TP Report: Design Patterns - Factory and Singleton

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Exercise 1:

Java Code:

```
//solution for the first exe_1
public class data_base {
    public String name ;
    public void getConnection(){
        System.out.println(" You
                                    are connected , to the database
            "+name +".");
    private data_base(String name ){
       this.name=name;
    private static data_base instance = new data_base("_fixe_name"
    public static data_base getInstance(){
       if(instance==null){
           instance=new data_base("_fixe_name");
       return instance;
    }
//test in class Main.java
 public static void main(String[] args) {
        data_base obj = data_base.getInstance();
        data_base obj2 = data_base.getInstance();
        //data_base obj4 = new data_base();
        if(obj.equals(obj2)){
            System.out.println("Singleton is work");
        else{
            System.out.println("Singleton is not work");
    }
```

Exercise 2:

Diagram

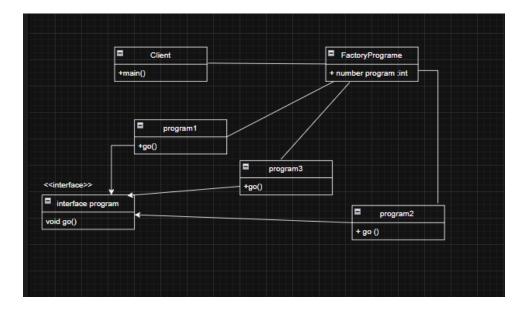


Figure 1: Singleton Pattern UML Diagram

Java Solution Code

Program

```
public interface Program {
    void go ();
}
```

program 1

```
public class program1 implements Program
{
    public program1 () {// The constructor does nothing .
    }
    public void go ()
    {
        System . out . println ("Je suis le traitement 1") ;
    }
}
```

program 2

```
public class program2 implements Program
{
    public program2 () {// The constructor does nothing .
}
```

program 3

```
public class program3 implements Program
{
    public program3 () {// The constructor does nothing .
    }
    public void go ()
    {
        System . out . println ("Je suis le traitement 3");
}
```

program 4

```
public class program4 implements Program
{
    public program4 () {// The constructor does nothing .
    }
    public void go ()
    {
        System . out . println ("Je suis le traitement 4");
    }
}
```

Program Factory

```
public class ProgramFactory {
      public static void use_ProgramX(int number_of_programm){
          if(number_of_programm > 0 && number_of_programm <= 4)</pre>
              if (number_of_programm == 1) {
                  program1 p = new program1();
                  System.out.println("I am main1 ");
                  p.go();
              } else if (number_of_programm == 2) {
                  program2 p = new program2();
                  System.out.println("I am main2 ");
                  p.go();
              } else if (number_of_programm == 3) {
13
                  program3 p = new program3();
14
                  System.out.println("I am main3 ");
                  p.go();
              } else if (number_of_programm == 4) {
                  program4 p = new program4();
18
```

```
System.out.println("I am main4 ");
                    p.go();
20
                }
21
22
           else {
23
24
           System.out.println("The number of programms is invalid ")
           }
26
      }
27
28
29
30 }
```

Main Demo Class

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int number_of_programm = 4;
    ProgramFactory.use_ProgramX(number_of_programm);
}
```