

Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

742679797

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/11

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2022

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1	Jac	k has	s an MP3 file stored on his computer.	
	(a)	(i)	Tick (✓) to show which type of data is stored in an MP3 file.	
			Tick (✔)	
			Video	
			Sound	
			Image	F 4 7
				[1]
		(ii)	Tick (\checkmark) to show whether the MP3 file is a lossy compressed file or a lossless compress file or not a compressed file.	sed
			Tick (✔)	
			Lossy compressed file	
			Lossless compressed file	
			Not a compressed file	
				[1]
2	A co	ompu	uter is designed using the Von Neumann model for a computer system.	
	The	con	nputer has a central processing unit (CPU).	
	(a)	Dat	a is fetched from primary storage into the CPU to be processed.	
		(i)	State the name of the primary storage from where data is fetched.	
				[1]
		(ii)	The CPU performs a cycle to process data. Fetch is the first stage in this cycle.	
			State the names of the second and third stages in the cycle.	
			Second stage	
			Third stage	
				[2]
		(iii)	Identify two components within the CPU that are used in the fetch stage of the cycle.	
			Component 1	
			Component 2	 [2]

© UCLES 2022 2210/11/M/J/22

Thr	ee ty	pes of storage media are magnetic, optical and solid state.	
(a)	One	e example of solid-state storage is a Solid State Drive (SSD).	
	Ide	ntify one other example of solid-state storage.	
			[1]
(b)	Opt	ical storage uses a laser to store and read data from a disk.	
	Exp	lain how the laser is used to store and read data from the disk.	
			[3]
(c)	A b	usiness is creating a new mobile device that has an SSD as secondary storage.	
(c)	(i)	usiness is creating a new mobile device that has an SSD as secondary storage. Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device.	bile
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol	
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device.	
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device. Reason 1	
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device. Reason 1	
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device. Reason 1	
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device. Reason 1	
(c)		Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device. Reason 1	
(c)	(i)	Give three reasons why an SSD is the most suitable secondary storage for their mol device. Reason 1 Reason 2 Reason 3	

All (data needs to be converted to binary data so that it can be processed by a computer.	
(a)	Explain why a computer can only process binary data.	
	[2	2]
(b)	The denary values 64, 101 and 242 are converted to 8-bit binary values.	
	Give the 8-bit binary value for each denary value.	
	64	
	101	
	242	
		3]
	Working space	
(c)	The hexadecimal values 42 and CE are converted to binary.	
	Give the binary value for each hexadecimal value.	
	42	
	CE	
		4]
	Working space	

5		ge is stored on a computer. The image is 16-bit colour and is 100 pixels high and tels wide.
	Calcula	ate the file size of the image in bytes. Show all your working.
	Answe	r bytes [3
6	A comp	oiler and an interpreter are two different types of translator.
	` '	ne similarity between a compiler and an interpreter is that they both translate high-levenguage into machine code.
	(i)	Give one other similarity between a compiler and an interpreter.
		[1
	(ii)	Explain two differences between a compiler and an interpreter.
		[4

	ele chooses to set a biometric password for her mobile device, instead of a sonal identification number (PIN).	
(a)	State what is meant by a biometric password.	
(b)	Give two reasons why a biometric password is more secure than a PIN.	
	Reason 1	
	Reason 2	
		 [2
(c)	Adele has a software-based firewall installed on her mobile device.	
	The firewall gathers data about the traffic coming into and going out of her mobile device.	
	Explain how the firewall uses the gathered data to keep the mobile device more secure.	
		[3
(d)	Adele also encrypts the data on her mobile device to keep it more secure.	
	State how encryption will keep the data more secure.	
		[1

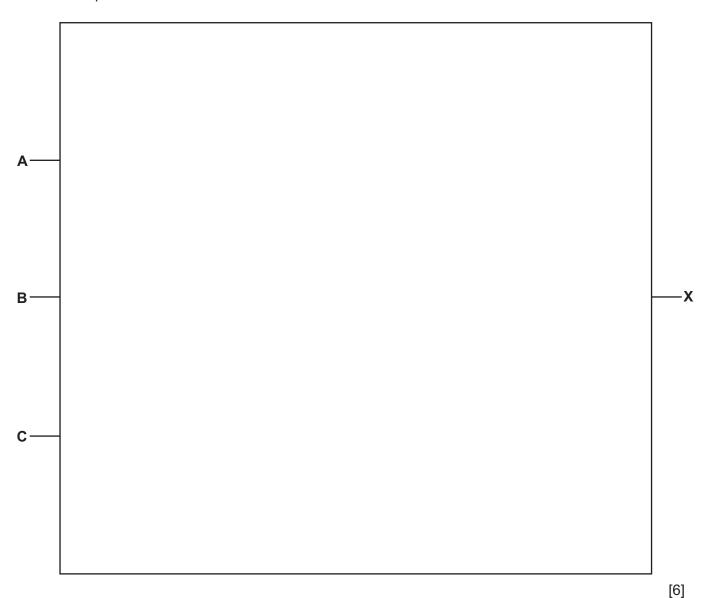
BLANK PAGE

8 Consider the following logic statement:

$$X = (((A AND NOT B) OR (NOT (B NOR C))) AND C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the given logic statement.

Do ${f not}$ attempt to simplify the logic statement. All logic gates must have a maximum of ${f two}$ inputs.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

9 Three Internet terms are browser, Internet Protocol (IP) address and Uniform Resource Locator (URL).

Five statements are given about the Internet terms.

Tick (\checkmark) to show which statements apply to each Internet term. Some statements may apply to more than **one** Internet term.

(✓)	(✓)	(✓)

Many devices have a Media Access Control (MAC) address.

Give three features of a MAC address.

Feature 1

Feature 2

Feature 3

[3]

		11
11	(a)	The paragraph describes the process of printing a document using an inkjet printer.
		Complete the paragraph using the most appropriate terms from the list. Not all of the terms in the list need to be used.
		 binary buffer drum information interrupt laser liquid nozzles operating system powder thermal bubble toner
		Data is sent from the computer to the printer. The data is held in a print
		that is temporary storage until the data is

	polany diameter	
	processed to be printed.	
	Inkjet printers operate by having a print head that moves	
	side to side across the page. These	
	spray ink droplets onto the page. These ink	
	droplets can be created using piezoelectric or	
	technology.	
	If the paper jams in the printing process, the printing stops and an	
	is sent to the computer.	· - 1
		[5]
(b)	A printer is one example of an output device.	
	Give three other examples of output devices.	
	Example 1	
	Example 2	
	Example 3	
		[3]
(c)	Give three examples of input devices.	
	Example 1	
	Example 2	
	Example 3	
		[3]

12	Computer ethics are a concern for any users of the Internet.
	Identify and describe three ethical issues that could be a concern when using the Internet.
	31

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Computer Systems

May/June 2023

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

Output devices are used to output data from a computer.

1

	Circ	cle three	devices that	are output	devices.					
		á	actuator	di	gital versa	atile disk (D	VD)	k	eyboard	
	m	icrophone	Э	m	ouse		printer	·		scanner
			sensor		solid-sta	te drive (SS	SD)	spea	ıker	[3]
2	Bin	ary numb	ers can be c	converted to	o hexaded	cimal.				[~]
	(a)	Convert	the two bin	ary numbei	rs to hexa	decimal.				
		100100	11							
		0000110)1							
										[4]
		Working	space							
	(b)	A value	is stored as	a binary nu	ımber in a	register.		T	T	
		0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	
		A la via a		£ 41		fa				
			I right shift o	-	-		-			
		(i) Co	mplete the b	inary regist	er to snov	w its conten	ts aπer this	s logical rig	nt sniit.	
										[1]
		(ii) Sta	te one effec	t this logica	al shift has	on the bin	ary numbe	r.		
		••••								
										[1]

(c)	Give two reasons why a programmer may use hexadecimal to represent binary numbers.	
	1	
	2	
		 [2]
(d)	Denary numbers can also be converted to hexadecimal.	
	Convert the denary number to hexadecimal.	
	301	[2]
	Working space	

	en ke npute	eys are pressed on a keyboard, the text is converted to binary to be processed by the er.
(a)	Des	scribe how the text is converted to binary to be processed by the computer.
		[3]
(b)	Tex	t that is input into a computer can be stored in a text file.
	A te	ext file can be compressed using lossless compression.
	(i)	State what effect this has on the file size.
		[11]
	(ii)	Describe how lossless compression compresses the text file.
		[4]
	(iii)	Give two reasons why the text file may have been compressed.
		1
		2
		[2]

4 A student uses a mobile phone to take photographs for a school project.

The student needs to transmit the photographs to their computer. They could use serial data transmission or parallel data transmission to transmit the photographs.

(a)	(i)	Describe how the photographs would be transmitted using serial data transmission.	
			2
	(ii)	Give two benefits of transmitting the photographs using serial data transmission.	
		1	
		2	
			[2]
	(iii)	State one benefit of the student using parallel data transmission instead of serial data transmission.	ıta
			[1]
(b)		e photographs are also transmitted across a network to cloud storage. A device on the work forwards the data towards its correct destination.	าย
	(i)	State the name of this device.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Describe what is meant by cloud storage.	
			2
	(iii)	Give one disadvantage of storing the photographs in cloud storage instead of storing them locally.	าดู
			[1]

A p	rogra	ammer writes a computer program using a high-level language.	
(a)		x (✔) one box to show which statement is correct about writing computer progran-level language.	ms in a
	Α	Mnemonics are used to create instructions.	
	В	The computer program is harder to debug than a low-level language program.	
	С	The computer program is machine independent.	
	D	The hardware of the computer can be directly manipulated.	
			[1]
(b)	The	programmer uses a compiler to translate the computer program.	
	(i)	Describe how the compiler translates the computer program.	
			[3]
	(ii)	Describe how the compiler reports errors.	
			[2]
(0)	The	programmer uses an integrated development environment (IDE) to create the co	
(c)		gram.	лприцег
	One	e function of the IDE is that it has the built-in compiler.	
	Give	e three other common functions of an IDE.	
	1		
	2		
	3		
			[3]

(a)	Complete the statements ab	out cookies.			
	Use the terms from the list.				
	Some of the terms in the list	will not be used	d. Some terms	s may be used	more than once.
	compression	executable	hy	ypertext markı	up language (HTML)
	hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP)	image	internet	protocol (IP) address
	persistent	session		sound	text
	uniform resource locater	(URL)	web bro	wser	web server
	Cookies are small			. files that a	are sent between a
		and a			
		cookie	es are stored	in memory a	nd not in the user's
	secondary storage.				
	When the web browser is	closed a			cookie is lost,
	whereas a		cookie is	not lost.	[6]
(b)	Give three functions of a co	okie.			
	1				
	2				
	3				

- 7 A distributed denial of service attack (DDoS) is a cyber security threat.
 - (a) Draw and annotate a diagram to represent the process of a DDoS.

© UCLES 2023

[6]

(b)	State two aims of carrying out a DDoS attack.	
	1	
	2	
		 [2]
(c)	Give two security solutions that can be used to help prevent a DDoS attack being success	sful.
	1	
	2	
		[2]
A co	omputer is connected to a network and assigned an IPv4 address.	
	Tick (✓) one box to show which device would assign the IPv4 address to the computer.	
()	A Domain name server (DNS)	
	B Network interface card (NIC)	
	C Router	
	D Web server	
		[1]
(b)	Describe the characteristics of an IPv4 address.	
		[4]

One	e component of an expert system is the inference engine.	
(a)	Identify the three other components in an expert system.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
		[3]
(b)	Describe the role of the inference engine in an expert system.	
		[2]

10 A user has both system software and application software installed on their computer.

(a)	Describe the difference between system software and application software.
	Give an example of each software in your answer.
	[4
(b)	State which component in the computer would store both types of software when the power is turned off.
	T-4

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

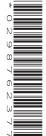
Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	



COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2019

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

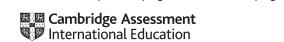
No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

Any businesses described in this paper are entirely fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.



1 Computer memory size is measured in multiples of bytes.

Four statements about computer memory sizes are given in the table.

Tick (✓) to show if the statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (√)	False (√)
25 kB is larger than 100 MB		
999 MB is larger than 50 GB		
3500 kB is smaller than 2 GB		
2350 bytes is smaller than 2kB		

[4]

2	The Von Neumann model for a computer system uses several components in the fetch-execu cycle. One component that is used is the Control Unit (CU).	ıte
	Identify four other components that are used in the Von Neumann model for a computer system	١.
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
		[4]
3	The data from a sensor must be converted from analogue to digital to be processed by a compute	er.
	(a) State what is meant by analogue data.	
	[[1]
	(b) State what is meant by digital data.	
	[[1]

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/O/N/19

An 8-bit binary register contains the value:

		0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	
(a)	Conve	rt the bina	ary value	e to dena	ry.					
(b)	The co	ntents of	the regis	ster shifte	ed one pl	ace to th	e right w	ould give	the resu	ılt:
		0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	
	The co	ntents of	the regi	ster show	n at the	start of q	uestion 4	4 are shif	ted two p	laces to the l
	Show t	the conte	nts of the	e register	after this	s shift ha	s taken p	olace.		
	l									J
(c)	State t	he effect	this shift	has on t	he denar	y value i	n part (a) .		
Auc	drey war	nts to sen	nd a sour	d file to I						
				nd file to I	Nico usin	g email.				
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach		Nico usin nail so Au	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		
The	e file is to	oo large t	o attach	to an em	Nico usin nail so Au e the size	g email. drey dec	ides to c	ompress		

(D)	INIC	o asks Audrey why she used lossy compression rather than lossiess.
	(i)	State one advantage Audrey could give of using lossy rather than lossless to compress the sound file.
		[1]
	(ii)	State one disadvantage Nico could give of using lossy rather than lossless to compress the sound file.
		[1]
(c)	Auc	drey sometimes records MIDI files.
	(i)	Explain what is meant by a MIDI file.
		[4]
	(ii)	MIDI uses serial data transmission.
	(")	
		Explain two advantages of using serial transmission rather than parallel transmission.
		Advantage 1
		Advantage 2

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/O/N/19

6 Touch screen technologies can be described as resistive or capacitive.

Six statements are given about resistive and capacitive technology.

