

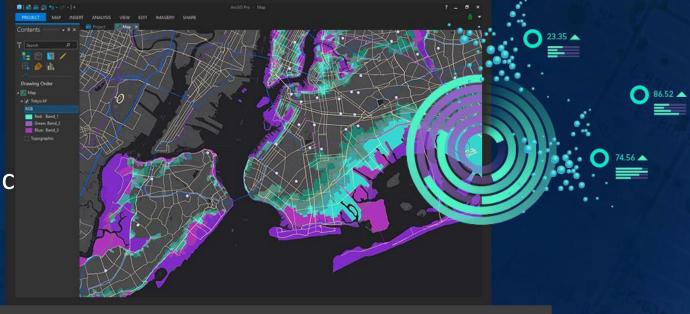
Outline:

- 1. What is GIS?
- 2. Why do we need GIS?
- 3. How do we utilize GIS?

1. What is GIS?

GIS is a conceptualized <u>framework</u> that provides the ability to capture and analyze <u>spatial</u> and <u>geographic</u> data.

ArcGIS is a geographical information system (GIS) one of the <u>software</u> that allows handling and analyzing geographic information by visualizing geographical statistics through layer building maps



▶ How does it work?

Each layer is registered spatially \rightarrow the program lines them up properly \rightarrow create a complex data map.

The base layer is almost always a geographical map

The first 4 layers are called feature, each containing individual functions distinguished through

the platform. These are:

•points (like landmarks, buildings)

•lines (like roads and other 1D schemata)

•polygons (like political information and

geographical census, called 2D data)

•<u>raster images</u> (a base vector layer like an aerial picture)



2. Why do we need GIS?

Geospatial location information continues to be the 3rd most important data type,

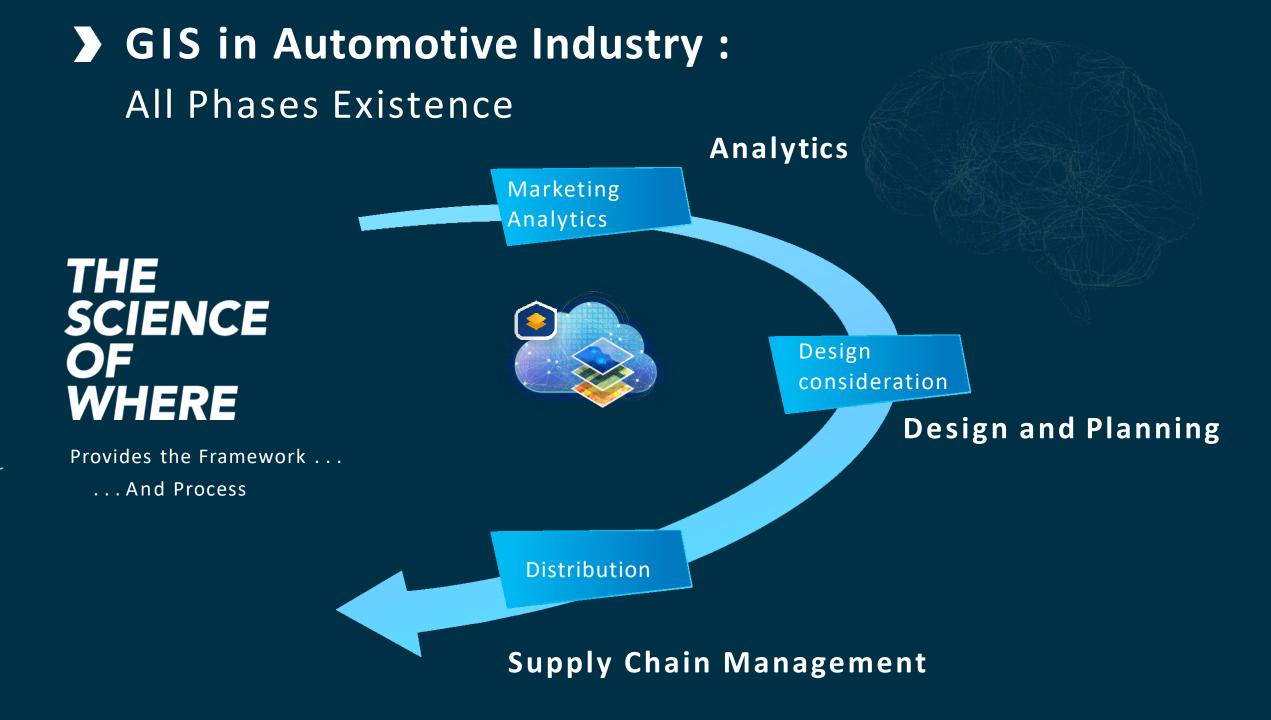
after transactional and log data.



Geospatial Infrastructure Is Transforming Organizations



3. How do we utilize GIS?



Marketing Analytics

- 1. Identify the best mix of vehicles to offer consumers.
- 2. Analyze **competitor distribution** and where potential customers live.
- 3. Overlay with data about people's purchasing power (or any other important marketing parameter) to predict customer demand



Design Consideration

- Gain an accurate understanding of actual driving conditions prevalent in each of its target market
- Team models and analyze some factors including weather, average rainfall, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Based on those analysis result, designers and engineers optimize the design



Supply Chain Risk Management

- Give faster and accurate understanding about problem arise in supply chain process.
- team can focus on a specific part & trace it
- If it looks like a part shortage could threaten production, management can activate their contingency plans much sooner



Source

- 1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geographic information system
- 2. https://www.geospatialworld.net/blogs/what-is-arcgis/
- 3. https://www.esri.com/about/newsroom/publications/wheren
- ext/gm-maps-supply-chain-risk/
- 3. https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/products/spatial-
- analytics-data-science/gm

