

Kraken2: Quick introduction

Dr. Natalia Zajac

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Kraken2

- Building Kraken database
- Classification of reads
- Visualisation of results

SHORT REPORT

Open Access

Improved metagenomic analysis with Kraken 2



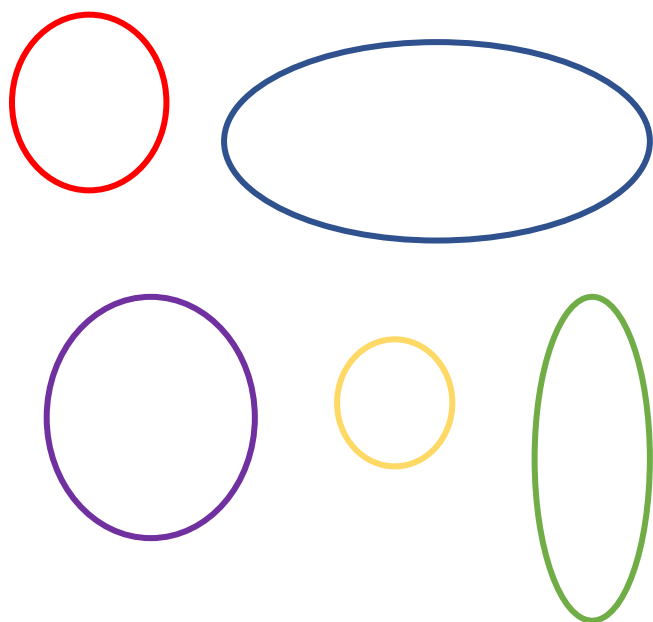
Derrick E. Wood^{1,2}, Jennifer Lu^{2,3} and Ben Langmead^{1,2*} 

Abstract

Although Kraken's *k*-mer-based approach provides a fast taxonomic classification of metagenomic sequence data, its large memory requirements can be limiting for some applications. Kraken 2 improves upon Kraken 1 by reducing memory usage by 85%, allowing greater amounts of reference genomic data to be used, while maintaining high accuracy and increasing speed fivefold. Kraken 2 also introduces a translated search mode, providing increased sensitivity in viral metagenomics analysis.




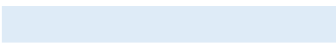







Keywords: Metagenomics, Metagenomics classification, Microbiome, Probabilistic data structures, Alignment-free methods, Minimizers

Kraken2: Building database



K-mers

Taxonomic ids

	→	518
	→	2890
	→	3450
	→	689
	→	756
	→	789
	→	1130
	→	1890
	→	1230
	→	3005
	→	2891

Kraken2: Building database

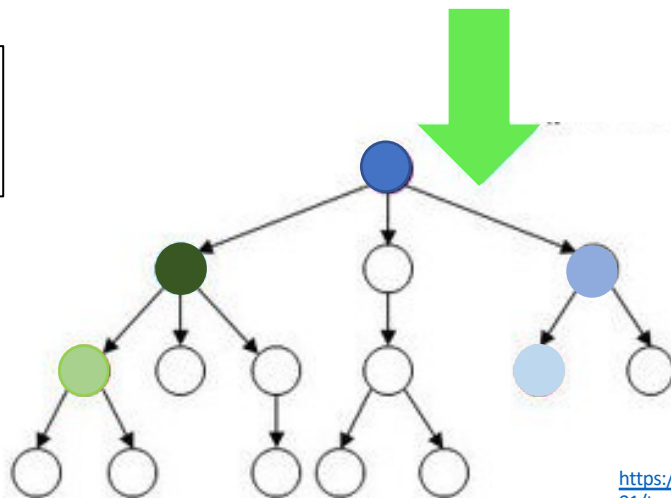
- The complete Max database is 75Gb large and contains Archea, Bacteria and Viral genomes
- It can also have a version with Eukaryotes which is > 100Gb
- The Mini version is only 8Gb and contains a subset
- You can also build a custom database for things you are interested in and when you add something to the database it needs to be in the fasta format with an **NCBI accession number** or a **taxonomic ID**

