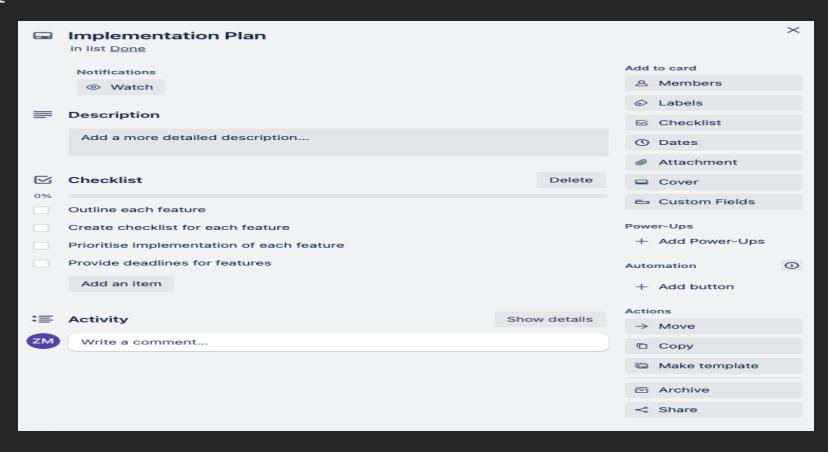
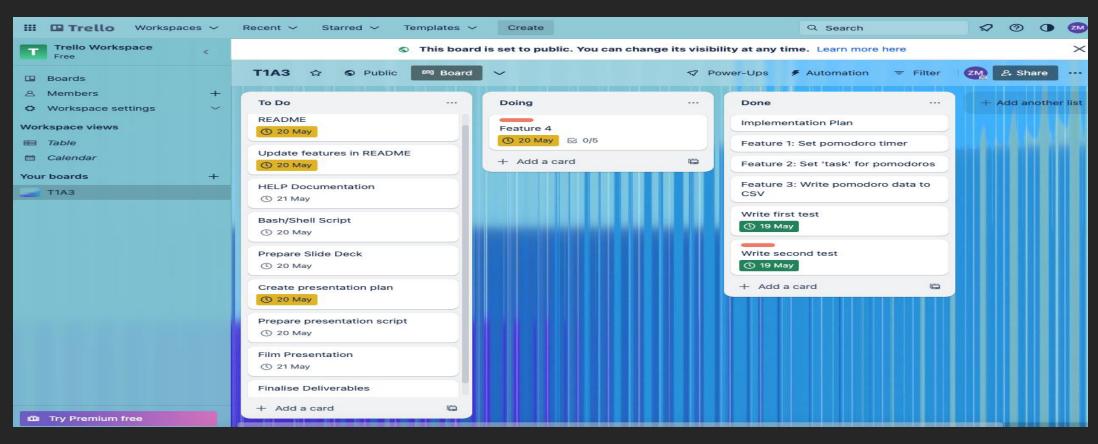
# Pomodoro Application

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# Implementation Plan



# Project Management (Trello)



#### Overview

- The Pomodoro method involves working in set intervals, usually 25 minutes of focused work followed by a 5 minute break, although the time intervals are up to each individual
- It has been shown to improve focus and productivity
- I built a pomodoro app which functions in the terminal
- User can set work and break times, and is alerted to break/start times with sound notifications
- User can assign Pomodoro to 'tasks'
- Pomodoro data is written to a file, so user can view/manipulate with data visualisation tools

# App Features

#### Features

- Set a cycle length
- Set a task name for pomodoro cycle
- Set work time and short break, long break time
- Alert user with sound alert when break/work time starts
- Write pomodoro data to csv file

# App Functionality

# User Input: Getting Pomodoro Settings

```
def pomodoro_length():
         while True:
             print("Pomodoro timers involve short breaks and long breaks.\nA 'cycle' refers to how many pomodoros you complete before your lor
             print("For example a cycle length of '4' means you will have your 'long break' after your 4th pomodoro,\nand the first 3 pomodors
             cycle length input = input("Enter how many pomodoros you want in this 'cycle': ")
             if cycle_length_input == '':
                 print("You must enter a number for your 'cycle length'.")
             elif not cycle_length_input.isdigit():
                 print("Invalid input for cycle length, please enter a number.")
                 cycle_length = int(cycle_length_input)
                 break
             work_time_in_minutes = input('Enter how many minutes you would like to work?: ')
             if work time in minutes == '':
                 print("You must enter how many minutes you would like to work.")
             elif not work time in minutes.isdigit():
                 print("Invalid input for work time, please enter time in minutes.")
                 work_time = int(work_time_in_minutes)
                 break
             short_break_time_in_minutes = input('Enter how many minutes you would like to rest for your short break?: ')
             if short break time in minutes == '':
                 print("You must enter how many minutes you would like to rest for your short break.")
             elif not short break time in minutes.isdigit():
                 print("Invalid input for short break time, please enter time in minutes.")
                 short_break_time = int(short_break_time_in_minutes)
                 break
         while True:
             long_break_time_in_minutes = input('Enter how many minutes you would like to rest for your long break?: ')
             if long_break_time_in_minutes == '':
                 print("You must enter how many minutes you would like to rest for your long break.")
             elif not long break time in minutes.isdigit():
                 print("Invalid input for long break time, please enter time in minutes.")
                 long_break_time = int(long_break_time_in_minutes)
         # Return the work and break times for future reference
46
         return cycle_length, work_time, short_break_time, long_break_time
```