Tick (✓) to show if the statement applies to **Resistive** or **Capacitive** technology.

Statement	Resistive (√)	Capacitive (√)
This touch screen has multi-touch capabilities		
This touch screen cannot be used whilst wearing gloves		
This touch screen is made up of two layers with a small space in between		
This touch screen uses the electrical properties of the human body		
This touch screen is normally cheaper to manufacture		
This touch screen has a quicker response time		

[6]

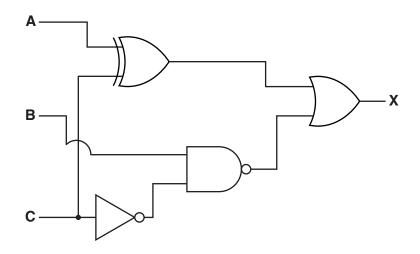
7 Gerald uses a keyboard to enter a website address into the address bar of his browser.

(a) Describe how Gerald's key presses on his keyboard are processed by the computer.

(b)	State three functions of a browser.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(-)	
(c)	The website Gerald visits uses https.
	Explain what is meant by https.
	[3]

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/O/N/19

8 Consider the logic circuit:



(a) Write a logic statement to match the given logic circuit.

.....[3]

(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic circuit.

A	В	С	Working space	х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

- **9** Maisey purchases a new router and attaches it to her computer. The connection she sets up uses duplex data transmission.
 - (a) Five statements are given about duplex data transmission.

Tick (✓) to show if the statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (✓)	False (✓)
Duplex data transmission can be either serial or parallel		
Duplex data transmission is when data is transmitted both ways, but only one way at a time		
Duplex data transmission is always used to connect a device to a computer		
Duplex data transmission is when data is transmitted both ways at the same time		
Duplex data transmission automatically detects any errors in data		

	[6
	[5]
b)	Maisey's computer uses an integrated circuit (IC) for data transmission that sends multiple bits at the same time.
	State whether the IC uses serial or parallel data transmission.
	[1]
c)	Maisey purchases a new printer and connects it to her computer using the USB port.
	Explain two benefits of using a USB connection.
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2

[4]

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/O/N/19

10	Data	a is valuable to a company.
	(a)	Companies use error detection methods to make sure that data is accurate.
		One error detection method is the use of a check digit.
		Explain what is meant by a check digit and how it is used to detect errors.
		[4]
	(b)	Companies can use a range of security methods to keep their data secure.
	(b)	Companies can use a range of security methods to keep their data secure. Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure.
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure.
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure.
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure. Security method 1
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure. Security method 1
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure. Security method 1
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure. Security method 1
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure. Security method 1
	(b)	Identify two security methods that a company can use to keep their data secure and explain how each method can keep the data secure. Security method 1

[6]

11	Rob	pert has a mobile device that uses RAM, ROM and an SSD.	
	(a)	State what the RAM, ROM and SSD are used for.	
		RAM	
		ROM	
		SSD	
			[3]
	(b)	Give two reasons why an SSD, rather than a HDD, is used in the mobile device.	
		Reason 1	
		Reason 2	
			 [2]

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/O/N/19

BLANK PAGE

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/O/N/19

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

6783318617

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

(b)	She	uses t	he hexa	decimal c							[1] ner website.
	(i)	State websi		backgro	und colo	ur is an	example	of struc	cture or	present	tation , in the
											[1]
	(ii)	The h	exadecir	nal colou	r code #4	13B7F0 is	s stored i	n three 8	3-bit regi	sters.	
		Give t	he 8-bit	binary v	alues for	each par	t of the h	exadecii	mal code	-	
		43									
		В7									
		F0									[6]
(c)	Tina	uses a	a microp	hone to r	ecord a v	welcome	message	e for her	website.		[-]
. ,	(i)		·			s an inpu					

(ii)	She wants to compress the recording to make sure that the file is as small as possible for the website.
	Identify which type of compression she should use and describe how this would compress the file for the website.
	Type of compression
	Description
	[4
(iii)	Give two benefits of compressing the file for the website.
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2
	[2]

(d)		a will use the TLS protocol in her website when selling tickets to people for different charity nts. This makes sure that their personal data is transmitted securely.
	(i)	Identify the two layers that are present in the TLS protocol.
		Layer 1
		Layer 2[2]
	(ii)	Explain how data is sent securely using the TLS protocol.
		[61

(e)	Tina	a is concerned about security threats to her web server.	
	(i)	Identify three security threats to her web server that Tina might be concerned about.	
		1	
		2	
		3	 [3]
	(ii)	Tina installs a proxy server to help protect her website from security threats.	
		Describe how the proxy server will help protect the website.	
			[4]

- **2 Four** 7-bit binary values are transmitted from one computer to another. A parity bit was added to each binary value creating 8-bit binary values. All the binary values have been transmitted correctly.
 - (a) Tick (✓) to show whether an **Even** or an **Odd** parity check has been used for each binary value.

8-bit binary value	Even (√)	Odd (√)
11111111		
01100110		
01111011		
10000000		

[4]

	(b)	The	data will also be checked using a checksum.
		Des	cribe how a checksum can be used to check that the data has been transmitted correctly.
			[5]
3	Ales	ssan	dro has some important data stored on his computer.
	He i	is co	ncerned about accidental damage to his data.
	(a)	(i)	Identify three ways that the data could be accidentally damaged.
			1
			2
			3[3]
		(ii)	State what Alessandro could do to make sure that he can retrieve his data if it is accidentally damaged.
			[1]

(b)	Alessandro uses an SSD to store his data.
	Describe what is meant by an SSD and how it operates to store data.
	[4]
(c)	Alessandro also uses off-line storage to store his data.
	Three examples of off-line storage are Blu-ray, CD and DVD.
	Six statements are given about off-line storage.
	Tick (✓) to show if each statement applies to Blu-ray , CD , or DVD .
	Some statements apply to more than one example of off-line storage.

Statement	Blu-ray (√)	CD (✓)	DVD (✓)
A type of optical storage			
Has the largest storage capacity			
Can be dual layer			
Read using a red laser			
Has the smallest storage capacity			
Stores data in a spiral track			

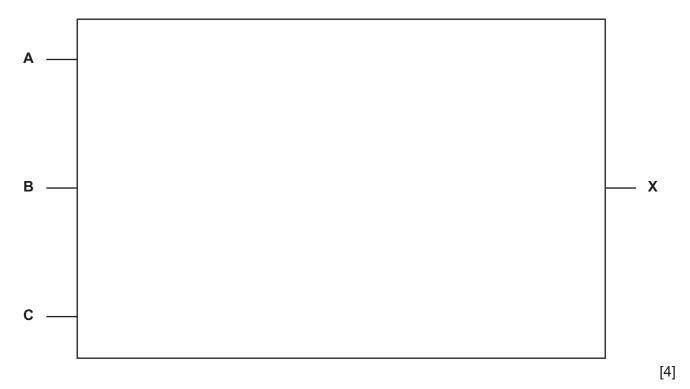
[6]

4 Consider the logic statement:

$$X = (((A \text{ NAND } B) \text{ NOR } (B \text{ AND } C)) \text{ OR } C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to match the given logic statement.

All logic gates must have a maximum of **two** inputs. Do **not** attempt to simplify the logic statement.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	Х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

- 5 Tammy is buying a new computer that has an LED display.
 - (a) Five statements about LED displays are given.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if each statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (√)	False (√)
It is a flat panel display		
It creates images using red, green and blue diodes		
It is not very energy efficient and gives off heat		
It can be used in mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets		
It is a front-lit display		

[5]

	IU
(b)	Tammy connects the computer to her home network. The computer has a MAC address and an IP address.
	A paragraph is given about MAC addresses and IP addresses.
	Complete the paragraph using the list of terms given. Not all terms need to be used.
	 compiled computer control dynamic identify packet principal protocol similar unique
	A MAC address is a media access
	A network device has a
	can help the device in the network. An IP address
	is an Internet address. An IP address can be static or
	[5]
(c)	Tammy uses a browser when accessing the Internet.
	Describe the role of the browser.

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

269981726

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/11

Paper 1 Computer Systems

May/June 2023

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

ary is	s a number system used by computers.	
Tick	k (✓) one box to show which statement about the binary number system is correct.	
Α	It is a base 1 system	
В	It is a base 2 system	
С	It is a base 10 system	
D	It is a base 16 system	
		[1]
Der	nary numbers are converted to binary numbers to be processed by a computer.	
Cor	nvert these three denary numbers to 8-bit binary numbers.	
50 .		
102	2	
221	1	
		[3]
Wo	orking space	
	Tic A B C D De Co 50 102 222	B It is a base 2 system C It is a base 10 system D It is a base 16 system Denary numbers are converted to binary numbers to be processed by a computer. Convert these three denary numbers to 8-bit binary numbers. 50

(c)	Binary number	ers are sto	ored in re	gisters.								
	Negative denary numbers can be represented as binary using two's complement.											
	Complete the binary register for the denary number –78											
	You must show all your working.											
	Working space											
							••••					
	Register:											
										[2]		
(d)	Two 8-bit bina	ary numbe	ers are g	iven.								
	Add the two 8	3-bit binar	y numbe	ers using	binary ac	ldition.						
	Give your ans	swer in bir	nary. Sho	ow all you	ır workinç	g.						
		0 0 1	100	11								
	+	011	000	0 1								
						_				[3]		
(e)	Two binary nu			-		id an ove	erflow erro	or occurs	5.			
	Explain why the	he overflo	ow error o	occurred.								
							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••			
										[2]		

2 A student has a sound file that is too large to be stored on their external secondary storage device. The student compresses the sound file to make the file size smaller.

The compression method used reduces the sample rate and the sample resolution of the sound file.

(a)	Sta	te what is meant by the sample rate and sample resolution.	
	Sar	mple rate	
	Sar	mple resolution	
			2
(b)	ldei	ntify which type of compression has been used to compress the sound file.	
		[1]
(c)		e student sends the sound file to a friend. The file is transmitted across a network that use ket switching.	36
	(i)	Identify two pieces of data that would be included in the header of each packet.	
		1	
		2	
			2
	(ii)	Explain how the file is transmitted using packet switching.	
		r	5

Secondary storage devices are used to store data in a computer.

3

	(a)	a) Circle three components that are secondary storage devices.									
			C€	entral processi	ng unit (CF	PU)	(compa	ct disk (Cl	D)	
		har	d disk dri	ve (HDD)	random	access m	emory (F	RAM)	read	d only mem	ory (ROM)
				register		senso	or		solid-stat	te drive (SS	SD)
											[3]
	(b)	Tic	< (✔) one	box to show v	vhich state	ment abo	ut secon	dary st	orage is o	correct.	
		Α	It is dire	ctly accessed	by the CPI	U.					
		В	It is mag	gnetic storage	only.						
		С	It is use	d to permaner	ntly store so	oftware a	nd data fi	les.			
		D	It is vola	atile.							
											[1]
4	Cor	mple	te the sta	tements about	: different ty	ypes of so	oftware.				
	Use	e the	terms fro	m the list.							
	Sor	ne o	f the term	s in the list wil	l not be us	sed. You s	should on	ıly use	a term on	ice.	
	ар	plica	tion	assembly lar	nguage	bootlo	ader	cent	ral proces	ssing unit (0	CPU)
		fi	rmware	hardware	e ope	erating	outpu	ıt	system	user	
						softv	/are prov	vides tl	ne service	es that the	computer
	requ	uires	; an exan	nple is utility so	oftware.						
						softw	are is rur	n on th	e operatin	ng system.	
	The	·				9	system is	run o	n the firm	ware, whic	n is run on
	the										[4]

A farm has an automated drinking system for its animals. The drinking system has a water bowl that contains the water. When the water bowl is empty, it is automatically refilled.

Tł	ne system uses a sensor and a microprocessor.
(a) Identify the most appropriate sensor for this system.
	[1]
(b) Describe how the sensor and the microprocessor are used to automatically refill the water bowl.
	IC.

6	A user wants to connect their computer to a network.										
	(a)	(i)	Identify the component in the computer that is needed to access a network.								
			[1]								
		(ii)	Identify the type of address that is allocated to the component by the manufacturer, which is used to uniquely identify the device.								
			[1]								
	(b)		ynamic internet protocol (IP) address is allocated to the computer when it is connected to network.								
		(i)	Identify the device on the network that can connect multiple devices and automatically assign them an IP address.								
			[1]								
		(ii)	Describe what is meant by a dynamic IP address.								
			[3]								
7	А рі	rogra	mmer uses a low-level language to write a computer program for a vending machine.								
	(a)	Des	scribe what is meant by a low-level language.								
			[2]								
	/I-\	O:									
	(D)		e two reasons why the programmer would choose to write the computer program in a level language instead of a high-level language.								
		1									
		2									
			[2]								

A ma	anag	per at a company is concerned about a brute-force attack on its employee user accounts.
(a)	Des	cribe how a brute-force attack can be used to gain access to the employee user accounts.
		[3]
(b)		possible aim for carrying out a brute-force attack is to install malware onto the company vork.
	(i)	State two other aims for carrying out a brute-force attack to gain access to the employee user accounts.
		1
		2
	(::\	[2]
	(ii)	Identify three types of malware that could be installed.
		1
		3
		[3]
(c)		e two security solutions that could be used to help prevent a brute-force attack being cessful.
	1	
	2	
		[2]

A con	mpany uses robots in its factory to manufacture large pieces of furniture.
(a) (One characteristic of a robot is that it is programmable.
5	State two other characteristics of a robot.
1	1
2	2
	[2
	Give two advantages to company employees of using robots to manufacture large pieces o furniture.
1	1
2	2
	[2
	Give one disadvantage to the company's owners of using robots to manufacture large pieces of furniture.
	[1

10	A st	udent uses the internet for their schoolwork to research what is meant by pharming.							
	(a)	State the aim of pharming.							
	(b)	Draw and annotate a diagram to represent the process of pharming.							
			[4]						
	(c)	The student uses a web browser to access data on the internet.							
		Explain the purpose of the web browser.							
			[0]						

(d)	Storing cookies is one function of the web browser.
	Give three other functions of the web browser.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(e)	A student visits a website that uses session cookies, instead of persistent cookies.
	Explain the difference between session cookies and persistent cookies.
	[4]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

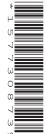
Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		



COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2019

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

Any businesses described in this paper are entirely fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.



