

Code No: 133AB**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD****B.Tech II Year I Semester Examinations, November/December - 2017****ANALOG ELECTRONICS****(Electronics and Communication Engineering)****Time: 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 75****Note:** This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.

Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.

Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART-A**(25 Marks)**

- 1.a) What is Bias? What is the need for biasing? [2]
- b) How does the input impedance increases due to darlington connection? [3]
- c) Define Gain bandwidth product. [2]
- d) Mention important characteristics of CE amplifier. [3]
- e) Write the expression for basic current equation in MOSFET. [2]
- f) Compare the AC circuit characteristics of the CS, CG and CD. [3]
- g) List the four basic feedback topologies. [2]
- h) State Barkhausen criterion for sustained oscillation. What will happen to the oscillation if the magnitude of the loop gain is greater than unity? [3]
- i) Define Harmonic distortion and intermodulation distortion. [2]
- j) What are the advantages of push pull amplifiers? [3]

PART-B**(50 Marks)**

- 2.a) In a single stage CB – amplifier circuit, $R_E = 20K$, $R_C = 10K$, $V_{EE} = -20V$, $V_{CC} = 20V$, $R_L = 10K$. Find out R_i , R_o , A_i , A_v and power gain in dB.
- b) Draw the circuit of two stage R-C coupled transistor amplifier and explain the working of it. [6+4]

OR

- 3.a) The h-parameters of CE-amplifier are $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$, $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$, $h_{fe} = 50$, $h_{oe} = 24 \mu A/V$ and $R_s = 1K\Omega$, $R_L = 10K\Omega$. Find out current and voltage gains with and without source resistance, input and output impedances.
- b) Discuss briefly Cascode amplifier. [6+4]

4. Derive the expression for the CE short circuit current gain A_i as a function of frequency using Hybrid - π model. [10]

OR

5. Define f_β and f_T and derive the relation between f_β and f_T . [10]

- 6.a) What is square law distortion? What is its effect in FET amplifiers?
b) Draw the small-signal high-frequency circuit of a common source amplifier and derive the expression for voltage gain. [4+6]

OR

- 7.a) Why self-bias is not suitable for depletion type and enhancement type MOSFET?
b) In a Drain-to-gate bias circuit $V_{CD} = 12V$, $R_d = 2k$, $R_f = 10m$. Calculate V_{GS} , I_D and V_{DS} for $I_{D(ON)} = 6mA$, $V_{GS(ON)} = 8V$, $V_{GS(TH)} = 3V$. [4+6]

- 8.a) Explain with the help of mathematical expressions, how the negative feedback in amplifiers increases amplifier bandwidth and reduces distortion in amplifiers.
b) In a transistorized Hartley oscillator the two inductances are $2mH$ and $20\mu H$ while the frequency is to be changed from $950KHZ$ to $2050KHZ$. Calculate the range over which the capacitor is to be varied. [5+5]

OR

- 9.a) An amplifier circuit has a gain of $60 dB$ and an output impedance $Z_o = 10K\Omega$. It is required to modify its output impedance to 500Ω by applying negative feedback. Calculate the value of the feedback factor. Also find the percentage change in the overall gain, for 10% change in the gain of the internal amplifiers.
b) What are the factors that affect the frequency stability of an oscillator? How frequency stability can be improved in oscillators. [5+5]

- 10.a) Derive the equation for maximum efficiency of a class A transformer coupled amplifier.
b) Explain the principle of stagger tuning technique of transformer – coupled amplifier that is used to obtain band pass filter characteristic with pass band of $10 KHZ$ with all necessary diagrams for illustration. [5+5]

OR

- 11.a) Design a class B power amplifiers to deliver $25w$ to a load resistor $R_L = 8\Omega$, using transformer coupling. $V_m = V_{cc} = 25V$. Assume necessary data.
b) Draw the circuit of double-tuned transformer-coupled amplifier. Discuss the nature of responses of the amplifier for different values of $KQ = 1$; $KQ > 1$ and $KQ < 1$. [5+5]

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