## Displaying Timer and Playing Sound Alerts

import time from playsound import playsound import os AUDIO\_BASE\_DIR = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(\_\_file\_\_)) def run\_pomodoro(cycle\_length, work\_time, short\_break\_time, long\_break\_time): # This function takes cycle length, work time, short break time, and long break time as arguments # For each pomodoro cycle, it starts a work timer, then a short break timer # This is repeated until we reach pomodoro #cycle length, then long break timer is started for i in range(cycle\_length): print("Work timer started for", work\_time, "minutes") countdown(work\_time \* 60) # Run countdown for work time if i < cycle\_length - 1: # Check that it's not the last work period playsound(os.path.join(AUDIO BASE DIR, 'break-start.wav')) # Play alert at start of short break print("\nShort break timer started for", short break time, "minutes") countdown(short\_break\_time \* 60) # Run countdown for short break time playsound(os.path.join(AUDIO\_BASE\_DIR, 'pomodoro-start.wav')) # Play alert at start of pomodoro print("\nLong break timer started for", long\_break\_time, "minutes") playsound(os.path.join(AUDIO\_BASE\_DIR, 'end-of-long-break.wav')) # Play alert at start of long break (last pomodoro) countdown(long\_break\_time \* 60) # Run countdown for long break time 28 playsound(os.path.join(AUDIO\_BASE\_DIR, 'break-start.wav')) # Signal end of long break, and cycle def countdown(t): #This function takes an amount of time in seconds and counts down to zero #It prints the remaining time every second # While loop runs as long as t (time in seconds) > 0 mins, secs = divmod(t, 60) #Divmod splits total seconds into mins and remaining secs and formats to give our timer timer = '{:02d}:{:02d}'.format(mins, secs) # Formats mins and secs as 2-digit numbers print(timer, end="\r") # Prints timer to console, replacing prev line with end="\r" every second for live countdown # Print statement does this by bringing cursor to start of line, therefore overwriting prev timer line time.sleep(1) # Pause for 1 second for each iteration t -= 1 #Decrement remaining time by 1 second

### Writing Pomodoro Data To CSV

```
import os
     import csv
     def write_to_csv(task_name, pomodoro):
         # CSV file headers
         headers = ['Task Name', 'Start Time', 'End Time', 'Duration']
 6
         # Check if the CSV file already exists
         file exists = os.path.isfile('pomodoros.csv')
 8
         # Now, write the pomodoro to a CSV file
         with open('pomodoros.csv', 'a', newline='') as file:
10
11
             writer = csv.writer(file)
12
             # If file doesn't already exist (first pomodoro), write headers first
              if not file exists:
13
14
                 writer.writerow(headers)
15
             # Write Pomodoro data to CSV
16
             writer.writerow([task_name, pomodoro['start_time'], pomodoro['end_time'], f"{pomodoro['duration']} min"])
17
```