1	Inpu	ut an	d output devices are often connected to a personal computer.	
	(a)	lder	ntify three input devices that can be connected to a personal computer.	
		1		
		2		
		3		[3]
	(b)		ntify three output devices that can be connected to a personal computer.	
		3		[3]
2	A fir	nanc	e company uses off-line storage to archive their accounts.	
	(a)	Exp	lain what is meant by off-line storage.	
				[2]
	(b)	The	computers in the finance company use both primary and secondary storage.	
		(i)	Give one example of primary storage.	
		(ii)	Give two examples of secondary storage.	
			2	
				[2]

3 Vanessa writes a paragraph as an answer to an examination question about the central processing unit (CPU).

Use the list given to complete Vanessa's answer by inserting the correct \mathbf{six} missing terms. Not all terms will be used.

- Components
- Data
- Decoded
- Executed
- Fetched
- Instructions
- RAM
- ROM
- Secondary storage

The CPU processes	and
An instruction is	. from
into the CPU where it is then	
instruction is then	[6]

(a)	Maı	rley wants to store a video he has created for his school project.	
	He	considers using a DVD or a Blu-ray to store the video.	
	Exp	plain two differences between a DVD and a Blu-ray.	
	1		
	2		
			[2]
(b)	(i)	Marley also needs to store ten 8-bit colour images in a file for his project.	
		Each image is 500 pixels wide and 300 pixels high.	
		Calculate the total file size in megabytes (MB) for all Marley's images.	
		Show all your working.	
		File size MB	[3]
			LO.

(ii)	Marley prints the images for his project using an inkjet printer.
	Describe how the inkjet printer prints an image.
	[4]
the day	company wants to send a new music file to many radio stations. It will send the music file before the release date so that the radio stations can store the file ready for release.
	sic company does not want the radio stations to be able to open the music file until 09:00 elease date.
-	two security measures and describe how each measure can be used to make sure the le cannot be opened until the release date.
Security	measure 1
Descrip	tion
0	
	measure 2
Descrip	tion
	[4]

6	Priya creates a website to sell her old comic books and superhero figures.
	(a) She uses HTML to create her website. The HTML she produces has both structure and

presentation.
Explain what is meant by HTML structure and presentation . Include an example of each.
Structure
Presentation

(b) Priya uses cookies in her website.

Five statements are given about cookies.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if the statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (√)	False (√)
Cookies can be used to store a customer's credit card details		
Cookies can be used to track the items a customer has viewed on a website		
Cookies will corrupt the data on a customer's computer		
Cookies are downloaded onto a customer's computer		
Cookies can be deleted from a customer's computer		

[5]

[4]

(C)	Priy	a stores her website on a webserver.	
	To t	ransmit the website data to the webserver she uses parallel duplex data transmission.	
	Des	scribe how data is transmitted using parallel duplex data transmission.	
(d)		va has a URL for her website.	[4]
(u)	_	te what is meant by a URL.	
			[1]
(e)	Priy	va is concerned about a denial of service attack (DoS) occurring on her webserver.	
	(i)	Explain what is meant by a denial of service attack.	
	(ii)	Give one security device that can be used to help prevent a denial of service attack.	[+]
	. ,		[1]

' (a)	An office has an automated lighting system. When movement is detected in the office the lights are switched on. If movement is not detected for a period of 2 minutes the lights are switched off. The system uses a sensor and a microprocessor.
	Describe how the automated lighting system uses a sensor and a microprocessor.
(b)	A microprocessor uses ROM.
	Explain what is meant by ROM.
	[3]

8 Consider the logic statement:

X = 1 if ((A is 1 NOR C is 1) AND (B is NOT 1 NOR C is 1)) OR (A is 1 AND B is 1)

(a) Draw a logic circuit to match the given logic statement. Each logic gate used must have a maximum of **two** inputs. Do **not** attempt to simplify the logic statement.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

A	В	С	Working space	X
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

9 The contents of three binary registers have been transmitted from one computer to another. **Even** parity has been used as an error detection method.

The outcome after transmission is:

Register A and Register C have been transmitted correctly.

Register B has been transmitted **incorrectly**.

Complete the **Parity bit** for each register to show the given outcome.

	Parity bit							
Register A		0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Register B		1	0	0	0	0	0	1
					I			
Register C		1	0	0	0	0	1	1
					<u> </u>			[3]

10	Remy has a mobile device that has a capacitive touch screen.
	Describe how the capacitive touch screen registers Remy's touch.
	r.a.

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2019 2210/12/M/J/19



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

889393602

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/11

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2019

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

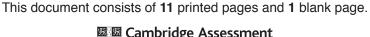
No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

Any businesses described in this paper are entirely fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.





1 Hexadecimal is used for MAC addresses.

Part of a MAC address is given:

Each pair of digits is stored as binary in an 8-bit register.

(2)	Show what the binar	v register stores fo	r each nair	of the given	dinite
(a)	Show what the billar	y register stores io	n c ach pan	or the given	uigits.

97				
5C				
E1				

[6]

[2]

(b)	Explain what is meant by a MAC address.	
		[4
(c)	Give two other examples where hexadecimal can be used.	
	Example 1	
	Example 2	

© UCLES 2019 2210/11/M/J/19

2	Raj	esh creates a logic circuit.	
	He	uses three different logic gates in his circuit. Each logic gate has a maximum of two input	S.
	Не	describes the logic of each gate.	
	(a)	"The only time the output will be 1 is when both inputs are 1."	
		State the single logic gate	
		Draw the single logic gate:	
			[2]
	(b)	"The only time the output will be 1 is when both inputs are 0."	
		State the single logic gate	
		Draw the single logic gate:	
			[2]
	(c)	"The only time the output will be 0 is when both inputs are 1."	

State the single logic gate

Draw the single logic gate:

[2]

3 Five descriptions of different input or output devices are given in the table.

Complete the table by stating the **name** of each input or output device.

Description	Name of device
This is an input device that works by shining a light onto the surface of a document. The light source is automatically moved across the document and the reflected light is captured by mirrors and lenses.	
This is an input device where a laser or a light source is moved across an object. The width, height and depth of the object are measured to allow a model to be created.	
This is a large input device that is usually fixed to a wall. A user can calibrate the device to make sure the sensors align with a projected image. The user can use either their finger or a special pen to make selections.	
This is an output device that uses many small mirrors to reflect light towards a lens. This will display an image.	
This is an output device that creates an object by building layer upon layer of material.	

© UCLES 2019 2210/11/M/J/19

4	(a)	Lola is concerned about the risks to her computer when using the Internet.	

She wants to use some security methods to help protect her computer from the risks.

Identify a security method she could use for each of the following risks. Each security method must be different.

Describe how each security method will help protect Lola's computer.

(i)	Computer virus
	Security method
	Description
	[3]
(ii)	Hacking
	Security method
	Description
	[3]
(iii)	Spyware
	Security method
	Description
	[3]

(b)		a is also concerned that the data she stores could be subject to accidental damage or dental loss.
	(i)	State three ways that the data Lola stores could be accidentally damaged or accidentally lost.
		1
		2
		3
		[3]
	(ii)	Give two methods that Lola could use to help keep her data safe from accidental damage or accidental loss.
		1
		2
		[2]

© UCLES 2019 2210/11/M/J/19

She sells sea shells on the seashore. The shells that she sells are sea shells I am sure.

5	Tha	following	toyt io	otorod	~~~	+0×+ f	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
ว	1110	TOHOWITIG	TEXT IS	SICIEC	as a	ıexı ı	п⇔

xplain how lossless compression would compress this file.

(a) It currently requires employees to enter a username and a password to log-in to an account.

6 A law company holds a lot of sensitive data about its c

	Each password must be 8 letters.
	The company wants to increase the security of the log-in system. Identify two improvements the company could use to make the log-in system more secure.
	Explain how each improvement increases security.
	Improvement 1
	Explanation
	Improvement 2
	Explanation
	[4]
(b)	The law company wants to purchase a new file server.
	The company can purchase a server with either solid state storage or magnetic storage. After discussion, it decides to purchase a file server with magnetic storage.
	Explain why the company chose magnetic storage rather than solid state storage.

© UCLES 2019 2210/11/M/J/19

7

(c)	The law company also uses optical storage.
	Give three different examples of optical storage.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
	ie writes a paragraph of text as an answer to an examination question about programming juages.
	ng the list given, complete Annie's answer by inserting the correct six missing terms. Not all ns will be used.
	• Assembly
	• Converter
	• Denary
	Hexadecimal
	High-level language
	Low-level language
	Machine Code
	Source Code
	• Syntax
	• Translator
The	structure of language statements in a computer program is called the
lang	uage statements is called a
are	written in this type of language they need a to
con	vert them into
A pr	ogramming language that is written using mnemonic codes is called
	language. This is an example of a
	[0]

8

An a	An art gallery has a website that is used to display and sell art.								
(a)	The gallery uses Secure Socket Layer (SSL) to provide a secure connection when selling art								
	Describe the process of SSL and how it provides a secure connection.								
	[6]								
(b)	The art gallery also uses a firewall.								
	Six statements are given about firewalls.								
	Tick (✓) to show if the statement is True or False.								

Statement	True (✓)	False (✓)
Firewalls are only available as hardware devices		
Firewalls allow a user to set rules for network traffic		
Firewalls will automatically stop all malicious traffic		
Firewalls only examine traffic entering a network		
Firewalls encrypt all data that is transmitted around a network		
Firewalls can be used to block access to certain websites		

[6]

(c)	The art gallery is concerned about computer ethics relating to its website.							
	Explain what is meant by computer ethics and why the art gallery is concerned about computer ethics.							
	[4							

© UCLES 2019 2210/11/M/J/19

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2019 2210/11/M/J/19



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

951739787

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory May/June 2022

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1	(a)	Denary values	are converted to	binary	values to b	be processed	by a computer.
---	-----	---------------	------------------	--------	-------------	--------------	----------------

Draw **one** line from each denary value to the correctly converted 8-bit binary value.

Denary	8-bit binary	
	00100001	
41	10100110	
	00101001	
174	10000110	
86	10101110	
	01010110	
		[3]
Working space		
Binary values can also be conve	erted to denary values.	
Give the correct denary value for Show all your working.	or the 12-bit binary value 000101010111	
Denary value		[2]

© UCLES 2022 2210/12/M/J/22

(b)

2 Hexadecimal is used for Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) colour codes.

An HTML colour code is:

#2F15D6

Each pair of digits is stored as binary in an 8-bit register.

(a)	Give the 8-bit binary	y value that wo	uld be stored f	or each pair	of hexadecimal	digits.

2F				
15				
D6				

Working space	

[6]

[2]

(b) HTML colour codes and Media Access Control (MAC) addresses are two examples of where hexadecimal is used in Computer Science.

Give two other examples of where hexadecimal can be used in Computer Science.

Example 1

Example 2

(c)	Websites can be created using HTML structure and presentation.	
	State what is meant by HTML structure and presentation.	
	Give an example of each in your answer.	
	Structure	
	Presentation	
		 [4]
(d)	Explain why presentation is often separated from structure when creating a web page.	ניו
		[2]

© UCLES 2022 2210/12/M/J/22

- 3 Joelle is a student who uses the Internet.
 - (a) The table contains **five** terms or definitions that relate to the Internet.

Complete the table by writing each missing term or definition.

Term	Definition
browser	
	this is the company that provides a user with a connection to the Internet
	this is a protocol that is used to send data for web pages across the Internet
Uniform Resource Locator (URL)	
cookie	

(D)	Joene uses a mewan to keep her data sale when she t	ises the internet.
	Tick (✓) to show which statement about firewalls is true	9.
		Tick (✓)
	Firewalls can only be hardware-based	
	Firewalls can only be software-based	
	Firewalls can be hardware-based or software-based	[1]
(c)	Joelle's parent also uses the firewall to limit the website	
	Explain how the firewall is used to limit the websites the	at Joelle can access.
		[4]

© UCLES 2022 2210/12/M/J/22

4

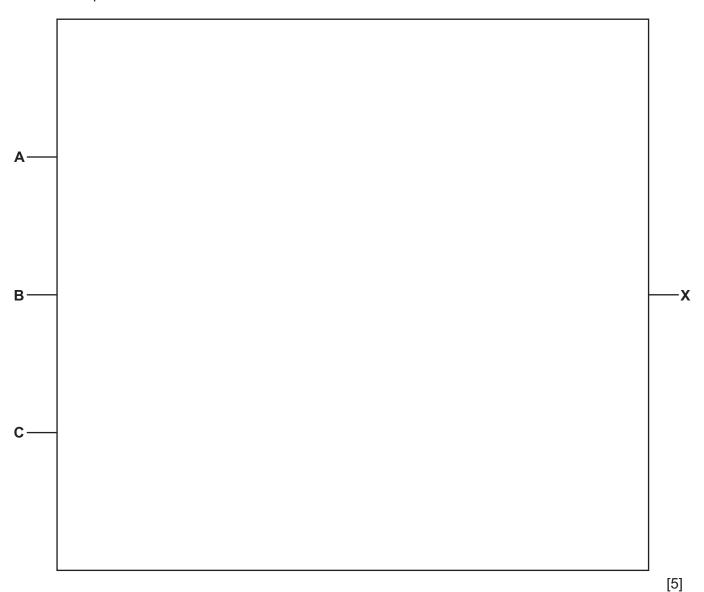
Jas	on is	a programmer who writes computer programs in a high-level language.
(a)	Des	cribe what is meant by a high-level language.
		[3
(b)		on wants to distribute a computer program he has written. He is considering distributing is sers as freeware or free software.
	(i)	Explain one drawback to a user if the program is distributed as freeware.
		[2
	(ii)	Explain one benefit to a user if the program is distributed as free software.
		[2

5 Consider the following logic statement:

$$X = ((A OR B) AND (NOT (B XOR C)) AND C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the given logic statement.

Do ${f not}$ attempt to simplify the logic statement. All logic gates must have a maximum of ${f two}$ inputs.