Kraken2: Classification

Query read

K-mers

Mapping k-mers to the
lowest common ancestor in
the taxonomic tree

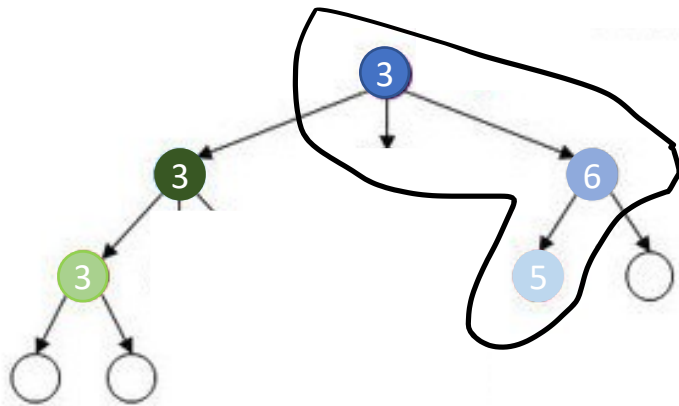


Builds a taxonomic tree

<https://training.galaxyproject.org/archive/2020-12-01/topics/metagenomics/tutorials/nanopore-16S-metagenomics/tutorial.html>
<https://www.coursera.org/lecture/metagenomics/demo-of-metagenomic-classification-using-kraken-7Gln6>

Kraken2: Classification

- Determine highest weighted root-to-leaf path



Sequence classified as belonging to leaf of classification (highest-weighted RTL) path

<https://training.galaxyproject.org/archive/2020-12-01/topics/metagenomics/tutorials/nanopore-16S-metagenomics/tutorial.html>
<https://www.coursera.org/lecture/metagenomics/demo-of-metagenomic-classification-using-kraken-7Gln6>

1. Percentage of reads covered by the clade rooted at this taxon
2. Number of reads covered by the clade rooted at this taxon
3. Number of reads assigned directly to this taxon
4. A rank code, indicating (U)nclassified, (D)omain, (K)ingdom, (P)hylum, (C)lass, (O)rder, (F)amily, (G)enus, or (S)pecies. All other ranks are simply '-'. 5. NCBI taxonomy ID
6. indented scientific name

70.22	54418	54418	U	0	unclassified
29.78	23073	0	R	1	root
29.78	23073	0	D	10239	Viruses
29.69	23010	0	D1	2731342	Monodnaviria
29.20	22625	0	K	2732091	Sangervirae
29.20	22625	0	P	2732412	Phixviricota
29.20	22625	0	C	2732413	Malgrandaviricetes
29.20	22625	0	O	2732414	Petitvirales
29.20	22625	0	F	10841	Microviridae
29.20	22625	121	F1	1910950	Bullavirinae
29.02	22491	0	G	1910954	Sinsheimervirus
29.02	22491	22491	S	10847	Escherichia virus phiX174
0.01	9	2	G	1910952	Gequatrovirus
0.01	4	0	S	1986034	Escherichia virus G4
0.00	3	3	S1	489829	Enterobacteria phage ID18
sensu lato					
0.00	1	1	S1	10843	Escherichia phage G4
0.00	3	0	S	1910969	Escherichia virus Talmos
0.00	3	3	S1	511969	Escherichia phage ID2
Moscow/ID/2001					
0.01	4	1	G	1910951	Alphatrevirus
0.00	2	0	S	1945586	Escherichia virus NC29
0.00	2	2	S1	338110	Escherichia phage NC29
0.00	1	0	S	1945588	Escherichia virus ID62
0.00	1	1	S1	338107	Escherichia phage ID62
0.50	385	0	K	2732092	Shotokuvirae
0.50	385	0	P	2732415	Cossaviricota
0.50	385	0	C	2732421	Papovaviricetes
0.50	385	0	O	2732532	Sepolyvirales
0.50	385	4	F	151341	Polyomaviridae

Kraken2: Summary

- Chops all genomes into k-mers and links them to a taxonomic ID
- With your query you search for exact hits in the database
- Searches for highest weighted root-to-leaf paths and assigns taxonomic IDs of the lowest node to read
- Tutorial: SUSHI: MetaAtlas_data – which species do you find?