#### Creating, Assigning, Executing, and Writing Pomodoro

```
from pomodoro_length import pomodoro_length
 import datetime
from run_pomodoro import run_pomodoro
 from write_to_csv import write_to_csv
pomodoros = []
tasks = []
def start():
        while True:
          task_name = input('Enter the name of the task this pomodoro is for: ')
          if task name:
              break
              print("You must enter a task name. Please try again.")
         cycle_length, work_time, short_break_time, long_break_time = pomodoro_length() # my pomodoro as defined by pomo
             'start_time': datetime.datetime.now().replace(microsecond=0),
             'end_time': datetime.datetime.now().replace(microsecond=0) + datetime.timedelta(minutes=work_time),
             'duration': work time,
             'task': task_name,
        pomodoros.append(pomodoro)
        # Check if the task already exists
         task_exists = False
         for task in tasks:
            if task['name'] == task_name:
                 task['pomodoros'].append(pomodoro)
                 task_exists = True
                break
        # If the task doesn't exist, create a new one
         if not task_exists:
                 'name': task_name,
                 'pomodoros': [pomodoro],
            tasks.append(task)
         # WRITING TO CSV
         write_to_csv(task_name, pomodoro)
```

```
# WRITING TO CSV
   write_to_csv(task_name, pomodoro)
    # Call the run_pomodoro function below starts the pomodoro
   # Number of pomodoros it runs will be equal to cycle length, with the long break after the nth (cycle_length) pomodoro
   # Start of work work time, short break, and long break will be signalled by unique alert sounds
    run_pomodoro(cycle_length, work_time, short_break_time, long_break_time)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    # If the user interrupts the program, print message below and record the current pomodoro to CSV file
   print("\nInterrupted. Writing current pomodoro to file...")
   # Writing pomodoro to CSV file
   write_to_csv(task_name, pomodoro)
```

# Running Application

```
1  from start_pomodoro import start
2
3  # Run application
4  start()
```

# Tests

# Test Dependencies

```
import unittest
from unittest.mock import patch, mock_open
from pomodoro_length import pomodoro_length
from start_pomodoro import start
```

## Timer Functionality Test

```
class TestPomodoroApp(unittest.TestCase):
    # test that my pomodoro_length function correctly handles user input
    def test_pomodoro_length(self):
        with patch('builtins.input', side_effect=['4', '25', '5', '15']):
        cycle_length, work_time, short_break_time, long_break_time = pomodoro_length()
        self.assertEqual(cycle_length, 4) # checking if cycle_length is correct
        self.assertEqual(work_time, 25) # checking if work_time is correct
        self.assertEqual(short_break_time, 5) # checking if short_break_time is correct
        self.assertEqual(long_break_time, 15) # checking if long_break_time is correct
```

# File-Writing Test

```
My second test checks that my start funciton correctly writes something to csv.
I can't check the exact timestamps are 'corect' because assert_called_once_with doesn't support regex
But I am happy in checking that;
 > the headers and pomodoro are written correctly
 > the string that the write method is called with starts with the task name, and has the structure we expect
@patch('start_pomodoro.run_pomodoro')
@patch('builtins.input')
@patch('builtins.open', new_callable=mock_open)
@patch('os.path.isfile')
def test_write_pomodoro_to_csv(self, isfile_mock, mock_open, input_mock, run_pomodoro_mock):
    # Define the behavior of the mocks
   input_mock.side_effect = ['test_task', '4', '25', '5', '15']
   run_pomodoro_mock.return_value = None
    isfile_mock.return_value = False # mock isfile should return False, to simulate non-existent csv file (first pomodoro)
   # Call the function to test
    start()
    # Get all calls to write
   write_calls = mock_open().write.call_args_list
   # The first call should be writing the headers
   call_args = write_calls[0][0][0]
   print(call_args)
    # Check that first call writes headers, or statement for checking newline characters in unix-based systems vs windows
    self.assertTrue(call args == 'Task Name,Start Time,End Time,Duration\n' or call args == 'Task Name,Start Time,End Time,Duration\r\n')
    # The second call should be writing the pomodoro
    call_args = write_calls[1][0][0]
    self.assertTrue(call_args.startswith('test_task,'))
    self.assertTrue(call_args.endswith('\n'))
```

if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_':
 unittest.main()

#### Sources

```
[Playsound library](https://pypi.org/project/playsound/)
[Python 'datetime' module](https://docs.python.org/3/library/datetime.html)
[Python 'time' module](https://docs.python.org/3/library/time.html)
[Python 'os' module](https://docs.python.org/3/library/os.html)
[Python 'unittest' framework](https://docs.python.org/3/library/unittest.html)
[Python unittest.mock](https://docs.python.org/3/library/unittest.mock.html)
[Understanding patching and mocking](https://medium.com/geekculture/
right-way-to-test-mock-and-patch-in-python-b02138fc5040)
[Getting absolute path in Python](https://docs.python.org/3/library/os.path.html)
[Python divmod function](https://www.programiz.com/python-programming/methods/built-in/divmod)
```

# Challenges

- Formatting information in a useful way, I wanted to incorporate data visualisation but left that out of the assignment, will be implementing it in the future
- Had difficulty writing pomodoro data and visualing with pandas, matplotlib (error codes to the moon)

## Favourite parts

- Familiarising myself with some of Python's built-in modules like os, datetime etc
- Learning about mocking 'user input' with Python's unittest.mock library
- No CSS (><
- My favourite aspect was getting familiar with the philosophy behind test driven development

# Application Demonstration