© UCLES 2022 2210/12/M/J/22

(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[6]

6 Millions of emails are sent between users	on a daily ba	ısis.
---	---------------	-------

(a)	Identify two online security attacks that can be carried out using email.
	Describe how email is used to enable the attack.
	Online security attack 1
	Description
	Online security attack 2
	Description

(b)	Online security attacks can maliciously damage data.	
	One security method to keep data safe from online attacks is a firewall.	
	Identify two other security methods that keep data safe from online attacks.	
	Security method 1	
	Security method 2	
		[2]

(c) Data can also be damaged accidentally.

One example of how data can be damaged accidentally is by shutting down a computer before saving data. To prevent this from happening, a user should make sure they have saved all data before shutting down a computer.

Complete the table by giving three other examples of how data can be damaged accidentally.

Give a method of prevention for each example.

Example	Method of prevention

© UCLES 2022 2210/12/M/J/22

Cassie stores data for her business every day. She stores the data using optical data storage.

7

(a)	Identify three examples of optical data storage.
	Example 1
	Example 2
	Example 3
	[0]

(b) Six statements are given about the operation of three different types of storage.

Tick (\checkmark) to show which statements apply to each type of storage. Some statements may apply to more than **one** type of storage.

	Ty	pe of stora	ge
Statement	Magnetic (✓)	Optical (✓)	Solid state (✓)
this storage has no moving parts			
this storage uses a laser to read and write data			
this storage uses a read/write head			
this storage burns pits onto a reflective surface			
this storage uses NAND and NOR technology			
this storage stores data in tracks and sectors			

[6]

8

Sar	n develops a software application. He distributes a version of the software as shareware.
(a)	Describe what is meant by shareware.
	[4]
	[7]
(b)	Identify three ethical issues that may need to be considered when developing and distributing software.
	Ethical issue 1
	Ethical issue 2
	Ethical issue 3[3]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2022 2210/12/M/J/22



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

062215616

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory May/June 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1			leumann model for a computer system has a central processing unit (CPU) that ma egisters.	kes
	(a)	lder	ntify three registers that may be used.	
		Reg	jister 1	
		Reg	gister 2	
		Reg	gister 3	
				[3]
	(b)	The	CPU is responsible for processing instructions.	
		One	e stage of processing instructions is the decode stage.	
		(i)	Identify the two other stages of processing instructions.	
			Stage 1	
			Stage 2	
				[2]
		(ii)	Identify the component of the CPU that is responsible for decoding instructions.	
				[1]
2	Dati			~ ~
2	BOII	n an	interpreter and a compiler can be used when writing a program in a high-level languaç	је.
	(a)	Ехр	lain why a programmer would make use of both an interpreter and a compiler.	
				[4]

© UCLES 2020 2210/12/M/J/20

	Reason 1
	Reason 2
	Reason 3
	[5
	ompany collects and stores data about its customers. The data is stored on a server in th
The	e data is transmitted to cloud storage to create a back-up.
The	e data is encrypted using symmetric encryption before it is sent to the cloud storage.
(a)	Describe how the data is encrypted.
	[4
(b)	Give three other methods that can be used to secure the data in the office.
	Method 1
	Method 2
	Method 2
	Method 2

3

[3]

4 (a) Identify the name and draw the single logic gate that can replace the given logic circuits.

(ii)

A
B

Name of gate: Drawing of gate:

[2]

Name of gate: Drawing of gate:

(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement:

 $\mathbf{X} = (((\mathbf{A} \ \mathsf{OR} \ \mathbf{C}) \ \mathsf{AND} \ (\mathsf{NOT} \ \mathbf{A} \ \mathsf{AND} \ \mathsf{NOT} \ \mathbf{C})) \ \mathsf{XOR} \ \mathbf{B})$

Α	В	С	Working space	X
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

[2]

© UCLES 2020 2210/12/M/J/20

5

Me	ena u	uses a browser to research information for her business.
(a)	Give	e three functions of a browser.
	1	
	2	
	3	[0]
(b)	Mee	[3] ena buys products for her business using the Internet.
		Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol is used for transferring data when she buys ducts.
	One	e layer of the TLS protocol is the handshake layer.
	(i)	Describe the purpose of the handshake layer.
		[2]
	(ii)	Identify the other layer of the TLS protocol.
		[1]
	(iii)	Identify another protocol that can be used to transfer data securely.
		[1]
(c)	Mee	ena visits a website to buy products for her business.
		browser uses a small file to store the details of the products she views. This allows the site to display advertisements for other products she may like.
	The	small file also stores her log-in details.
	Giv	e the name of this type of file.
		[1]

6 Six statements are given about touch screen technology.

Tick (✓) to show if the statement applies to **Capacitive** or **Resistive** touch screen technology.

Statement	Capacitive (✓)	Resistive (✓)
Needs pressure to be applied to create a circuit		
May not register a touch if the user is wearing gloves		
More commonly used in smartphones		
More responsive to a touch		
Needs an electrical field to be changed to register a touch		
Cheaper to manufacture		

[6]

© UCLES 2020 2210/12/M/J/20

7

(a)	Giv	e the denary value of each of the three 12-bit binary values.
	(i)	00000001100
		[1]
	(ii)	000011000110
		[1]
((iii)	010011000001
		[1]
	Wo	rking space
(b)	12-	bit binary values can also be represented as hexadecimal values.
	Giv	e the hexadecimal value of the 12-bit binary value.
	000	011101001
		[3]

Leonard has a new laser printer to print letters for his business.

8

Lec	nard	connects his printer to his computer using the USB port.
(a)		e three benefits of using the USB port to connect the printer to the computer.
(ω)		nefit 1
		-Et O
	Ber	efit 2
	Ber	efit 3
		[3]
(b)		te two benefits and one drawback of Leonard using a laser printer, instead of an inkjet
	•	ter, to print the letters.
	Ber	efit 1
	Ber	efit 2
	Dra	wback
		ioi
		[3]
(C)		interrupt signal is sent from the printer to the computer.
	(i)	Give two examples of when a printer would generate an interrupt signal.
		Example 1
		Example 2[2]
	(ii)	Many devices send interrupt signals.
	(")	
		Identify the software in the computer that will receive and manage all interrupt signals.
		[1]

© UCLES 2020 2210/12/M/J/20

9 (a) Six statements are given about storage devices.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if the statement applies to hard disk drive (HDD) storage or solid state drive (SSD) storage.

Some statements can apply to both.

Statement	HDD (√)	SSD (√)
It has a limited number of read/write cycles		
It uses magnetic properties to store data		
It has moving parts		
It is non-volatile storage		
It can be used as an external storage device to back up data		
It uses flash memory to store data		

		[O]
(b)	Optical storage is another type of storage.	
	Give two examples of optical storage.	
	Example 1	
	Example 2	
		[2]

10 Uma is concerned about risks that she may encounter when using the Internet.

Two	o of the risks she is concerned about are phishing and pharming.	
(a)	Give one similarity and two differences between phishing and pharming.	
	Similarity	
	Difference 1	
	Difference 2	
		[3
(b)	Identify two other risks that Uma could encounter when using the Internet.	
	Risk 1	
	Risk 2	2

© UCLES 2020 2210/12/M/J/20

(c)	Um	na uses a firewall to secure the data on her computer.	
	(i)	Uma tells her friend that a firewall can only be software-based.	
		Tick (✓) to show whether Uma is Correct or Incorrect .	
		Correct	
		Incorrect	[1]
	(ii)	Describe how the firewall helps to keep Uma's data secure.	
			Γ Δ1

© UCLES 2020 2210/12/M/J/20

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

019038478

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2021

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

(a)	Denary is a number system that is used by programmers.	
	Tick (✓) one box to show whether denary is a base-2, base-10 or base-16 number system	n.
	Tick (✓)	
	Base-2	
	Base-10	
	Base-16	[1]
(b)	Hexadecimal values can be used to represent denary values.	
	Convert these four hexadecimal values into denary values.	
	05	
	20	
	1A	
	AB	[4]
	Working space	

	(c)	Hex	radecimal values can also be converted to binary values.
		Tick	(/) one box to show the correct 8-bit binary value for each hexadecimal value.
		(i)	Hexadecimal value 25
			Tick (✓)
			00011001
			00100101
			10100001 [1]
		(ii)	Hexadecimal value 1B
			Tick (✓)
			00011011
			10110001
			00011010 [1]
	(d)	(i)	Give one way that hexadecimal is used in website development.
			[1]
		(ii)	Give one way that hexadecimal is used in low-level programming.
			[1]
2			ompany wants to install a self-service ticket machine system for its train stations. When omer has purchased their tickets, the machine will provide a paper ticket.
	(a)	One	output device that is used in the ticket machine is a display screen.
		Idei	ntify one other output device that is used in the ticket machine system.
			[1]
	(b)		train company does not want users to use a keyboard or a mouse to enter their data, en buying a ticket. The company is worried that they may be stolen or get too dirty.
			ntify one other input device that would be suitable for use in the ticket machine system, to w users to enter their data.
			[1]

3 (a) Six statements are given about methods of data transmission.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if each statement applies to serial simplex, parallel simplex, parallel half-duplex or serial duplex data transmission. Some statements may apply to more than **one** data transmission method.

Statement	Serial simplex (✓)	Parallel simplex (√)	Parallel half-duplex (√)	Serial duplex (✓)
bits are transmitted along a single wire				
data is transmitted in both directions				
it is only suitable for distances less than 5 metres				
bits from the same byte are transmitted one after the other				
data may not arrive in the correct sequence				
data is transmitted in both directions, but only one direction at a time				

[6]

(b)	A Universal Serial Bus (USB) connection can be used to transmit data from a mobile device to a computer.
	Give three benefits of using a USB connection for this purpose.
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2
	Benefit 3

[3]

	5
4	The paragraph explains the operation of different touch screen technologies.
	Complete the paragraph using the list of terms. Not all terms in the list need to be used.
	 capacitive change circuit conductive coordinates grid heat infra-red insulating light manufacture pressure resistive
	In touch screen technology, an electrostatic field
	is present on the surface of the touch screen. The
	properties of a user cause a in the field. The
	of the user's touch can be calculated.
	In touch screen technology, a user pushes the
	top layer of the screen and makes it connect with the bottom layer to complete a
	This type of touch screen is cheaper to

		6
5		nmi works for a finance company and has a laptop that he uses for his work. He has confidentia a about his customers stored on his laptop.
	San	nmi does not connect the laptop to any networks.
	(a)	Sammi is concerned about his customers' confidential data being viewed by other people in his office.
		One method he uses to prevent others viewing the data is encryption.
		Identify three other methods Sammi could use to prevent his customers' confidential data being viewed.
		1
		2
		3
		[3
	(b)	Sammi creates videos for the finance company website that give customers advice about their finances.
		He uses lossy compression to reduce the file size of the videos for the website.
		(i) Give three ways that lossy compression can reduce the file size of the videos.
		1
		2

(ii) Give one drawback of using lossy compression to reduce the file size of the videos.

[3]

	(C)	San	inii codid nave used iossiess compression to compress the videos for the website.
		(i)	Give one reason why he would use lossless compression, rather than lossy compression, for the videos.
		(ii)	Give two disadvantages of Sammi using lossless compression, rather than lossy compression, for the videos.
			Disadvantage 1
			Disadvantage 2
			[2]
6		_	mmer can use translators, such as an interpreter and a compiler, when developing a r program.
	(a)	Give	e one similarity between a compiler and an interpreter.
			[1]
	(b)	Des	cribe two differences between a compiler and an interpreter.
			erence 1
		Diffe	erence 2
			[4]
	(c)	lder	ntify one other type of translator.
			[1]

7 Five statements are given about devices.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if each statement applies to a 3D scanner, barcode reader or a Quick Response (QR) code reader. Some statements may apply to more than **one** type of device.

Statement	3D scanner (√)	Barcode reader (✓)	QR code reader (✓)
uses position and alignment markers for orientation when scanning			
scans the shape and appearance of an object			
uses reflected light from a laser to convert a black-and-white pattern into binary			
can often be built into an Electronic Point Of Sale (EPOS) terminal, for example, a supermarket checkout			
it is an example of an input device			

[5]

8 An electronic game has **three** square mats that are coloured red, green and blue.

The player will see a colour displayed on a screen and has 1 second to hit the mat that matches the colour. If the player hits the correct mat, within 1 second, a counter is incremented. When a player hits an incorrect mat, the game ends.

The game uses sensors and a microprocessor to determine if the player hits the correct mat within 1 second.

Explain how the game uses sensors and a microprocessor to count the number of times a player

s a correct mat within 1 second.	

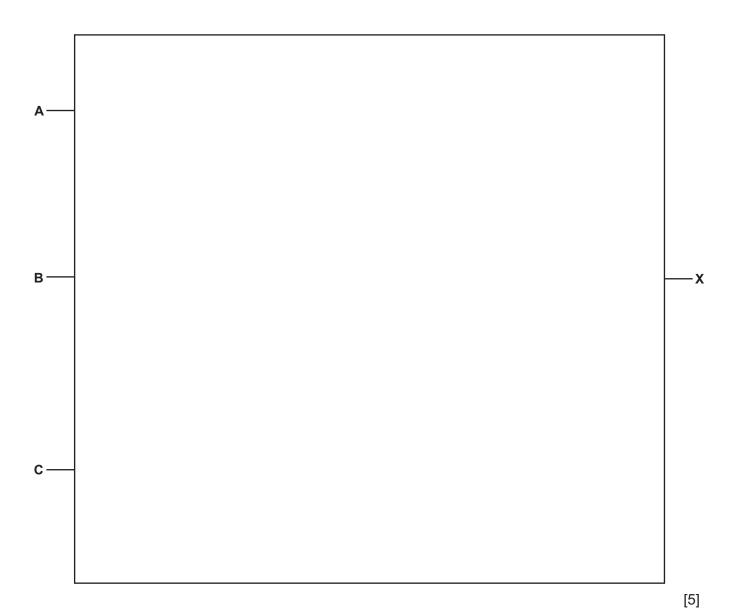
	[7]
Pad	dma opens an application on her computer.
	interrupt is generated to inform the Central Processing Unit (CPU) that the application has en opened.
(a)	Give three other examples of when an interrupt signal could be generated.
	1
	2
	3
<i>(</i> 1.)	
(b)	State what would happen if interrupt signals were not used in a computer.
	[1]
	main uses the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol for secure transmission when sending data ng the internet.
(a)	Explain how the SSL protocol secures the data for transmission.
	[2]
(b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	internet.
	[1]
(c)	Give two ways that a user can identify if a website uses secure data transmission.
	1
	2
	[2]

11 Consider the following logic statement:

$$X = (((A AND B) OR (NOT (B OR C))) NAND C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the given logic statement.

