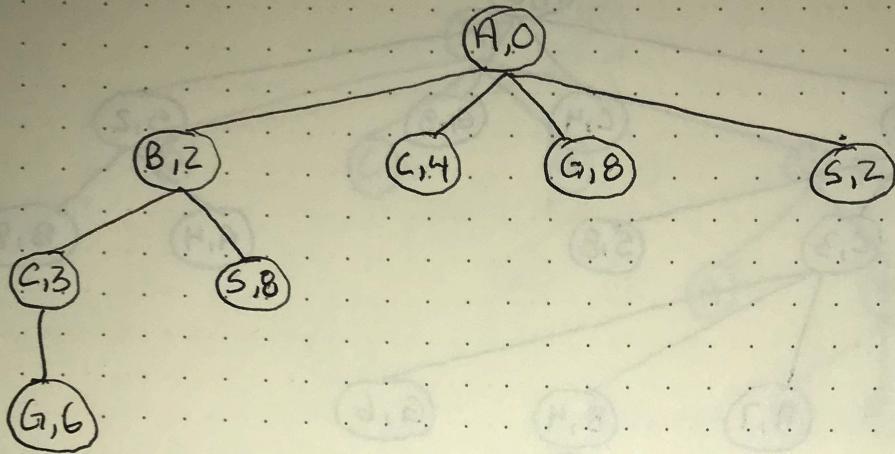
## Uniform - Cost Tree - Search



frontier - queue iterations :

- |  |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| $\langle (A,0) \rangle$                      | $\langle (G,6), (S,6), (C,7),$ |
| $\langle (B,2), (S,2), (C,4), (G,8) \rangle$ | $(A,8) \rangle$                |
| $\langle (S,2), (C,3), (A,4), (G,8) \rangle$ | goal (G) found ;               |
| $\langle (C,3), (A,4), (B,8), (G,8) \rangle$ | cost = 6                       |
| $\langle (A,4), (B,4), (G,6) \rangle$        |                                |
| $\langle (B,4), (G,6), (S,6) \rangle$        |                                |
| $\langle (C,5), (A,6), (G,6), (S,6) \rangle$ |                                |
| $\langle (A,6), (B,6), (G,6), (S,6) \rangle$ |                                |
| $\langle (B,6), (G,6), (S,6) \rangle$        |                                |

## Uniform-Cost Graph-Search



frontier-queue iterations :

