**Exercise 1.** Let A = (1, 2), B = (3, 1). Draw the points A + B, A + 2B, A + 3B, A - B, A - 2B, and A - 3B on a sheet of graph paper (or a reasonably drawn set of axes).

Exercise 2. Which of the following pairs of vectors are perpendicular?

- (1,-1,1),(2,1,5)
- (1,-1,1),(2,3,1)
- $\bullet$  (-5,2,7),(3,-1,2)
- $(\pi, 2, 1), (2, -\pi, 0)$

**Exercise 3.** Suppose  $A = (a_1, a_2, a_3)$  is perpendicular to every vector X. Show that A is the zero vector.

**Exercise 4.** Determine the interior angles of the triangle whose vertices are (2, -1, 1), (1, -3, -5), and (3, -4, -4).

**Exercise 5.** Let  $A_1, \ldots, A_r$  be vectors which are mutually perpendicular (i.e.  $A_i \cdot A_j = 0$  whenever  $i \neq j$ ). Suppose  $c_1, \ldots, c_r$  are numbers such that

$$c_1 A_1 + \dots + c_r A_r = 0.$$

Show that we must have  $c_i = 0$  for each i = 1, ..., r.

**Exercise 6.** Let P = (1, 3, -1) and Q = (-4, 5, 2). Determine the coordinates of the following points

- The midpoint of the line segment between P and Q
- The point on this line segment that is two thirds of the way from P to Q.