Do **not** attempt to simplify the logic statement. All logic gates must have a maximum of **two** inputs.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	Х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

									J	[4]
(c)	Identify two	logic gat	es that a	re not inc	luded in	the given	logic state	ement.		
	Logic gate 1									
	Logic gate 2									
										[2]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

3 4 3 6 3 5 8 3 0 3

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2022

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

A b	A bus station has a ticket machine.						
Αc	uston	ner can use the ticket machine to select and pay for their ticket.					
On	e inpu	ut device built into the ticket machine is a touch screen.					
(a)	Ider	ntify two other input devices that could be built into the ticket machine.					
	Inpu	ıt device 1					
	Inpu	ut device 2	1				
		[2]					
(b)	The	ticket machine has a help icon that a user can touch to contact customer support.					
	The pers	ticket machine has an output device that allows the user to hear the customer support son.					
	Ider	ntify an output device that would be used for this purpose.					
		[1]					
(c)	The	touch screen for the ticket machine uses resistive technology.					
	(i)	Describe how resistive touch screen technology operates to recognise a user's touch.					

	(ii)	Give two benefits of using resistive touch screen technology for the ticket machine.						
		Benefit 1						
		Benefit 2						
			[2]					
	(iii)	Give two drawbacks of using resistive touch screen technology for the ticket machine	e.					
		Drawback 1						
		Drawback 2						
			[2]					
	(iv)	Identify one other touch screen technology that could have been used.						
			[1]					
(d)	The	computer in the ticket machine uses the stored program concept.						
	Des	scribe the stored program concept.						
			[2]					

(e)	The	computer in the ticket machine has an operating system.					
	One	function of the operating system is to provide an interface for the user.					
	Stat	e three other functions of the operating system.					
	Function 1						
	Function 2						
	Fun	ction 3					
			IJ				
(f)	The	computer uses 12-bit binary registers to store data whilst it is being processed.					
	Cus	tomers are given a denary ticket number.					
	(i)	Give the 12-bit binary value that is stored in the register for each denary ticket number	r.				
		100					
		235					
		301					
		Working space					
			Įυ				

(ii)	Show the denary ticket number that would be given to the customer for each 12-bit bit value.	nary
	00000010110	
	000001110111	
	001101011001	
	Working space	
		[3]
(iii)	Binary values can also be represented as hexadecimal values.	
	Show the hexadecimal value that represents each of the two 12-bit binary values.	
	00001001011	
	101011010001	
	Working space	
		[4]

2	An automated water tap system uses a sensor and a microprocessor to operate. Water flow from the tap when a person's hands are placed underneath the tap. Water stops flowing when the person's hands are removed from underneath the tap.					
	(a)	Explain how the water tap system uses a sensor and a micropro-	cessor to operate.			
			[6]			
	(b)	Three descriptions are shown of different systems.				
		Identify the most suitable sensor that could be used in each syst	em.			
		Description of system	Sensor			
	it che	cks the air is dry enough in a garage that spray paints cars				
	it aut	omatically switches on the headlights on a car when it is dark				

© UCLES 2022 2210/12/O/N/22

it checks that the soil in a greenhouse has the correct level of acidity

Five statements are shown about Random Access Memory (RAM), an internal Solid State Drive (SSD) and a USB flash memory drive.

Tick (\checkmark) to show which statements apply to each component. Some statements may apply to more than **one** component.

		Componer	nt
Statement	RAM (✓)	Internal SSD (✓)	USB flash memory drive (✓)
it is a type of primary storage			
it is volatile			
it uses NAND and NOR technology			
it does not have any moving parts			
it is not directly connected to the central processing unit (CPU)			

[5]

[4]

4	Doris has data stored on her computer.
	She accidentally loses some data by deleting a file.

State **two** methods she could use to help prevent accidental loss of data in this way.

Describe how each method would help prevent accidental loss of the data.

Method 1	
Method 2	

5 8 bytes of data are transmitted from one computer to another. Each byte of data has a parity bit.

The data is also sent with a parity byte. Each bit in the parity byte allows a check to be performed on each column of bits.

A parity check is performed on the data and an error is found in one bit. The table shows the data that was received.

	Parity bit	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7	Bit 8
Byte 1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
Byte 2	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Byte 3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Byte 4	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
Byte 5	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
Byte 6	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
Byte 7	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
Byte 8	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
Parity byte	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1

Identify which bit has an error by giving the Byte number and Bit number.

Explain how you found the error.
Byte number
Bit number
Explanation
[4]

6

	has a website that uses the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol to make sure that data is t secure during transmission.
(a)	Give two ways that a user could check that a website uses the SSL protocol.
	1
	2
	ro1
	[2]
(b)	State the name of the updated version of the SSL protocol.
	[1]
(c)	Jian's system for his website has a proxy server.
	Explain why Jian uses a proxy server as part of the system for his website.
	[4]

accounts.

(d) Jian sells products using his website. He wants to create a secure login system for user

	is worried that a user's login details may be gathered by malware when they are logging their account.
(i)	State the type of malware that could be used to gather a user's login details.
	[1]
(ii)	Give three methods that could be used to help prevent a user's login details being gathered by malware, when they are logging into their account.
	Describe how each method can help prevent this happening.
	Method 1
	Method 2
	Method 3
	[6]

((e)	The paragraph describes	how the web pages are	e obtained and disp	layed for the user.

Complete the paragraph using the list of terms. Not all terms in the list need to be used.

- browser
- Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)
- Internet Protocol (IP) address
- Internet Service Provider (ISP)
- Media Access Control (MAC) address
- presentation
- protocols
- structure
- Uniform Resource Locator (URL)
- web pages
- web server

The browser sends the to the
Domain Name Server (DNS) that looks up the corresponding
then sends a request to the
are stored. The website is written in
that is rendered by the
[6]

- 7 NAND, OR and XOR are three types of logic gate.
 - (a) Four statements are shown about the logic gates.

Tick (\checkmark) to show which statements apply to each logic gate. Some statements may apply to more than one logic gate.

Statement	NAND (✓)	OR (✓)	XOR (✓)
if both inputs are 1, the output is 1			
if both inputs are different from each other, the output is 1			
if both inputs are 0, the output is 0			
if both inputs are the same as each other, the output is always 0			

[4]

(b)	NAND,	OR, XC	R, NOR	and NOT	are all	examples	of logic gates.

State the name of **one** other logic gate and complete its truth table.

Logic gate Truth table:

Α	В	Output
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	

[2]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ν ω 1 7 Ν σ α Ν σ σ

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/11

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1 An image of a smartphone is shown.



(a)	lder	ntify one input device that is part of the smartphone.	
(b)	lder	ntify two output devices that are part of the smartphone.	[1
` ,			
	2		 [2
(c)	All s	smartphones have a MAC address.	
	(i)	State what is meant by the term MAC address.	
	(ii)	Describe the structure of a MAC address.	
			ارع:

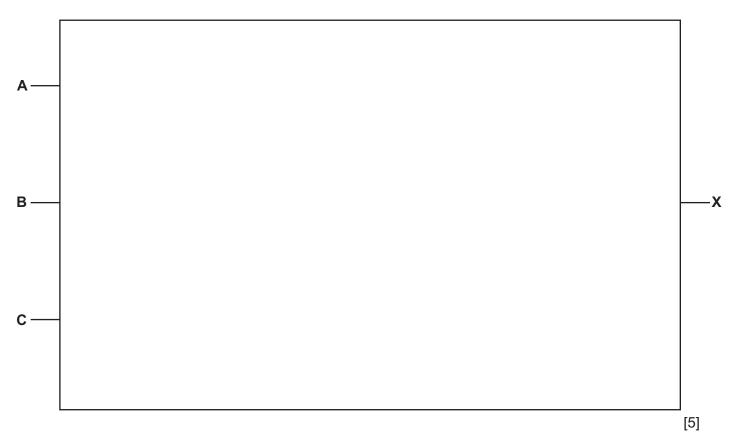
(d)	A sn	nartphone needs both RAM and ROM.	
	Stat	e why a smartphone needs RAM and ROM.	
	RAN	1	
	RON	Λ	
			[2]
(e)	Mod	ern smartphones can be secured with a biometric system that is built into the phone.	
	(i)	Identify two biometric systems that would be suitable for securing a smartphone.	
		1	
		2	
			[2]
	(ii)	Explain why modern smartphones are secured with a biometric system.	
			[2]

2 Consider the logic statement:

$$X = (((A \text{ NAND } B) \text{ OR } (B \text{ XOR } C)) \text{ AND NOT } C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to match the given logic statement.

All logic gates must have a maximum of **two** inputs. Do **not** attempt to simplify the logic statement.



(b) Complete the truth table to represent the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	Х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

3

Car	la's computer has a USB port.
Car	la uses the USB port to connect her mobile device to her computer, to transfer her photos.
(a)	Give three benefits of using a USB port to connect the mobile device to the computer.
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2
	Benefit 3
	[3]
/h\	State the type of data transmission used when transferring data using a USB port.
(b)	
(D)	[1]
(c)	
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer.
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer. She does not want the quality of the photos to be reduced, so she uses lossless compression.
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer. She does not want the quality of the photos to be reduced, so she uses lossless compression. Describe how lossless compression reduces the file size of the photos.
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer. She does not want the quality of the photos to be reduced, so she uses lossless compression. Describe how lossless compression reduces the file size of the photos.
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer. She does not want the quality of the photos to be reduced, so she uses lossless compression. Describe how lossless compression reduces the file size of the photos.
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer. She does not want the quality of the photos to be reduced, so she uses lossless compression. Describe how lossless compression reduces the file size of the photos.
` ,	Carla wants to reduce the file size of the photos she has transferred to her computer. She does not want the quality of the photos to be reduced, so she uses lossless compression. Describe how lossless compression reduces the file size of the photos.

Two error detection methods that Allison's computer uses are check digit and checksum.		
(a)	Give two similarities between the check digit and checksum methods.	
	1	
	2	
	[2]	
(b)	Identify one other error detection method that Allison's computer could use.	
	Describe how the method checks for errors.	
	Method	
	Description	
	[4]	

5 Six components of a computer are given.

Some are part of the central processing unit (CPU) of the Von Neumann model for a computer system.

Tick (✓) to show if each component is a **CPU component** or is **Not a CPU component**.

Component	CPU component (✓)	Not a CPU component (✓)
Arithmetic logic unit (ALU)		
Hard disk drive (HDD)		
Memory address register (MAR)		
Random access memory (RAM)		
Solid state drive (SSD)		
Control unit (CU)		

[6]

6 Four scenarios are given.

Identify the most suitable sensor for each scenario.

A different sensor must be used for each scenario.

Sensor	Scenario
	Detecting when a person is approaching an automatic door system
	Monitoring the pollution level in a river
	Checking if a tropical aquarium is 25 degrees Celsius
	Counting the number of cars that cross a bridge

[4]

7 Hans has a website selling comic books. Customers can create an account to buy the comic books.

(a) Customers may worry about keylogging software being used to gain unauthorised access to

Customers enter a username and password to log in to their account.

	thei	r account.
	(i)	Describe how keylogging software can be used to gain unauthorised access to a customer's account.
		[4]
	(ii)	Identify a feature that Hans can add to the website to limit the threat of keylogging software.
		[1]
(b)	Har	ns makes sure data transmission for his website is secure.
	(i)	State how customers can check that the personal details they enter into the website will be transmitted securely.
		[1]
	(ii)	Explain how a customer's browser checks that the website is secure.
		[4]

Ber	ny is a photographer and prints his photos using an inkjet printer.
(a)	Benny is printing some photos and the paper gets jammed in the printer.
	A signal is sent to alert the computer about the paper jam.
	State the name of this type of signal.
	[1]
(b)	Identify one benefit and two drawbacks of Benny using an inkjet printer, instead of a laser printer, to print his photos.
	Benefit
	Drawback 1
	Drawback 2
	[3]
(0)	Four statements are given about printers

(c) Four statements are given about printers.

8

Tick (✓) to show whether the statement applies to an **Inkjet** printer or a **Laser** printer.

Statement	Inkjet (√)	Laser (✓)
Uses a rotating drum to transfer the image to the paper		
Uses powdered toner		
Uses nozzles to spray droplets on to the paper		
Uses a print head mechanism that moves side to side		

[4]

Pro	grams can be written in a low-level language.	
(a)	Identify three features of a low-level language.	
	Feature 1	
	Feature 2	
	Feature 3	
		3]
(b)	Give two examples of a low-level language.	
	Example 1	
	Example 2	
		2]
(c)	Give one drawback of writing programs in a low-level language, instead of a high-lev language.	el
	[1]
(d)	A low-level language needs to be converted to binary before it can be processed by computer.	а
	(i) Give the 8-bit binary value of the two denary values:	
	180	
	201	
	ι	2]
	Working space	

(11)	Give the 12-bit binary value of the denary value 250.	
		[1]
	Working space	
(iii)	Binary can be represented as hexadecimal to make it easier to read.	
	Give the hexadecimal values of the 8-bit binary values:	
	10010011	
	00011101	
		[2]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

4191673229

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Computer Systems

October/November 2023

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1	Malware can be used to corrupt data stored on a computer.											
	(a)	Tick	(√) one bo	x to show	which o	cyber sec	urity thre	at is not	a type of	^f malwar	e.	
		Α	Phishing									
		В	Ransomwa	re								
		С	Virus									
		D	Worm									
												[1]
	(b)	lder	ntify one othe	er exampl	e of ma	alware tha	an those	given in Į	part 1(a).			
												[1]
	(c)	lder	ntify the type	of softwa	re that	is used to	find and	d remove	malware	from a	computer.	
												[1]
2	Δre	niste	er stores the	hinary nu	mher [.]							
-	7110	giote									7	
			1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1		
	(a)	Giv	e the denary	number f	or the b	inary nui	mber sto	red in the	register.			
												[1]
		Wo	rking space									
	(b)	Giv	e the hexade	ecimal nur	nber fo	r the bina	ry numb	er stored	in the re	gister.		
												[2]
		Wo	rking space									

(c)	A logical left shift of two places is performed on the binary number stored in the register.									
	Complete the	binary reg	jister to s	how its c	ontents a	after this	logical le	ft shift.		
			1							[1]
(d)	The negative	denary nu	mber -99	needs t	o be stor	ed in the	register.			
	Complete the complement.				nary nur	nber tha	t would	be stor	ed, using	two's
	Working space	e								
	Register:									
(-)	The muss best 0	1001100 :		to 11100	044					[2]
(e)	The number 0					P.C.				
	Add the two 8	-			-					
	Give your ans	wer in bin	ary. Shov	v all your	working					
										[4]

A user's computer has a central processing unit (CPU) that has a clock speed of 2 GHz.

