

K: Blowing Candles



As Jacques-Édouard really likes birthday cakes, he celebrates his birthday every hour, instead of every year. His friends ordered him a round cake from a famous pastry shop, and placed candles on its top surface. The number of candles equals the age of Jacques-Édouard in hours. As a result, there is a huge amount of candles burning on the top of the cake. Jacques-Édouard wants to blow all the candles out in one single breath.

You can think of the flames of the candles as being points in the same plane, all within a disk of radius *R* (in nanometers) centered at the origin. On that same plane, the air blown by Jacques-Édouard follows a trajectory that can be described by a straight strip of width *W*, which comprises the area between two parallel lines at distance *W*, the lines themselves being included in that area. What is the minimum width *W* such that Jacques-Édouard can blow all the candles out if he chooses the best orientation to blow?

Input

The first line consists of the integers N and R, separated with a space, where N is Jacques-Édouard's age in hours. Then N lines follow, each of them consisting of the two integer coordinates x_i and y_i of the ith candle in nanometers, separated with a space.

Limits

- $3 \le N \le 2 \cdot 10^5$;
- $10 \leqslant R \leqslant 2 \cdot 10^8$;
- for $1 \le i \le N$, $x_i^2 + y_i^2 \le R^2$;
- all points have distinct coordinates.

Output

Print the value W as a floating point number. An additive or multiplicative error of 10^{-5} is tolerated: if y is the answer, any number either within $[y-10^{-5};y+10^{-5}]$ or within $[(1-10^{-5})y;(1+10^{-5})y]$ is accepted.

Sample Input

3 10			
0 0			
10 0			
3 10 0 0 10 0 0 10			

Sample Output

7.0710678118654755