

## Algorithm 1: Data Acquisition and Preprocessing

**Input:** Raw data sources  $S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$  (e.g., IoT sensors, fleet logs, manual entries), emission factors  $E = \{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_m\}$ .

**Output:** Validated and preprocessed data  $S'$ , securely stored for further analysis.

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### Algorithm 1 Data Acquisition and Preprocessing

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- 1: Identify stakeholders  $\mathcal{ST}$  and system objectives  $\mathcal{O}$ .
- 2: Define emission categories:
  - **Scope 1:** Direct emissions from controlled sources.
  - **Scope 2:** Indirect emissions from purchased energy.
  - **Scope 3:** Value chain emissions (upstream and downstream).
- 3: Establish automated data collection via APIs for sources  $S_{\text{auto}}$ :

$\text{API.connect}(S_{\text{auto}})$

- 4: Enable manual data entry for  $S_{\text{manual}}$  with built-in validation checks.
- 5: Validate data  $S$  to ensure accuracy:

$S' = \{s \mid \text{validate}(s) = \text{true}\}$

- 6: Normalize  $S'$  to a unified schema:

$\mathcal{N}(S') \rightarrow \text{Preprocessed Data}$

- 7: Encrypt and securely store  $S'$  in a database:

$\mathcal{E}(S') \rightarrow \text{Secure Database}$

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## Algorithm 2: Emissions Analysis and Insights

**Input:** Validated data  $S'$ , emission factors  $E$ , compliance thresholds  $C$ , historical data  $H$ .

**Output:** Emission metrics  $D$ , predictive insights  $P$ , reports  $R$ , and compliance alerts  $A$ .

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**Algorithm 2** Emissions Analysis and Insights

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1: Compute emissions for each data point  $s \in S'$ :

$$d_i = \sum_{j=1}^m f(s_i, e_j), \quad \forall s_i \in S'$$

2: Timestamp emissions data  $t(d_i)$ .

3: Analyze data  $D = \{d_1, d_2, \dots, d_k\}$  for:

- Trends  $\mathcal{T}$ : Identify patterns in historical data.
- Anomalies  $\mathcal{A}$ : Detect deviations or unexpected spikes.

4: Generate predictive models  $P$  using:

$$P = \text{Forecast}(H, D)$$

5: Perform scenario modeling  $\mathcal{M}$  for emission reduction strategies:

$$\mathcal{M} = \text{Simulate}(D, \text{Reduction Strategies})$$

6: Automate reporting  $R$ :

$$R = \text{GenerateReport}(D, \text{Formats: PDF, CSV})$$

7: Monitor progress against thresholds  $C$ :

$$A = \{d_i \mid d_i > C_i, \forall d_i \in D\}$$

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