3

4

She	war	nts to change it to a CPU that has a clock speed of 3 GHz.	
(a)	(i)	State what is meant by clock speed.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Explain the effect this change will have on the performance of the CPU.	
			[2]
(b)	The	e CPU contains a memory address register (MAR).	
	Des	scribe the role of the MAR in the fetch-decode-execute cycle.	
			[2]
(c)	The	e CPU has a list of all the machine code commands it can process.	
	Sta	te the name of this list of commands.	
			[1]
A w	ashir	ng machine is an example of an embedded system.	
(a)	Giv	e two characteristics of an embedded system.	
	1		
	2		
			[2]

(b) Circle **three** other examples of an embedded system. freezer laptop personal computer (PC) security light system smartphone vending machine web server [3] 5 A band is recording their new song. They need to consider the sample rate and sample resolution of their recording. (a) Give **one** benefit of using a higher sample rate to record the song. **(b)** Give **one** drawback of using a higher sample rate to record the song. (c) Describe what is meant by sample resolution. (d) The band wants to compress the sound file, but they do **not** want any data to be permanently removed. Identify the compression method that should be used.[1] **6** The table contains descriptions about data transmission methods.

Complete the table by identifying which data transmission methods are described.

Data transmission method	Description
	Data is transmitted down a single wire, one bit at a time, in one direction only.
	Data is transmitted down multiple wires, multiple bits at a time, in both directions, but only one direction at a time.
	Data is transmitted down a single wire, one bit at a time, in both directions at the same time.
	Data is transmitted down multiple wires, multiple bits at a time, in one direction only.

4	. 1

7 A train station has a ticket inspector who checks each customer's ticket before they are allowed to get on the train.

The train station wants a system that will allow the tickets to be automatically checked.

(a)	Identify two suitable input devices that can be used to automatically read the tickets.
	1
	2
	[2]

(b)	The train driver pushes a button to close the train door when all passengers have board the train. The train door will only close when there are no passengers in the doorway.								
	The system to check there are no passengers in the doorway uses a sensor and a microprocessor.								
	Explain how the sensor and the microprocessor are used to check whether the train door can be closed.								
	[6]								

8	(a)	Draw and annotate a diagram that demonstrates the cyber security threat of data interception.
		[4]
	(b)	Identify one security solution that will help keep data safe from data interception and state why it will help keep the data safe.
		[2]

9 The table contains terms and descriptions about the internet.

Complete the table with the missing terms and descriptions.

Term	Description
	the collective name for all the web pages available
	a small text file, stored by the web browser, that can store a user's personal data
uniform resource locator (URL)	
web server	
	the language used to create a website. Example tags are <head> and <body></body></head>
	a protocol that is used to request and send web pages

10	A bu	siness has a system that is described as having artificial intelligence (AI).							
	(a)	State one of the main characteristics of an AI system.							
		[1]							
	(b)	An Al system is an expert system.							
		Explain how an expert system operates.							
44	Λ	[6]							
11	(a)	anufacturing company uses an automated system in its manufacturing process. The automated system uses a flow sensor.							
	(a)	Identify what a flow sensor measures.							
		[1]							

	(b)	Explain one advantage to employees of using an automated system in manufacturing.					
			[2]				
	(c)	Explain one disadvantage to the company owner of using an automated system manufacturing.	in				
			[2]				
12	Digi	ital currency can be used to pay for products and services.					
	Digi	ital currencies are often tracked using digital ledgers.					
	(a)	Give two other features of digital currency.					
		1					
		2					
			 [2]				
	(b)	Identify the process that uses a digital ledger to track the use of digital currency.					
			[1]				

13 Storage and memory are important components of a computer system.

(a)	Prir	mary	storage is one	e type of storage	in a computer sy	/stem.	
	(i)	Ticl	(✓) one box	to show which is	an example of p	orimary storage.	
		Α	compact disk	(CD)			
		В	hard disk driv	ve (HDD)			
		С	random acce	ess memory (RAM	M)		
		D	solid-state dr	ive (SSD)			[1]
	(ii)	Giv	e one charact	eristic of primary	storage.		1.
							[1]
(b)	Virt	ual n	nemory can be	e created in a cor	nputer system.		
	Cor	mple	te the descript	ion about virtual	memory.		
	Use	e the	terms from the	e list.			
	Sor	ne o	f the terms in t	he list will not be	used. Some ter	ms may be used mo	ore than once.
	bina	ry	hard dis	sk drive (HDD)	hexadecir	mal operatin	ig system
	ра	iges	rando	m access memo	ry (RAM)	read only memory	(ROM)
			sectors	software	tracks	virtual memory	
	Virt	ual n	nemory is used	d when the			is full. It is
	cre	ated	by partitioning	the		Da	ata is divided into
					that can be	e sent from	
					to the		
					to be temp	orarily stored until the	hey are required.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

7 9 5 3 3 5 9 8 9

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/13

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1 Five hardware devices are given.

Tick (✓) to show if each device is an **Input**, **Output** or **Storage** device.

Device	Input (√)	Output (✓)	Storage (✓)
Solid state drive (SSD)			
Headphones			
2D cutter			
LCD projector			
Microphone			

[5]

2		Paige has a computer that has a central processing unit (CPU) based on the Von Neumann model for a computer system.								
	(a)	Identify the component within the CPU that controls the flow of data.								
		[1]								
	(b)	Identify the component within the CPU where calculations are carried out.								
		[1]								
	(c)	Identify the component within the CPU that stores the address of the next instruction to be processed.								
		[1]								
	(d)	Identify the register within the CPU that holds an instruction that has been fetched from memory.								
		[1]								
	(e)	Identify the register within the CPU that holds data that has been fetched from memory.								
		[1]								

3 (a) Four denary to 8-bit binary conversions are given.

Tick (✓) to show if each denary to 8-bit binary conversion is **Correct** or **Incorrect**.

Denary	Binary Conversion	Correct (√)	Incorrect (✓)
145	10010001		
179	10110101		
11	00010011		
100	01100010		

	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Eug	gene ha	as a w	eb sei	ver th	at sto	res hi	s onlin	e sho	pping	webs	ite.		
Cus	stomers	s acce	ss the	webs	ite us	ing a	brows	er.					
(2)	Dagas	dha ha	vu tha	wohn		0 K 0 K 0	au cot	od on	d dian	ovod	on the	. auat	omor'o computor
(a)	Desci	ribe ho	ow the	webp	ages	are re	quest	ed and	ddisp	ayed	on the	cust	omer's computer.
(b)	State	three	online	e secu	rity th	reats	to Eug	gene's	web s	server			
(b)					-								
(b)		three			-								

5 Arjun uses a scanner to create digital versions of some printed documents.

The scanner is attached to his computer using a USB connection.

(a)	Tick (✓) to show if the USB connection uses Parallel or Serial data transmission.	
	Describe your chosen method of data transmission.	
	Parallel	
	Serial	
	Description	
	[3	 3]
(b)	Give three benefits of a USB connection.	
	Benefit 1	
	Benefit 2	
	Benefit 3	
	[3	3]
(c)	Arjun uses the Internet to send the digital documents to his friend. He wants to make sure the documents are sent securely.	ıe
	Identify two protocols that can be used to transfer data securely.	
	Protocol 1	
	Protocol 2	 21

6	Elsa writes a	a paragraph in	an examination	about encryption.
---	---------------	----------------	----------------	-------------------

There are several terms missing from the paragraph.

Complete the paragraph using the list of given terms. Not all terms may need to be used.

Some terms may be used more than once.

- algorithm
- alphanumeric
- cookie
- cypher
- key
- padlock
- plain
- word processed

The data is encrypted using a	This is ar
that is used to scram	ble the data. The data before
encryption is known as	. text. When the data has beer
encrypted it is known as	text. To read the encrypted
data it needs to be decrypted using a	

- **7 Four** 7-bit binary values are transmitted from one computer to another. A parity bit was added to each binary value creating 8-bit binary values. All the binary values have been transmitted correctly.
 - (a) Tick (✓) to show whether an **Even** or an **Odd** parity check has been used for each binary value.

8-bit binary value	Even (√)	Odd (√)
10000001		
10000010		
00101001		
00101000		

(b) A parity check may not always detect errors that have occurred in data transmission.
 State why a parity check may not detect data transmission errors.
 [1]

 (c) Give one other error checking method that could be used to check for errors in data transmission.

8	Edit	th is buying a new computer monitor that displays images using LCD technology.	
	(a)	Explain what is meant by LCD technology.	
			[3]
	(b)	State three benefits of LCD technology.	
		Benefit 1	
		Benefit 2	
		Benefit 3	
			[3]
9		uses both CDs and DVDs to store her school projects.	
	(a)	Give three similarities between a CD and a DVD.	
		1	
		_	
		2	
		3	
			[3]
	(b)	State one difference between a CD and a DVD.	
			. [1]

10 Consider the following logic statement:

$$X = ((B \text{ AND NOT } A) \text{ XOR } (A \text{ OR } C))$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to match the given logic statement.

All logic gates must have a maximum of **two** inputs. Do **not** attempt to simplify the logic statement.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	Х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

11	A theme park has a game where a player tries to run from the start to the finish without getting wet.
	The system for the game uses sensors and a microprocessor to spray water at a player as they run past each sensor.
	Describe how the sensors and the microprocessor are used in this system.
	ro.
	[6]
12	Warner says that he has a very good Internet Service Provider (ISP) that provides several services.
	Five statements about ISPs are given.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if each statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (✓)	False (√)
Provides access to the Internet for customers		
Can determine the maximum bandwidth available for customers		
Monitors the volume of data downloaded by customers		
Can provide an IP address for the customer		
Stores the content for all web pages available on the Internet		

[5]

13	Phishing and pharming are two security issues a user should be aware of when using the I								
	(a)	State one similarity between phishing and pharming.							
		[1]							
	(b)	Explain two differences between phishing and pharming.							
		Difference 1							
		Difference 2							
		[2]							

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

109478074

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/12

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2021

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

- 1 A denary value can be converted into hexadecimal and binary.
 - (a) Complete the table to show the hexadecimal and 8-bit binary values of the given denary values.

Denary	Hexadecimal	8-bit binary
49		
123		
200		

	[6]
	Working space
(b)	Give two benefits, to users, of converting binary values to hexadecimal.
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2
	[2]
(c)	Hexadecimal is used to represent Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) colour codes in computer science.
	Identify three other ways that hexadecimal is used in computer science.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]

- 2 Data storage can be magnetic, solid state or optical.
 - (a) Six statements are given about data storage.

Tick (\checkmark) to show if the statement applies to magnetic, solid state or optical storage. Some statements may apply to more than one type of storage.

Statement	Magnetic (✓)	Solid state (✓)	Optical (✓)
no moving parts are used to store data			
pits and lands are used to store data			
data is stored on platters			
flash memory is used to store data			
parts are rotated to store data			
data can be stored permanently			

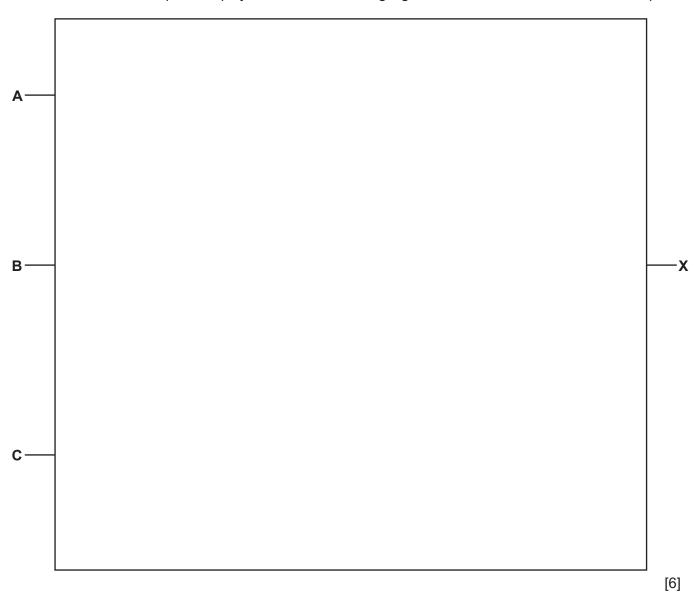
			[6]
(b)	(i)	Give one example of magnetic storage.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Give one example of optical storage.	
			[1]
	(iii)	Identify which type of storage would be the most suitable for use in a web server are justify your choice.	nd
		Type of storage	
		Justification	
			 [3]
(c)	Des	scribe the operation of USB flash memory and how it stores data.	[O]
(0)	Вос	onse the operation of GGB hadri memory and new it stores data.	
			r01

3 Consider the logic statement:

$$X = ((((NOT A AND B) OR C) AND B) NOR (B OR C))$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the given logic statement.

Do **not** attempt to simplify the statement. All logic gates must have a maximum of **two** inputs.



(b) Consider the completed truth table for the given logic statement.

Row number	A	В	С	Working space	х
1	0	0	0		1
2	0	0	1		1
3	0	1	0		1
4	0	1	1		0
5	1	0	0		1
6	1	0	1		0
7	1	1	0		1
8	1	1	1		1

There are four errors in the truth table in the output (X) column.

Identify the **four** incorrect outputs.

Write the row number to identify each incorrect output.

Row
Row
Row
Row

- 4 Three types of Internet security risk are virus, spyware and denial of service (DoS) attack.
 - (a) Six statements are given about Internet security risks.

Tick (\checkmark) to show whether the statement applies to virus, spyware or denial of service. Some statements may apply to more than one Internet security risk.