< (A,0) >

< (B,2), (S,2), (C,4), (G,8) >

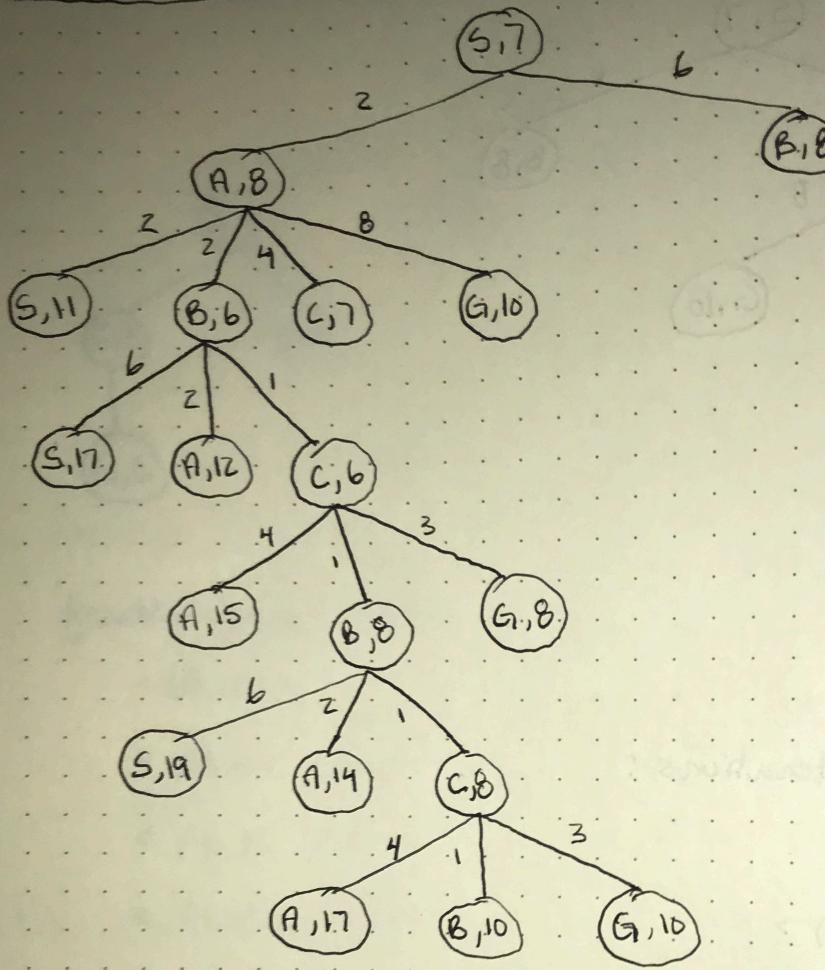
< (S,2), (C,3), (G,8) >

< (C,3), (G,8) >

< (G,6) >

goal (G). Found ; cost = 6

## A\* Tree - Search



frontier - queue iterations:

$\langle S, 7 \rangle$

$\langle (A, 8), (B, 8) \rangle$

$\langle (B, 6), (C, 7), (G, 10), (S, 11) \rangle$

$\langle (C, 6), (G, 10), (A, 12), (S, 11) \rangle$

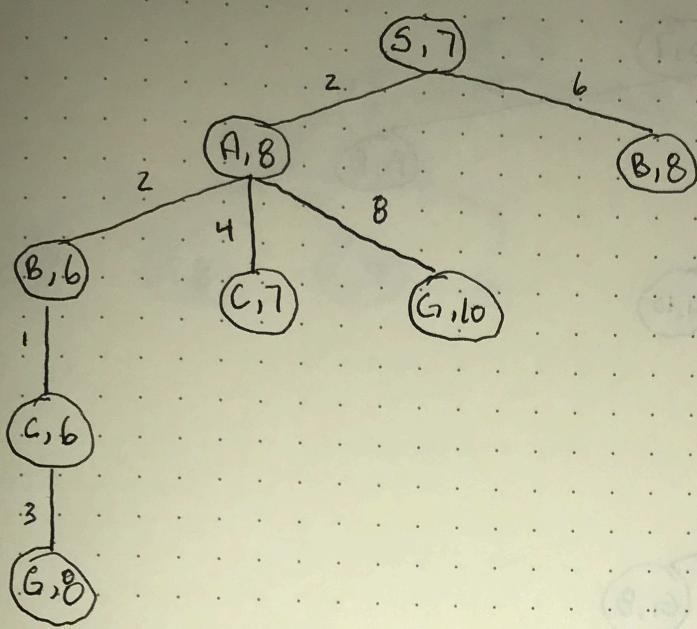
$\langle (B, 8), (G, 8), (A, 12), (S, 11) \rangle$

$\langle (C, 8), (G, 8), (A, 12), (S, 11) \rangle$

$\langle (G, 8), (B, 10), (A, 12), (S, 11) \rangle$

goal( $G$ ) found ; cost = 8

## A\* Graph-Search



frontier - queue iterations:

$\langle (S, 7) \rangle$

$\langle (A, 8), (B, 8) \rangle$

$\langle (B, 6), (C, 7), (G, 10) \rangle$

$\langle (C, 6), (G, 10) \rangle$

$\langle \underline{(G, 8)} \rangle$

goal ( $G$ ) found ; cost = 8

$\langle (m, 2), (s, 7), (a, 8), (l, 5) \rangle$

$\langle (m, 2), (b, 9), (e, 6), (o, 3) \rangle$

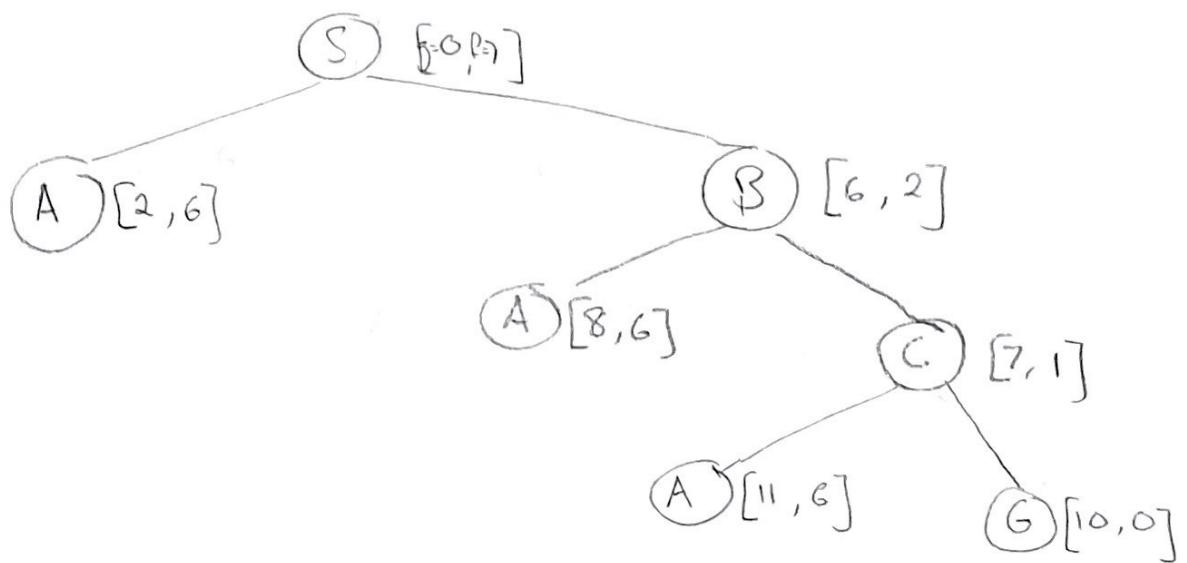
$\langle (n, 2), (r, 9), (d, 5), (i, 3) \rangle$

$\langle (m, 2), (s, 7), (a, 8), (l, 5) \rangle$

$\langle (m, 2), (s, 7), (a, 8), (l, 5) \rangle$

$\langle (m, 2), (s, 7), (a, 8), (l, 5) \rangle$

## Greedy Best-First Tree Search



frontier  
(S, 7)

(B, 2), (A, 6)

(C, 1), (A, 6), (A, 6)

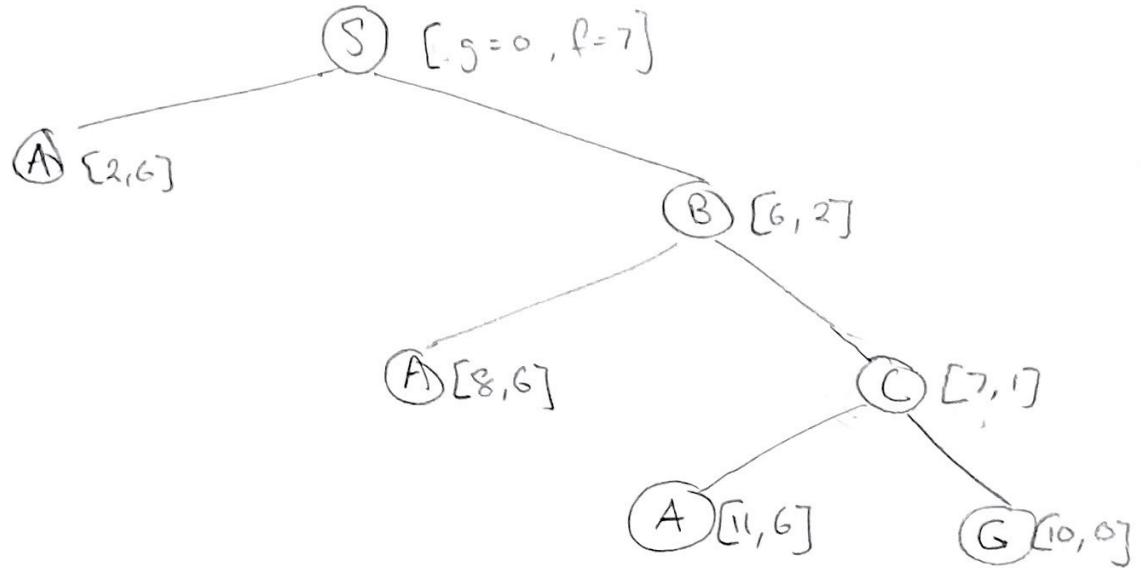
(G, 0), (A, 6), (A, 6), (A, 6)