Statement	Virus (✓)	Spyware (✓)	Denial of service (✓)
captures all data entered using a keyboard			
can be installed onto a web server			
prevents access to a website			
is malicious code on a computer			
is self-replicating			
damages the files on a user's hard drive			

Lua	mages the mes on a ager o hard drive				
					[6]
(b)	Identify three other types of Internet security	risks.			
	1				
	2				
	3				[3]
(c)	Some Internet security risks can malicious accidentally.	ly damage d	lata. Data ca	an also be	damaged
	State three ways that data could be accident	ally damaged	l.		
	1				
	2				
	3				

[3]

5

A security light system is used by a factory. The light only comes on when it is dark and when movement is detected. The light will stay on for 1 minute before switching off.					
Sensors and a microprocessor are used to control the security light system.					
(a)	Identify two sensors that would be used in the security light system.				
	Sensor 1				
	Sensor 2[2]				
(b)	Describe how the sensors and the microprocessor control the security light system.				
	[8]				

Cookies can be used to store a user's personal data and online browsing habits.					
(a)	A cookie could be used to automatically enter a user's payment details when the user makes a purchase online.				
	Describe how cookies can be used to store and automatically enter a user's payment details.				
	[3]				
(b)	Explain why a user may be concerned about their personal data and online browsing habits being stored in cookies.				
(b)					
(b)	being stored in cookies.				
(b)	being stored in cookies.				
(b)	being stored in cookies.				
(b)	being stored in cookies.				
(b)	being stored in cookies.				
(b)	being stored in cookies.				

Jole	Jolene uses HTML to create a website. She separates the HTML into structure and presentation.					
(a)	(i)	Give one example of HTML structure.				
	(ii)	Give two examples of HTML presentation.	[1			
		2				
(b)	Exp	plain why Jolene separates the HTML into structure and presentation.	[2			
			[2			
	A keyboard is a type of input device that can be used to enter data into a computer. Complete the paragraph that describes one method of operation for a keyboard, using the most					
appropriate terms from the given list. Not all terms in the list need to be used.						
	•	Binary Breaks Calculated Character Circuit Current				
	•	Information Network Press Processor Signal				
	•	Switch				
A ke	eybo	pard has a key matrix underneath the keys. When a key is pressed, it pr	esses a			
		that completes a Th	is allows			
		to flow. The location of the key pressed is				
		map to find the value	for the key that			
has	bee	en pressed.				
		•	[6			

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2021 2210/12/M/J/21



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

699998917

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/13

Paper 1 Computer Systems

October/November 2023

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

Αn	iobile	telephone has built-in input and output devices.	
(a)	Give	two examples of an input device that would be built into a mobile telephone.	
	1		
	2		
			[2]
(b)	Give	one example of an output device that would be built into a mobile telephone.	
			[1]
(c)		data storage in the mobile telephone can be measured using different units surement.	of
	(i)	State how many bits are equal to a byte.	
			[1]
	(ii)	State how many kibibytes (KiB) equal a mebibyte (MiB).	
	()		[1]
(a)\	The		ניו
(d)		mobile telephone has an operating system.	
	Desc	ribe the purpose of the operating system.	
			[3]
			[-]
Hui	mans ເ	use a denary number system and computers use a binary number system.	
(a)	Expla	ain what is meant by a binary number system.	
			[2]

© UCLES 2023 2210/13/O/N/23

(b)	Convert the denary numbers 14, 59 and 234 to binary.	
	14	
	59	
	234	
		[3]
	Working space	
(c)	Convert the denary numbers 9, 26 and 65 to hexadecimal.	
	9	
	26	
	65	
		[3]
	Working space	
(d)	Convert the positive denary number 123 to 8-bit binary using two's complement.	
	Show all your working.	
		. [2]
		ر کا

	(e)	Add the binary values 00110011 and	01111000 us	ing binary addition.	
		Give your answer in binary. Show all	your working		
					[3]
3	Δ	omputer has a central processing unit	(CPII)		
5		Circle three components that are bu		11	
	(a)	oncie tinee components that are bu		0.	
		accumulator (ACC)	control unit (C	CU) graphics card	
		hard disk drive (HDD) n	notherboard	program counter (PC	()
		random access memory (R	AM) r	ead only memory (ROM)	[3]
	(b)	The CPU has cache.			
		Explain the purpose of the cache.			
					[2]

	(c)	The CPU has a component that regulates the number of fetch-decode-execute cycles to CPU can perform in a second.	he
		State the name of this component.	
			[1]
	(d)	The CPU has a component that carries out all calculations and logical operations.	
		State the name of this component.	
			[1]
4	An e	employee uses a web browser on their computer.	
	(a)	Describe the main purpose of a web browser.	
			[2]
	(b)	The employee wants his payment details to be automatically filled in when he buys product using the internet.	cts
		Identify the function of a web browser that could be used for this purpose.	
			[1]
	(c)	The employee wants to be able to quickly access websites that he regularly uses.	
		Identify the function of a web browser that could be used for this purpose.	
			[1]
	(d)	The web browser uses the secure socket layer (SSL) protocol to transmit personal da securely over the internet.	ata
		State how the SSL protocol secures the data for transmission.	

Erro	ors can occur when data is transmitted.	
(a)	Give one reason an error may occur when data is transmitted.	
		• • • •
		[1]
(b)	Some error detection methods use a calculated value to check for errors.	
	Tick (✓) one box to show which error detection method does not use a calculated value check for errors.	tc
	A Check digit	
	B Checksum	
	C Echo check	
	D Parity check	LA:
		[1]
(c)	An automatic repeat request (ARQ) can be used to make sure that data is received free errors. It can use a positive or negative acknowledgement method to do this.	0
	Explain how an ARQ operates using a positive acknowledgement method.	
		[5]

6	A co	ompa	any uses cloud storage to store its data.	
	(a)	Tick	(✓) one box to show which is not a characteristic of cloud storage.	
		A	Data is accessed through a network	
		В	Data is stored locally	
		С	Data is stored remotely	
		D	Physical servers are used to store the data	[1]
	(b)	Ехр	plain two advantages for the owners of the company of storing its data in cloud storage	je.
		1		
		2		
				[4]
	(c)	Exp	plain one disadvantage to employees of the company storing data in the cloud.	
				. [2]

	hotographer takes an image with a digital camera. The photographer sets the resolution and our depth for the image.
(a)	State what is meant by the image resolution.
	[1]
(b)	State what is meant by the image colour depth.
	[1]
(c)	Give one benefit of increasing the colour depth of the image.
	[1]
(d)	The photographer compresses the image using a method that permanently reduces the colour depth and resolution of the image.
	Identify which compression method the photographer uses.
	[1]
(e)	One benefit for compressing the image is to reduce the storage space it uses.
	Give two other benefits of compressing the image.
	1
	2
	[2]

R	Draw and	annotate a	diadram	to represent	tha rola	of a router
•	Diaw and	armotate a	i diadiai i	to represent	ti io i oio	or a router.

[4]

- **9** A computer has secondary storage.
 - (a) The table contains statements about secondary storage.

Complete the table by writing the type of secondary storage that applies to each statement. Some types of secondary storage may apply to more than one statement.

Type of secondary storage	Statement
	data is stored using pits and lands
	data is stored using control gates and floating gates
	data is stored using electromagnets
	data is stored using a laser
	data is stored on a platter that is divided into tracks and sectors

[5]

	(b)	Explain two differences between primary storage and secondary storage.	
		1	
		2	
		l ^a	4]
10	A ca	ar repair garage uses an expert system.	
	(a)	Complete the description about the operation of the expert system.	
		Use the terms from the list. Some of the terms in the list will not be used.	
		inference engine interface knowledge base	
		machine learning mechanical engine output device	
		question base rule base	
		An expert system has a that contains a list of fact	s.
		The applies the	
		to the to reach a diagnosis for the repair of the ca	ır.
		The user provides data to the system using an	
		[1	5]

b)	The expert system has machine learning capabilities.	
	Describe what is meant by machine learning capabilities.	
		ги

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/13

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2019

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.



A lik	orary	has a system that allows customers to check out the books that they want to borrow.	
Eac	ch bo	ok has a barcode that can be used to identify the book.	
(a)	(i)	Identify two input devices that may be used in the library's system.	
		Input device 1	
		Input device 2	
			[2]
	(ii)	Identify two storage devices that may be used in the library's system.	
		Storage device 1	
		Storage device 2	
			[2]
	(iii)	Identify two output devices that may be used in the library's system.	
		Output device 1	
		Output device 2	
			[2]
(b)		data stored by the library is archived at the end of each day. The archive is held over in the library office.	n a
		data is encrypted with an 8-bit key. As some of the data is confidential, the library wanake the encryption more secure.	ınts
	(i)	State how the library could make the encryption more secure.	
			[1]
	(ii)	The term used to describe data before it is encrypted is plain text.	
		State the term used to describe encrypted data.	
			[1]

((iii)								ction an t (ARQ)		ection s	ystem	that co	mbines
		Descri	be how	this sy	/stem ι	uses th	e parity	/ check	c and A	RQ.				
		•••••					•••••						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
														[6]
(c)	The	library	has a v	vebsite	that c	ustome	ers can	use to	search	for a l	oook.			
	(i)	The we	ebsite l	nas a b	ackgro	und co	lour wi	th the	hexade	cimal c	colour o	code #F	-92A10)
		The co	lour co	de is s	tored i	n two 1	2-bit bi	nary re	egisters	3 .				
		Show	how the	e colou	r code	would	be stor	ed in t	he regi	sters.				
		F92												
		A10												
														[6]

	(ii)	Videos on the library website show customers which books the library will soon have in stock.
		The library wants the file size of a video to be as small as possible.
		Identify and describe a method the library could use to reduce the file size of a video as much as possible.
/ . 1\	Th a	[4]
(d)		library often holds events that introduce new authors.
		he events, the library has a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) screen that displays data, uding an image and information about the author.
	incl	
	incl	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.
	Des	uding an image and information about the author.

- 2 A programmer uses a high-level language to write a computer program.
 - (a) Four statements are given about high-level programming languages.

Tick (✓) to show if each statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (√)	False (√)
High-level languages need to be translated into machine code to run on a computer		
High-level languages are written using mnemonic codes		
High-level languages are specific to the computer's hardware		
High-level languages are portable languages		

[4]

(b) Tick (✓) to show which of the following is an example of a high-level language program.

Example program	Tick (✓)
1011100000110000 0000011011100010	
INP STA ONE INP STA TWO ADD ONE	
<pre>a = input() b = input() if a == b: print("Correct") else: print("Incorrect")</pre>	

[1]

3 Blair writes a paragraph about data transmission in her Computer Science examination.

Use the list given to complete Blair's paragraph by inserting the correct **five** missing terms. Not all terms will be used. Terms can be used more than once.

- duplex
- half-duplex
- parallel
- serial
- simplex

data transmission is when data is transmitted a
single bit at a time data transmission is when
multiple bits of data are sent all at once. If a user wants to transmit data over a long distance, with
the highest chance of accuracy, data transmission
should be used. If data needs to be transmitted in one direction only, for example from a computer
to a printer, data transmission should be used. If a
user has a large amount of data to transmit and this needs to be done as quickly as possible
data transmission should be used. [5]

Question 4 starts on page 8.

4 A factory that manufactures cleaning products has a system that monitors conditions throughout the manufacturing process.

The inputs to the system are:

Input	Binary value	Condition		
A	1	pH > 7		
A	0	pH < = 7		
т	1	Temperature < 35 °C		
•	0	Temperature > = 35 °C		
P	1	Pressure > = 80 %		
Ρ	0	Pressure < 80 %		

(a) The system will sound an alarm (X) when certain conditions are detected.

The alarm will sound when:

• The pressure > = 80 % and the temperature > = 35 °C

or

• The temperature < 35 °C and the pH > 7

Draw a logic circuit to represent the alarm system in the factory. Each logic gate must have a maximum of two inputs.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic problem.

A	Т	Р	Working space	X
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4] (c) A sensor and a microprocessor are used to monitor the pH of the cleaning products. The system records each reading that is taken. If the reading is greater than 7 a warning message is displayed on a monitor. Explain how the sensor and microprocessor are used in the system.

The contents of three binary registers have been transmitted from one computer to another. **Odd** parity has been used as an error detection method.

The outcome after transmission is:

- Register A and Register B have been transmitted correctly.
- Register C has been transmitted incorrectly.

Write the appropriate **Parity bit** for each register to show the given outcome.

	Parity bit							
Register A		0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Register B		0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Register C		0	0	0	0	0	1	1

[3]

- 6 Jesse is taking his Computer Science examination. He answers **five** questions about ethics.
 - (a) For the first question, he writes the answer:

"This type of software can be copied and shared without the permission of the owner."

State what Jesse is describing.

.....[1]

(b) For the second question, he writes the answer:

"With this type of software, the owner still retains the copyright for the software, but he gives away copies of it for free."

State what Jesse is describing.

......[1]

(c) For the third question, he writes the answer:

"This type of software is often a trial version of the full software. To use the full version the user normally needs to pay a fee."

State what Jesse is describing.

.....[1]

	(d)	For	the fourth question, he writes the answer:	
		"Thi	s is when a person copies another person's computer program and tries to claim it as his	s
		Stat	e what Jesse is describing.	
			[1]
	(e)	For	the fifth question, he writes the answer:	
			s is the legal protection that a person can obtain, to provide protection against his worling stolen."	k
		Stat	e what Jesse is describing.	
			[1]
7			Neumann model for a computer system has several components that are used in the ecute cycle.	Э
	(a)	One	e component is main memory.	
		(i)	Describe what is meant by main memory and how it is used in the Von Neumann mode for a computer system.)
			[3	;]
		(ii)	State two other components in the Von Neumann model for a computer system.	
			1	
			2	
			[2	۱.

(b) Computer systems often use interrupts.

Five statements are given about interrupts.

Tick (✓) to show if each statement is **True** or **False**.

Statement	True (✓)	False (√)
Interrupts can be hardware based or software based		
Interrupts are handled by the operating system		
Interrupts allow a computer to multitask		
Interrupts work out which program to give priority to		
Interrupts are vital to a computer and it cannot function without them		

[5]

3	A company discovers malware on its network.
	Explain two ways that the malware could have been introduced to the company's network.
	[4]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

1 1 2 2 7 4 2 8 6

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/13

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2022

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1 Five components are shown.