END (A, 6), (A, 6), (A, 6)

goal g

lost = 10

## Greedy Best-First Graph Search



Frontier

$\langle (S, 7) \rangle$

$\langle (B, 2), (A, 6) \rangle$

$\langle (C, 1), (A, 6), (A, 6) \rangle$

$\langle (G, 0), (A, 6), (A, 6), (A, 6) \rangle$

END  $\langle (A, 6), (A, 6), (A, 6) \rangle$

goal g

cost = 10

## Problem 2

1)  $h(n) = \min \{ h_1(n), h_2(n) \}$   
 admissible)

$$h_1(n) \leq h^*(n) \quad \text{and} \quad h(n) \leq h^*(n)$$

if  $h_1(n) \leq h_2(n) \leq h^*(n)$

then  $h(n) = h_1(n) \leq h^*(n)$

else  $h_2(n) \leq h_1(n) \leq h^*(n)$

then  $h(n) = h_2(n) \leq h^*(n)$

is admissible

consistent)

$$h(n) = \min \{ h_1(n), h_2(n) \} \leq \min \{ c(n, a, n') + h_1(n'), c(n, a, n') + h_2(n') \} \leq$$

$$\leq c(n, a, n') + \underbrace{\min \{ h_1(n'), h_2(n') \}}_{h(n')} \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow h(n) \leq c(n, a, n') + h(n')$$

is consistent

2)  $h(n) = \omega h_1(n) + (1-\omega) h_2(n)$ , where  $0 \leq \omega \leq 1$

admissible)

Since  $h_1(n)$  and  $h_2(n) \leq h^*(n)$

we can say  $h_3(n) \leq h^*(n)$  where

$$h_3(n) = h_1(n) \text{ or } h_2(n)$$

Since  $\omega h_3(n)$  and  $(1-\omega) h_3(n)$  are complements of each other, we can say

$$\omega h_3(n) = A \quad \text{and} \quad (1-\omega) h_3(n) = \bar{A}$$

$$A + \bar{A} = 1 = h_3(n) \leq h^*(n)$$

is admissible

(2)

(consistent)

$$h(n) \leq c(n, a, n') + h(n')$$

$$\omega(c(n, a, n') + h_1(n')) + (1-\omega)(c(n, a, n') + h_2(n')) \leq \\ \leq c(n, a, n') + h(n')$$

Since  $\omega(c(n, a, n') + h_1(n'))$  and  $(1-\omega)(c(n, a, n') + h_2(n'))$  are complements of each other AND are both  $\leq c(n, a, n') + h(n')$  iff  $0 \leq \omega \leq 1$ , we can say

$$\omega(c(n, a, n') + h_1(n')) + (1-\omega)(c(n, a, n') + h_2(n')) \leq \\ \leq c(n, a, n') + h(n') \text{ which is } \geq h(n)$$

is consistent

3)  $h(n) = \max \{h_1(n), h_2(n)\}$

admissible

If  $h_1(n) \leq h_2(n) \leq h^*(n)$

then  $h(n) = h_2(n) \leq h^*(n)$

else  $h_2(n) \leq h_1(n) \leq h^*(n)$

then  $h(n) = h_1(n) \leq h^*(n)$

is admissible

3)

(consistent)

$$\begin{aligned} h(n) &= \max \{h_1(n), h_2(n)\} \leq \\ &\leq \max \{c(n, a, n') + h_1(n'), c(n, a, n') + h_2(n')\} \leq \\ &\leq c(n, a, n') + \underbrace{\max \{h_1(n_1), h_2(n_2)\}}_{h(n')} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow h(n) &\leq c(n, a, n') + h(n') \end{aligned}$$

is consistent.

### Problem 3

Hill Descending

Iteration 1

\* = location of Queen

6*	4	5	4
4	6*	4	5
5	4	6*	4
4	5	4	6*

Iteration 2

6	2	3	2
*	4*	3	5
5	3	4*	3
4	3	3	4*

Iteration 3

4	2*	2	2
*	4	2	3
2	3	2*	3
2	3	3	2*

END: No lower values