Tick (✓) to show whether each component is an example of input, output or storage.

Component	Input (✓)	Output (✓)	Storage (✓)
actuator			
register			
sensor			
mouse			
Digital Versatile Disc (DVD)			

[5]

2 (a) Denary values are converted to binary values to be processed by a computer.

Draw **one** line from each denary value to the correctly converted 8-bit binary value.

Denary	8-bit binary
	11110101
72	01110010
	11100101
245	00010101
15	00001111
	01001000
Vorking space	

[3]

	(b)	Binary values can be converted to hexadecimal values.	
		Give the hexadecimal value for the 16-bit binary value 0000100110101110	
		Working space	
			[3]
3		sica wants to store a large number of small thumbnail images on a USB flash memory dr th thumbnail image is 16-bit colour and is 100 pixels wide and 100 pixels high.	ive.
	She	e has 5MB of storage space available on her USB flash memory drive.	
	Cal	culate how many images she can store in the 5MB of storage space. Show all your working	
	Nur	mber of images	[4]
			ι'.

ACC	ompany wants to manufacture a mobile phone.	
(a)	The company needs to decide which touch screen technology to use.	
	State one type of touch screen technology that you recommend the company use.	
	Justify your choice.	
	Touch screen type	
	Justification	
		 [4
(b)	The mobile phone uses Random Access Memory (RAM) and Read Only Memory (ROM).	
	RAM and ROM are both examples of the same type of storage.	
	Identify this type of storage and justify your answer.	
		ΓO

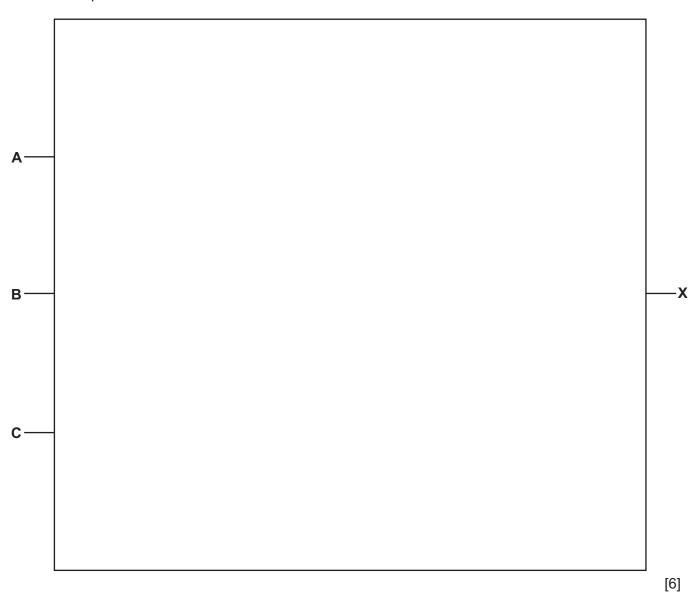
(c)	The	mobile phone has a USB port to allow a USB connection to a computer.
	(i)	Describe how data is transmitted using a USB connection.
		[2]
	(ii)	One benefit of a USB connection is that the cable can only be inserted into the port one way, so an incorrect connection cannot be made.
		Give three other benefits of using a USB connection to connect a mobile phone to a computer.
		Benefit 1
		Benefit 2
		Benefit 3
		[3]
(d)	mol	en a user is reading a text on the mobile phone, they may also get a telephone call on the bile phone. An interrupt signal is generated that results in an output to inform the user that erson is calling them.
	Des the	scribe how the interrupt signal is processed to inform the user that a person is calling m.
		[4]

5 Consider the logic statement:

$$X = ((((B AND C) OR NOT C) NOR B) XOR NOT A)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the given logic statement.

Do ${f not}$ attempt to simplify the logic statement. All logic gates must have a maximum of ${f two}$ inputs.



(b) Complete the truth table for the given logic statement.

Α	В	С	Working space	х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

6

A museum has Quick Response (QR) codes that allow visitors to view videos for extra information

about items in the museum. The visitor is given a portable device with a display screen, that they can use to read each QR code. (a) Describe how the QR code is read and processed to display the video for the visitor. **(b)** Tick (✓) to show whether the videos are MP3 files, MP4 files or MIDI files. Tick (√) MP3 files MP4 files MIDI files [1] (c) The video files are compressed using lossy compression. Give **two** benefits of using lossy compression to compress the video files. Benefit 1 Benefit 2

[2]

(d)	The portable device has a Light-Emitting Diode (LED) display screen to allow the visitor watch a video.	to
	Describe how the LED screen operates to display the video.	
		•••
		Г 4

7	The paragraph explains how an instruction is processed by the Central Processing Unit (CPU).
	Complete the paragraph using the list of terms. Not all terms in the list need to be used.

- address bus
- Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)
- calculations
- data bus
- decoded
- execute
- fetched
- interrupt
- Memory Address Register (MAR)
- Memory Data Register (MDR)
- Program Counter (PC)
- protocol
- ROM
- stored

An instruction is	from RAM into the CPU, where
it is temporarily stored in the	
then sent along the	to the Control Unit (CU) to be
	The
will then perform any	and logic operations that are
required to	the instruction.

[7]

A computer can have both a Media Access Control (MAC) address and an Internet Protocol (IP)

8

add	ress.
(a)	Give two similarities between a MAC address and an IP address.
	Similarity 1
	Similarity 2
	[2]
(b)	Give two differences between a MAC address and an IP address.
	Difference 1
	Difference 2
	Dillerence 2
	[2]
	ystem uses parity checks and Automatic Repeat reQuests (ARQ) to detect and correct errors ne transmission of data.
Des	scribe how parity checks and ARQ operate together to detect and correct errors.

10 Mario has a website that he uses to sell his artwork.

(a)	The	website uses HTTPS to transmit data.
	(i)	Describe what is meant by HTTPS.
		[3]
	(ii)	One way a user can check a website uses HTTPS is to check whether the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) begins with HTTPS.
		Give one other way a user can check if a website uses HTTPS.
		[1]
(b)		re is a risk that people that use the Internet to access websites can have their stored data iciously damaged.
	Sta	te three ways that stored data can be maliciously damaged.
	1	
	2	
	3	[3]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2022 2210/13/O/N/22



Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/11

Paper 1 Theory May/June 2021

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

1 Benedict has a computer that is assigned an Internet Protocol (IP) address. The IP address is:

198.167.214.0

The IP address is represented as denary values.

(a)	Convert the denary	values 167	and 214 from the IF	Paddress to 8-bit binary
-----	--------------------	------------	---------------------	--------------------------

167	7								
214	4								
Wor	king space								
									[2]
Ben									S.
(ii)	Identify tw	o differe	nces bet	ween an	IP addre				[1]
	Difference	1							
	Difference	2							
									[2]
	214 Wor	Benedict's com (i) Identify or (ii) Identify two Difference	Working space Benedict's computer is (i) Identify one similar (ii) Identify two differe Difference 1	Working space Benedict's computer is also assign (i) Identify one similarity between the computer is also assign (ii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiiiii) Identify two differences between the computer is also assign (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	Working space Benedict's computer is also assigned a M (i) Identify one similarity between an IP (ii) Identify two differences between an Difference 1	Working space Benedict's computer is also assigned a Media Acc (i) Identify one similarity between an IP address Cii) Identify two differences between an IP address Difference 1	Working space Benedict's computer is also assigned a Media Access Conf (i) Identify one similarity between an IP address and a Maccess Conf (ii) Identify two differences between an IP address and a Difference 1	Working space Benedict's computer is also assigned a Media Access Control (MAC (i) Identify one similarity between an IP address and a MAC address Cii) Identify two differences between an IP address and a MAC address and a MA	Working space Benedict's computer is also assigned a Media Access Control (MAC) address (i) Identify one similarity between an IP address and a MAC address. (ii) Identify two differences between an IP address and a MAC address.

2	Julia	inputs	personal	data	into	her	compute

She stores three copies of the data using a hard disk drive (HDD), a solid state drive (SSD) and a USB flash memory drive.

(a)	Identify three	devices Julia	can use to ir	put personal	data into her	computer.
\ \\	idoning tilloo	, actiocc cana	oan acc to n	ipat poi conai	aata iiito iioi	COLLIN

Device 1	
Device 2	
Device 3	
	[3]

(b) Six statements are shown about HDDs, SSDs and USB flash memory drives.

Tick (\checkmark) to show which statements apply to each type of storage. Some statements can apply to more than one type of storage.

Statement	HDD (√)	SSD (√)	USB flash memory drive (√)
it has no moving parts			
it is non-volatile			
it can use NAND gates to store data			
it uses magnetic properties to store data			
it has the smallest physical size			
it has the slowest read/write speeds			

[6]

(c)	Julia	a uses a USB connection to transfer data onto her USB flash memory drive.							
	(i)	One benefit of using a USB connection is that it is a universal connection.							
		State two other benefits of using a USB connection.							
		Benefit 1							
		Benefit 2							
			 [2]						
	(ii)	Identify the type of data transmission used in a USB connection.	ا						

3	A firewall ca	an be used to	help keep	the data secure	that is stored	on a compute

(a)	The given paragraph describes how the firewall operates to help keep the data secure.
	Complete the paragraph using the most appropriate terms from the given list. Not all of the

Complete the paragraph u	sing the most	t appropriate	terms fro	m the	given	list. N	lot all	of the
terms on the list need to be	used.							

- Accept
- Criteria
- Hacking
- Input
- Network
- Outgoing
- Output
- Processor
- Reject
- Software
- Store
- Storage

	A firewall can be or hardware based. It monitors traffic between	een
	the computer and the The user sets	
	for the traffic. The firewall will or	
	the traffic based on this. It can help prevent and malicide	ous
	software that could be a threat to the security of the data.	[6]
(b)	Identify three other methods that could be used to keep the data secure.	
	Method 1	
	Method 2	
	Method 3	
		[3]

Two internet risks are phishing and pharming.
Describe what is meant by phishing and pharming.
Phishing
Pharming
[6]

5 Jamelia has a greenhouse that she uses to grow fruit and vegetables. She needs to make sure the temperature in the greenhouse stays between 25 °C and 30 °C (inclusive).

A system that has a temperature sensor and a microprocessor is used to maintain the temperature in the greenhouse. The system will:

- open a window and turn a heater off if it gets too hot
- close a window and turn a heater on if it gets too cold.

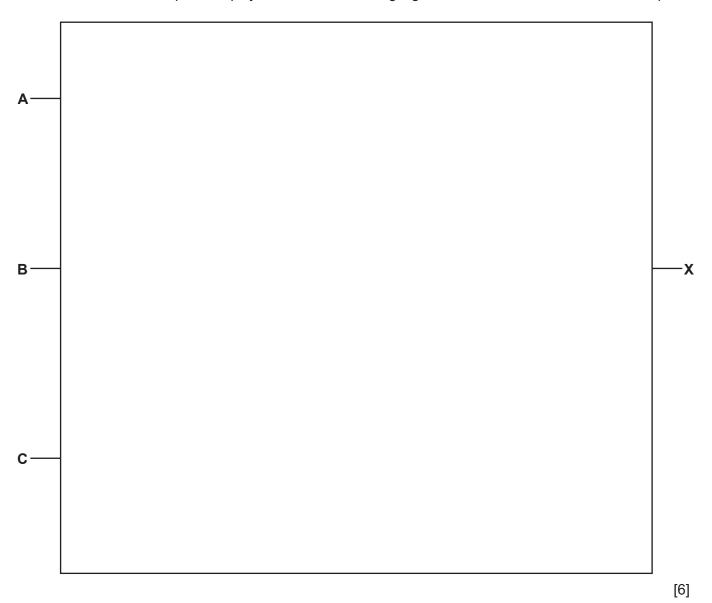
Describe how the system uses the temperature sensor and the microprocessor to maintain the temperature in the greenhouse.
[8]

6 Consider the logic statement:

$$X = (((\mathbf{A} \text{ AND } \mathbf{B}) \text{ OR } (\mathbf{C} \text{ AND NOT } \mathbf{B})) \text{ XOR NOT } \mathbf{C})$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the given logic statement.

Do **not** attempt to simplify the statement. All logic gates must have a maximum of two inputs.



(b) Consider the completed truth table for the given logic statement.

Row number	A	В	С	Working space	Х
1	0	0	0		0
2	0	0	1		1
3	0	1	0		0
4	0	1	1		1
5	1	0	0		0
6	1	0	1		1
7	1	1	0		0
8	1	1	1		1

There are four errors in the truth table in the output (X) column.

Identify the **four** incorrect outputs.

Write the row number to identify each incorrect output.

Row
Row
Row
Row

[4]

files.	company has a website that allows users to stream music. The music is stored in sound							
(a) The	The sound files are compressed using lossless compression.							
(i)	Describe how the sound files are compressed using lossless compression.							
	[4]							
(ii)	State one reason why the music company would compress the sound files using lossless, rather than lossy, compression.							
	[1]							
(iii)	Give one benefit, to the user, of the music company compressing the sound files.							
	[1]							
(iv)	Give one drawback of the music company using lossless, rather than lossy, compression for the sound files.							
	[2]							

(b)	Describe how the web pages for the website are requested and displayed on a user's computer.
	[4]
(c)	The web server that hosts the website suffers a denial of service (DoS) attack.
	Explain why this will prevent users from accessing the website.
	[2]

- **8** Four 7-bit binary values are transmitted from one computer to another. A parity bit is added to each binary value creating 8-bit binary values. All the binary values are transmitted and received correctly.
 - (a) Identify whether each 8-bit binary value has been sent using odd or even parity by writing odd or even in the type of parity column.

8-bit binary value	Type of parity
01100100	
10010001	
00000011	
10110010	

[4]

(b)	An error may not be detected when using a parity check.		
	Ider	ntify why an error may not be detected.	
		[1]	
(c)	The	data is sent using parallel half-duplex data transmission.	
	(i)	Describe how data is sent using parallel half-duplex data transmission.	
		INI	
	/::\	State true drowbacks of using parallel data transmission	
	(ii)	State two drawbacks of using parallel data transmission.	
		Drawback 1	
		Drawback 2	

[2]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.